SET-01

13MTE1002

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

I M.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2014 ADVANCED THERMODYNAMICS

(Thermal Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 60

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

- 1. a) Show that the adiabatic mixing of two fluids at different temperatures is irreversible.
 - b) Derive Mayer's relation
- 2. Boiler steam at 8 bar, 250°C, reaches the engine control valve through apipeline at 7 bar, 200°C. It is throttled to 5 bar before expanding in the engine to 0.1 bar, 0.9 dry. Determine per kg of steam, (i) The heat loss in the pipeline, (ii) The temperature drop in passing through the throttle valve (iii) The work output of the engine(iv) The entropy change due to throttling, (v) The entropy change in passing through the engine.
- 3. a) Write short notes on adiabatic flame temperature.
 - b) Determine the heat transfer per kg mol of fuel for the following reaction.

 $CH_4 + 2O_2 = CO_2 + 2H_2O(1)$

The reactants and products are each at 1 atm. and 298K.

- 4. a) Explain the working principle of magneto hydrodynamic generator, with a neat sketch.
 - b) State the advantages and dis advantages of fuel cells.
- 5. Water at 30 °C flows in to a cooling tower at the rate of 1.15 kg per kg of air. Airenters the tower at a DBT of 20 °C and a relative humidity of 60% and leaves it at a DBT of 28 °C and 90% relative humidity. Make up water is supplied at 20 °C. Determine: (i) The temperature of water leaving the tower (ii) The fraction of water evaporated and (iii) Approach and range of the coolingtower.
- 6. A simple vapour compression plant produces 5 tonnes of refrigeration. The enthalpy values at inlet to compression, at exit from the compressor and at exit from the condenser are 183.19,209.41, and 74.59 kJ/kg, respectively. Estimate (i) The refrigerant flow rate (ii) The COP (iii) The power Required to drive the compressor. (iv) The rate of heat rejection from the condenser
- 7. Air expands through a turbine from 500kPa, 520 °C to 100kPa, 300°C. Neglecting the K.E and P.E changes, determine per kg of air (i) The decrease in availability (ii) The irreversibility.
- 8. a)What is joule Thomson coefficient? Why it is zero for an ideal gas? b) Explain the working principle of thermoelectric generator with a neat sketch.

AR13 SET-01

CODE: 13MIT1002

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

I M.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, January - 2014 ADVANCED UNIX PROGRAMMING (INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

Answer any Five Questions All Questions carry equal marks

1.	a) Explain the algorithms for block read ahead and writing a disk block?b) Explain the Algorithm for releasing a buffer?	6M 4M
	c) Discuss the data structures used in kernel?	2M
2.	a) Briefly explain about File & Directory maintenance?	7M
	b) Discuss about the standard input and standard ouput?	5M
3.	 a) What is a Process? Explain the different types of Process identifiers. b) Explain the following. i) Sleep functions ii) Kill and raise functions iii) Pause functions iv) Zombie process 	6M 6M
4.	a) Explain about file and record locking techniquesb) Elaborately discuss the system V IPC mechanisms.	6M 6M
5.	a) Give brief description about Message queue structure in Kernel.b) Write a client server application to identify the machines connected to network.	6M 6M
6.	a) Explain the concept of kernel support for semaphores?	6M
	b) Discuss about the semaphores and shared memory-example	6M
7.	write short notes on the following a) API's for shared memory b) Streams and file descriptions c) Namespaces	12M
8.	a) What are FIFOs? How they are different from pipes?	6M
	b) Briefly discuss about process control and identifiers.	6M

AR13 Set 02

Max.Marks:60

Code No:13MPE1002

Time: 3 hours

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

I M.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations, January -2014 ANALYSIS OF POWER ELECTRONIC CONVERTERS

(Power Electronics and Electric Drives)

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry equal marks

An questions carry equal marks	
1.a.Explain the operation of single phase AC voltage controller with R-L load and de expression for RMS load voltage.	erive the 6M
b. Explain the operation of single phase AC voltage controller with PWM control	6M
2. A 3- phase star connected balanced resistances are supplied from a 3-phase AC vo controllers. Derive the expression for RMS value of load current in the complete firing angle. Draw the wave forms of load voltage.	_
3.a. Explain the operation of 1-phase fully-controlled converter for continuous load	currents.
b. For a 1-phase half-controlled converter derive the expression for input P.F& hard factor.	
4a. Explain the operation of semi-converter in continuous conduction mode and derivex expression for output voltage.b. For the above circuit derive the expression for input PF & harmonic factor.	ve the 6M 6M
5.a. How can the input current of the rectifier fed-boost converter be made sinusoidal	and in
phase with the input voltage.	6M
b. Explain the operation of 3-phase boost PFC converter.	6M

AR13 Set 02

6. a. Explain principle of operation of Voltage control for single phase inverter using				
Trapezoidal, Staircase, stepped and Harmonic Injection modulation methods.	8M			
b. Discuss modified PWM techniques.	4M			
7. Explain the space vector PWM technique as applicable to 3-phase inverter control with neat				
schematic diagrams.	12M			
8. a. What is a multilevel inverter? Discuss the basic concept and features of multilevel in	verter.			
	6M			
b. List out the advantages and disadvantages of flying capacitor multilevel inverter	6M			

AR13 Set-02

Code No: 13MVL1002

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

I M.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations, January-2014 VLSI TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

(Common to VLSI System Design and Digital Electronics & Communication Systems)

Time: 3 hours MaxMarks:60

Answer any FIVE questions All questions carry indicated marks

1.	a) Derive the drain -to-source current I_{ds} versus Voltage V_{ds} relationships in non-sa	aturated
	region?	7marks
	b) Explain the body effect and threshold Voltage V _t ?	5marks
2.	a) Derive the $Z_{pu}/Z_{pd}=4/1$?	7marks
	b)Explain nMOS transistor model with neat diagram?	5marks
3.	a)Discuss the stick diagram of multiplexer using NAND cell?	7marks
	b)Analyse the automatic layout with neat diagrams?	5marks
1.	a)Explain any two alternative gate circuits with examples?	7marks
	b)Explain Crosstalk between RC wires?	5marks
5.	a)Explain the Power optimization using flip-flop to stop a glitch?	6marks
	b)Design and test a sequential machine?	6marks
5.	a)Draw and explain the architecture of pad frame?	6marks
	b)Design and analyse the electrostatic discharge protection in the pad interms for	both
	input and output pad respectively?	6marks
7	a)Explain Architecture testing by using register graph?	6marks
	b)Design a built -in selftest(BIST) to generate Pseudorandom sequence?	6marks
3	a)Explain the placement and Routing algorithms with examples?	6marks
	b)Discuss the flow of a generic integrated design flow?	6marks

AR13 Set-01

Code No: 13MCS1002

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

I M.Tech. I Semester Regular Examinations, January - 2014 Computer Organization and Architecture (Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 60 **Answer any FIVE questions** All questions carry equal marks 1.a) Explain about multi Processors and multi computers 6M b) Explain about sign magnitude 2's complement approaches for representing fixed point numbers. Explain why 2's complement approach is preferable. 6M 2.a) List and explain arithmetic, logic and shift micro operations. 6M b) what is an addressing mode and explain different addressing modes 6M 3. write an algorithm to subtract two binary numbers represented in normalized floating point mode with base 2 for exponent. 12M 4. a) Discuss different mapping procedures in the organization of cache memory. 6M b) Explain about Associative Memory with its Hardware Organization. 6M 5.a) What is DMA? What is the need for DMA? Explain the working of DMA. Also mention its advantages. 12M 6.a) What is meant by instruction pipeline? Explain. 6M b) Explain the following related to the instruction pipeline 6M i) Pre-fetch target instruction ii) Branch target buffer 7. a) List and explain different interconnection structures used in multi processors. 6M b) What is Cache coherence? Expalin its importance. 6M 8. Write Short Notes 6M a) Instruction formats b) Inter Process Communication 6M
