



# PINNs for Navier Stokes equations

CASML-2024 : Preconference Workshop (Day 2)

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# Outline

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## Introduction

- Governing equations

## PINNs Architecture for NSE

## Demonstrative example

- Falkner-Skan Boundary Layer

## FastVPINNs for NSE

- Fluid flow problems
- Forward & Inverse problems on complex geometries

# Navier Stokes equation

- Incompressible General Form:

$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial t} + u_j \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_i} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 u_i}{\partial x_j \partial x_j} + f_i$$

$$\frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_i} = 0$$

- 2D Steady Incompressible Navier-Stokes eqn. reduces to:

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \nu \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} \right)$$

$$u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \nu \left( \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0$$

- **Nonlinearity:** The equations involve nonlinear terms  $(u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}, v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y})$ , making them challenging to solve analytically or numerically.
- **Coupled equations** (Momentum-Continuity Coupling)

# PINNs Architecture for NSE

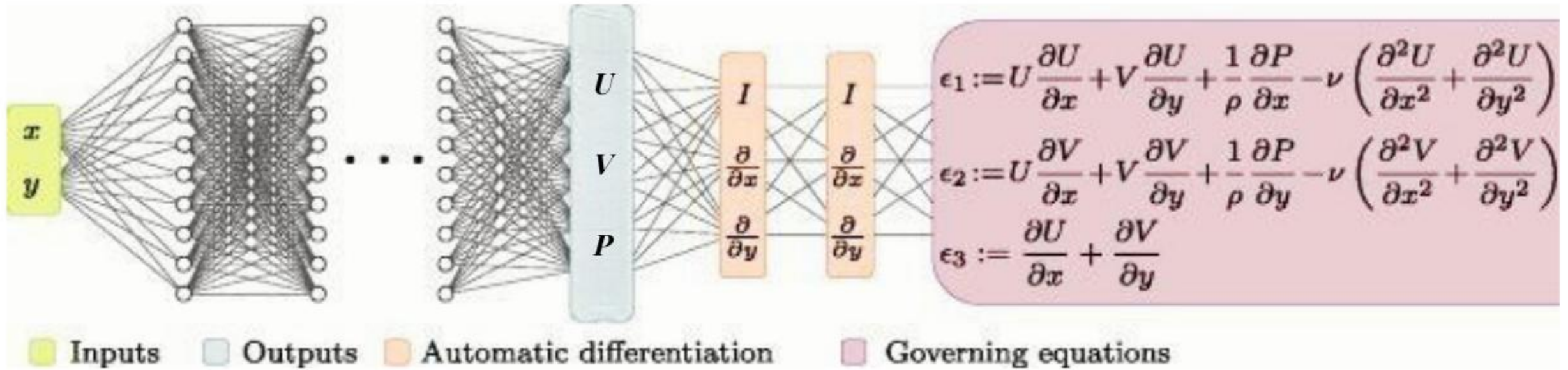


Figure: PINNs for NSE2d

Let,  $\mathbf{U}_b^n(\theta) = [u, v, p]_{pred}$ , where ' $\theta$ ' represents the parameters of the network and  $\tilde{\mathbf{U}}_b^n = [u, v, p]$  be the ground truth.

$$L_b = \frac{1}{N_b} \sum_{n=1}^{N_b} \left| \mathbf{U}_b^n(\theta) - \tilde{\mathbf{U}}_b^n \right|^2$$

$$L_r = \frac{1}{N_r} \sum_{i=1}^3 \sum_{j=1}^{N_r} w_i \epsilon_{i,j}^2$$

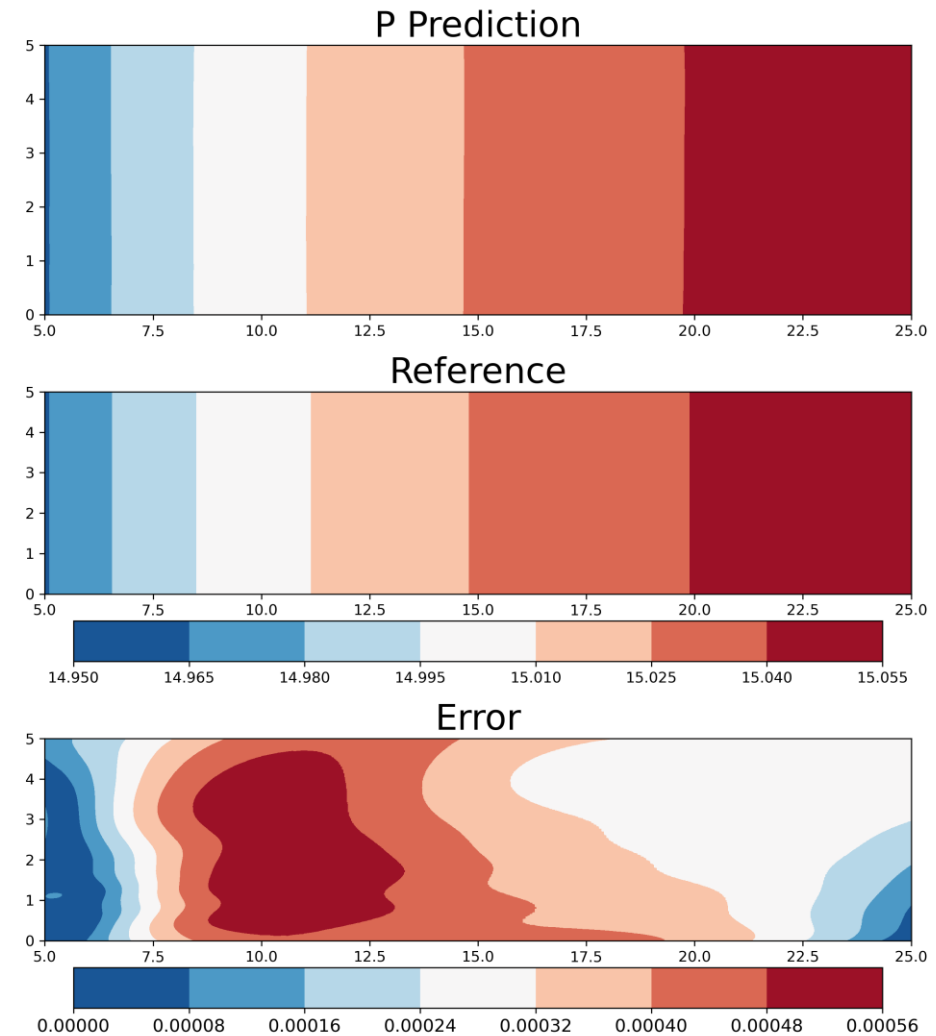
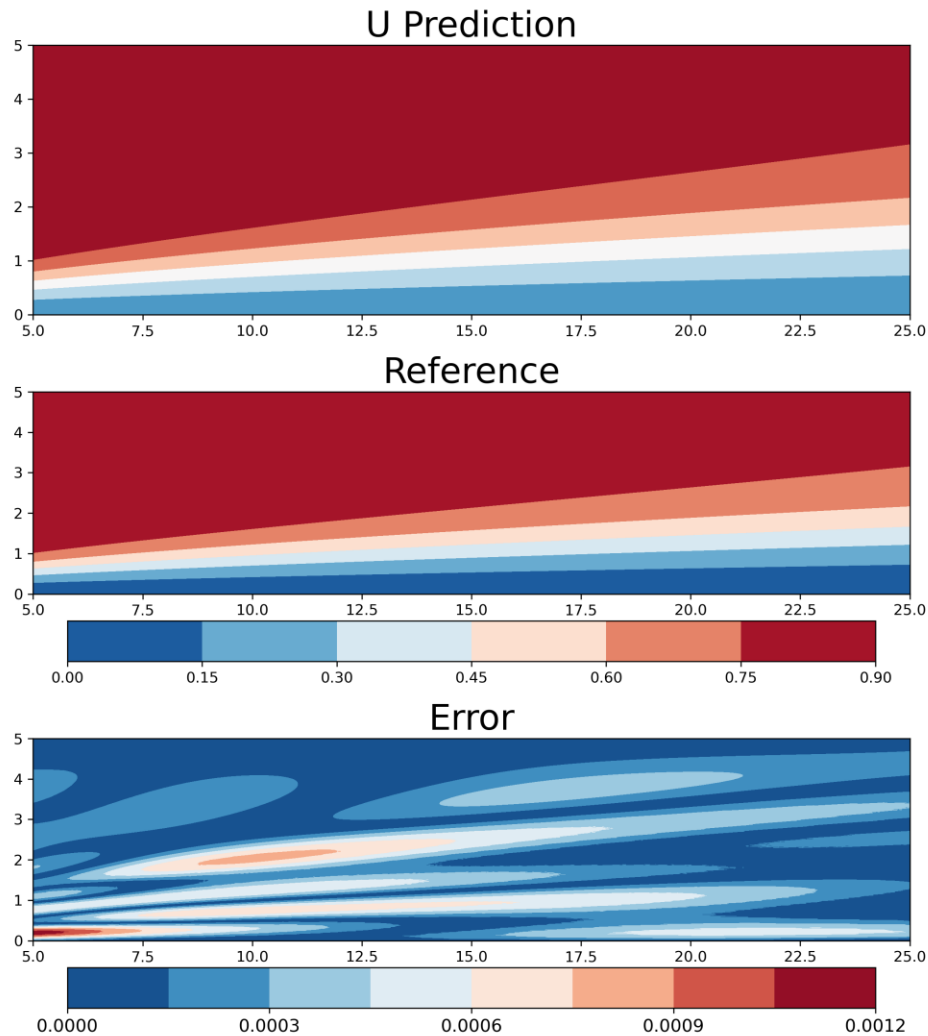
# PINNs Architecture for NSE

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$N_b$  and  $N_r$  represents the number of boundary and residual points, respectively.  $w_i$  represents the residual weighting.

$$\text{Total Loss, } L = L_r + \beta L_b$$

# Demonstrative case: Falkner-Skan BL



# Thank you..!

Questions ?



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