### Creating Easy to Maintain Selenium Test Code



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#### Overview



An overview of Page Object Models

Which elements should you add to a POM?

Create a new POM class

Navigate to a POM page

Refactor tests to use POMs

Navigate to other POMs

**Encapsulate explicit waits in POMs** 

Form filling and submission with POMs

Test form validation with POMs

Reusing web driver instances

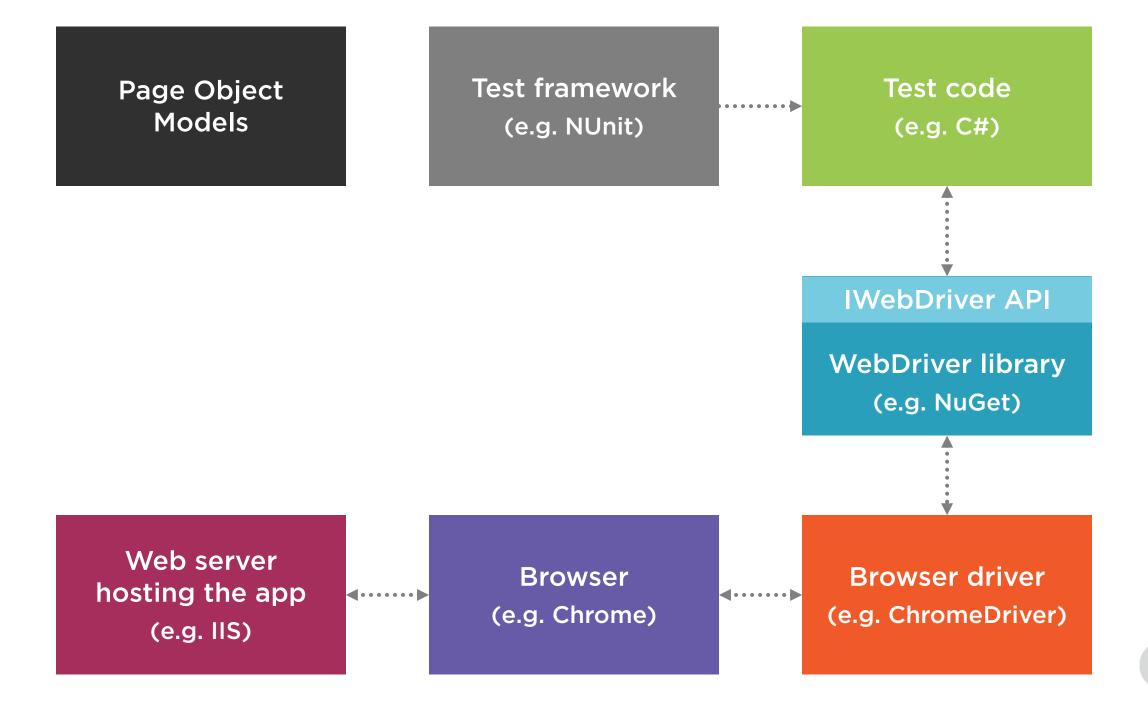
Page Object Model considerations

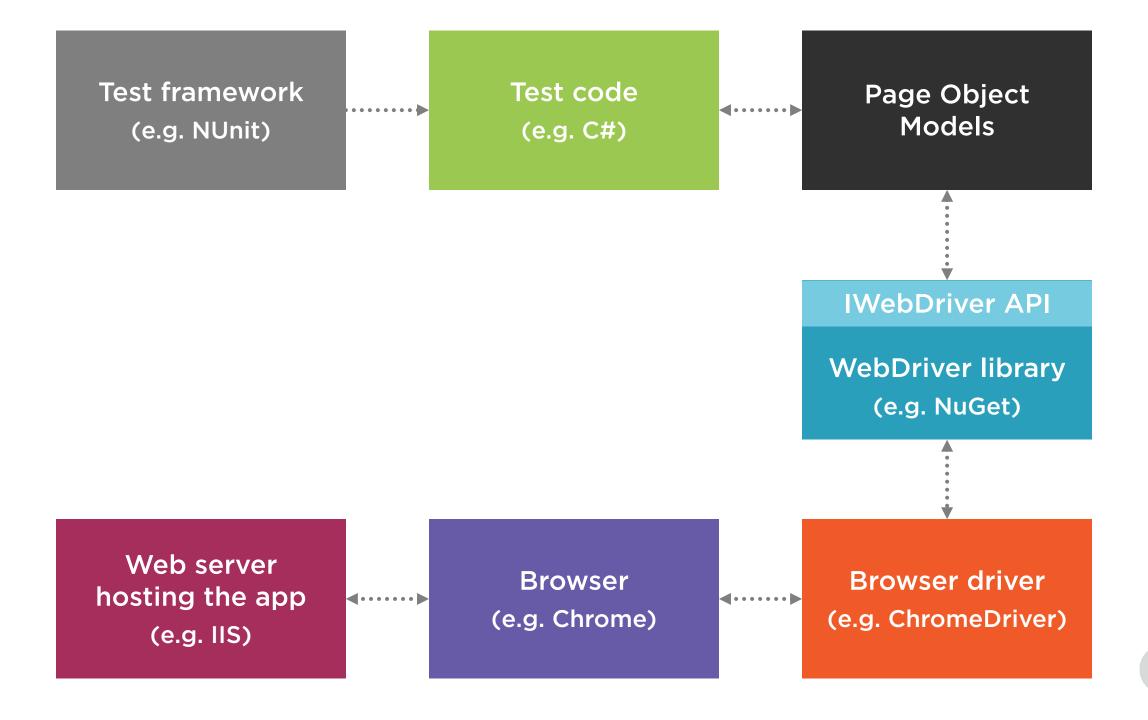


#### Page Object Model

Provides test code with a logical view of the user interface while abstracting away the low level details of the user interface implementation.







#### Benefits of Page Object Models

#### Reduce cost of testing

- Reduce test code duplication
- Insulate tests from UI changes

#### Improve readability of tests

- Concentrate on test intention/logic
- Reduced "clutter" of HTML implementation details

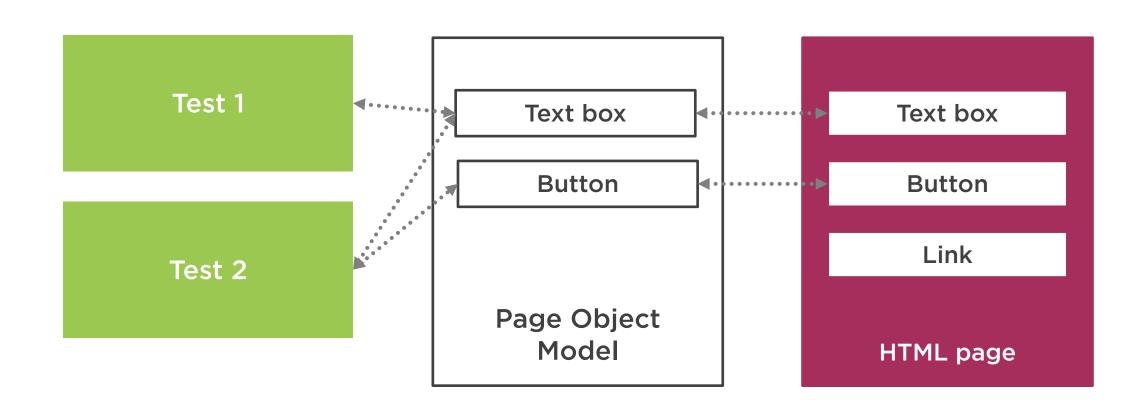
Return/accept fundamental types

Abstracts away IWebDriver methods

Navigation can return new model

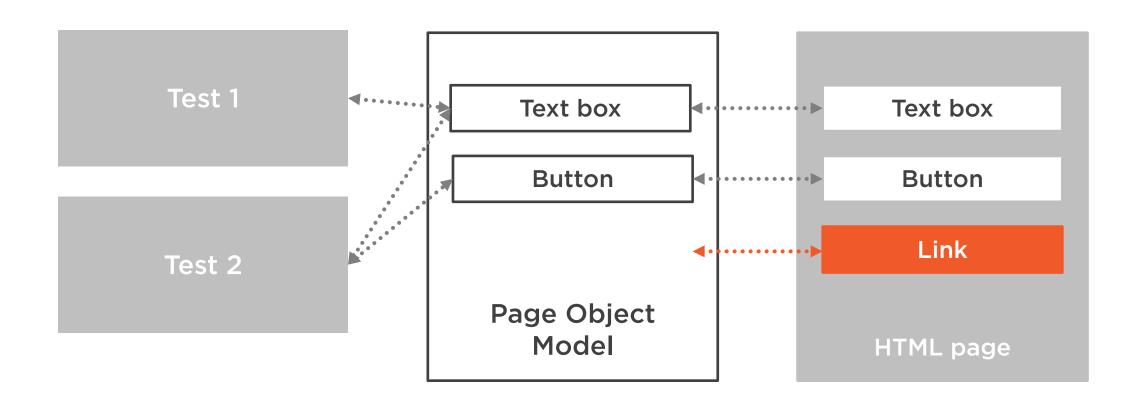


### Which HTML Elements Should You Add to a Page Object Model?





### Which HTML Elements Should You Add to a Page Object Model?





# Only add items to a Page Object Model as they are needed by test code.



#### Page Object Models Using Selenium Support

```
PM> Install-Package Selenium.Support
using OpenQA.Selenium.Support.PageObjects;
[FindsBy(How = How.Id, Using = "Decision")]
private IWebElement ApplicationDecision { get; set; }
public string Decision => ApplicationDecision.Text;
public ApplicationCompletePage(IWebDriver driver)
    Driver = driver;
    PageFactory.InitElements(driver, this);
```

#### Page Object Model Considerations

#### Page Object Models can become large

- E.g. a dashboard page
- Break down into multiple POMs
- "Page Component Object Models"

#### No asserts/exceptions in POMs

- Except page load verification
- public void EnsurePageLoaded(...)

Create reusable "user behavior" methods



```
[Fact]
public void BeSubmittedWhenValid()
   applicationPage.EnterFirstName(FirstName);
   applicationPage.EnterLastName(LastName);
   applicationPage.EnterFrequentFlyerNumber(Number);
   applicationPage.EnterAge(Age);
   applicationPage.EnterGrossAnnualIncome(Income)
   applicationPage.ChooseMaritalStatusSingle();
   applicationPage.ChooseBusinessSourceTV();
   applicationPage.AcceptTerms();
```

```
[Fact]
public void BeSubmittedWhenValid()
{
    ...
    EnterApplicationDetails(applicationPage);
    ...
}
```

```
private void EnterApplicationDetails(
   ApplicationPage applicationPage,
   string firstName = "Sarah",
   string lastName = "Smith",
   string frequentFlyerNumber = "123456-A",
   string age = "18",
   string grossAnnualIncome = "50000")
    applicationPage.EnterFirstName(firstName);
    applicationPage.EnterLastName(lastName);
    applicationPage.EnterFrequentFlyerNumber(frequentFlyerNumber);
    applicationPage.EnterAge(age);
   applicationPage.EnterGrossAnnualIncome(grossAnnualIncome);
   applicationPage.ChooseMaritalStatusSingle();
    applicationPage.ChooseBusinessSourceTV();
   applicationPage.AcceptTerms();
EnterApplicationDetails(applicationPage, lastName:"", age: "17");
```

# Treat you browser automation code like production code.



## Apply good practices to your browser automation code.



## Page Object Models are just the start.



# Readability Maintainability Reliability



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**Encapsulated explicit waits in POMs** 

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Tested form validation with POMs

Reused web driver instance

Page Object Model considerations



#### Next:

## Course Summary and Further Learning

