

1 AE332: Modelling and Analysis Lab

1.1 Session 3: Simulating Shells and Rockets

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SC-Code: SC21B026

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.integrate as sci
import scipy.interpolate as inp
import Atmosphere as atm
from matplotlib.patches import Rectangle
plt.rcParams['text.usetex'] = True
```

1.1.1 Importing the data from excel

```
[2]: df = pd.read_excel('data-shell.xlsx')
print(df.head())
CAjoff = np.array([[0.4309, 0.4331, 0.434, 0.4084, 0.3876, 0.4582, 0.461, 0.
→4688, 0.4953, 0.6134],
[0.4683, 0.4709, 0.4729, 0.4599, 0.4171, 0.4716, 0.578, 0.5858, 0.
→6139, 0.7416],
[0.6796, 0.6774, 0.6797, 0.67, 0.6197, 0.6678, 0.7619, 0.7686, 0.7932,
→0.9058],
[0.7946, 0.7922, 0.7945, 0.7867, 0.7334, 0.7771, 0.8632, 0.8694, 0.
→8922, 0.9964],
[0.8887, 0.886, 0.8883, 0.8826, 0.8263, 0.8663, 0.9456, 0.9513, 0.
→9724, 1.069],
[0.9595, 0.9575, 0.9602, 0.9578, 0.8943, 0.9361, 1.0177, 1.023, 1.
→0426, 1.1323],
[1.0027, 1.0004, 1.0031, 1.0036, 0.9379, 0.9756, 1.0529, 1.0578, 1.
→0761, 1.1601],
[0.842, 0.8389, 0.8413, 0.8445, 0.8003, 0.8048, 0.8664, 0.9805, 0.
→9964, 1.0696],
[0.7338, 0.7298, 0.7317, 0.7356, 0.7049, 0.6887, 0.7387, 0.832, 0.
→8455, 0.9076],
[0.6602, 0.6552, 0.6567, 0.6605, 0.645, 0.611, 0.6512, 0.7246, 0.
→7357, 0.7873],
[0.6441, 0.6389, 0.6402, 0.644, 0.6295, 0.5943, 0.6328, 0.7026, 0.
→7134, 0.7632],
[0.62, 0.6142, 0.6153, 0.6186, 0.607, 0.5696, 0.6045, 0.6664, 0.
→6764, 0.7226],
[0.5946, 0.5951, 0.5959, 0.5983, 0.5896, 0.5507, 0.5829, 0.6385, 0.
→6479, 0.6915],
```

```

        [0.5499, 0.5502, 0.5508, 0.5526, 0.5454, 0.5062, 0.5363, 0.5867, 0.
↪5958, 0.638],
        [0.5347, 0.5349, 0.5352, 0.5366, 0.5311, 0.4915, 0.5199, 0.5659, 0.
↪5747, 0.6154]
    ])

```

	Mach	CNAlpha	XCPLen	MachJoff	Hjoff
0	0.2	14.57	0.842868	0.4	0.0
1	0.4	14.43	0.851050	0.6	5000.0
2	0.6	14.86	0.850584	0.8	10000.0
3	0.8	15.16	0.848138	0.9	20000.0
4	0.9	15.67	0.851823	1.0	30000.0

1.1.2 Interpolation Functions

```

[3]: CNAInterp = inp.interp1d(df.Mach, df.CNAlpha, kind='cubic')
     CPInterp = inp.interp1d(df.Mach, df.CNAlpha, kind='cubic')
     CAInterp = inp.RectBivariateSpline(df.MachJoff[:15], df.Hjoff[:10], CAjoff)

```

```

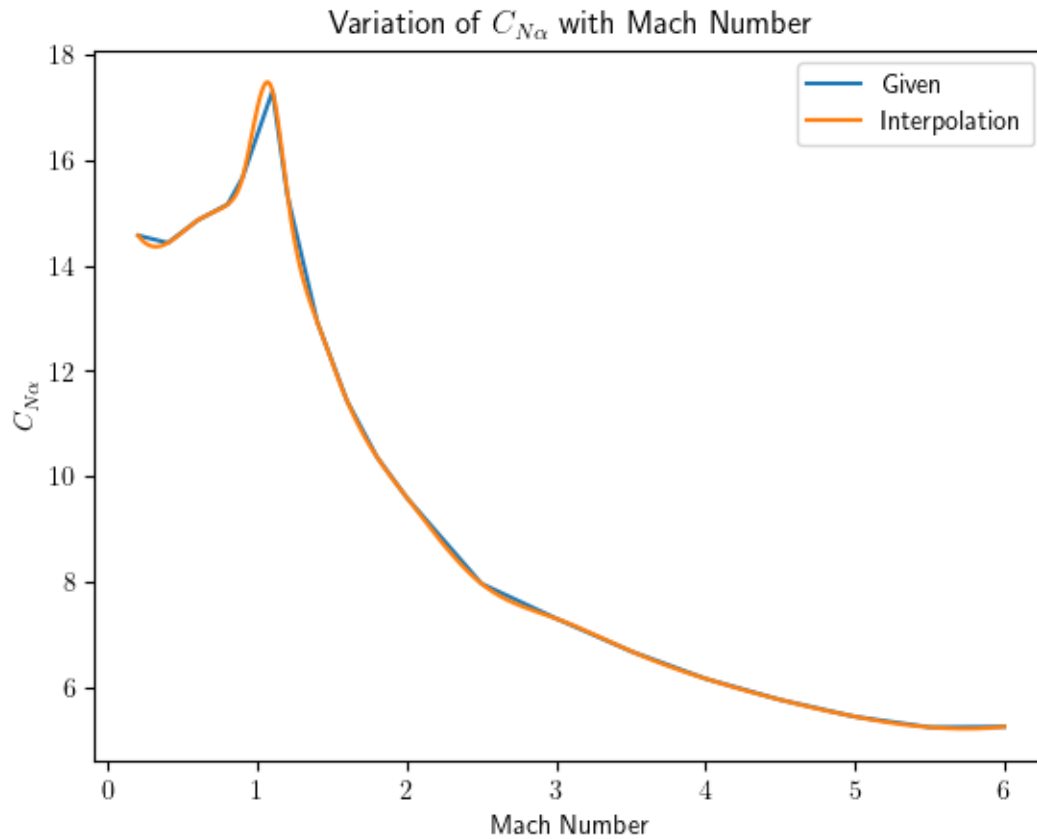
[4]: mach = np.linspace(0.2, 6, 10000)
     plt.plot(df.Mach, df.CNAlpha, label='Given')
     plt.plot(mach, CNAInterp(mach), label='Interpolation')
     ax = plt.gca()
     ax.set_xlabel('Mach Number')
     ax.set_ylabel(r'$C_{N\alpha}$')
     plt.legend()
     ax.set_title(r'Variation of $C_{N\alpha}$ with Mach Number')

```

```

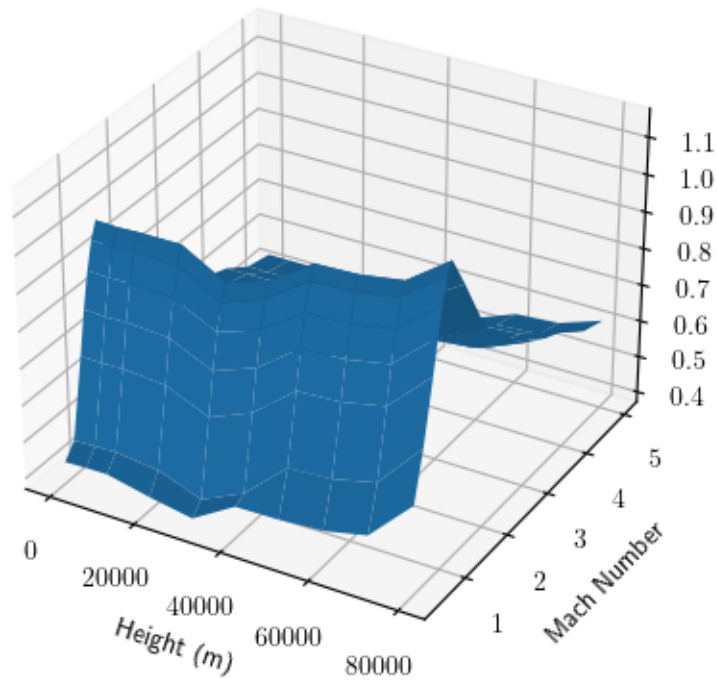
[4]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Variation of $C_{N\alpha}$ with Mach Number')

```



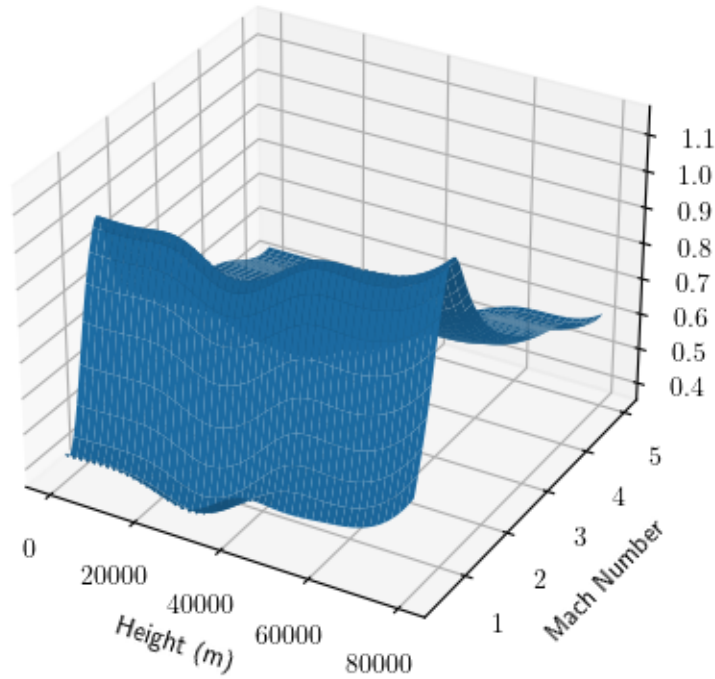
```
[5]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(subplot_kw={"projection": "3d"})
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(df.Hjoff[:10], df.MachJoff[:15])
surf = ax.plot_surface(xx,yy, CAjoff)
plt.xlabel('Height (m)')
plt.ylabel('Mach Number')
plt.title(r'$C_{A\$} = \$f(\$Mach Number, Height\$)\$')
plt.show()
```

$$C_A = f(\text{Mach Number}, \text{Height})$$



```
[6]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(subplot_kw={"projection": "3d"})
hh = np.linspace(0, 80000, 100000)
mm = np.linspace(0.4, 5, 1000)
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(hh, mm)
surf = ax.plot_surface(xx, yy, CAInterp(mm, hh))
plt.xlabel('Height (m)')
plt.ylabel('Mach Number')
plt.title('2D Interpolation of Mach Number and Height to obtain $C_A$')
plt.show()
```

2D Interpolation of Mach Number and Height to obtain C_A



1.1.3 Simulation of Shell

```
[38]: l = 1.115
m = 40
I = 4.29
S = 80.12e-4
com = 0.70769
U = 867
g = 9.8
theta0 = np.radians(45)
sol0 = np.array([0, U*np.cos(theta0), 0, U*np.sin(theta0), theta0, 0, 0.5*m*U*U])
def deriv(t,x):
    theta = x[4]
    alpha = theta - np.arctan2(x[3],x[1])
    v = np.hypot(x[1],x[3])
    prm = atm.atmParam(x[2],v) #Temp(h), Density(h) , Viscosity(h), Mach(h,v),
    logRe(h,v), Cd(h,v)
    fN = 0.5*prm[1]*v*v*S*CNAInterp(prm[3])*alpha
    fA = 0.5*prm[1]*v*v*S*CAInterp(prm[3], x[2])[0][0]
    s = np.sin(theta)
    c = np.cos(theta)
    xddot = (-fN*s - fA*c)/m
```

```

yddot = (fN*c - fA*s - m*g)/m
thetaddot = -fN * (CPInterp(prm[3])*1 - com) / I
if (alpha > np.radians(2)):
    raise ValueError("Alpha more than 2 Degrees")
return [x[1], xddot, x[3], yddot, x[5], thetaddot, fA*v]

t0, tf = 0, 100
t_eval = np.linspace(0,100, 100000)

def hit_ground(t,y):
    return y[2]
hit_ground.terminal = True
hit_ground.direction = -1

```

```

[39]: sol = sci.solve_ivp(deriv, (t0, tf), sol0, t_eval = t_eval, dense_output=True,
    ↪events=hit_ground, atol=1e-12, rtol=1e-12)

```

```

[40]: v = np.hypot(sol.y[1], sol.y[3])
E = m*g*sol.y[2] + 0.5*m*v*v + sol.y[6]
print("Error: ", np.max(E) - np.min(E))

```

Error: 0.016091778874397278

```

[41]: u = 710
theta = np.radians(45)
m = 20000
rho_s = 8000
d = np.cbrt((6*m)/(np.pi*rho_s))
s = np.pi*d*d/4
sol_sphere0 = np.array([0, u*np.cos(theta), 0, u*np.sin(theta), 0.5*m*u*u])
def derive(t,u):
    v = np.hypot(u[1],u[3])
    prm = atm.atmParam(u[2],v) #Temp(h), Density(h) , Viscosity(h), Mach(h,v),
    ↪logRe(h,v), Cd(h,v)
    fd = 0.5*prm[1]*v*s*prm[5]
    return [u[1], -fd*u[1]/m, u[3], -g - (fd*u[3]/m), fd * v *v]

```

```

[42]: sol_sphere = sci.solve_ivp(derive, (t0, tf), sol_sphere0, t_eval = t_eval,
    ↪dense_output=True, events=hit_ground)

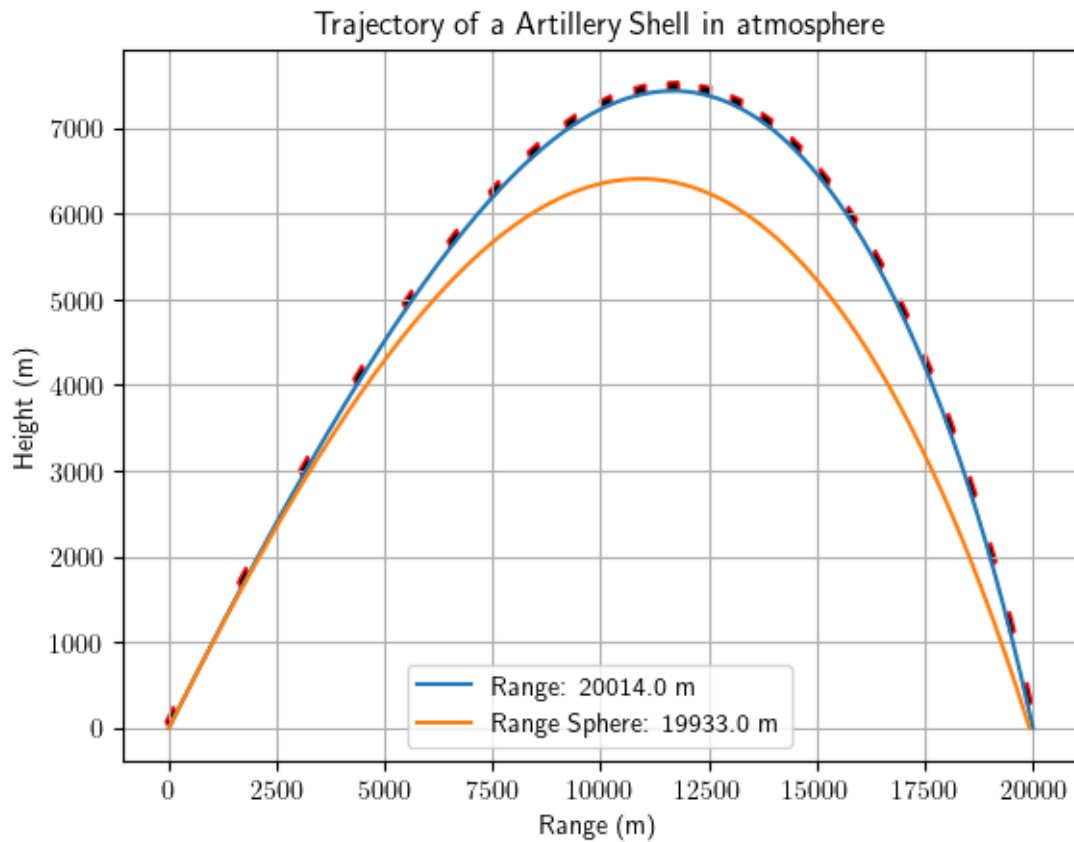
```

```

[43]: plt.plot(sol.y[0], sol.y[2], label='Range: {} m'.format(np.round(np.max(sol.
    ↪y[0])),5))
plt.plot(sol_sphere.y[0], sol_sphere.y[2], label='Range Sphere: {} m'.format(np.
    ↪round(np.max(sol_sphere.y[0])),5))
plt.xlabel('Range (m)')
plt.ylabel('Height (m)')
plt.grid()

```

```
plt.legend(loc='lower center')
plt.title('Trajectory of a Artillery Shell in atmosphere')
for x in range(0,sol.y[0].size,3000):
    plt.gca().add_patch(Rectangle((sol.y[0][x],sol.y[2][x]),250,100,
                                angle=np.degrees(sol.y[4][x]),
                                edgecolor='red',
                                facecolor='black'))
```



```
[44]: U_L = np.arange(200,1000,10)
l = 1.115
m = 40
I = 4.29
S = 80.12e-4
com = 0.70769
g = 9.8
RangeL = np.empty_like(U_L)

for i in range(U_L.size):
    U = U_L[i]
    print(U)
```

```

    sol0 = np.array([0, U*np.cos(theta0),0, U*np.sin(theta0), theta0, 0, 0.
↪5*m*U*U])
    try:
        sol = sci.solve_ivp(deriv, (t0, tf), sol0, t_eval = t_eval, ↪
↪dense_output=True, events=hit_ground)
        RangeL[i] = np.max(sol.y[0])
    except ValueError as ve:
        print(ve)
        RangeL[i] = 0

```

200

210

220

230

240

250

260

270

280

290

300

310

320

330

340

350

360

370

380

390

400

410

Alpha more than 2 Degrees

420

430

440

450

460

470

480

490

500

510

520

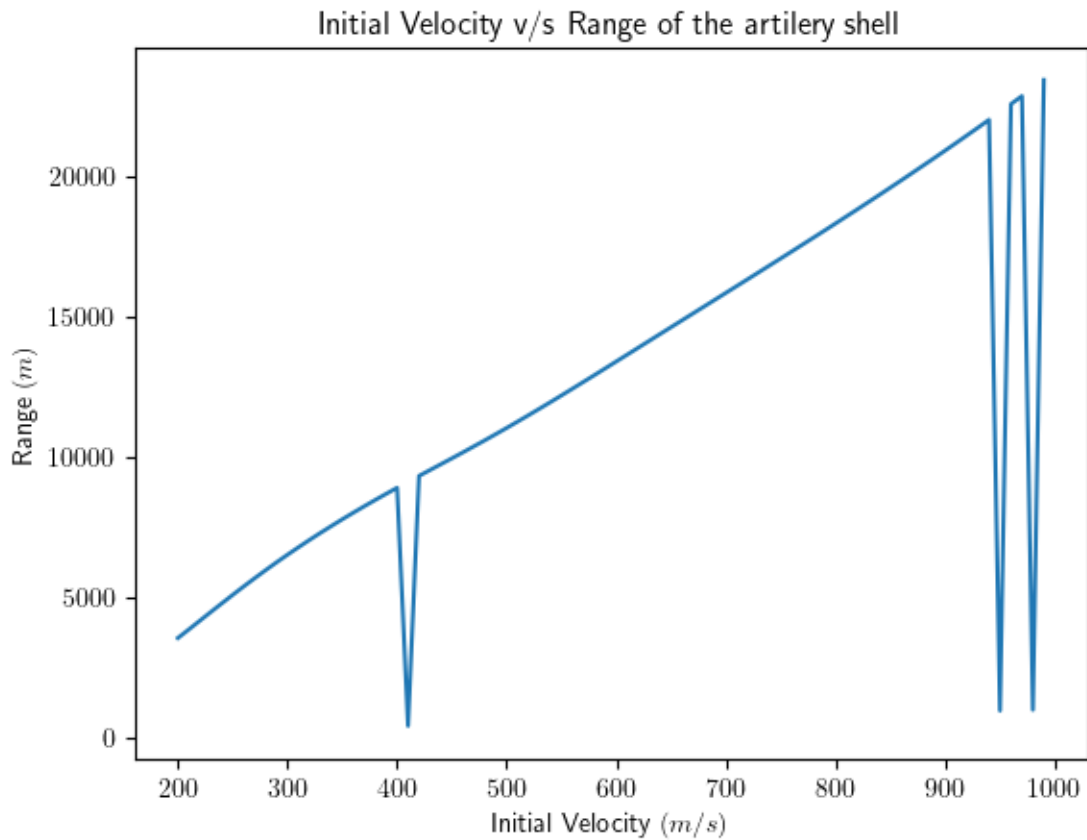
530

540

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740
750
760
770
780
790
800
810
820
830
840
850
860
870
880
890
900
910
920
930
940
950
Alpha more than 2 Degrees
960
970
980
Alpha more than 2 Degrees
990

```
[25]: plt.plot(U_L, RangeL)
plt.xlabel('Initial Velocity $(m/s)$')
plt.ylabel('Range $(m)$')
plt.title('Initial Velocity v/s Range of the artillery shell')
```

```
[25]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Initial Velocity v/s Range of the artillery shell')
```



The range of the artillery shell increases almost linearly with the initial velocity of the shell.

1.2 Simulation of rocket

```
[26]: dfR = pd.read_excel('data-rocket.xlsx')
print(dfR.head())
CAjon=np.array([[0.3835,      0.3857,      0.3866,      0.361,      0.
↪3401,      0.4108,      0.4123,      0.4162,      0.428,      0.
↪4786],
[0.4158,      0.4184,      0.4204,      0.4074,      0.3646,      0.
↪4191,      0.5255,      0.5307,      0.549,      0.6322],
[0.6169,      0.6147,      0.617,      0.6073,      0.557,      0.
↪6051,      0.6991,      0.7039,      0.7214,      0.801],
```

```
[0.7267,      0.7244,      0.7267,      0.7189,      0.6655,      0.
↪7093,      0.7954,      0.7999,      0.8163,      0.8914],
[0.8158,      0.8131,      0.8154,      0.8096,      0.7534,      0.
↪7933,      0.8726,      0.8768,      0.8922,      0.9629],
[0.8902,      0.8882,      0.8909,      0.8885,      0.825,      0.
↪8668,      0.9484,      0.9524,      0.9668,      1.0329],
[0.9371,      0.9348,      0.9375,      0.938,      0.8722,      0.
↪91,      0.9872,      0.9909,      1.0045,      1.067],
[0.7873,      0.7842,      0.7866,      0.7898,      0.7456,      0.
↪7501,      0.8117,      0.9258,      0.9379,      0.9939],
[0.6864,      0.6824,      0.6843,      0.6882,      0.6575,      0.
↪6412,      0.6913,      0.7846,      0.7953,      0.8446],
[0.6208,      0.6158,      0.6173,      0.6212,      0.6056,      0.
↪5716,      0.6118,      0.6852,      0.6944,      0.7369],
[0.6077,      0.6024,      0.6038,      0.6075,      0.593,      0.
↪5578,      0.5964,      0.6661,      0.6751,      0.7164],
[0.5872,      0.5814,      0.5825,      0.5858,      0.5742,      0.
↪5367,      0.5716,      0.6336,      0.642,      0.681],
[0.5654,      0.5659,      0.5667,      0.5691,      0.5605,      0.
↪5216,      0.5537,      0.6093,      0.6174,      0.6547],
[0.5316,      0.532,      0.5325,      0.5344,      0.5272,      0.
↪488,      0.5181,      0.5685,      0.5763,      0.6128],
[0.5193,      0.5194,      0.5198,      0.5211,      0.5156,      0.
↪4761,      0.5045,      0.5504,      0.5581,      0.5936]])
```

	Mach	C_N_Alpha	x_CP	Majoff	hAjoff	Majon	hAon	tm \
0	0.2	14.57	0.842868	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.000
1	0.4	14.43	0.851050	0.6	5000.0	0.6	5000.0	0.040
2	0.6	14.86	0.850584	0.8	10000.0	0.8	10000.0	0.041
3	0.8	15.16	0.848138	0.9	20000.0	0.9	20000.0	0.042
4	0.9	15.67	0.851823	1.0	30000.0	1.0	30000.0	0.043

	thrustKN	massExpelled
0	0.000	0.000
1	5.921	0.000
2	6.335	0.002
3	7.164	0.006
4	7.933	0.011

1.2.1 Interpolation Functions

```
[27]: CNAAlphaInterpR = inp.interp1d(dfR.Mach[:19], dfR.C_N_Alpha[:19], kind='cubic')
CPInterpR = inp.interp1d(dfR.Mach[:19], dfR.x_CP[:19], kind='cubic')
CA_joffInterpR = inp.RectBivariateSpline(dfR.Majoff[:15], dfR.hAjoff[:10], ↪
↪CAjoff)
CA_jonInterpR = inp.RectBivariateSpline(dfR.Majon[:15], dfR.hAon[:10], CAjon)
ThrustKNInterp = inp.interp1d(dfR.tm, dfR.thrustKN, kind='cubic')
```

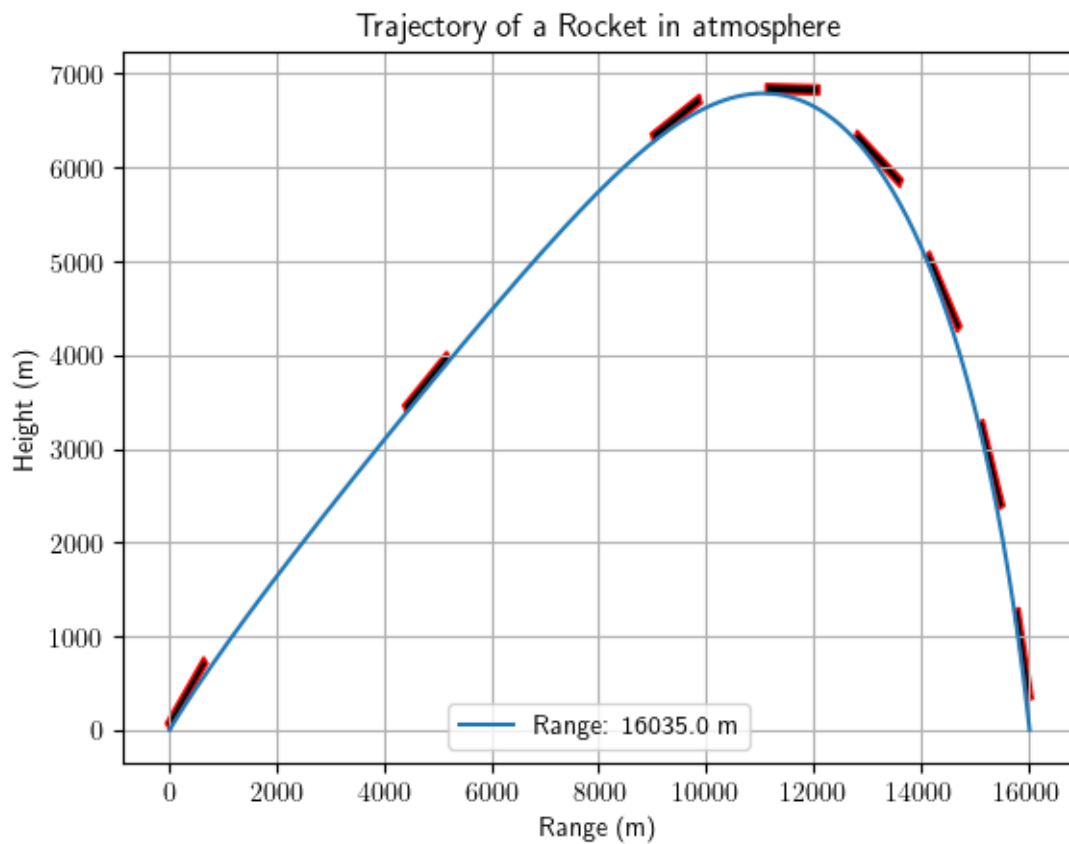
```
massExpl_Interp = inp.interp1d(dfR.tm, dfR.massExpelled, kind='cubic')
```

```
[134]: l = 2.277
m0 = 88
R = 287
S = np.pi*0.207*0.207/4 #
AE = np.pi*0.125*0.125/4
com = 0.70769
U = 100
g = 9.8
mp0 = 48.771
mS = 39.229
t_eval = np.linspace(0,1000, 100000)
tthrust = 11.778
theta0 = np.radians(45)
sol0 = np.array([0, U*np.cos(theta0),0, U*np.sin(theta0), theta0, 0, 0.5*m0*U*U])
def deriv(t,x):
    theta = x[4]
    alpha = theta - np.arctan2(x[3],x[1])
    v = np.hypot(x[1],x[3])
    prn = atm.atmParam(x[2],v) #Temp(h), Density(h) , Viscosity(h), Mach(h,v),
    logRe(h,v), Cd(h,v)
    fN = 0.5*prn[1]*v*v*S*CNAAlphaInterpR(prn[3])*alpha
    if t <= tthrust:
        fA = 0.5*prn[1]*v*v*S*CA_jonInterpR(prn[3], x[2])[0][0]
        T = ThrustKNInterp(t)*1000 - prn[0]*prn[1]*R*AE
        mp_expl = massExpl_Interp(t)
        X = (43.681 + 1.4735*mp_expl)/(39.229 + mp_expl)
        I = 16.318 + 39.229*(1.1135-X)**2 + (0.0979 + (1.4735 - X)**2)*mp_expl
    else:
        fA = 0.5*prn[1]*v*v*S*CA_joffInterpR(prn[3], x[2])[0][0]
        T = 0
        mp_expl = 48.771
        X = 1.1135
        I = 16.318
    m = mp0 - mp_expl + mS
    s = np.sin(theta)
    c = np.cos(theta)
    xddot = (T*c - fN*s - fA*c)/m
    yddot = (fN*c + T*s - fA*s - m*g)/m
    thetaddot = -fN * (CPIinterpR(prn[3])*1 - X) / I
    if (alpha > np.radians(2)):
        raise ValueError("Alpha more than 2 Degrees")
    return [x[1], xddot, x[3], yddot, x[5], thetaddot, fA*v]
t0, tf = 0, 1000
def hit_ground(t,y):
    return y[2]
```

```
hit_ground.terminal = True
hit_ground.direction = -1
```

```
[135]: sol = sci.solve_ivp(deriv, (t0, tf), sol0, t_eval = t_eval, dense_output=True,
    ↪events=hit_ground)
```

```
[136]: plt.plot(sol.y[0], sol.y[2], label='Range: {} m'.format(np.round(np.max(sol.
    ↪y[0])),5))
plt.xlabel('Range (m)')
plt.ylabel('Height (m)')
plt.grid()
plt.legend(loc='lower center')
plt.title('Trajectory of a Rocket in atmosphere')
for x in range(0,sol.y[0].size,1000):
    plt.gca().add_patch(Rectangle((sol.y[0][x],sol.y[2][x]),1000,100,
        angle=np.degrees(sol.y[4][x]),
        edgecolor='red',
        facecolor='black'))
```



```

[137]: angle = np.arange(0,91,1)
Range_L = np.empty_like(angle)
Height_L = np.empty_like(angle)
for i in range(angle.size):
    print(angle[i])
    theta0 = np.radians(angle[i])
    sol0 = np.array([0, U*np.cos(theta0),0, U*np.sin(theta0), theta0, 0, 0.
↪5*m0*U*U])
    try:
        sol = sci.solve_ivp(deriv, (t0, tf), sol0, t_eval = t_eval,
↪dense_output=True, events=hit_ground)
        Range_L[i] = np.max(sol.y[0])
        Height_L[i] = np.max(sol.y[2])
    except ValueError as ve:
        print(ve)
        Range_L[i] = 0
        Height_L[i] = 0

```

```

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```

78
79
80
81
82
Alpha more than 2 Degrees
83
A value (0.1992947543409542) in x_new is below the interpolation range's minimum
value (0.2).
84
A value (0.19852833995424451) in x_new is below the interpolation range's
minimum value (0.2).
85
A value (0.19983626107992858) in x_new is below the interpolation range's
minimum value (0.2).
86
A value (0.19218277921761642) in x_new is below the interpolation range's
minimum value (0.2).
87
A value (0.19726823119067527) in x_new is below the interpolation range's
minimum value (0.2).
88
A value (0.19177844846277248) in x_new is below the interpolation range's
minimum value (0.2).
89
A value (0.1879083369270822) in x_new is below the interpolation range's minimum
value (0.2).
90
Alpha more than 2 Degrees

```

```

[138]: print("Angle with Maximum Range: ", angle[np.where(Range_L==np.max(Range_L))][0])
       print("Angle with Maximum Height: ", angle[np.where(Height_L==np.
       ↪max(Height_L))][0])

```

```

Angle with Maximum Range:  51
Angle with Maximum Height: 81

```

```

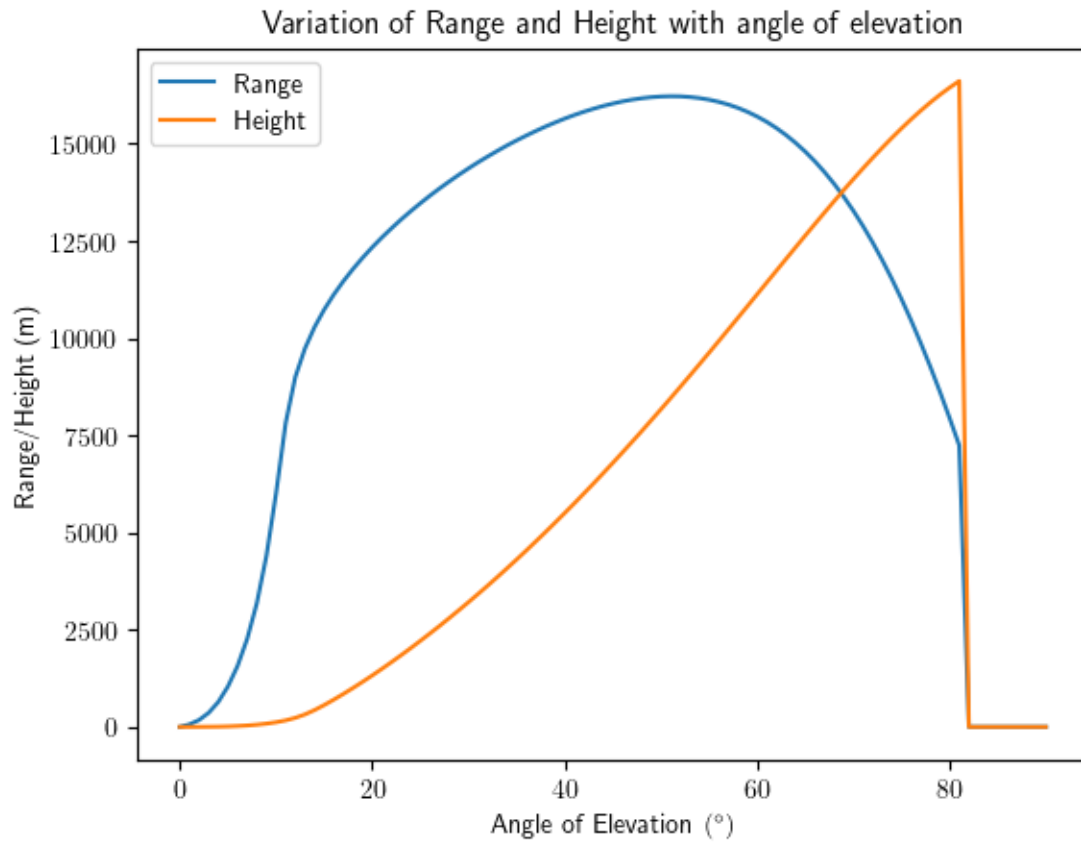
[139]: plt.plot(angle, Range_L, label='Range')
       plt.plot(angle, Height_L, label='Height')
       plt.title("Variation of Range and Height with angle of elevation")
       plt.xlabel("Angle of Elevation $(^\circ)$")
       plt.ylabel("Range/Height (m)")
       plt.legend()

```

```

[139]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x2c2397d8210>

```

Therefore, we get the maximum range at 49 Degrees and maximum height at 83 Degrees for the initial velocity of 100 m/s.