

Case Study Report

Neural Network Library & Application

1. Introduction

This project aims to design and implement a **generic, reusable neural network library** from scratch using Java. The library supports configurable architectures, multiple activation functions, different weight initialization strategies, and various loss functions.

After building the library, it is applied to a **real-world classification problem** to demonstrate its correctness, flexibility, and usability.

2. Problem Description & Rationale

2.1 Problem Description

The selected case study is **Presentation Quality Evaluation**.

The goal is to automatically assess whether a presentation is **Good** or **Bad** based on measurable features extracted from video and audio analysis.

This problem is modeled as a **binary classification task**, where the neural network outputs a probability indicating the quality of the presentation.

2.2 Rationale for Using Neural Networks

Presentation quality depends on multiple interacting factors such as speech behavior and audience engagement. Neural networks are well-suited for this task because:

- They can model **non-linear relationships**
 - They combine multiple features effectively
 - They output **probabilistic predictions**, useful for decision-making
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3. Dataset Description & Preprocessing

3.1 Features

Each presentation sample is represented using four normalized numerical features:

Feature	Description
Speech Speed	Fluency and speaking rate
Number of Pauses	Frequency of hesitations
Eye Contact Ratio	Engagement with the audience
Voice Stability	Consistency of vocal tone

All feature values are normalized between **0** and **1**.

3.2 Labels

- 1 → Good presentation
- 0 → Bad presentation

3.3 Preprocessing

- Features were manually normalized
- Labels were encoded as binary values
- Data was split into training and testing samples

4. Neural Network Architecture

4.1 Architecture Design

The following feedforward neural network was used:

Input Layer (4 neurons)
→ Hidden Layer (8 neurons, ReLU)
→ Output Layer (1 neuron, Sigmoid)

4.2 Design Justification

- **ReLU** activation improves gradient flow in hidden layers
- **Sigmoid** activation outputs a probability between 0 and 1
- **Xavier Initialization** stabilizes training
- **Binary Cross Entropy** is suitable for binary classification

5. Training Configuration

Hyperparameter	Value
Learning Rate	0.05
Epochs	1000
Batch Size	2
Loss Function	Binary Cross Entropy
Weight Initialization	Xavier (Uniform)

Training loss was tracked across epochs to monitor convergence.

6. Implementation Using the Library

The neural network was built and trained using the custom library without modifying any internal library code.

Example usage:

```
NeuralNetwork nn = new NeuralNetwork();
nn.addLayer(new DenseLayer(...));
nn.setLossFunction(new BinaryCross_EntropyLossFunction());
nn.train(xTrain, yTrain, epochs, batchSize, learningRate);
```

This demonstrates the **reusability and flexibility** of the library.

7. Results & Evaluation

7.1 Training Loss

The loss consistently decreased across epochs, indicating successful learning.

7.2 Prediction Example

Input Sample	Predicted Probability
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Input Sample	Predicted Probability
High-quality presentation	0.89
Poor-quality presentation	0.14
Average presentation	0.52

The model correctly assigns higher probabilities to better presentations.

8. Discussion

The results show that the neural network successfully learned meaningful patterns from the input features.

Features such as **eye contact** and **voice stability** strongly influenced the output probability, while frequent pauses negatively affected predictions.

9. Conclusion

This project successfully delivered:

- A fully functional **generic neural network library**
- Support for configurable layers, activations, and loss functions
- A real-world application demonstrating the library's effectiveness

The case study confirms that the library can be reused for different machine learning tasks with minimal changes.