



Deep Learning Module – Question Bank - Batch 1

1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) – 15 Questions

1. What is the basic unit of an Artificial Neural Network?
 - a) Neuron
 - b) Pixel
 - c) Layer
 - d) Weight
2. Which activation function is commonly used in hidden layers of a neural network?
 - a) Linear
 - b) ReLU
 - c) Sigmoid
 - d) Softmax
3. What is the role of bias in a neural network?
 - a) It improves the learning rate
 - b) It shifts the activation function
 - c) It increases the number of layers
 - d) It prevents overfitting
4. What does gradient descent do in neural networks?
 - a) Reduces the loss function
 - b) Increases model complexity
 - c) Normalizes the dataset
 - d) Prevents overfitting
5. Which parameter controls how much we adjust weights in gradient descent?
 - a) Loss function
 - b) Learning rate
 - c) Epochs
 - d) Number of neurons
6. What happens if the learning rate is too low?
 - a) The model may take too long to converge
 - b) The model will diverge
 - c) The model will overfit
 - d) The model will have high variance
7. What is the main advantage of CNNs over regular neural networks for image data?
 - a) They require less training data
 - b) They capture spatial hierarchies of features
 - c) They use less computation
 - d) They do not require activation functions

8. What is the function of the pooling layer in a CNN?
 - a) To increase feature maps
 - b) To reduce spatial size**
 - c) To perform classification
 - d) To add more layers
9. What type of convolution is commonly used in object detection models?
 - a) 1x1 Convolution
 - b) Dilated Convolution
 - c) Strided Convolution
 - d) Depthwise Separable Convolution**
10. What is Transfer Learning?
 - a) Training a model from scratch
 - b) Using a pre-trained model for a new task**
 - c) Transferring data between neural networks
 - d) Using neural networks without training
11. Which of the following is a popular deep learning model used for Transfer Learning?
 - a) SVM
 - b) VGG16**
 - c) K-Nearest Neighbors
 - d) XGBoost
12. What is a key requirement for training a face mask detection model?
 - a) A dataset with labeled masked and unmasked faces**
 - b) A dataset with only unmasked faces
 - c) A dataset of landscape images
 - d) A dataset of animal faces
13. Which type of neural network is best suited for face mask detection?
 - a) Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)
 - b) Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)**
 - c) Multi-layer Perceptron (MLP)
 - d) Radial Basis Function Network
14. Which of the following techniques can help improve the accuracy of a face mask detection model?
 - a) Data Augmentation**
 - b) Increasing the number of pooling layers
 - c) Reducing the dataset size
 - d) Using Sigmoid activation for all layers
15. While evaluating a face mask detection model, which metric is most useful for handling imbalanced datasets?
 - a) Accuracy
 - b) Precision
 - c) F1 Score**
 - d) Mean Squared Error