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2019-03-19

Pg. 456 #15-29 odd, 32, 33-37 odd

$$15. \int m^3 \ln m \ dm$$

$$= m^{3+1} \left[ \frac{\ln m}{3+1} - \frac{1}{(3+1)^2} \right] + C \tag{1}$$

$$= m^4 \left[ \frac{\ln m}{4} - \frac{1}{16} \right] + C \tag{2}$$

$$= \frac{m^4}{4} (\ln m) - \frac{m^4}{16} + C \tag{3}$$

17. 
$$\int \frac{dm}{\sqrt{m^2+7}}$$

$$= \ln\left|m + \sqrt{m^2 + \sqrt{7}^2}\right| + C \tag{4}$$

$$= \ln\left|m + \sqrt{m^2 + 7}\right| + C \tag{5}$$

(6)

**19.** 
$$\int \frac{10 \ dm}{m \left(5 - 7m\right)^2}$$

$$=10\left(\frac{1}{5(5-7m)} + \frac{1}{5^2}\ln\left|\frac{m}{5-7m}\right| + C\right) \tag{7}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5 - 7m} + \frac{2}{5} \ln \left| \frac{m}{5 - 7m} \right| + C \tag{8}$$

**21.** 
$$\int \frac{-5}{4m^2 - 1} \ dm$$

$$= -\frac{5}{4} \int \frac{1}{m^2 - \frac{1}{4}} dm \tag{9}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{4} \left( \frac{1}{2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)} \ln \left| \frac{m - \frac{1}{2}}{m + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + C \right) \tag{10}$$

$$= -\frac{5}{4} \ln \left| \frac{m - \frac{1}{2}}{m + \frac{1}{2}} \right| + C \tag{11}$$

(12)

**23.** 
$$\int \sqrt{4m^2+16} \ dm$$

$$=2\int\sqrt{m^2+4}\ dm\tag{13}$$

$$= 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\left[m\sqrt{m^2+4}+4\ln\left|m+\sqrt{m^2+4}\right|\right]+C\right)$$
 (14)

$$= m\sqrt{m^2 + 4} + 4\ln\left|m + \sqrt{m^2 + 4}\right| + C \tag{15}$$

## $25. \quad \int \frac{-5 \ln x}{x^3} \ dx$

$$= -5 \int x^{-3} \ln x \, dx \tag{16}$$

$$= -5\left(x^{-3+1}\left[\frac{\ln x}{-3+1} - \frac{1}{(-3+1)^2}\right] + C\right) \tag{17}$$

$$= -5x^{-2} \left[ \frac{\ln x}{-2} - \frac{1}{4} \right] + C \tag{18}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2x^2} (\ln x) + \frac{5}{4x^2} + C \tag{19}$$

## $27. \quad \int \frac{e^x}{x^{-3}} \ dx$

$$= \int x^3 e^x \, dx \tag{20}$$

$$= \frac{x^3 e^x}{1} - \frac{3}{1} \int x^{3-1} e^x \, dx + C \tag{21}$$

$$= x^3 e^x - 3 \int x^2 e^x \, dx + C \tag{22}$$

$$\int x^{2}e^{x} dx = \frac{x^{2} + e^{x}}{2x + e^{x}} = x^{2}e^{x} - 2xe^{x} + 2e^{x} + C$$

$$2 + e^{x}$$

$$0 + e^{x}$$
(23)

$$\int \frac{e^x}{x^{-3}} dx = x^3 e^x - 3\left(x^2 e^x - 2xe^x + 2e^x\right) + C \tag{24}$$

$$= x^3 e^x - 3x^2 e^x + 6xe^x - 6e^x + C (25)$$

$$29. \quad \int x\sqrt{1+2x} \ dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{15(2)^2} (3(2)x - 2(1)) (1 + 2x)^{3/2} + C$$
 (26)

$$= \frac{2}{60} \cdot 2(3x - 1)(1 + 2x)^{3/2} + C \tag{27}$$

$$= \frac{1}{15} (3x - 1) (1 + 2x)^{3/2} + C \tag{28}$$

**32.** 
$$p'(t) = \frac{1}{t(2+t)^2}$$
,  $p(2) = 0.8267$ 

$$p(t) = \frac{1}{2(2+t)} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{t}{2+t} \right| + C \tag{29}$$

$$0.8267 = \frac{1}{2(2+(2))} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{(2)}{2+(2)} \right| + C \tag{30}$$

$$-C = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{1}{2} \right| - 0.8267 \tag{31}$$

$$\approx 0.875 \tag{32}$$

$$p(t) = \frac{1}{2(2+t)} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{t}{2+t} \right| + 0.875$$
 (33)

**33.** 
$$\int \frac{8}{3x^2 - 2x} \ dx$$

$$= -8 \int \frac{1}{x(2-3x)} \, dx \tag{34}$$

$$= -8\left(\frac{1}{2}\ln\left|\frac{x}{2-3x}\right| + C\right) \tag{35}$$

$$= -4\ln\left|\frac{x}{2-3x}\right| + C\tag{36}$$

**35.** 
$$\int \frac{dx}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x}$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x(x-2)^2} \, dx \tag{37}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2(x-2)} + \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{x}{x-2} \right| + C \tag{38}$$

37. 
$$\int \frac{-e^{-2x} dx}{9 - 6e^{-x} + e^{-2x}}$$

$$= -\int \frac{e^{-2x} dx}{9 - 6e^{-x} + e^{-2x}} \tag{39}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} u = e^{-x} \\ du = -e^{-x} dx \end{bmatrix} = \int \frac{u \, du}{9 - 6u + u^2}$$
 (40)

$$= \int \frac{u \ du}{(u-3)^2} \tag{41}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{1(u-3)} + \frac{1}{1}\ln|u-3| + C \tag{42}$$

$$= \frac{-3}{(e^{-x} - 3)} + \ln|e^{-x} - 3| + C \tag{43}$$