

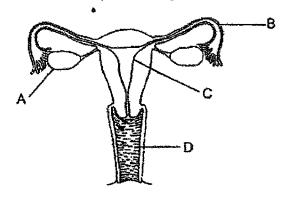
RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL END-OF-YEAR EXAMINATION PRIMARY FIVE 2022

SCIENCE (BOOKLET A)

Name:() Date : 27 October 2022
Class: P5	Total Time : 1h 45min
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE	<u> </u>
Write your name, class and in above.	ndex number in the spaces provided
2. Do not turn over this page ur	ıtil you are told to do so.
3. Follow all instructions carefu	
4. Answer all questions.	
5. For Question 1- 28, use 2B per Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).	encil to shade your answers on the

	•
Booklet A	56
Booklet B	44
Your score out of 190	•
Parent's signature	

1. The diagram shows the female reproductive system of a human.



In which part of the female reproductive system will the fertilised egg develop into a baby?

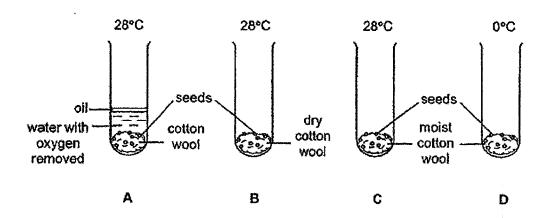
- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- 2. The table shows the physical characteristics of four members in the Lim family.

Family member	Eye colour	Hair colour	Hair type	Type of earlobe
Mr Lim	Black	Black	Wavy	Attached
Mrs Lim	Brown	Brown	Straight	Attached
Issac (son)	Brown	Black	Straight	Detached
Inez (daughter)	Brown	Brown	Wavy	Detached

Based on the information in the table, which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

- A Inez inherited her wavy hair from her father.
- B Inez inherited more of her mother's traits than Issac.
- C Both issec and Inez inherited detached earlobes from their parents.
- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A, B and C

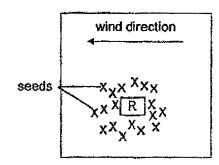
3. The diagrams show the conditions which the identical seeds in set-ups A, B, C and D were exposed to. Identical number of seeds were placed in each test tube.

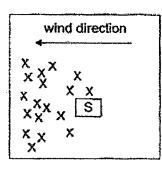


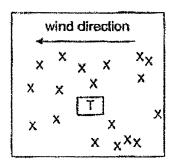
In which set-up(s) would the seeds germinate?

- (1) A only
- (2) Conly
- (3) B and C
- (4) C and D

4. Study the distribution of seeds of plants R, S and T in the diagrams shown.





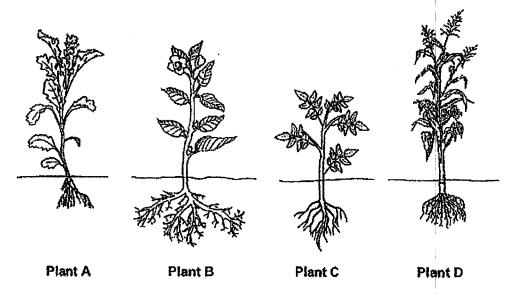


How were the seeds of plants R, S and T dispersed?

	R	S	T
(1)	Animal	Explosive action	Wind
(2)	Explosive action	Wind	Animal
(3)	Explosive action .	Animal	Wind
(4)	Wind	Animal	Explosive action

- 5. Which of the following is/are function(s) of leaves?
 - A Make food
 - B Take in water
 - C Take in and give out gases
 - (1) A only
 - (2) A and B only
 - (3) A and C only
 - (4) B and C only

6. The diagrams show four plants.

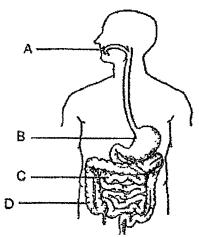


During a heavy rain, which of these plants is most likely to be uprooted first?

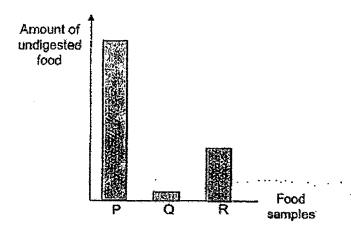
- (1) Plant A
- (2) Plant B
- (3) Plant C
- (4) Plant D
- 7. Which of the following function of the human body system is not correct?

	Human body system	Function
(1)	Skeletal system	Gives the body its shape
(2)	Digestive system	Breaks down food into simpler substances
(3)	Muscular system -	Enables the body to move
(4)	Circulatory system	Takes in oxygen and removes carbon dioxide from the body

8. The diagram shows a human digestive system with some of its organs labelled A, B, C and D.



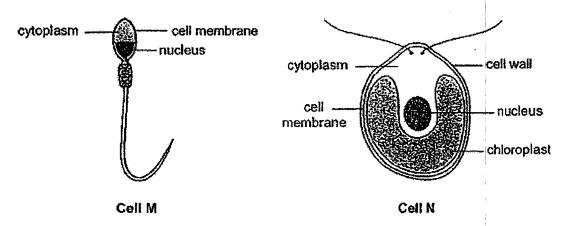
The graph shows the amount of undigested food at various parts of the digestive system.



Which of the following correctly shows the organ where the food sample was obtained from?

	Organ	Food sample
(1)	A	R
(2)	В	Q
(3)	c	Q
(4)	D	Р.

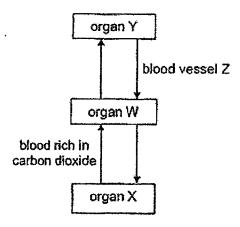
9. The diagram shows cells M and N.



Which one of the following correctly shows the difference between cells M and N?

- (1) Cell M will be able to reproduce but not cell N.
- (2) Cell M will not burst when placed in water but cell N will burst when placed in water.
- (3) Cell N will be able to trap sunlight to make food but not cell M.
- (4) Cell N will only allow some substances to enter the cell but cell M will allow all substances to enter.
- 10. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true?
 - A Air is needed for living things to survive.
 - B Less nitrogen is breathed out than breathed in.
 - C A runner produces more carbon dioxide during a run than when he is at rest.
 - D Oxygen, carbon dioxide, water vapour and nitrogen enter the respiratory system during breathing.
 - (1) A only
 - (2) B and C only
 - (3) A and D only
 - (4) A, C and D only

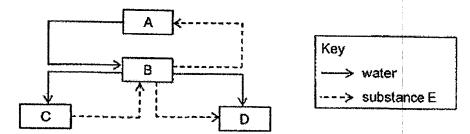
11. The diagram shows the flow of blood, represented by the arrows, in the human circulatory system.



Which of the following best represents organs W, X and Y and the concentration of the gas in the blood in blood vessel Z?

	Organ W	Organ X	Organ Y	Blood in blood vessel Z
(1)	Heart	Lungs	Small intestine	Rich in carbon dioxide
(2)	Heart	Small intestine	Lungs	Rich in oxygen
(3)	Lungs	Small Intestine	Heart	Rich in carbon dioxide
(4)	Lungs	Small intestine	Heart	Rich in oxygen

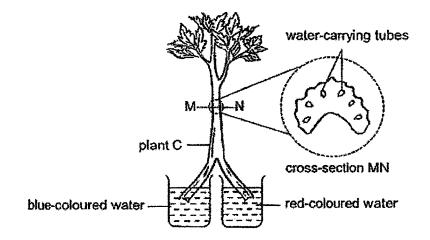
12. The diagram shows how water and substance E are transported to parts, A, B, C and D of a plant.



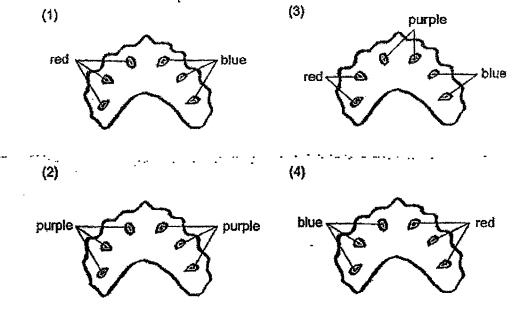
What do parts A, B and C represent?

	Α	8	C
(1)	Flower	Root	Leaf
(2)	Leaf	Flower	Stem
(3)	Root	Leaf	Stem
(4)	Root	Stem	Leaf

13. A stalk of plant C was split into two as shown in the diagram. Each section was placed into different coloured water.



Which one of the following would be the observation made on the colour(s) of the water-carrying tube, if a cut was made at section MN?

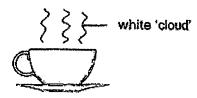


14. Four identical beakers, W, X, Y and Z, filled with the same amount of water were exposed to different conditions as shown in the table.

Beakers	W	Х	Υ	Z
Conditions	Cool	Cool	Sunny	Sunny
	Windy	Not windy	Windy	Not windy

Which of the following beakers will contain the least amount of water after one day?

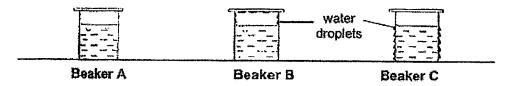
- (1) Beaker W
- (2) Beaker X
- (3) Beaker Y
- (4) Beaker Z
- 15. The diagram shows a cup of hot coffee placed on the table.



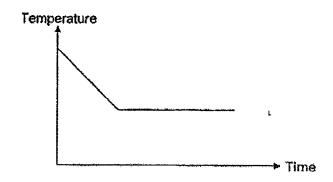
Which of the following processes resulted in the formation of the white cloud'?

- (1) Boiling
- (2) Freezing
- (3) Evaporation
- (4) Condensation

• Three identical beakers, A, B and C, were filled with equal votume of water of different temperatures. The beakers were covered with identical fids and placed on a table in a room with a temperature of 29°C. Water droplets were formed on cups B and C are shown in the diagram.



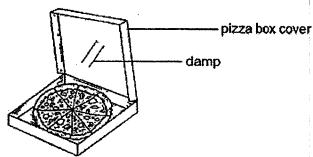
The graph shows the change in temperature in the water over a period of time.



Which of the following beaker(s) contained water which had the temperature change as shown in the graph?

- (1) Beaker A only
- (2) Beaker B only
- (3) Beaker C only
- (4) Beakers B and C only

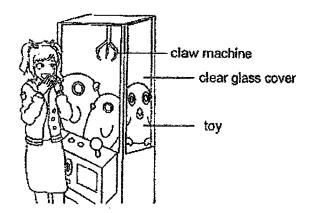
17. Tina bought a hot pizza and brought it home. When she opened the box at home, she observed that the underside of the pizza box cover was damp as shown in the diagram.



Which of the following would cause the underside of the pizza box cover to be less damp?

- A Use a metal pizza box.
- B Use a styrofoam pizza box.
- C Make holes on the pizza cover.
- D Leave the pizza box cover slightly open.
- (1) A and B only
- (2) C and D only
- (3) A, C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

18. Allison looks into a claw machine placed in a bright arcade room as shown in the diagram.



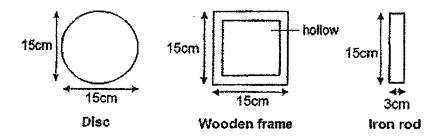
Which statement explains why she can see the toys in the machine?

- (1) The toy gave out light that entered her eyes.
- (2) Most light passed through the toys and entered her eyes.
- (3) Some light was reflected from the glass cover and entered her eyes.
- (4) Most light reflected by the toys passed through the glass cover and entered her eyes.

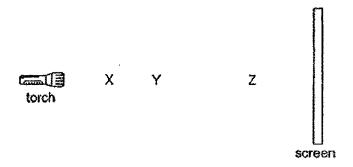
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Neme:	ф; ,		Scenario 1a	Scenario 1b		Scenario 2a	Scenario 26		Scenario 38	Scenario 3b

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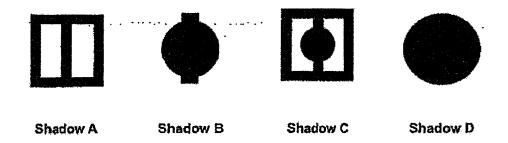
19. The diagram shows three objects with the following heights and widths.



The objects were placed one at each position, X, Y and Z, from the torch as shown in the diagram. The shadows were cast on a screen.

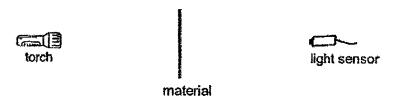


Which of the following are possible shadows that could be casted on the screen?



- (1) A and C only
- (2) B and D only
- (3) A, B and C only
- (4) B, C and D only

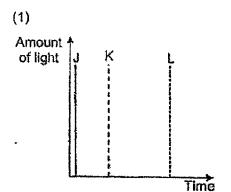
20. Ben prepared an experimental set-up to find out the degree of transparency of materials J, K and L as shown in the diagram.

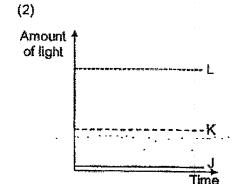


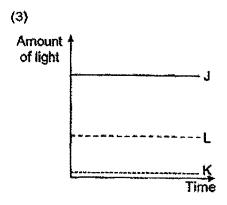
He recorded the amount of light that passed through each material over a period of time in the table. He observed that the amount of light from the torch was 2000lux.

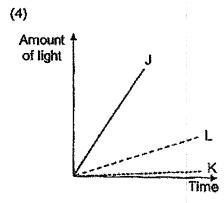
Materials	Amount of light (lux)		
J	1000		
К	20		
L	400		

Which graph shows his results correctly?

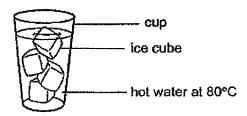








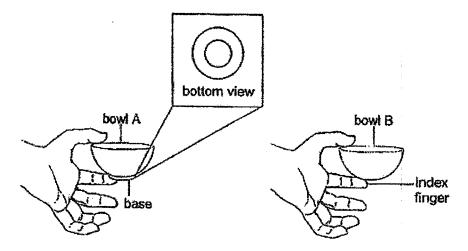
21. The diagram shows ice cubes in a cup of hot water.



Which of the following observations about the ice cubes is possible after a few minutes?

	Class of the state of	Direction of heat flow				
	Size of ice cubes	From	То			
(1)	Became smaller	Ice	Water			
(2)	Became smaller	Water	lce			
(3)	Remained the same	lce	Water			
(4)	Remained the same	Water	Ice			

22. Gordon has two bowls, A and B, made of the same material. He placed equal amount of hot rice into each bowl. He could hold bowl A without feeling much heat from the hot rice on his index finger but bowl B was too hot to hold.



Which of the following best explains why Gordon could hold bowl A without feeling much heat from the hot rice on his index finger but bowl B was too hot to hold?

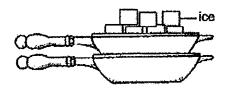
- (1) Bowl B is a poor conductor of heat.
- (2) Bowl A is a good conductor of heat.
- (3) Bowl B is a good conductor of heat but not the base of bowl A.
- (4) Distance from the heat source to the index finger is further in bowl A.

23. Hasan has two cooking pans stuck together as shown in the diagram.

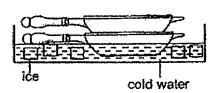


Which of the following method(s) could be use to separate the two cooking pans most easily?

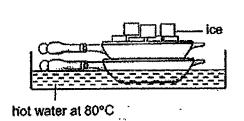
A



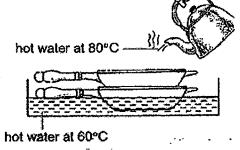
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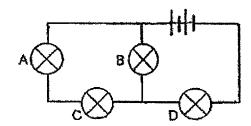


 \mathbf{D}^{*}



- (1) A only
- (2) A and C only
- (3) B and D only
- (4) C and D only

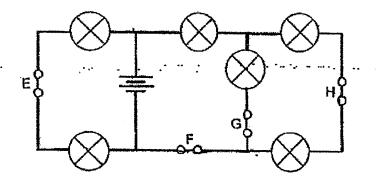
24. The diagram shows a closed circuit that consists of identical bulbs.



Which of the following bulbs, A, B, C or D, when removed, will cause none of the bulbs to light up?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- 25. The diagram shows a closed circuit that consists of identical bulbs.

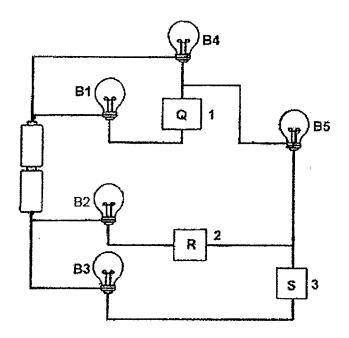
There was least number of bulbs that light up in the circuit when one of the switches was opened.



Which one of the following switches was most likely to be opened?

- (1) E
- (2) F
- (3) G
- (4) H

26. Caleb carried out an experiment to find out which materials, Q, R or S, can conduct electricity. He connected materials Q, R and S to the circuit at positions 1, 2 and 3 respectively as shown in the diagram.

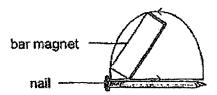


He observed that only bulbs B2, B4 and B5 lit up. He then rearranged the materials S, Q and R and connected to the circuit at positions 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

Which of the following bulbs would light up after the re-arrangement of the materials?

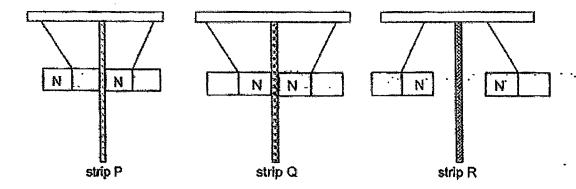
- (1) B1 and B4
- (2) B1, B2 and B5
- (3) B1, B4 and B5
- (4) B3, B4 and B5

27. The diagram shows how an iron nail was made into a temporary magnet using the stroke method. A bar magnet was used to stroke the iron nail repeatedly in the same direction thirty times as shown in the diagram.



Which one of the following would increase the magnetic strength of the magnetised iron nail?

- (1) Drop the iron nail multiple times.
- (2) Increase the size of the bar magnet.
- (3) Stroke the iron nail in the opposite direction fifty times.
- (4) Stroke the iron nail in the same direction another fifty times.
- 28. Thomas set up the following experiment to find out if strips P, Q and R were made of magnetic material. He placed the strips between two bar magnets. His observation are shown in the diagram.



Which of the following strip(s) is/are definitely made of a magnetic material?

- (1) Strip P only
- (2) Strip Q only
- (3) Strip R only
- (4) Strips P and R only



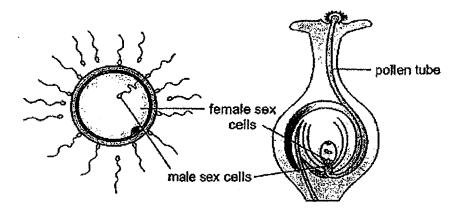
RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL END-OF-YEAR EXAMINATION PRIMARY FIVE 2022

SCIENCE (BOOKLET B)

140111	·	Date: 27 October 2022
Class	s: P5	Total Time : 1h 45min
<u>IN</u>	STRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES	
1.	Write your name, class and index numb above.	er in the spaces provided
2.	Do not turn over this page until you are	told to do so.
ŧ.	Follow all instructions carefully.	
1	Answer all questions.	
1	For questions 29-41, write your answers provided.	clearly in the spaces
6.	The number of marks is shown in brack question or part question.	ets[] at the end of each
		. S. Marken and M. Carlon and

Mark

29. The diagrams show the process of the male sex cell fusing with the female sex cell in human and plant respectively.



Human Plant

(a) State the process shown in the diagrams.

[1]

(b) Explain why large numbers of male sex cells are introduced into the female reproductive system each time during the process of reproduction. [1]

Score

Continued from page 22

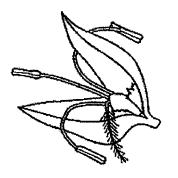
(c) Which of the following statement(s) describe(s) the similarity between pollen grains and sperms? Put a (✓) in the correct box(es).

Statement	Tick (√)
Both the pollen grains and sperms are produced by the female parts.	
Both the pollen grains and sperms can move from place to place on their own.	
Both the pollen grains and sperms carry genetic information that can be passed down to their offspring.	

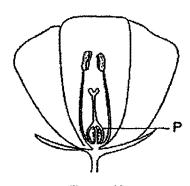
Score 1

P5 Science EYE 2022

30. Study the two flowers, X and Y, as shown in the diagram.



Flower X



Flower Y

(a) Based on the diagram, identify the methods of pollination for flowers X and Y by putting a (✓) in the correct boxes.

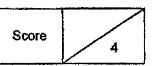
Flower Method of pollination	x	Υ
¹ Insect pollinated		
Wind pollinated		

(b)	State two characteristics of flower Y that enable the flower to be pollinated by
	the method identified in part (a).

[2]

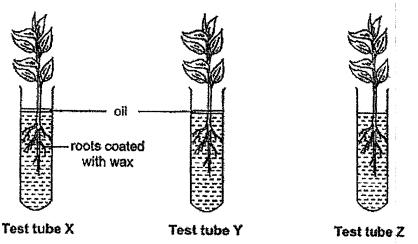
W_____

(c) What does part P develops into after fertilisation? [1]



P5 Science EYE 2022

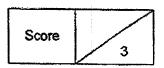
31. Paula poured 20ml of water into each of the three test tubes X, Y and Z. Then she placed Identical plants into each test tube as shown in the diagrams. The roots of the plant in test tube X were coaled with wax.



Three days later, Paula recorded the amount of water left in each test tube in the table shown.

Test tube	Volume of water at the start (ml)	Volume of water at the end of three days (ml)	
х	20	20	
Υ	20	(a)	
Z	20	2	

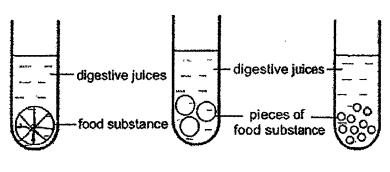
- (a) What is the possible volume of water left in test tube Y at the end of three days? Write your answer in the table above. [1]
- (b) Give your reason in your answer in (a).
- (c) Noah told Paula that she only needed to use two test tubes for her experiment. Which two test tubes should Paula use to ensure a fair test? [1]



P5 Science EYE 2022

32. Jane would like to find out if the size of the food substance affects the time taken for it to be completely digested.

She set up three set-ups, P, Q and R, with the same amount of identical food substance and equal amount of digestive juice. Set-ups Q and R contained the food substance broken into smaller pieces as shown in the diagram.



Set-up P

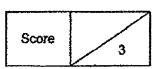
Set-up Q

Set-up R

She recorded the results in the table.

-Set-up -	P	Q	R
Time taken for the food substance to be completely digested (min)	40	25	8

- (a) Based on the results, how does the size of the food substance affect the time taken for the food to be completely digested? [1]
- (b) Based on the experiment above, explain how chewing helps in the digestion process. [2]



P5 Science EYE 2022

33. The diagram shows cell K.

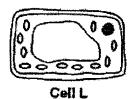


(a) In the diagram, name and label the part of cell K that controls the cell activities.

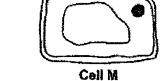
[1]

[2]

The diagram shows cells L and M from a plant.



answer.



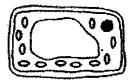
(b) Identify the part of the plant the cell came from and state a reason for your

Cell Part of plant the cell came from Reason for your answer

L

M

Cell L was put in a solution and left for five hours. After five hours, it was observed that the cell had shrunk as shown in the diagram.

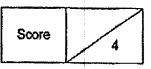


five hours after cell L was left in a solution



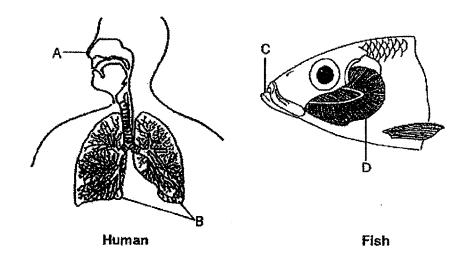
(c) Which part of the cell is responsible for the shrinking of the cell?

[1]



P5 Science EYE 2022

34. The diagrams show the different parts in the respiratory systems of a human and a fish.



(a) At which part, A, B, C or D, does gaseous exchange take place in a human and a fish respiratory systems? [1]

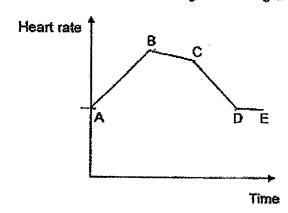
Human: ______

Fish: [2]

Describe now the fish gets oxygen for its survival. [2]

Score 3

35. The diagram shows Carine's heart rate during her morning exercise.



(a) State the parts, AB, BC, CD or DE, of the graph that match the activities. [1]

Activity	Part of the graph	
Running		:
Brisk walking	L	:

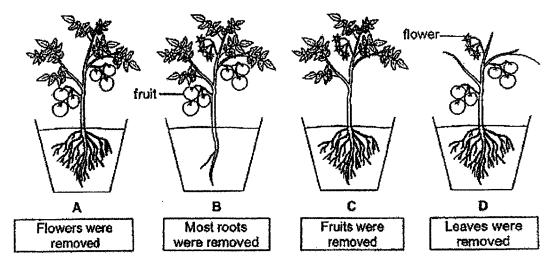
(b) Explain why the Carine's heart rate decreases from C to D during her morning exercise. [2]

Score 3

P5 Science EYE 2022

36. Omar observed the growth of four pots of identical plants, ArB, C and D, using the same amount of identical type of soil. Different parts of the plants were removed as shown in the diagrams.

The plants were placed in the garden and Omar watered the plants daily with the same amount of water. He observed the plants over a same period of time.



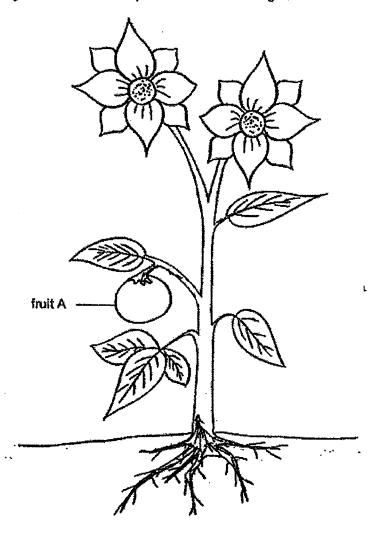
Omar recorded his observations and provided reasons for his observations in the table.

(a) Put a tick (\checkmark) in the box(es) that show(s) the correct observation and its corresponding reason. [2]

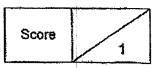
Observation	Reason	Tick (√)
Plant A dies	It does not have flowers for the plant to obtain nectar for nutrients.	
Plant B dies	It does not have enough water as most of the roots have been removed.	
Plant C dies	it does not have enough food as the fruits have been removed.	
Plant D dies	It does not have leaves to make food for the plant.	

Continued from page 30

The diagram shows another plant found in Omar's garden.



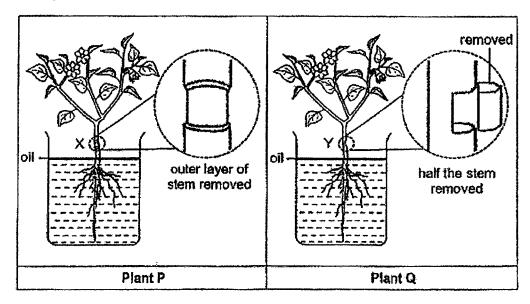
(b) Draw arrows on the diagram above to show how water is transported to fruit A. [1]



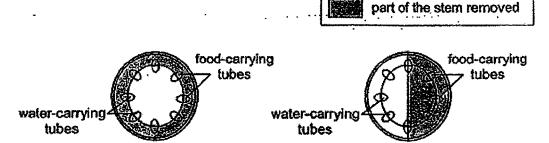
P5 Science EYE 2022

37. Munah conducted an experiment using two similar plants, P and Q, and marked out two similar parts on the stem of each plant as shown in the diagrams.

At the similar part of the stems of plants P and Q, Munah made a cut. The outer layer of the stem at part X of plant P were removed, while half of the stem at part Y of plant Q was removed.



The cross-section of parts X and Y are as shown below.



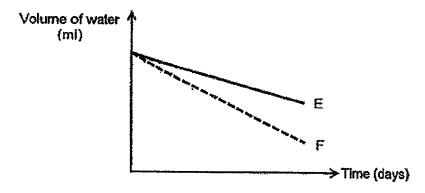
Key:

Cross-section of part X

Cross-section of part Y

He then placed them each in a beaker filled with water. He measured the amount of water in the beakers for a few days.

The volume of water in the beakers were recorded over a few days as shown in the graph.



(a) Which line, E or F, represents the change in volume of water in the beaker containing plant P? Explain your answer. [1]

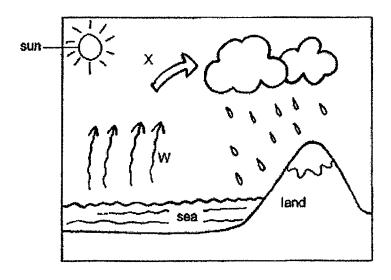
After some time, one of the plants wilted and died.

(b) Which plant, P or Q, wilted and died? Explain your answer.

[2]

Score 3

38. The diagram shows a water cycle.



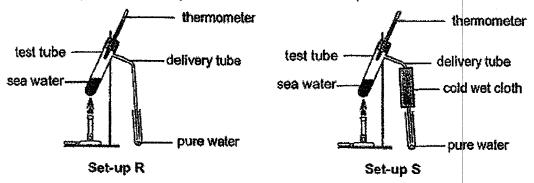
Water cycle

(a)	What processes do arrows W and X represent?	[1]
	W:	
	X:	

Continue on page 35

Score 1

The diagram show set-up R that can be used to obtain pure water from sea water.

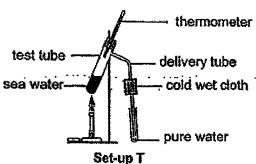


Rahman suggested wrapping the delivery tube with a cold wet cloth, as shown in set-up S, will increase the amount of pure water collected in the test tube over a period of two minutes.

(b) Do you agree with Rahman? Explain your answer.

[2]

The size of the cold wet cloth was changed as shown in set-up T. The temperature of the cold wet cloth remained the same.



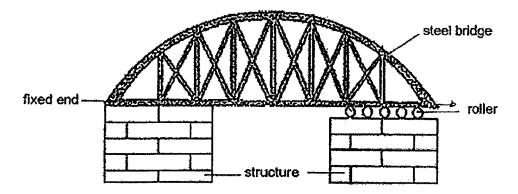
(c) Will the amount of pure water collected in the test tube over a period of two minutes increase, decrease or remain the same as compared to set-up \$?

Give a reason for your answer.

[2]

Score 4

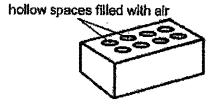
The diagram shows a steel bridge. One end of the bridge was fixed to the structure while the other end was mounted on rollers. The bridge was built this way so that the bridge will not break during a hot day.



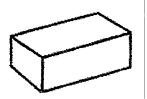
(a)	Explain why one end of the steel bridge was not fixed to the structure?	[2]	

Score

Bricks are used to build walls of houses. The diagram shows two different types of bricks of identical size and material.



Hollow brick



Solid brick

The table shows the temperature of the surrounding air outside the house on a particular day.

	At 8am	At 12pm	\neg
Temperature of surrounding air	04	00	
outside the house (°C)	24	36	.

The wails of two identical houses were built using the different types of bricks.

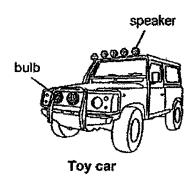
The table records the temperature of air in the houses at 8am and 12pm respectively.

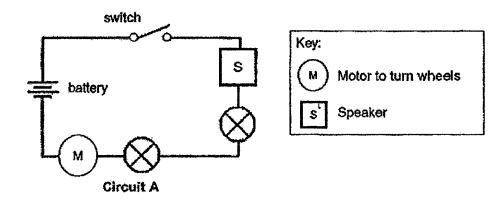
Type of brick used to make the walls	Temperature of air in the house at 8am (°C)	Temperature of air in the house at 12pm (°C)
Hollow brick	24	28
Solid brick	24 .	34

(b) Using the data from the table, explain how using hollow bricks to build walls of houses helps to keep the house cooler on hot days. [2]

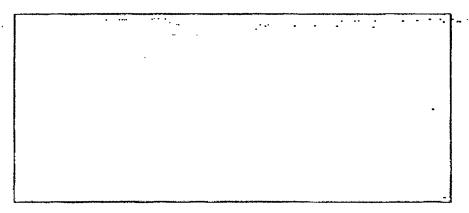
Score 2

40. The diagram shows a toy car and circuit A which is found in the toy car.





(a) In the box, using the same electrical components in circuit A, draw another circuit diagram that will increase the brightness of each of the bulbs. [2]

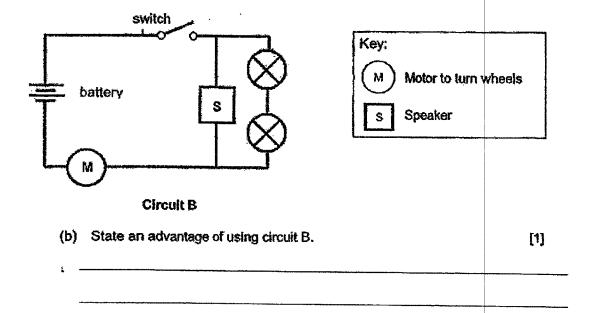


Score 2

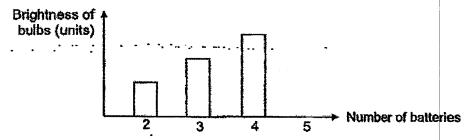
Continue on page 39

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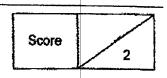
The same electrical components in the toy car are connected to form circuit B as shown.



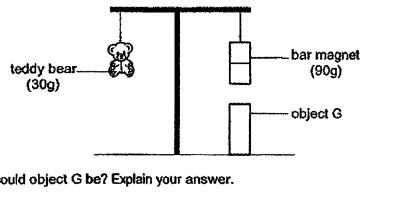
Using circuit B, Elijah decided to measure the brightness of the bulbs on the toy car with different number of batteries added to the circuit and record the result in the graph.



(c) Based on the information above, what happened to the bulb when the 5th battery was added to the circuit. Give a reason for your answer. [1]



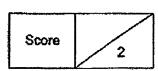
The diagram shows a teddy bear of mass 30g and a bar magnet of mass 90g on a balance. Object G was placed below the bar magnet. It was observed that the rod 41. was balanced as shown in the diagram.



What could object G be? Explain your answer.

[2]

End of Paper



SCHOOL :

RAFFLES GIRLS' PRIMARY SCHOOL

LEVEL

PRIMARY 5

SUBJECT:

SCIENCE

TERM

2022 END-OF-YEAR

SECTION A

Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q4:	, Q5	Q6	Q 7	Q8	-Q9	Q1,0
3	1	2	2	3	1	4	3	3	4
Q 11	Q12;	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
2	4	4	3	4	2	2	4	4	3
Q 21	Q22	Q23	Q24.	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28		
2	4	2	4	2ι	4	4	2		

SECTION B

Q29a)	The process shown in the diagrams are fertilisation.							
Q29b)	To increase the chances of the nucleus of the male sex cell (sperm) fusing							
	with the nucleus of the female sex cell (egg).							
Q29c)	Statement		Tick (√)					
erre spread de la constant de la con	Both the pollen grains and sperms females parts	y the						
	Both the pollen grains and sperms of place on their of							
	Both the pollen grains and sperms of that can be passed down to	V						
Q30a)	Method of pollination \ Flower	Х		Y				
	Insect pollinated			V				
	Wind pollinated							

J						
Q30b)	(i) Flower Y has sweet, scented nectar.					
	(ii) Flower Y has bright and colourful petals.					
Q30c)	Part P will develop into a fruit after fertilisation					
Q31a)	10 ml					
Q31b)	The roots of the plant in Y was not coated with wax and there was a layer					
	of oil on the water. Hence, roots of the plant in Y was able to absorb water,					
	resulting in greater decrease in volume of water than X but less than Z,					
	where there was a a greater decrease in water due to evaporation and					
	absorption of water by plant.					
Q31c)	Test tubes X and Y.					
Q32a)	As the size of the food increases, the time taken to completely digest the					
	food substance increases.					
Q32b)	Chewing breaks the food into smaller pieces, increasing the exposed					
	surface area of the food to digestive juices. Hence, the digestive juices					
	can break down the food into simpler substances faster.					
Q33a)	Nucleus					
Q33b)	Cell L: came from leaves of plant. Reason: has chloroplasts which					
	contain chlorophyll that traps light to make food.					
	Cell M: came from roots of plant. Reason: does not have chloroplasts but has a cell wall.					
Q33c)	Cell membrane.					
Q34a)	Human: B					
	Fish: D					
Q34b)	Water contains dissolved oxygen that enters the fish's mouth. Oxygen is					
	absorbed into the blood as water passes through the gills.					
Q35a)	Running: AB					
	Brisk walking: BC					

Q35b)	From C to D, Carine is slowing down. Thus, her heart rate decreases a					
	her heart is pumping oxygenated blood to various parts of the body more					
	•		gy required by the less intense activity.			
Q36a)	Observation	Tick (✔)				
NA A DA MANAGEMENTO A	Plant A dies					
	Plant B dies	✓				
	Plant C dies					
	Plant D dies	√				
Q36b)						
	只是	$\sim 10^{-1}$				
	口次		•			
	, ,		_			
		1				
			L			
	fruit A					
			i			
			:			
	A A	A. T.				
Q37a)	Line F. All the w	ater carryin	g tubes in plant P are present. However, half of			
	Į.		ere removed in B. Hence, P is able to transport			
	more water.	3	to the second of			
Q37b)	Plant P. All of pla	ant P's for o	carrying tubes were removed. Food made by			
	the leaves could	not be tra	nsported to all parts of the plant. The roots will			
	die, thus there v	vill be no ro	ots to take in water and plant cannot make			
	food without wa	er.	,			
Q38a)	W: evaporation					
	X: condensation					
Q38b)	Yes, I agree with Rahman. The seawater gains heat and evaporates into					
	water vapour. Ti	ne warmer	water vapour will lose more heat to the cooler			
	part of the delive	ery tube co	vered with the cold wet cloth and condense			
	faster.					

Q38c)	It will decrease. The warmer water vapour is losing less heat to the						
	smaller, cooler surface of the delivery tube covered with the smaller piece						
	of cold, wet cloth. Hence, resulting in a slower rate of condensation.						
Q39a)	The bridge gains heat and expands on hot days. When bridge expands,						
	the roller allows the bridge to slide and move. This, bridge will not break or						
	collapse.						
Q39b)	The air in the hollow spaces of the hollow brick is a poor heat conductor.						
***************************************	Hence, it conducts heat from the surrounding air outside to the house at a						
	slower rate.						
Q40a)	S T						
Q40b)	The speaker will be louder in Circuit B than in A.						
Q40c)	As the electrical current flows through the circuit, the filament of the bulb						
-	melted and the bulb fused. This forms an open circuit, preventing current						
	from flowing.						
Q41)	Object G could be a magnet. The like poles of the bar magnet and object						
	G were facing each other, causing them to repel as like poles of magnets						
	repel each other.						