# **National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences**



## **Laboratory Manual**

for

### **Data Structures Lab**

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#### **Objectives:**

In this lab, students will practice:

- 1. Insert operation on AVL Trees
- 2. Delete operation on AVL Trees

#### Question 1: Provide the implementation of following functions in your BST class.

- 1. Add a member function **printCommonAncestors** which is passed two keys (k1 and k2) as parmeters. The function then prints the keys of all ancestor nodes that are common between node n1 (containing key k1) and node n2 (containing key k2).
  - void printCommonAncestors(K k1, K k2) const;
- 2. Add a member function **getTreeWidth** which returns the count of number of nodes of that level that has the maximum number of nodes. **int getTreeWidth() const**;
- **3.** Add a member function **kthMaxKey** which is passed a positive integer (let's call it K) as a parameter. The function then finds the kth maximum key from the binary search tree. If the number of nodes is less than k, then throw an exception. **K kthMaxKey(int const key) const**;
- **4.** Add a member function is **isCompleteBST** which returns true if the binary search tree is a complete binary search tree. A complete binary search tree is a binary search tree in which all levels, except possibly the last level, are completely filled (they form a perfect binary tree); and the nodes in the last level are as far left as possible. **bool isCompleteBST() const**;