An Example of a Paper with a Rather Large Title-to-Content Ratio

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1 Introduction

Filesystems provide a convenient interface for the named storage of data, and as such are ubiquitous in application programs. Filesystem bugs expose users to the risks of data breach, corruption, loss; thus, verifying their correctness is essential. In this work, we present an approach towards constructing executable specifications of existing filesystems and verifying their functional properties in a theorem proving environment. We detail an application of this approach to the FAT32 filesystem.

We also detail the methodology used to build up this type of executable specification through a series of models which incrementally add features of the target filesystem. This methodology has the benefit of allowing the verification effort to start from simple models which encapsulate features common to many filesystems and are thus suitable for re-use.

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