Assignment #2: Variants of SAT

Sunghyeon Jo

September 29, 2022

- 1. Decide each problem in P or NP-Complete. If it is in P, decribe a polynomial time algorithm. You can assume that SAT, 3SAT, Cycle-through-2-vertices are NP-Complete (Note that this is **NOT** the easiest problem of the assignment).
 - SAT. Given a boolean formula with CNF form. Decide if it is satisfiable.
 - 3SAT. Given a boolean formula with CNF form, and every clause of the formula has at most three literal. Decide if it is satisfiable.
 - Cycle-through-2-vertices. Given directed graph G = (V, E) and $s, t \in V$. Decide if there is a simple cycle in G which contains two vertices s, t.
 - (a) *Horn-SAT*. Given a boolean formula with CNF form, and every clause of the formula has at most one positive literal. Decide if it is satisfiable.
 - (b) Set-Cover. Given $n, m, k \in \mathbb{N}$ and m sets $A_1, A_2, ..., A_m \subset \{1, 2, ..., n\}$. Decide if it exists a subset $S \subset \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ such that $S \cap A_i \neq \phi$ and $|S| \leq k$.
 - (c) Set-Cover-2. Given $n, m, k \in \mathbb{N}$ and m sets $A_1, A_2, ..., A_m \subset \{1, 2, ..., n\}$. Decide if it exists a subset $S \subset \{1, 2, ..., m\}$ such that $\bigcup_{i \in S} A_i = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ and $|S| \leq k$.
 - (d) Cycle-1-mod-3. Given directed graph G = (V, E). Decide if there is a simple cycle in G which its length is 1 modulo 3.
 - (e) Cycle-0-mod-K. Given directed graph G = (V, E) and an integer $K \le |V|$. Decide if there is a simple cycle in G which its length divides K.
- 2. We didn't look GAP-SAT in the lecture. **GAP-3SAT**[ρ , **1**] is the gap version of 3SAT such that an instance is given in the form of 3CNF, decide if it is satisfiable or there is no assignment that satisfies ρ of the clauses(It is guaranteed that input is included in those two cases).
 - Let GAP-E3SAT is almost same to GAP-3SAT but all clauses has exactly 3 literals and there is **no two same** literals in a clause. Show that GAP-E3SAT[7/8, 1] is in P.
- 3. Show that $3SAT \leq_p MAX-2SAT$.
- 4. We skipped some procedure in the proof of Schafer's Dichotomy Theorem. Prove the following lemma.
 - If relation R is not bijunctive, then $Rep(\{R, [x \neq y], [x \vee y]\})$ contains the relation "exactly one of x,y,z"
- 5. Show that NAE-E3SAT is NP-Complete using Schaefer's Dichotomy Theorem.