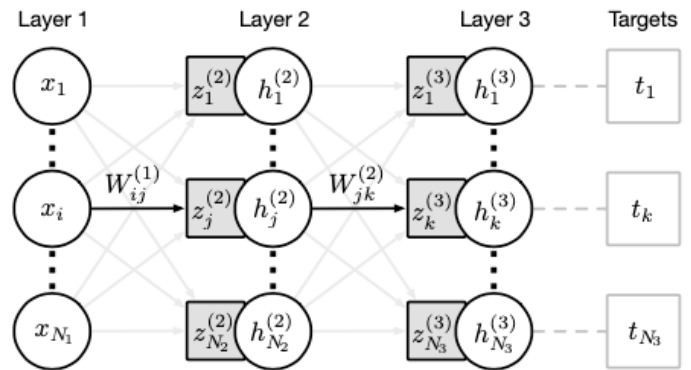


Ex 2: Backprop by Hand



a) $H^{(2)} = \sigma(X \cdot W^{(1)})$

Note that $H^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times N_2}$

b) $H^{(3)} = \sigma(H^{(2)} \cdot W^{(2)}) \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times N_3}$

c) $\nabla_{z^{(3)}} E = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial E}{\partial z_{1i}^{(3)}} & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial E}{\partial z_{di}^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix}$

First, $\nabla_{H^{(3)}} E = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial E}{\partial h_{1i}^{(3)}} & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial E}{\partial h_{di}^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix}$ where $\frac{\partial E}{\partial h_{di}^{(3)}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial h_{di}^{(3)}}$

Then $\nabla_{z^{(2)}} E = \sigma'(z^{(2)}) \odot \nabla_{H^{(2)}} E$

d) $\nabla_{W^{(2)}} E$

$[\nabla_{W^{(2)}} E]_{jk} = \nabla_{W_{jk}^{(2)}} E$ But $W_{jk}^{(2)}$ appears in all D terms of $E = \frac{1}{D} \sum_{d=1}^D L(h_d^{(3)}, t_d)$

$\therefore \nabla_{W_{jk}^{(2)}} E = \frac{1}{D} \sum_{d=1}^D \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_{jk}^{(3)}} \frac{\partial z_{jk}^{(3)}}{\partial W_{jk}^{(2)}}$

$$= \frac{1}{D} \sum_{d=1}^D \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \mathbf{z}_{d,j}^{(2)}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial w_{j,k}}}_{H_{d,j}^{(2)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{D} \left[H_{1,j}^{(2)} \cdots H_{D,j}^{(2)} \right] \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial z_{1,k}^{(2)}} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial z_{D,k}^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

This is the transpose
of the j^{th} col of $H^{(2)}$

↑ This is the k^{th} col
of $\nabla_{\mathbf{z}^{(2)}} \mathcal{L}$.

$$\therefore \nabla_{\mathbf{w}^{(2)}} \mathcal{L} = (H^{(2)})^T \cdot \nabla_{\mathbf{z}^{(2)}} \mathcal{L}$$