



It takes weeks for an environment to get delivered.

Deployments are manual, painful, and infrequent.

The application behaves differently in production than it did in test.

I don't have enough environments to perform testing.

We have no idea what is the current state of machines.

We have a proliferation of technologies we have to manage.

Each environment has a different set of configurations to manage.





THE PROBLEM

Applications require complicated installation and integration every time they are deployed leading to

- Slow service delivery
- Reduced service quality
- Frequent down times



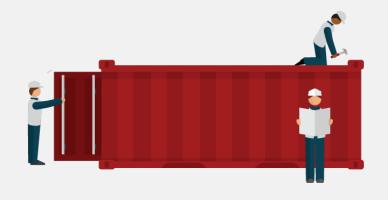




THE SOLUTION

Adopting a container strategy will allow applications to be easily shared and deployed

- Consistent environment and tools
- Predictable building blocks
- Faster deployment







WHAT ARE CONTAINERS?

It Depends Who You Ask

INFRASTRUCTURE



APPLICATIONS

- Sandboxed application processes on a shared Linux OS kernel (multi-tenancy)
- Simpler, lighter, and denser than virtual machines (density)
- Portable across different environments (portability)

- Package my application and all of its dependencies (encapsulation)
- Deploy to any environment in seconds and enable CI/CD (ephemerality)
- Easily access and share containerized components (standardization)





WE NEED MORE THAN JUST CONTAINERS

Scheduling

Decide where to deploy containers

Lifecycle and health

Keep containers running despite failures

Discovery

Find other containers on the network

Monitoring

Visibility into running containers

Security

Control who can do what

Scaling

Scale containers up and down

Persistence

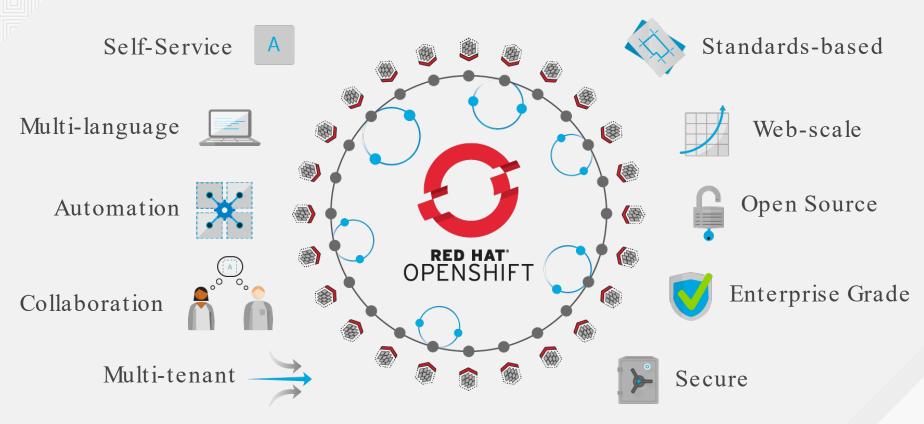
Survive data beyond container lifecycle

Aggregation

Compose apps from multiple containers











OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM

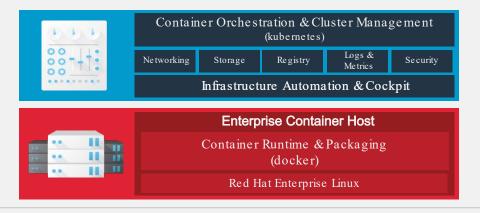


Trusted by Fortune Global 500 companies





OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM



Enterprise Kubernetes++
container orchestration

Trusted by Fortune Global 500 companies





Kubernetes is an open-source system for automating deployment, operations, and scaling of containerized applications across multiple hosts

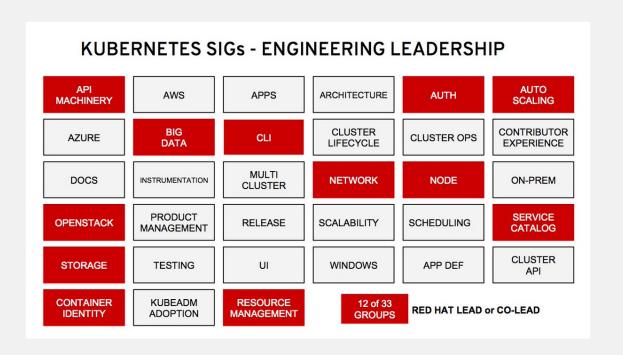


kubernetes





RED HAT LEADERSHIP IN KUBERNETES



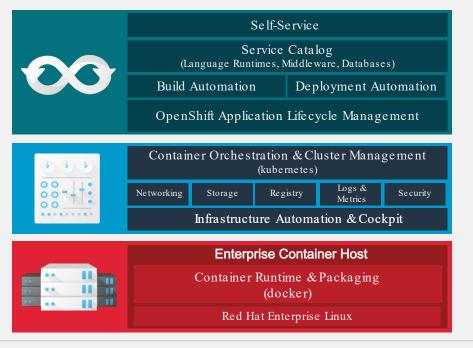


RED HAT LEADERSHIP IN KUBERNETES





OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM



Developer Experience

Enterprise Kubernetes++
container orchestration

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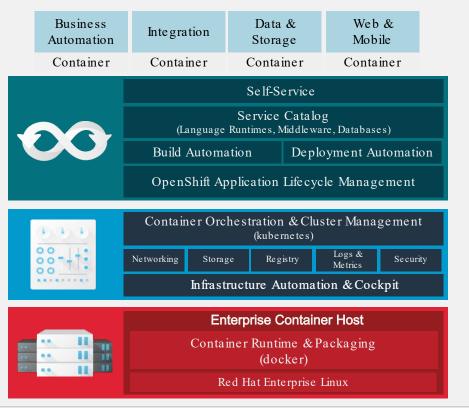


WHAT DOES OPENSHIFT PROVIDE OVER KUBERNETES?

FEATURE	KUBERNETES	OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM
Multi-host container scheduling	✓	~
Self-service provisioning	✓	~
Service-discovery	✓	~
Persistent storage	✓	~
Multi-tenancy	®	~
Collaboration	(8)	~
Networking	(8)	~
Image registry	(8)	~
Monitoring	®	~
Log aggregation	(8)	~
CI/CD and DevOps	(8)	~
Certified application services (databases, runtimes,)	(8)	~
Certified middleware services	(8)	~
Built-in operational management	®	~



OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM



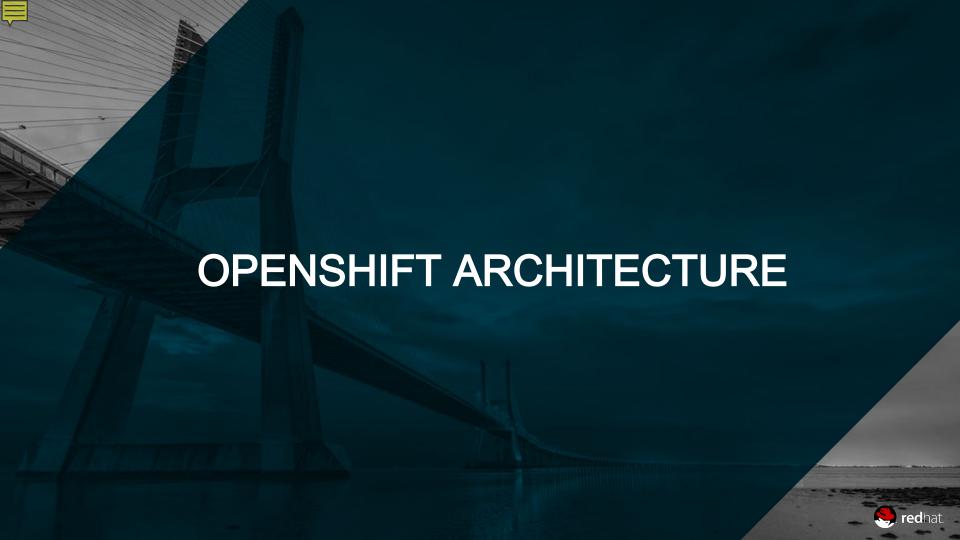
Traditional, state ful, and cloudnative apps

Developer Experience

Enterprise Kubernetes++
container orchestration

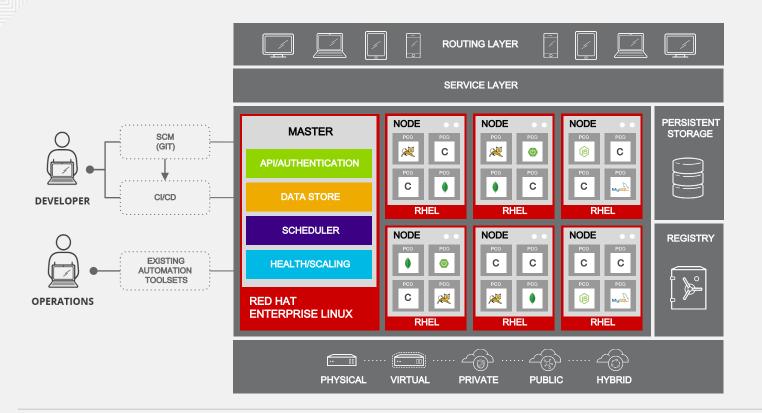
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OPENSHIFT ARCHITECTURE







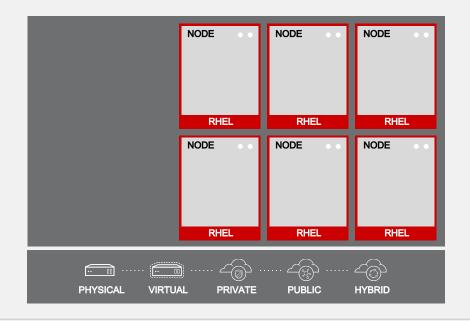
YOUR CHOICE OF INFRASTRUCTURE







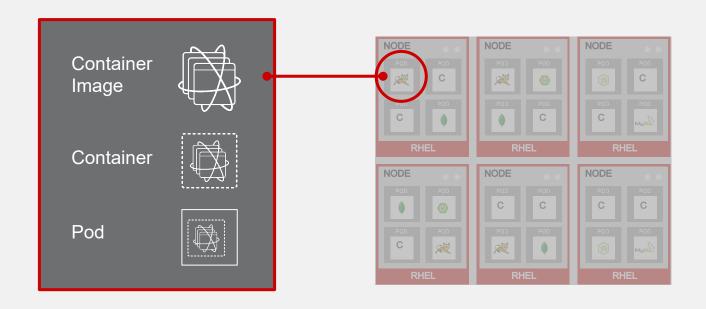
NODES RHEL INSTANCES WHERE APPS RUN







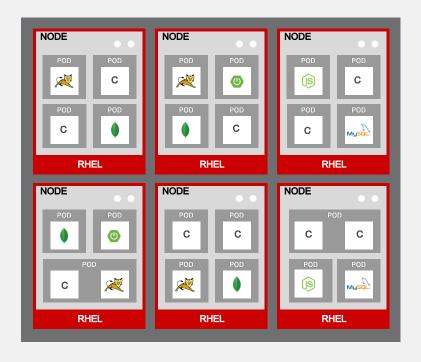
APPS RUN IN CONTAINERS







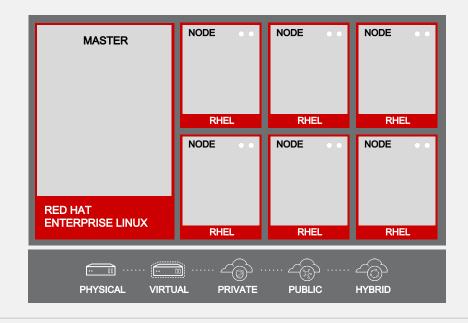
PODS ARE THE UNIT OF ORCHESTRATION







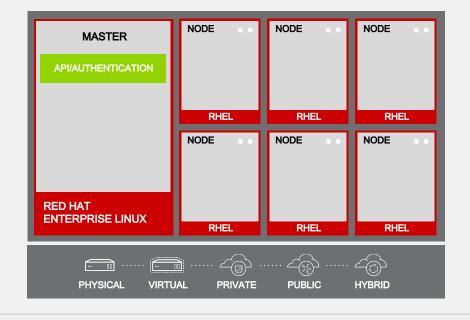
MASTERS ARE THE CONTROL PLANE







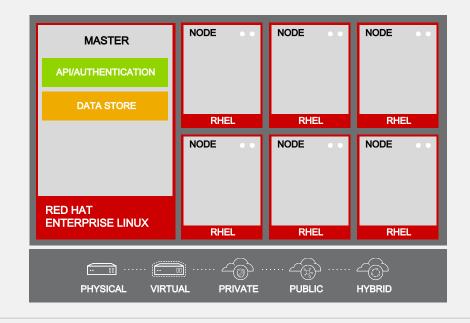
API AND AUTHENTICATION







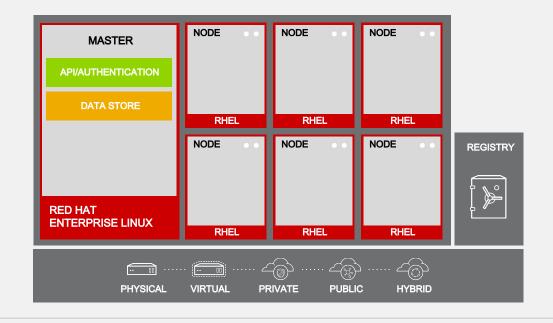
DESIRED AND CURRENT STATE







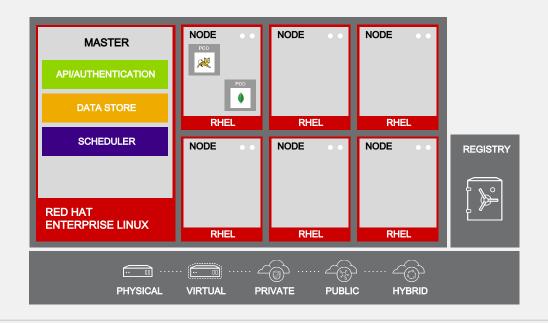
INTEGRATED CONTAINER REGISTRY







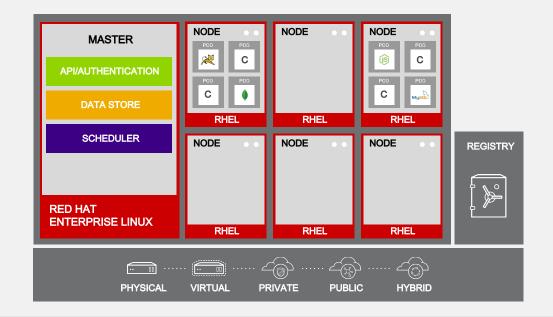
ORCHESTRATION AND SCHEDULING







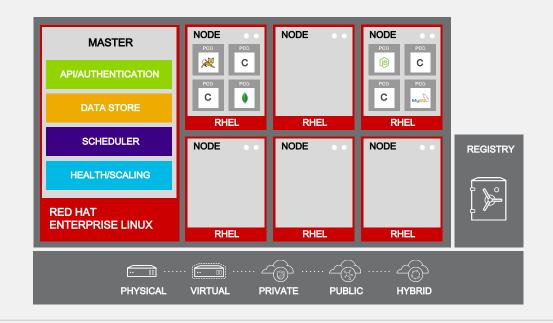
PLACEMENT BY POLICY







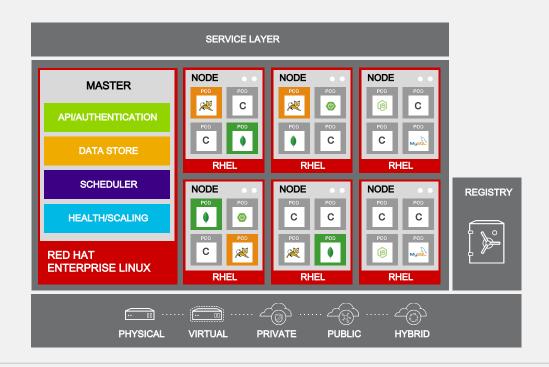
AUTOSCALING PODS







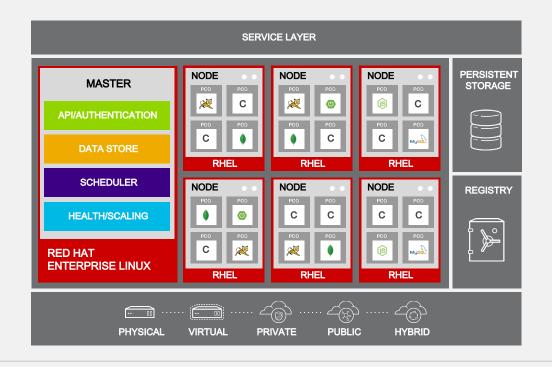
SERVICE DISCOVERY







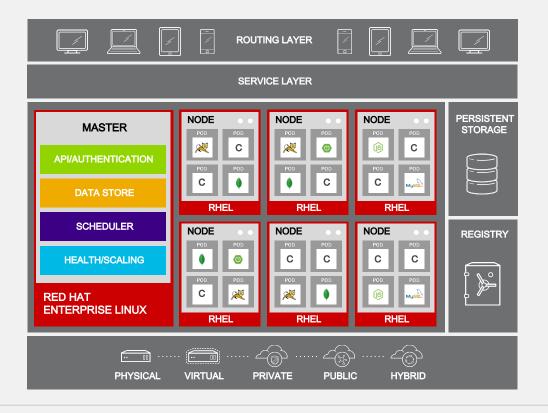
PERSISTENT DATA IN CONTAINERS





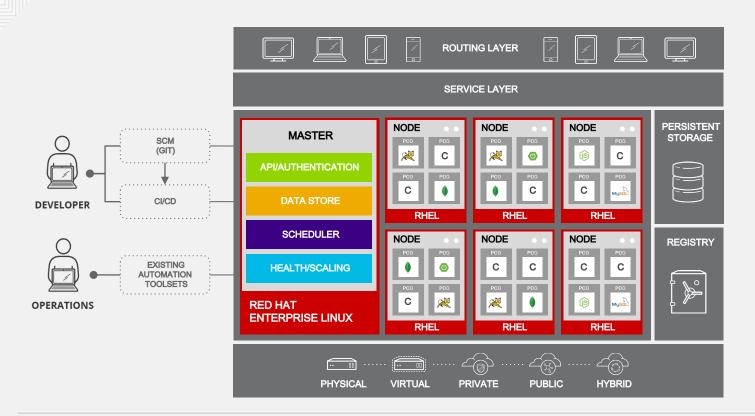


ROUTING AND LOAD-BALANCING





ACCESS VIA WEB, CLI, IDE AND API





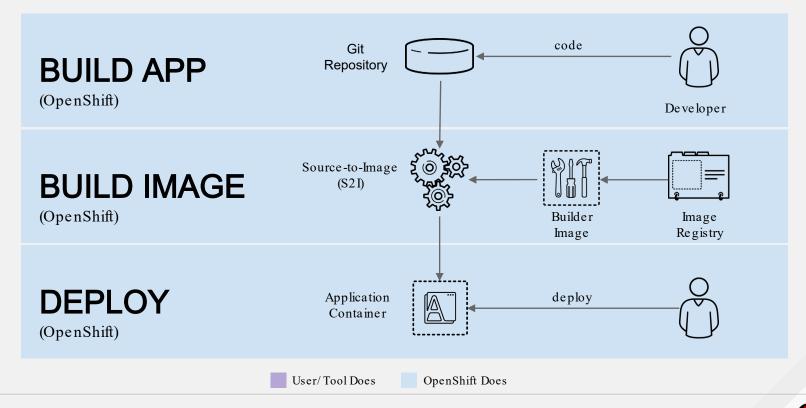


BUILD AND DEPLOY APPLICATIONS





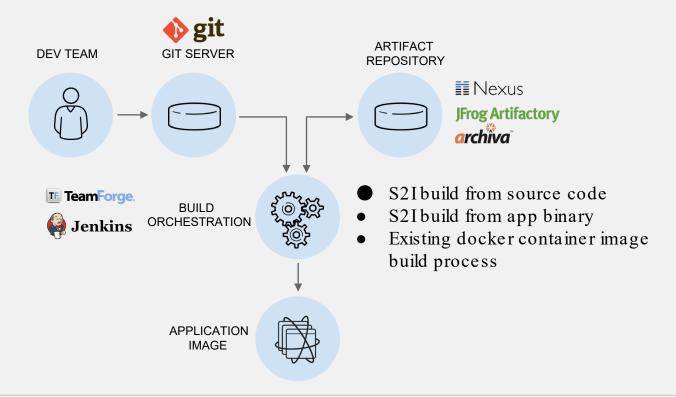
DEPLOY SOURCE CODE WITH SOURCE-TO-IMAGE (S2I)





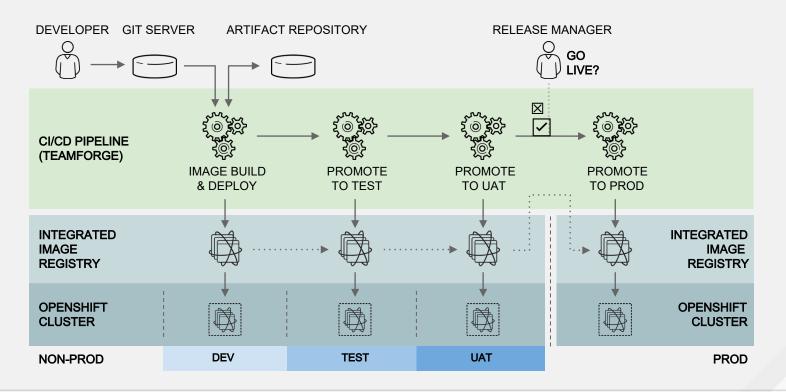


CONTINUOUS DELIVERY PIPELINE





CONTINUOUS DELIVERY PIPELINE





OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT



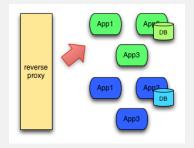
DEPLOYMENTS WITH OPENSHIFT

Painless deployments with zero/reduced downtime through automation



ROLLING DEPLOYMENTS

A rolling deployment slowly replaces instances of the previous version of an application with instances of the new version of the application.



BLUE/GREEN DEPLOYMENTS

A blue/green deployment is a software deployment strategy that relies on two identical production configurations that alternate between active and inactive.

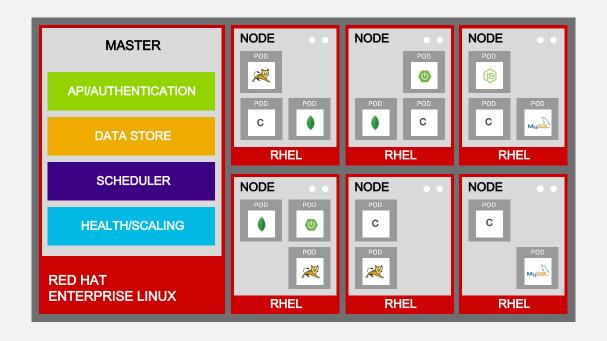


A/B DEPLOYMENTS

A/B testing (sometimes called split testing) is comparing two versions of a web page to see which one performs better.

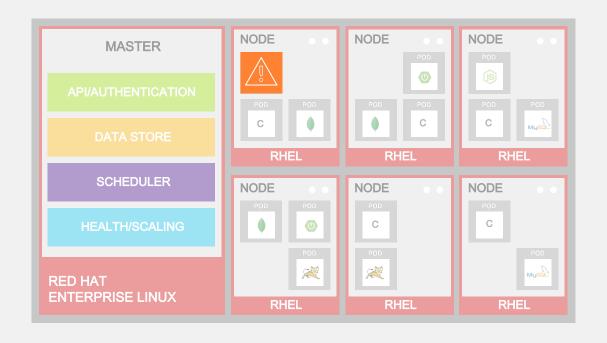






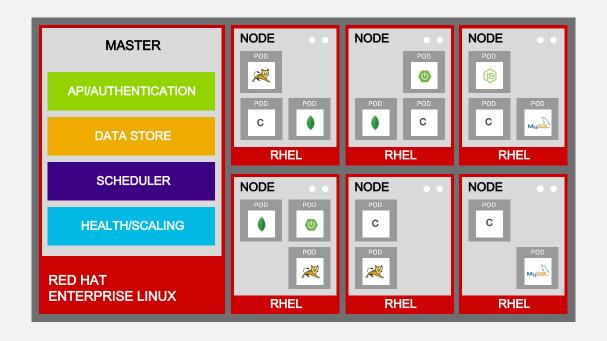






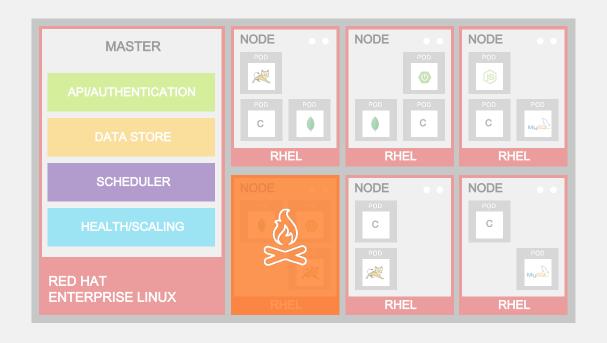






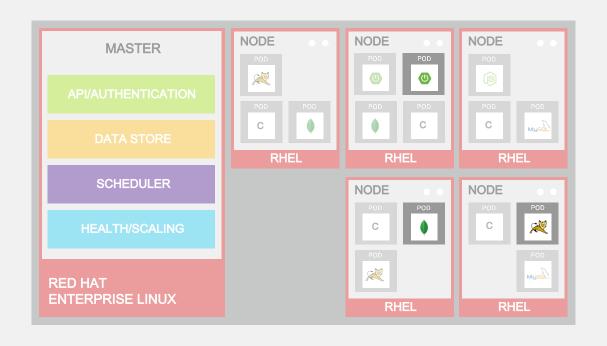










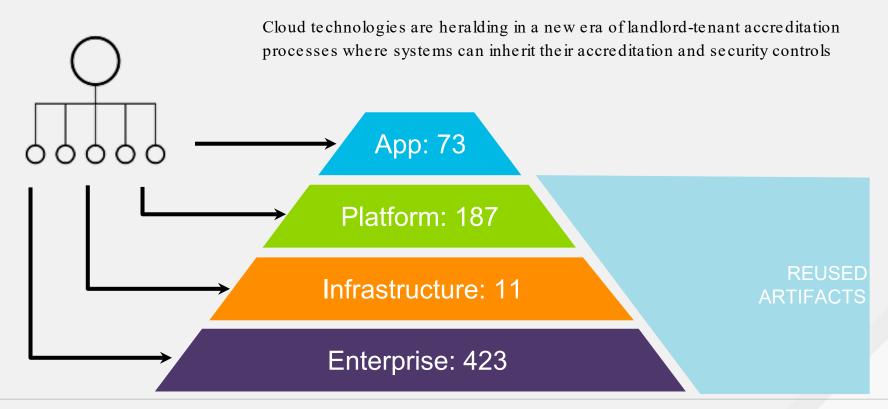




SECURITY



SECURITY INHERITANCE MODEL



SECDEVOPS: APPLICATION REPO

Applications can be created from source code repo or pulled from a trusted artifact repo

SCM of choice ☐ GitHub ☐ GitLab ☐ Bitbucket ☐ Assembla

Developer



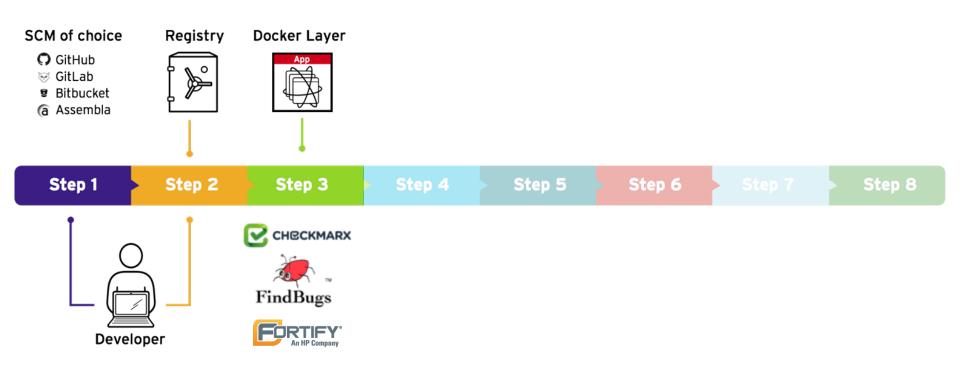
SECDEVOPS: CONTAINER REGISTRY

Container image is sourced from trusted registry with fine-grained access controls and image signing



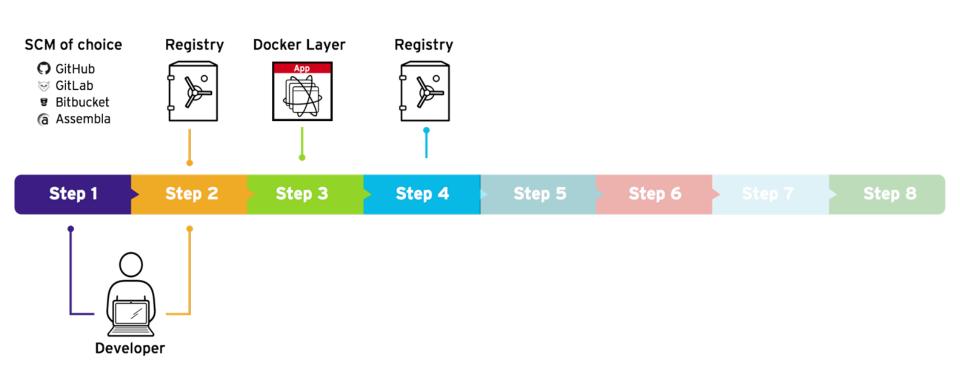
SECDEVOPS: LAYERING

OpenShift builds container using code or artifact + verified baseline in layered paradigm



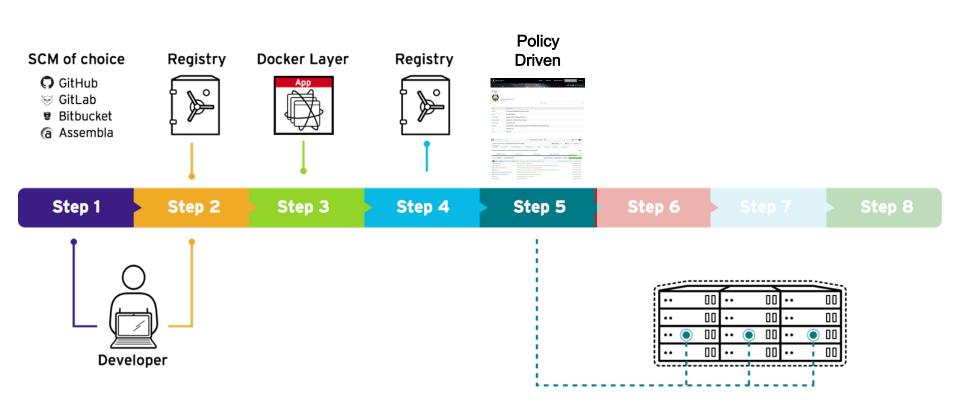
SECDEVOPS: GOLDEN IMAGE

Resulting "golden image" is signed, version, and checked into the trusted registry



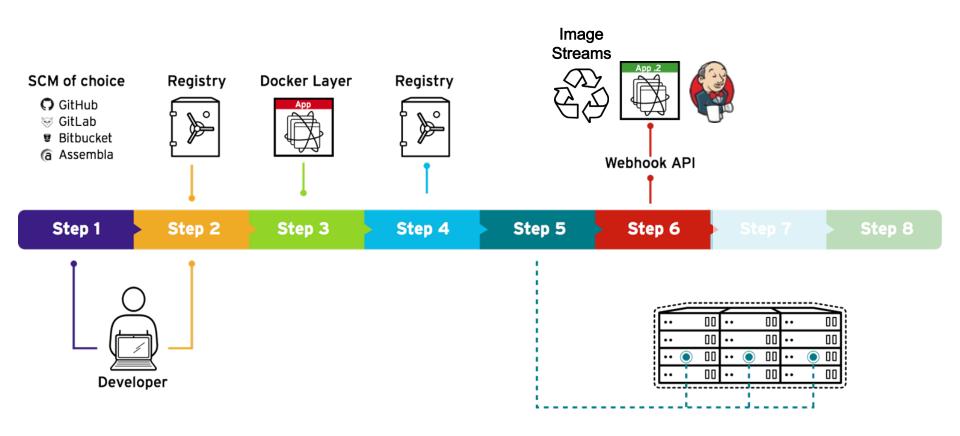
SECDEVOPS: SCHEDULING

Application image(s) are scheduled and deployed using policy-based approach



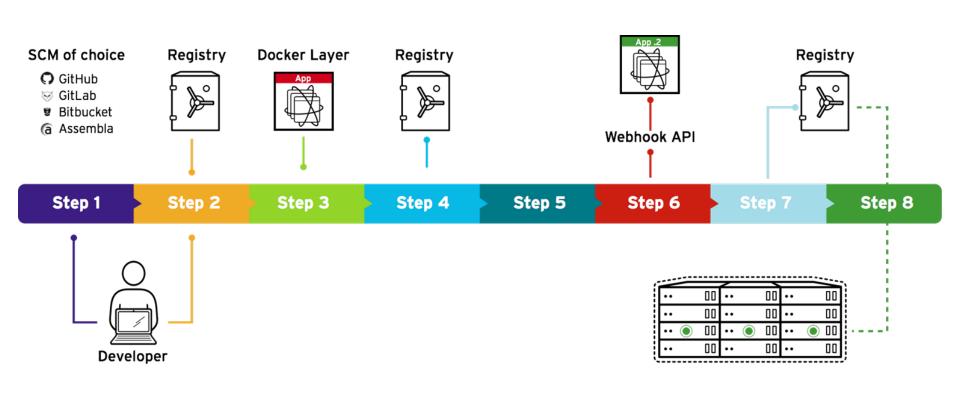
SECDEVOPS: AUTOMATED CHANGES

CI/CD integration, webhooks, or image streams can be used to automate this process



SECDEVOPS: ROLLING UPDATES

New images are signed, versioned, and checked into trusted registry then deployed as rolling updates







THANK YOU



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