Anglo-Chinese School (Junior)



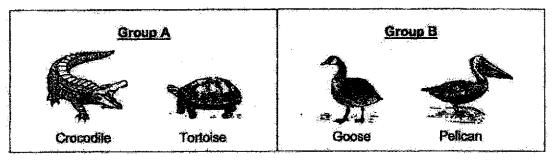
BITE-SIZED ASSESSMENT 2 (2021) PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

Mon	nday 10 May 2021	50 min
Nam	ne:() Class: 3.() Parent's Signature:	
INST	TRUCTIONS TO PUPILS	
1	Do not turn over the pages until you are told to do so.	
2	Follow all instructions carefully.	
3	There are 10 questions in this booklet.	
4	Answer ALL questions.	
5	The marks are given in the brackets [] at the end of each question or part q	uestion.

Question	Possible	Marks
Paper	Marks	Obtained
Total	30	

Answer questions 1 to 10 based on the instructions given for each question. The number of marks available is shown in the brackets [] at the end of each question. [30 marks]

1. Charlie classified some animals into groups A and B as follows:



(a)	State the animal group that animals in group A and group B belong to.	何
	Group A:	
	Group B:	

(b) Circle the animal that can be placed in group A.



[1]

Eacle

Shark

(c) The picture shows a salamander.

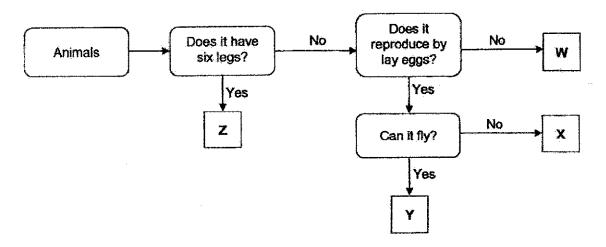


Charlie says that it cannot be classified in group A or B. Do you agree with Charlie? Give a reason for your answer.	oj



	Statement T or F
(i)	All birds can fly.
(ii)	Mammals have a hard outer covering.
(iii)	Amphibians can live on land and in the water.
(iv)	Reptiles do not have a constant body temperature.
(b)	The picture shows a spider.
	Explain why a spider is not an insect.
Sulii	wrote three clues about animal X. WHAT AM I? I can ffy. I live on land. I feed my young with milk.
(a)	Circle animal X.
	Ostrich Bat Cow
(b)	Which animal group does animal X belong to?

4. Study the flow chart.



(a) The pictures show a grasshopper and a mudskipper.



Which letter, W, X, Y or Z, in the flow chart best represents the grasshopper and mudskipper?

[1]

Grasshopper:

Mudskipper:

Based on the flow chart what are the characteristics of animal W?

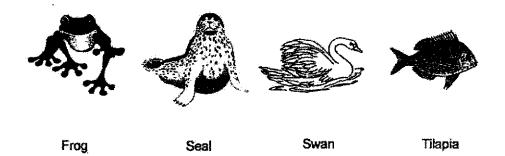
[1]

(c) Give an example of animal Y. [1]

SCORE 3

(b)

5. The pictures show four animals.



(a) Tick "/" the correct characteristic(s) for each animal in the table. The first one has been done for you. [2]

		Tick "✓"				
	Characteristic	Frog	Seal	Swan	Tilapia	
	Reproduces by laying eggs.	4		1	1	
(i)	Uses only gills to breathe.	<u>"</u>				
(ii)	Has an outer covering of hair.					
(iii)	Has an outer covering of feathers.					
(iv)	Breathes through moist skin and lungs.					

(b)	Both the seal and the swan have a unique characteristic that the other two animals do not have. What characteristic is it?	[1]

SCORE	
	3

The pictures show mushroom G and bacteria H. 6.





Mushroom G

Bacteria H

Fill in the blanks using the words in the box.						
feed	microorganism	respond	mould			
microscope	reproduce	dead	fungi			
Both mushroom G	and bacteria H can be fou	nd in our surroundi	ngs, Mushroon			
G is a	G is a We can see mushroom G clearly but we					
need to use a special instrument to see bacteria H clearly because it is a						
need to use a spe	ecial instrument to see I	acteria H clearly	because it is a			
need to use a spo	ecial instrument to see I					
		e living things whic	h need food, al			
and water to survi	Both of them a	e living things whic	h need food, al			
and water to survi	Both of them as	e living things whic	h need food, al			

	T
SCORE	
	3

7. Riza observed mould S growing on bread and fungi T growing on a tree trunk.







Mould S growing on bread

Fungi T growing on a tree trunk

(a)	How do mould S and fungí T reproduce?	[1]
(b)	Based on the pictures, where do mould S and fungi T get their food?	[1]
	Mould S:	
	Fungi T:	

(c) Riza observed and recorded the number of mushrooms growing on four different parts of a tree in the table.

Part of	Conditions	Number of mushrooms			
the tree		Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	
A	Shady and dry	2	5	7	
В	Shady and moist	4	10	15	
C	Sunny and dry	0	1	2	
D	Sunny and moist	1	3	4	

Based on Riza's observations, which part of the tree is the most suitable for these mushrooms to grow? List the two conditions at this part or the tree.

[1]

SCORE		
	/	
		3

 (a) Use the most appropriate word or phrase to fill in each box in the classification chart. Use each word or phrase only once.

Fungi Bacteria Growing on tree trunk
Useful Bread mould Can be seen with the naked eye
Harmful Shitake mushroom Can only be seen using the microscope

Cannot be seen with the naked eye

Cannot be seen with the naked eye

Useful

(b) Tick *✓* the places that fungi can be found growing.

Place Tick "✓"

(i) On a rotting log in the field.

(ii) In a wet corner of the toilet.

(iii) On a sanitized metal door knob.

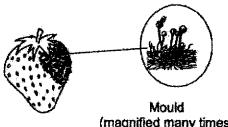
(iv) Inside a dry, clean and empty glass bottle.

SCORE 3

Yeast

Toadstool

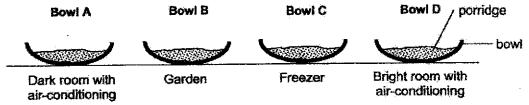
Mrs Lee left some strawberries in the cupboard for a few days. When she took it out
of the cupboard, she found mould growing on it.



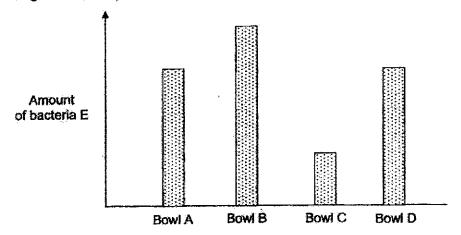
	What conditions must be present for the mould to grow?			
	Mrs Lee bought more strawberries. Tick "<" the best method to decrease the chances of mould growing on the strawberries after a few days.			
***************************************	Method Tic	k "√"		
***************************************	Dry them and put them in the refrigerator.			
	Soak them in water and put them on the table.			
, maren	Pack them in a plastic bag and put them in a box.			
	Mould growing on fruit and causing them to spoil is an example of how microorganisms can be harmful to us.			
	Give an example of how microorganisms can be useful to us.			

SCORE 3

10. Sam made a pot of porridge. He put the same amount of porridge into four similar bowls and placed them at different places for two days.



Sam drew the bar graph based on the amount of bacteria E found in each bowl of porridge after two days.



- (a) Which bowl of porridge had the most amount of bacteria E after two days? [1]
- (b) Based on the results, which place is most suitable for Sam to store leftover porridge? Explain your answer. [1]
- (c) Based on the amount of bacteria E found in the porridge in bowls A and D, what can Sam conclude about the growth of bacteria E? Tick */* the correct conclusion.

	Conclusion	Tick "√"
(i)	Light does not affect its growth.	
(ii)	It grows better in dark places than bright places.	
(iii)	It grows better in cool places than warm places.	

End of Paper

SCORE 3

[1]

ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR) SCHOOL:

PRIMARY 3 LEVEL : SUBJECT : TERM : LEVEL : SCIENCE

BITE-SIZED ASSESSMENT 2

Q1	a)	Group A: Reptile
		Group B: Bird
	b)	Circle Snake
	c)	I agree, because the salamander has moist skin, but group A and B do
		not have moist skin.
Q2	a)	i) F
		ii) F
		iii) T
		iv) T
	b)	The spide has eight legs but an insert has six legs.
Q3	a)	Circle Bat
	b)	Mammal
	c)	Mammals gives birth to their young alive.
Q4	a)	Grasshopper: Z
		Mudskipper: X
	b)	Animal W does not have six legs and do not reproduce by laying eggs.
	c)	eagle
Q5	a)	i) Tilapia
		ii) Seal
		iii) Swan
		iv) Frog
	b)	The seal and the swan are both warm blooded animals.
Q6	a)	Fungi
		Microorganism
		Feed
		Dead
	b)	No. Plants can make food, but mushroom cannot make food
Q7	a)	Mould S and Fungi T reproduce by spores.
	b)	Mould S: Mould S get their food from the bread.
		Fungi T: Fungi T get their food from the tree trunk its growing on.
	c)	B. The two conditions are shady and moist.
8	a)	
<u>L</u>		

