# **National University of Computer and Emerging Sciences**



## Lab Manual 01 Computer Organization and Assembly Language Lab

Course Instructor	Miss Aleena
Lab Instructor	Maham Saleem
Section	3F1
Semester	Fall 2021

Department of Computer Science FAST-NU, Lahore, Pakistan

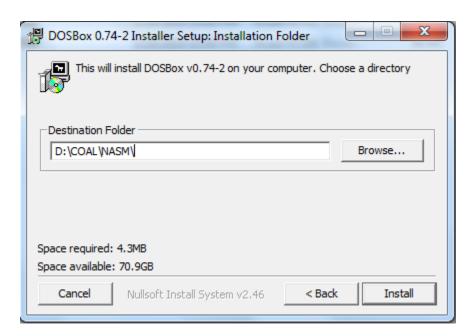
## **Activity 1: Setup**

Download and install NASM, AFD and DOSBOX, according to the instructions, in your NASM folder.

AFD: <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1eXnD3JEwBelFiJT6iIk7gluudV2Fu\_iX/view?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1eXnD3JEwBelFiJT6iIk7gluudV2Fu\_iX/view?usp=sharing</a>
NASM: <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZoeE2MxjNaK7DdJKCacYfAJyn006MI\_F/view?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZoeE2MxjNaK7DdJKCacYfAJyn006MI\_F/view?usp=sharing</a>
Dosbox: <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DnaDIk4RoGBFDP1y4Dr3q89xwM3gx1d1/view?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1DnaDIk4RoGBFDP1y4Dr3q89xwM3gx1d1/view?usp=sharing</a>

#### Tutorial part

1: <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1N3IWL8hsN0ZbhF3tlNwCWWwjJ\_eHQqk6/view?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1N3IWL8hsN0ZbhF3tlNwCWWwjJ\_eHQqk6/view?usp=sharing</a> Tutorial part 2: <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/10p8qyaOVOwF5lDighrMKE-uNYQX-c3bL/view?usp=sharing">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1N3IWL8hsN0ZbhF3tlNwCWWwjJ\_eHQqk6/view?usp=sharing</a> c3bL/view?usp=sharing



After installations double click "DOSBox 0.74-2 Options.bat" file and at the end of the file paste following lines:

MOUNT C D://COAL//NASM C:

(We are mounting C drive to our folder where we have saved AFD and we will save our .asm file in this directory)

## **Activity 2: Running your First Program**

Follow these step in order to run your first program:

1- Copy/paste following code in notepad

; this is a comment. Comment starts with semicolon

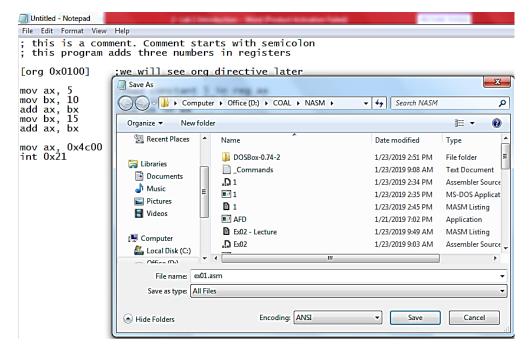
```
; this program adds three numbers in registers

[org 0x0100] ;we will see org directive later

mov ax, 5 ; AX = 5
mov bx, 10 ; BX = 10
add ax, bx ; AX = AX + BX
mov bx, 15 ; BX = 15
add ax, bx ; AX = AX + BX

mov ax, 0x4c00 ;terminate the program
int 0x21
```

2- Save this file as "ex01.asm" in your NASM folder e.g. "D:\COAL\NASM":



3- Go to NASM installation directory (e.g. "D:\COAL\NASM"). Double click **nasmpath.bat** (batch file) and type following command there. (Your .asm file and nasm should be in one folder)

## nasm ex01.asm -o ex01.com -l ex01.lst

- 4- Above command will assemble your code and create ex01.com and ex01.lst files. Open ex01.lst file in notepad.
  - a. What is opcode of instruction "mov ax, someConstant" B80
  - b. Verify the above opcode everywhere the instruction has been used.
    - 9 0000000D B8004C mov ax, 0x4c00 ;terminate the program
  - c. What does "B80500" mean?

B8 means mov to register ax and 0500 is the value stored which was 5 in this case

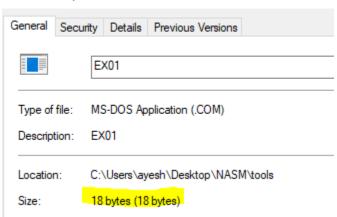
d. Verify the opcode of instruction "mov bx, someConstant" throughout the machine code.

```
4 00000000 B80500 mov ax, 5; AX = 5
5 00000003 BB0A00 mov bx, 10; BX = 10
6 0000006 01D8 add ax, bx; AX = AX + BX
7 00000008 BB0F00 mov bx, 15; BX = 15
8 0000000B 01D8 add ax, bx; AX = AX + BX
9 0000000D B8004C mov ax, 0x4c00; terminate the program
10 00000010 CD21 int 0x21
```

e. What is the offset of first instruction?

```
4 00000000 B80500 mov ax, 5; AX = 5
```

- f. Why are offsets of second and third instructions 3 and 6? Because the previous instructions before 3 and 6 had sizes 3 bytes each So it was added in the offsets of these instructions.
- g. What should be the size of ex01.com file?18 bytes.
- h. Right click ex01.com and verify its size.
  - EX01 Properties



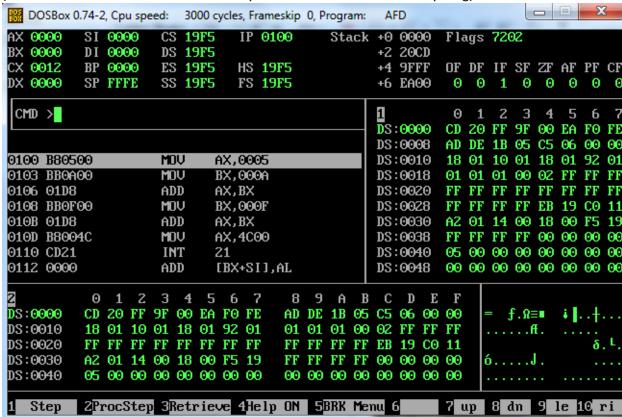
5- Open DOSBox (by double clicking dosbox.exe), following window will appear:



6- Write following command and press enter.

## Afd ex01.com

(Your AFD.exe should be in same directory where we have installed everything)

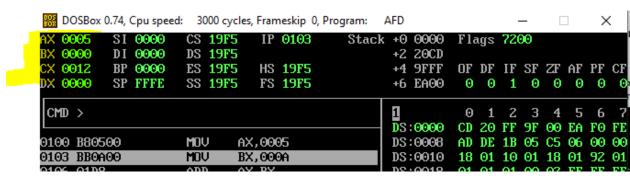


- 7- Above command will open the debugger and load your ex01.com file in it.
  - a. What is the value of IP register? And what will be its effect?

Value of IP is 0100 and its effect will be that the first instruction that will be executed will be the one at address 0100.



Press F1 and watch the values of data registers

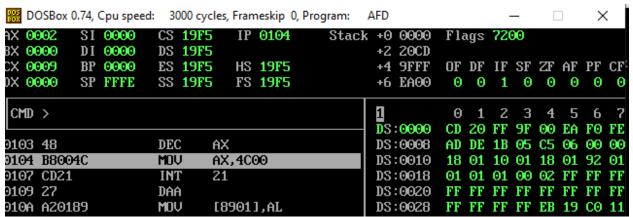


Activity 3: Explore different functions available in debugger (after completing activity 4).

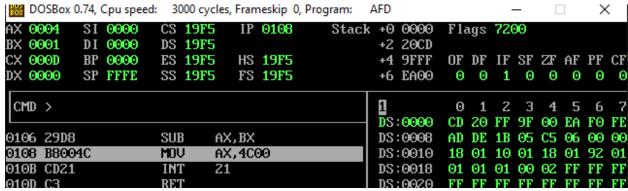
## 1) INC function

		-			_									
AX 0004	SI 0000	CS 19F	I P	0104	Stack	+0	0000	Flá	ags	720	90			
BX 0000	DI 0000	DS 19F	5			+2	20CD							
CX 0009	BP 0000	ES 19F	5 HS	19F5		+4	9FFF	$\mathbf{OF}$	DF	$\mathbf{IF}$	SF	ZF	ΑF	PF C
DX 0000	SP FFFE	SS 19F	FS FS	19F5		+6	EA00	0	0	1	0	0	0	Θ
CMD >						1		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
						DS:	0000	CD	20	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	9F	00	ΕA	FO F
0103 40		INC	ΑX			DS:	0008	AD	DE	<b>1</b> B	05	<b>C5</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>60 6</b>
0104 B800	94C	MOV	AX,40	00		DS:	0010	18	01	10	01	18	01	92 G

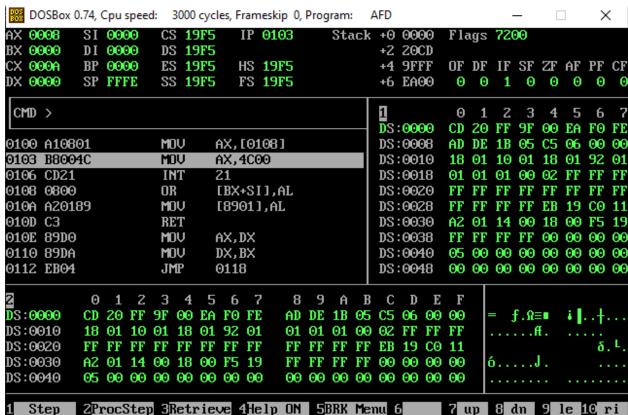
## 2) DEC function



#### 3) SUB function



#### 4) Data Declaration

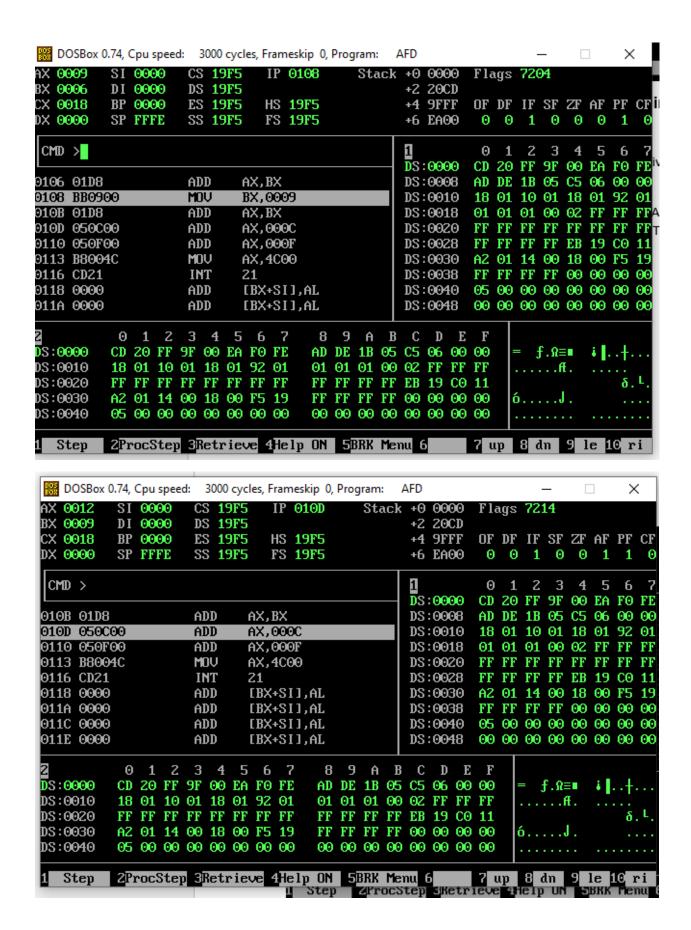


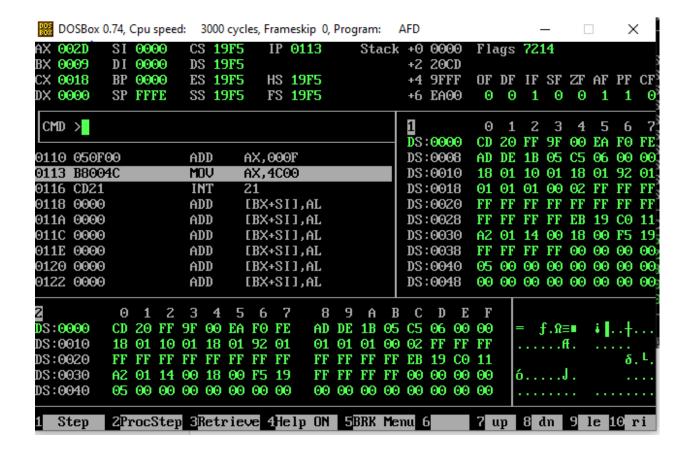
# 5) CMP Function Before



**Activity 4:** Modify this program to generate the sum of first five entries of table of 3, using registers, and watch its execution in the debugger.

**Help:** [Approach 1] Can you do this using two registers only? [Approach 2] Can you do this using one register only if we have **add ax, 3** available in our instruction set? Try both of these approaches and watch the first five entries of table of 3 in AX.





Approach 2

