National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences



SOLVED 20L-0921

Lab Manual 03 Computer Organization and Assembly Language Lab

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Section	BCS 3E
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Chapter 4 - Bit Manipulations Lab Manual 03 **Activity 1:** Write a program to swap every pair of bits in the AX register i.e. swap bit no 0 with bit no 1, bit no 2 with bit no 3 and so on.

Sample Run:

AX before Swap	10 11 00 10 01 01 11 01				
AX after Swap	1 11 00 01 10 10				
	11 10				

SOLUTION:

```
Activity 1 20L-0921 - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

[org 0x100]

mov ax,1011001001011101b

mov bx,101010101010101010

mov dx,010101010101010101b

and bx,ax

and dx,ax

shr bx,1

shl dx,1

or bx,dx

mov ax,bx

mov ax,0x4c00

int 0x21
```

DOS BOX	DO	DSBox	0.74, 0	Cpu speed:	30	000 cycles	, Fran	neskip 0	, Program:
ΑX						19F5	ΙP	0103	Stack
BX CX				0000		19F5 19F5	2H	19F5	
DX						19F5			
CI	D	>							
016	90	B851	DB2		MOL	J AX	, B2!	5D	
010	93	BBAA	AAA		MOL	J BX	(,AAf	AA	
010	96	BA55	555		MOU	J DX	, 555	55	

After run:

DOS BOX	DO	OSBox	0.74,	Cpu spee	d: 30	000 cycl	es, Fran	neskip 0	, Program:
ΑX	71	LAE .	SI	0000	CS	19F5	ΙP	0115	Stack
BΧ	71	LAE	DΙ	0000	DS	19F5			
CX	00	000	BP	0000	ES	19F5	HS	19F5	
DΧ	20)AA	SP	FFFE	SS	19F5	FS	19F5	
CM	Ð	>							
011	3	89D8	3		MOL	J	AX,BX		
011	5	B800	94C		MOL) (1X,4C	90	
011	8	CD21	L		INT	1 2	21		

Activity 2: [Bit Manipulation] Calculate the number of one bits in BX and complement an equal number of least significant bits in AX. HINT: Use the XOR instruction.

Sample Run:

Initial value of BX	Total No of 1 Bits in BX	Initial value of AX	AX after Complementing 7 least significant bits
1011 0001 1000 1001	7	1010 1011 1 010 0101	1010 1 1 101 1010

SOLUTION:

```
*Activity 2 20L-0921 - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
[org 0x0100]
mov bx,1011000110001001b
mov cx,0
mov dx,0
start:
shr bx,1
jnc noc
add cx,1
noc:
add dx,1
cmp dx,16
jnz start
mov ax,10101011110100101b
mov bx,0
start2:
xor ax,1
ror ax,1
add bx,1
cmp bx,cx
jnz start2
mov dx,0
start3:
rol ax,1
add dx,1
cmp dx,cx
jnz start3
mov ax,0x4c00
int 0x21
```



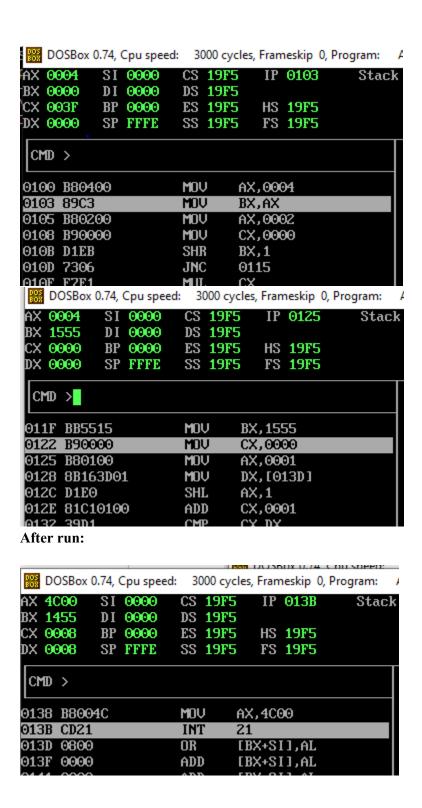
After run:

B DOSBox	0.74, Cpu speed	d: 3000 cyc	les, Frameskip 0, F	rogram: AFD
AX ABDA	SI 0000	CS 19F5	IP 013B	Stack +6
BX 0007	DI 0000	DS 19F5		+2
CX 0007	BP 0000	ES 19F5	HS 19F5	+4
DX 0007	SP FFFE	SS 19F5	FS 19F5	+6
CMD >				1 DS
0139 75F6)	JNZ	9131	DS
013B B800	94C	MOV I	AX,4C00	DS
013E CD21	l	INT	21	DS
0140 0000	9	ADD	[BX+SI],AL	DS
0142 0000	9	ADD	[BX+SI],AL	DS
0144 0000	9	ADD	[BX+SI],AL	DS

Activity 3: AX contains a number between 0-15. Write code to complement the corresponding bit in BX. For example if AX contains 6; complement the 6th bit of BX.

SOLUTION:

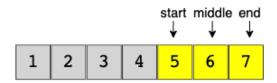
```
*Activity 3 20L-0921 - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
[org 0x0100]
mov ax,00000000000000100b
mov bx,ax
mov ax,00000000000000010b
mov cx,0
start:
shr bx,1
jnc con
mul cx
add [result],ax
con:
add cx,1b
cmp cx,0000000000010000b
jnz start
mov bx,0001010101010101b
mov cx,0
mov ax, 1b
mov dx, [result]
start2:
shl ax,1
add cx,1
cmp cx,dx
jnz start2
xor bx,ax
mov ax,0x4c00
int 21h
result : dw 0
```



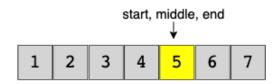
Activity 4: Write a program to search a particular element from an array using binary search. If the element is found set AX to one and otherwise to zero. Binary Search searches a number from a sorted array. Shifting a number to right divides it by 2. Do not use division instruction use shifting for division.



As key > arr[middle], therefore start = middle + 1



As key < arr[middle], therefore end = middle - 1



As key == arr[middle], return middle as the required index

Figure 1: Binary Search Procedure

SOLUTION:

```
File Edit Format View Help
[org 0x0100]
jmp start
array: dw 1h, 2h, 3h, 4h, 5h, 6h, 7h
mov ax,5h ; key (ax used as a key in the program but in the end as result)
mov bx, 0 ; mid
mov cx,12 ;last (6*2=12 multiply by 2 because word used)
mov dx,0 ;first
mov bx,cx
add bx, dx
shr bx,1; equivalent to mid=(last+first)/2
start2:
cmp[array+bx],ax
jl less
cmp [array+bx],ax
jne great
mov ax,1; ax=1 indicates key found
jmp end
great:
mov cx,bx
sub cx,2; subtract two instead of one becuase word used
jmp check
less:
mov dx,bx
add dx,2; add two instead of one becuase word used
check:
mov bx,cx
add bx, dx
shr bx,1; shr 1 equivalent to dividing by two
cmp dx,cx
jbe start2
cmp dx,cx ; last check to verify if key found
jbe end
mov ax,0; ax = 0 if key not found
end:
mov ax, 0x4c00
int 21h
```

