1. SLL search and delete end:

2. SLL ordered insertion and alternate ele:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct node
{
       int data;
       struct node *next;
}node;
int find_key(int key,node **head)
{
       node *ptr;
       ptr=*head;
       if(ptr==NULL)
              return 0;
       else
              while(ptr!=NULL)
                     if(ptr->data==key)
                            return 1;
                     ptr=ptr->next;
              }
              return 0;
       }
}
void del_end(node **head)
       node *temp,*prev;
       int x;
       if((*head)==NULL)
              printf("List empty\n");
              return;
       else if((*head)->next==NULL)
       {
              temp=*head;
              *head=NULL;
              free(temp);
       }
```

```
else
      {
             temp=*head;
             while(temp->next!=NULL)
             {
                    prev=temp;
                    temp=temp->next;
             prev->next=NULL;
             free(temp);
      }
}
void in_front(int x,node **head)
{
       node *temp;
       temp=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
       temp->data=x;
       temp->next=NULL;
       if((*head)==NULL)
              *head=temp;
       }
       else
      {
             temp->next=*head;
              *head=temp;
      }
}
void in_order(int x,node **head)
{
       node *temp,*ptr,*prev;
       ptr=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
       ptr->data=x;
       ptr->next=NULL;
       if((*head)==NULL)
             *head=ptr;
       else if(ptr->data<=(*head)->data)
      {
             ptr->next=*head;
             (*head)=ptr;
       }
       else
```

```
{
              temp=*head;
              while((temp!=NULL)&&(temp->data>ptr->data))
                     prev=temp;
                     temp=temp->next;
              if(temp->data>ptr->data)
                     prev->next=ptr;
                     ptr->next=temp;
              }
              else
                     temp->next=ptr;
       }
}
void alt(node *head)
       node *ptr;
       if(head==NULL)
              printf("List empty\n");
              return;
       }
       else
       {
              ptr=head;
              while(ptr!=NULL)
                     printf("%d->",ptr->data);
                     ptr=ptr->next->next;
              }
              printf("\n");
       }
}
void display(node* head)
{
       node *temp;
       if(head==NULL)
              printf("Empty List\n ");
       else {
              temp=head;
```

```
while(temp!=NULL)
              {
                      printf("%d->", temp->data);
                      temp=temp->next;
              }
              printf("\n");
       }
}
void main()
       int choice,x;
       node *ptr,*head;
       head=NULL;
       while(1)
       {
              printf("1. Search node\n 2.Delete end\n3.Insert
beginning\n4.Ordered insertion\n5.Alternate nodes\n");
              scanf("%d",&choice);
              switch(choice)
              {
                      case 1:{
                      printf("Search a key element:");
                      scanf("%d", &x);
                      x=find_key(x, &head);
                      if (x) printf("successful search");
                      else printf("unsuccessful search");
                      break;
              }
                      case 2:{
                             del end(&head);
                             break;
                      }
                      case 3:{
                             printf("Enter the element");
                      scanf("%d", &x);
                      in_front(x, &head);
                      break;
                      }
                      case 4:{
                             printf("Ordered Insertion\n Enter the element");
                      scanf("%d", &x);
```

3. DLL pos insertion and pos deletion:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct node
{
       int data;
       struct node *prev,*next;
}Node;
void insert_head(struct node **p, int x)
   struct node *temp;
  //create a node
  temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  temp->data=x;
  temp->prev=temp->next=NULL;
  //if this is the first node
  if(*p==NULL)
     *p=temp;//make first point to temp
   else
    temp->next=*p;//link the new node to first node
    (*p)->prev=temp;
     *p=temp;//make first point to new node
  }
```

```
void insert_pos(Node **p,int x,int pos)
{
       Node *temp,*q;
       temp=(Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
       temp->data=x;
       temp->next=temp->prev=NULL;
       q=(*p);
       int i=1;
       while((q->next!=NULL)&&(i<pos))
      {
             i++;q=q->next;
       }
       if(q->next!=NULL)
      {
             if(q->prev==NULL)
                    q->prev=temp;
                    temp->next=q;
                    (*p)=temp;
             }
             else
             {
                    q->prev->next=temp;
                    temp->prev=q->prev;
                    temp->next=q;
                    q->prev=temp;
             }
       }
       else
      {
             if(i==pos)
                    q->prev->next=temp;
                    temp->prev=q->prev;
                    temp->next=q;
                    q->prev=temp;
             }
             else if(i=pos-1)
             {
                    q->next=temp;
                    temp->prev=q;
```

```
}
              else
              {
                     printf("Invalid pos\n");
              }
       }
}
void delete_pos(Node **p,int pos)
{
       Node *q;
       q=(*p);
       int i=1;
       while((q->next!=NULL)&&(i<pos))
              i++;
              q=q->next;
       if(q->next!=NULL)
       {
              if(q->prev==NULL && q->next==NULL)
                     (*p)=NULL;
              else if(q->prev==NULL)
                     q->next->prev=NULL;
                     (*p)=q->next;
              else if(q->next==NULL)
                     q->prev->next==NULL;
              }
              else
              {
                     q->prev->next=q->next;
                     q->next->prev=q->prev;
              }
              free(q);
       }
       else
       {
              printf("Invalid position\n");
       }
}
```

```
void display(Node *p)
 {
   if(p==NULL)
     printf("\nEmpty List..\n");
   else
    {
     while(p!=NULL)
       printf("%d<->",p->data);
       p=p->next;
     }
     printf("\n");
 }
void main()
       Node *first;
       first=NULL;
       int x,ch,pos;
       while(1)
               display(first);
  printf("\n1..Insert Head..\n");
  printf("2..Insert Tail..\n");
  printf("3..Delete First..\n");
  printf("4..Delete Last..\n");
  printf("5..Delete node..\n");
  printf("6..Delete at position\n");
  printf("7..Insert at position\n");
  scanf("%d",&ch);
  switch(ch)
  {
       case 1: printf("Enter the value..\n");
        scanf("%d",&x);
        insert_head(&first,x);
        break;
    case 6: printf("Enter the position..\n");
        scanf("%d",&x);
        delete_pos(&first,x);
        break;
```

```
case 7: printf("Enter the value and position..\n");
           scanf("%d%d",&x,&pos);
           insert_pos(&first,x,pos);
           break;
     }
          }
   }
4. Josephus:
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<stdlib.h>
   typedef struct Node
     int data;
     struct Node *next;
   }Node;
   // To create a new node of circular
   // linked list
   Node *newNode(int data)
     Node *temp = (Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
     temp->next = temp;
     temp->data = data;
   }
   int jose(int n,int m)
          Node *head=newNode(1);
          Node *prev=head;
          int i;
          for(i=2;i<=n;i++)
          {
                 prev->next=newNode(i);
                 prev=prev->next;
          prev->next=head;
          Node *ptr1,*ptr2;
          ptr1=ptr2=head;
          while(ptr1->next!=ptr1)
          {
```

```
int count=1;
                  while(count!=m)
                  {
                          ptr2=ptr1;
                          ptr1=ptr1->next;
                          count++;
                  }
                  ptr2->next=ptr1->next;
                  ptr1=ptr2->next;
           }
           return ptr1->data;
   }
   void main()
   {
           int m,n;
           printf("Number of people and number of skipped:\n");
           scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);
           int j=jose(n,m);
           printf("Last person,%d",j);
   }
5. A) Infix to postfix (Stacks)
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<stdlib.h>
   #include<string.h>
   int f(char sym)
           switch(sym)
                  case '+':
                  case '-':return 2;
                  case '*':
                  case '/':return 4;
                  case '(':return 0;
                  case '#':return -1;
                  default:return 8;
           }
   }
   int g(char sym)
   {
```

```
switch(sym)
               case '+':
               case '-':return 1;
               case '*':
               case '/':return 3;
               case '(':return 9;
               case ')':return 0;
               default:return 7;
        }
}
void intopost(char infi[],char post[])
        int top=-1,i,j=0;
        char symbol;
        char s[50];
        s[++top]='#';
        for(i=0;i<strlen(infi);i++)</pre>
        {
               symbol=infi[i];
               while(f(s[top])>g(symbol))
               {
                        post[j]=s[top--];
                       j++;
               }
               if(f(s[top])!=g(symbol))
               {
                       s[++top]=symbol;
               }
               else
                       top--;
        while(s[top]!='#')
               post[j]=s[top--];
               j++;
        post[j]='\0';
}
int main()
{
```

```
char infix[20];
               char postfix[20];
               printf("enter the string\n");
               scanf("%s", infix);
               intopost(infix, postfix);
               printf("Postfix expression is \n");
               printf("%s", postfix);
        }
b) Fibbo series:
#include<stdio.h>
int fibbo(int n)
       if(n==0)
               return 0;
        else if(n==1)
               return 1;
        else
               return fibbo(n-1)+fibbo(n-2);
}
int main()
{
        int n;
        printf("Enter number n:");
       scanf("%d",&n);
        printf("%dth fibo is:%d",n,fibbo(n));
    6. A)Postfix eval:
        #include<stdio.h>
        #include<stdlib.h>
```

{

}

```
void push(int *s,int *t,int x)
{
       ++(*t);
       s[*t]=x;
}
int pop(int *s,int *t)
{
       return s[(*t)--];
}
int isoperator(char ch)
{
       switch(ch)
       {
               case '+':
               case '-':
               case '*':
               case '/': return 1;
       return 0;
}
int postfixeval(char *postfix)
{
       int s[20];
       int top=-1;
       int i=0;
       int r;
       while(postfix[i]!='\0')
               char ch=postfix[i];
               if(isoperator(ch))
               {
                       int op1=pop(s,&top);
                       int op2=pop(s,&top);
                       switch(ch)
                       {
                               case '+':r=op1+op2;
                                      push(s,&top,r);
                                      break;
                               case '-':r=op1-op2;
                                      push(s,&top,r);
                                      break;
```

```
case '*':r=op1*op2;
                                      push(s,&top,r);
                                      break;
                              case '/':r=op1/op2;
                                     push(s,&top,r);
                                      break;
                      }
               }
               else push(s,&top,ch-48);
               i++;
       }
       return pop(s,&top);
}
void main()
{
       char postfix[20];
       printf("Enter postfix:");
       scanf("%s",postfix);
       int r=postfixeval(postfix);
       printf("Result is %d",r);
}
B) TOH:
#include<stdio.h>
int count;
void toh(int n,int A,int B,int C)
{
       if(n==1)
       {
               count=count+1;
               printf("Move disc from %d to %d..\n",A,C);
       }
       else
       {
               toh(n-1,A,C,B);
               toh(1,A,B,C);
               toh(n-1,B,A,C);
       }
}
int main()
```

```
{
          int n;
          printf("Enter number of discs:");
          scanf("%d",&n);
          int A=1,B=2,C=3;
          toh(n,A,B,C);
          printf("Total Count = %d\n", count);
     return 0;
   }
7. Enqueue and dequeue:
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<stdlib.h>
   typedef struct node
   {
          int data;
          struct node *link;
   }Node;
   void display(Node *f,Node *r)
   {
          if(f==NULL)
                  printf("EMPTY LIST\n");
          else
          {
                  while(f!=r)
                  {
                         printf("%d->",f->data);
                         f=f->link;
                  printf("%d\n",f->data);
          }
   }
   void enq(int x,Node **f,Node**r)
   {
          Node *temp;
          temp=(Node*)malloc(sizeof(Node));
          temp->data=x;
          temp->link=NULL;
          if(*f==NULL)
                  *f=*r=temp;
```

```
else
       {
              (*r)->link=temp;
               *r=temp;
       }
}
void deq(Node **f,Node **r)
{
       Node *q=*f;
       if(*f==NULL)
              printf("Empty queue\n");
       else
       {
              if(*f==*r)
                      *f=*r=NULL;
              else
              {
                      *f=q->link;
              }
              free(q);
       }
}
int main()
{
       int x, ch, k;
       Node *front, *rear;
       front=rear=NULL;
       while(1)
       {
              display(front,rear);
              printf("1:insert from rear\n 2: delete from front\n 3: exit\n");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              switch(ch)
              {
                      case 1: printf("enter the element\n");
                             scanf("%d",&x);
                             enq(x,&front,&rear);
                             break;
                      case 2: deq(&front,&rear);
                             break;
```

```
case 3: exit(24);
                   }
           }
   }
8. BT array traversal:
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<stdlib.h>
   void create(int *t,int x)
   {
           int num;
           printf("Enter the value:");
           scanf("%d",&num);
           if(num==-1) return;
           t[x]=num;
           printf("LST of %d",t[x]);
           create(t,2*x);
           printf("RST of %d",t[x]);
           create(t,2*x+1);
           return;
   }
   void preorder(int *t,int x)
   {
           if(t[x]!=-1)
                   printf("%d ",t[x]);
                   preorder(t,2*x);
                   preorder(t,2*x+1);
           }
   }
   void inorder(int *t,int x)
   {
           if(t[x]!=-1)
                   inorder(t,2*x);
                   printf("%d ",t[x]);
                   inorder(t,2*x+1);
           }
   }
```

```
void postorder(int *t,int x)
           if(t[x]!=-1)
           {
                   postorder(t,2*x);
                   postorder(t,2*x+1);
                   printf("%d ",t[x]);
           }
   }
   int main()
   {
           int i,t[100];
           for(i=0;i<100;i++)
                   t[i]=-1;
           create(t,1);
           printf("Preorder\n");
           preorder(t,1);
           printf("Inorder\n");
           inorder(t,1);
           printf("Postorder\n");
           postorder(t,1);
   }
9. BT LL traversal, leafcounts, height:
   #include<stdio.h>
   #include<stdlib.h>
   typedef struct node
   {
           int data;
           struct node *left,*right;
   }node;
   node *create()
           node *p;
           int x;
           printf("Enter value:");
           scanf("%d",&x);
           if(x==-1)
                   return NULL;
```

```
p=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
       p->data=x;
       printf("LST of %d\n",x);
       p->left=create();
       printf("RST of %d\n",x);
       p->right=create();
       return p;
}
void preorder(node *t)
       if(t!=NULL)
               printf("%d ",t->data);
               preorder(t->left);
               preorder(t->right);
       }
}
void inorder(node *t)
       if(t!=NULL)
       {
               inorder(t->left);
               printf("%d ",t->data);
               inorder(t->right);
       }
}
void postorder(node *t)
       if(t!=NULL)
       {
               postorder(t->left);
               postorder(t->right);
               printf("%d ",t->data);
       }
}
int leafcount(node *t)
       int l,r;
       if(t!=NULL)
       {
```

```
if(t->left==NULL && t->right==NULL)
               return 1;
       l=leafcount(t->left);
       r=leafcount(t->right);
       return I+r;
       }
       return 0;
}
int height(node *t)
       int l,r;
       if(t!=NULL)
       {
               if(t->left==NULL && t->right==NULL)
                       return 0;
               l=height(t->left);
               r=height(t->right);
               if(l>r)
                       return l+1;
               return r+1;
       }
       return -1;
}
int main()
{
       node *root;
       int leaves,h;
       root=create();
       printf("Preorder\n");
       preorder(root);
       printf("\n");
       printf("Inorder\n");
       inorder(root);
       printf("\n");
       printf("Postorder\n");
       postorder(root);
       printf("\n");
       leaves=leafcount(root);
       printf("Leaves:%d\n",leaves);
       h=height(root);
       printf("Height:%d\n",h);
}
```

10. BFS ,DFS and number of components:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int n;
int visitb[100];
int visitd[100];
int a[100][100];
int q[100];
int f,r;
void creategraph()
       int i,j;
       printf("Enter source and destination...\n");
       scanf("%d%d",&i,&j);
       if((i==0)&&(j==0))break;
       a[i][j]=a[j][i]=1;
}
void insert(int v)
{
        r++;
       q[r]=v;
       if(f==-1)
               f=0;
}
int deletee()
{
       int w;
       w=q[f];
       if(f==r)
               f=r=-1;
        else
               f++;
        return w;
}
int empty()
{
       if(f==-1)
```

```
return 1;
       return 0;
}
void bfs(int v)
{
       int w;
       visitb[v]=1;
       printf("%d",v);
       insert(v);
       while(!empty())
       {
               v=deletee();
               for(w=1;w<=n;w++)
       {
               if((a[v][w]==1)&&(visitb[w]==0))
               {
                      visitb[w]=1;
                      printf("%d",w);
                      insert(w);
               }
       }
       }
}
void dfs(int v)
{
  int w;
  visitb[v]=1;
  printf("%d ",v);
  for(w=1;w<=n;w++)
  {
    if((a[v][w]==1)\&\&(visitb[w]==0))
               dfs(w);
  }
}
int component()
 {
  int i;
  label=0;
 for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
  visit[i]=0;
```

```
for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
         {
           if(visit[i]==0)
            ++label;
            dfs(i);
           }
         }
          return label;
        }
       int main()
       {
               int i,v;
               f=r=-1;
               printf("enter the no of vertex\n");
               scanf("%d",&n);
               creategraph();
               printf("enter the src vertex\n");
               scanf("%d",&v);
               printf("vertex reachable from %d using BFS are...\n", v);
               bfs(v);
               printf("The vertices reachable from %d using DFS are..\n",v);
          dfs(v);
         int result=component();
          printf("The no of components = %d\n",result);
       }
12. Max heap bottom up:
#include<stdio.h>
#define MAX 100
void read_Array(int* array, int n)
       int i;
       for(i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
       {
```

11.

{

```
scanf("%d", &array[i]);
       }
}
void display_Array(int* array, int n)
{
        int i;
        for(i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
       {
                printf("%d ", array[i]);
        }
        printf("\n");
}
void swap(int* a, int* b)
{
        int temp = *a;
        *a = *b;
        *b = temp;
}
void heapify(int* array, int n, int position)
{
        int i;
        int j;
        i = position;
       j = 2 * i;
        int flag = 0;
```

```
while(j <= n \&\& !flag)
        {
                if(j < n \&\& array[j + 1] > array[j])
                        ++j;
                }
                if(array[i] < array[j])
                {
                        swap(&array[i], &array[j]);
                        i = j;
                        j = 2 * i;
                }
                else
                {
                        flag = 1;
                }
        }
}
void insert(int* array, int n)
{
        int i;
        for(i = n/2; i >= 1; --i)
        {
                heapify(array, n, i);
        }
}
```

```
int main()
{
       int array[MAX];
       int n;
       printf("Enter the number of elements\n");
       scanf("%d", &n);
       read_Array(array, n);
       display_Array(array, n);
       insert(array, n);
       printf("After heapify\n");
       display_Array(array, n);
       return 0;
}
13. Priority q using heap(Max heap):
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct element{
       int data,pty;
}ele;
void pqinsert(ele *h,ele key,int *count)
{
       int i,j;
       i=*count;
       h[i]=key;
```

```
++(*count);
       j=(i-1)/2;
        while ((i>0) \&\& (key.pty>h[j].pty))
        {
               h[i]=h[j];
               i=j;
               j=(i-1)/2;
        }
        h[i]=key;
}
void heapify(ele *h,int n)
{
        ele key;
        int i,j;
       j=0;
        key=h[j];
        i=2*j+1;
        while(i<=n)
        {
               if(i+1<=n)
               {
                       if(h[i+1].pty>h[i].pty)
                               i++;
                }
               if(key.pty<h[i].pty)
               {
                       h[j]=h[i];
                       j=i;
```

```
i=2*j+1;
               }
               else
                      break;
       }
       h[j]=key;
}
void display(ele *h,int count)
{
       int i;
       printf("Elements are:\n");
       for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
       {
               printf("ELE:%d PRIORITY:%d\n",h[i].data,h[i].pty);
       }
       printf("\n");
}
ele pqdelete(ele *h,int *count)
{
       ele temp;
       temp=h[0];
       h[0]=h[*count-1];
       --(*count);
       heapify(h,*count-1);
       return temp;
}
```

```
int main()
{
       ele hpq[100],temp;
       int ch,count=0;
       while(1)
       {
              display(hpq,count);
              printf("\n1.Insertion\n2.Deletion\n3.Exit\n");
              scanf("%d",&ch);
              switch(ch)
  {
    case 1:printf("Enter the value and the priority..");
       scanf("%d %d",&temp.data,&temp.pty);
       pqinsert(hpq,temp,&count);
        break;
   case 2:temp=pqdelete(hpq,&count);
       printf("Element = %d Priority= %d\n",temp.data, temp.pty);
       break;
    case 3:exit(0);
 }
       }
}
14. Threaded BST preorder traversal:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct Node
{
 struct Node *left, *right;
```

```
int info;
 int Ithread;
 int rthread;
};
typedef struct Node Node;
Node *insert(Node *root,int key)
{
       Node *cur;
       Node *prev;
       cur=root;
       prev=NULL;
       while(cur!=NULL)
       {
              if(key==(cur->info))
                      return root;
               prev=cur;
              if(key < cur->info)
              {
                      if(!cur->lthread)
                             cur=cur->left;
                      else
                             break;
              }
              else
              {
                      if(!cur->rthread)
                             cur=cur->right;
                      else
```

```
break;
            }
     }
     Node *tmp = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
tmp -> info = key;
tmp -> lthread = 1;
tmp -> rthread = 1;
if(prev==NULL)
{
     root=tmp;
     tmp->left=NULL;
     tmp->right=NULL;
     }
     else if(key<(prev->info))
     {
            tmp->left=prev->left;
            tmp->right=prev;
            prev->lthread=0;
            prev->left=tmp;
     }
     else
     {
            tmp->right=prev->right;
            tmp->left=prev;
            prev->rthread=0;
            prev->right=tmp;
     }
     return root;
```

}

```
void preorder(Node* root)
  Node* curr = root;
  while(curr!=NULL)
  {
    printf("%d ",curr->info);
    if(curr->left!=NULL)
      curr=curr->left;
    else if(curr->rthread==1)
      curr=curr->right;
    else
    {
      while(curr->right!=NULL && curr->rthread==0) //right thread exists
         curr=curr->right;
      if(curr->right == NULL)
                                            //last node
         break;
      else
         curr=curr->right;
    }
  }
}
```

15. BT using infix. Evaluate expression and traverse using postorder:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct tnode
 char data;
 struct tnode *left;
 struct tnode *right;
};
typedef struct tnode tnode;
int evaluate(tnode *t)
 {
  int x;
  switch(t->data)
  {
   case '+': return(evaluate(t->left)+evaluate(t->right));
   case '-': return(evaluate(t->left)-evaluate(t->right));
   case '*': return(evaluate(t->left)*evaluate(t->right));
   case '/': return(evaluate(t->left)/evaluate(t->right));
   default:printf("%c=",t->data);
   scanf("%d",&x);
   return x;
  }
}
int isoper(char ch)
```

```
{
  switch(ch)
  {
   case '+':
   case '-':
   case '*':
   case '/':return 1;
   default: return 0;
  }
 }
void push(tnode **stk, int *t, tnode* temp)
 {
  ++*t;
  stk[*t]=temp;
 }
tnode *pop(tnode **stk, int *t)
 {
  struct tnode *temp;
  temp=stk[*t];
  --*t;
  return temp;
 }
void postorder(tnode *t)
 {
  if(t!=NULL)
  {
```

```
postorder(t->left);
  postorder(t->right);
  printf("%c ",t->data);
 }
}
void inorder(tnode *t)
 {
  if(t!=NULL)
  {
  inorder(t->left);
  printf("%c ",t->data);
  inorder(t->right);
 }
}
tnode* create_exptree(char *exp)
{
       tnode *temp;
       tnode *stk[100];
       int top=-1,i=0;
       while(exp[i]!='0')
       {
              char ch=exp[i];
              temp=(tnode*)malloc(sizeof(tnode));
              temp->data=ch;
              temp->left=temp->right=NULL;
```

```
if(isoper(ch))//if operator
   {
    temp->right=pop(stk,&top);
    temp->left=pop(stk,&top);
    push(stk,&top,temp);
   }
   else
   push(stk,&top,temp);//operand
   i++;
       }
       return pop(stk,&top);
}
void main()
{
 struct tnode *root;
 int ch,num,k;
 char exp[100];
 root=NULL;
 printf("Enter the postfix form of the expression...");
 scanf("%s",exp);
 root=create_exptree(exp);
 printf("The infix expression = \n");
 inorder(root);
 printf("\nThe postfix expression = \n");
 postorder(root);
```

```
printf("\nEvaluating the expression\n");
 int result = evaluate(root);
 printf("\nThe evaluation of the expression = %d\n",result);
}
16. Tries: a) Search word b)delete:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define ARRAY_SIZE(a) sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0])
// Alphabet size (# of symbols)
#define ALPHABET_SIZE (26)
// Converts key current character into index
// use only 'a' through 'z' and lower case
#define CHAR_TO_INDEX(c) ((int)c - (int)'a')
// trie node
struct TrieNode
{
struct TrieNode *children[ALPHABET_SIZE];
// isEndOfWord is true if the node represents
// end of a word
bool isEndOfWord;
```

```
};
bool isLeafNode(struct TrieNode* root)
  return root->isEndOfWord != false;
}
// Returns new trie node (initialized to NULLs)
struct TrieNode *getNode(void)
{
struct TrieNode *pNode = NULL;
pNode = (struct TrieNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct TrieNode));
if (pNode)
{
int i;
pNode->isEndOfWord = false;
for (i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++)
pNode->children[i] = NULL;
}
return pNode;
}
// If not present, inserts key into trie
```

```
// If the key is prefix of trie node, just marks leaf node
void insert(struct TrieNode *root, const char *key)
{
int level;
int length = strlen(key);
int index;
struct TrieNode *pCrawl = root;
for (level = 0; level < length; level++)
{
index = CHAR_TO_INDEX(key[level]);
if (!pCrawl->children[index])
pCrawl->children[index] = getNode();
pCrawl = pCrawl->children[index];
}
// mark last node as leaf
pCrawl->isEndOfWord = true;
}
// Returns true if key presents in trie, else false
bool search(struct TrieNode *root, const char *key)
{
int level;
int length = strlen(key);
int index;
struct TrieNode *pCrawl = root;
```

```
for (level = 0; level < length; level++)
index = CHAR_TO_INDEX(key[level]);
if (!pCrawl->children[index])
return false;
pCrawl = pCrawl->children[index];
}
return (pCrawl != NULL && pCrawl->isEndOfWord);
}
bool isEmpty(struct TrieNode* root)
{
       int i;
  for (i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++)
    if (root->children[i])
       return false;
  return true;
}
void display(struct TrieNode* root, char str[], int level)
{
  if (isLeafNode(root))
  {
```

```
str[level] = '\0';
    printf("%s\n",str);
  }
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++)
  {
    if (root->children[i])
    {
       str[level] = i + 'a';
       display(root->children[i], str, level + 1);
    }
  }
}
struct TrieNode* delete(struct TrieNode* root, char* key, int depth)
{
  if (!root)
    return NULL;
  if (depth == strlen(key)) {
    if (root->isEndOfWord)
       root->isEndOfWord = false;
```

```
if (isEmpty(root)) {
      free(root);
      root = NULL;
    }
    return root;
  }
  int index = key[depth] - 'a';
  root->children[index] =
     delete(root->children[index], key, depth + 1);
  if (isEmpty(root) && root->isEndOfWord == false) {
    free(root);
    root = NULL;
  }
  return root;
int main()
char output[][32] = {"Not present in trie", "Present in trie"};
```

}

{

```
struct TrieNode *root = getNode();
char a[20], s[20], d[20];
int f=1;
while(f)
printf("Enter the option\n");
printf("1. Insert\n");
printf("2. Search\n");
printf("3. Delete\n");
printf("4. Display\n");
int c;
scanf("%d", &c);
switch(c)
case 1:scanf("%s",a);insert(root,a);break;
case 2:scanf("%s",s);printf("%s --- %s\n", s, output[search(root, s)] ); break;
case 3:scanf("%s",d);delete(root, d, 0);break;
case 4:display(root,a,0);break;
default: f=0;
}
}
return 0;
}
```

17. Hashing to avoid collision separate chaining

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
typedef struct
  int *table;
  int size;
} HashTable;
HashTable *create_table(int size);
int search(HashTable *htable, int element);
void insert(HashTable *htable, int element);
void delete (HashTable *htable, int element);
void display_table(HashTable *htable);
void destroy_table(HashTable *htable);
int main()
  int size, choice, loop = 1;
  int element, find;
  scanf("%d", &size);
  HashTable *htable = create_table(size);
  while (loop)
  {
    scanf("%d", &choice);
    switch (choice)
```

```
{
case 1:
  // Insert element
  scanf("%d", &element);
  insert(htable, element);
  break;
case 2:
  // Delete element
  scanf("%d", &element);
  delete (htable, element);
  break;
case 3:
  // Search element
  scanf("%d", &element);
  find = search(htable, element);
  if (find)
    printf("YES\n");
  else
    printf("NO\n");
  break;
case 4:
  // Print all elements in the hash table
  display_table(htable);
  break;
default:
```

```
// Destroy tree and exit the loop
      destroy_table(htable);
      loop = 0;
      break;
    }
  }
}
HashTable *create_table(int size)
{
  HashTable *a = (HashTable*)malloc(sizeof(HashTable));
  a->table = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int)*size);
  a->size = size;
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<size;i++)
  {
    a->table[i] = -1;
  }
  return a;
}
void insert(HashTable *htable, int element)
{
  int index = element%(htable->size);
  if(htable->table[index]==-1)
  {
    htable->table[index] = element;
  }
  else
```

```
{
    int flag = 0;
    int i;
    for(i = index+1;i<htable->size;i++)
       if(htable->table[i]==-1)
         htable->table[i] = element;
         flag = 1;
         break;
      }
    }
    if(flag==0)
    {
       int j;
      for(j = 0;j<index;j++)
         if(htable->table[j]==-1)
           htable->table[j] = element;
           break;
         }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
int search(HashTable *htable, int element)
{
  int index = element%(htable->size);
  if(htable->table[index]==element)
    return 1;
  }
  else
  {
    int i = index+1;
    while(htable->table[i]!=-1 && i<htable->size)
    {
      if(htable->table[i]==element)
      {
        return 1;
      }
      i++;
    }
    if(htable->table[i]==-1)
      return 0;
    }
    if(i==htable->size)
    {
      int j = 0;
      while(htable->table[j]!=-1 && j<index)
      {
        if(htable->table[j]==element)
         {
```

```
return 1;
        }
         j++;
       return 0;
    }
  }
}
void delete (HashTable *htable, int element)
{
  int pres = search(htable,element);
  if(pres)
  {
    int index = element%(htable->size);
  if(htable->table[index]==element)
    htable->table[index] = -1;
    return;
  }
  else
    int i = index+1;
    while(htable->table[i]!=-1 && i<htable->size)
    {
      if(htable->table[i]==element)
      {
```

```
htable->table[i] = -1;
         return;
      }
       i++;
    }
    if(i==htable->size)
      int j = 0;
      while(htable->table[j]!=-1 && j<index)
      {
         if(htable->table[j]==element)
         {
           htable->table[j] = -1;
           return;
         }
         j++;
      }
    }
  }
  }
}
void display_table(HashTable *htable)
{
       int i;
  for(i = 0;i<htable->size;i++)
  {
    printf("%d ",htable->table[i]);
```

```
}
printf("\n");
}

void destroy_table(HashTable *htable)
{
   free(htable->table);
}
```