# Linux-Commands

1Login to super user : Su-

2Login to normal user from super user: 1.exit

2.su -l <username>

3.Create new directory : Mkdir <directory\_name>

4. Create new file : 1.Touch <filename>

2.Vim <filename>

5Append content to exiting file : CAT>C1 |ECHO”this is”

6Create directory inside directory: Mkdir -p dir1/dir2

7How to get present working directory address: Pwd

8Get list of dir or filesLs

9Get details of dir or filesLs -l

Ll

10Copy files from one dir to otherCp <source\_add> <destion\_add>

11Move file from one directory to otherMv <source\_add><dest\_add>

12Get help or manual page of particular commandCommand –help

Man command

13Get into particular directoryCd <dir\_name>

14Get out of dirCd ..

15To know if it is file or directoryFile pop

16Copy dir to super directoryCp -r test2 super/

17Create file c1 with contentNano c1

18How to download smthng using commandW get <file\_name>

19Search perticluar file grip

20Check systems runtimeSystem uptime

21Install packageYum install

22Check permissions to the file or dirchmod

23To remove file or directoryRm

24To search file in systemFind

Locate

25To manage networknmcli

26Move data to text fileEcho

27Used to display content of fileCat

28superuser dosudo

29To check disk space availableDf

30To know disk usageDu

31To check your namehostname

32To check connection to serverPing

33To reboot computerSudo halt

Sudo reboot

34Clear the screenClear

Cntrl+l

35Fill up the terminalTAB

36TO DISPlay data or timeDate

37Current months cal with todays dateCal

38Compressed fileZcat

39To connect ecternal device file system to system filemount

40Get ip addressIfconfig

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