AR17

Code: 17MBA2005 SET-I
ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI
(AUTONOMOUS)

I MBA II Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations, June-2019

COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 Hrs Max. Marks: 60

Answer any Five questions All questions carry EQUAL marks Question No. 8 is Compulsory

- 1. List out the different methods of costing and explain their practical 12 M applications?
- 2. Explain the meaning and objectives of overhead cost. Explain briefly the meaning of the terms fixed, semi-variable and variable overhead costs with suitable examples.
- 3. How will you deal with normal wastage, abnormal wastage and abnormal gain in process costing? Explain the effect of each of them on the cost of manufacturing one unit.
- 4. How do you classify costs for managerial use? Define cost centre and cost 12 M unit. Illustrate.
- 5. What is cost volume profit analysis? Explain the usefulness of CVP analysis to the management of a company.

 $\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{G}}$

12 M

6. Calculate the machine hour rate from the following.

Particulars	KS.
Cost of Machine	18,000
Cost of installation	2,000
Scrap value after 10 years	2,000
Rates and rent for a quarter for shop	600
General lighting	200 PM
Shop supervisor's Salary	6000 per quarter
Insurance premium for a machine	120 PA
Estimated repair	200 PA

Power 2 units per hour @ Rs. 150 per 100

Darticulare

unit

Estimated working hours p.a. 2,000

The machine occupies $1/4^{th}$ of the total area of the shop. The supervisor is expected to devote $1/6^{th}$ of his time for supervising the machine. General lighting expenses are to be apportioned on the basis of floor area.

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7. Prepare a Process Account and Abnormal loss account from the following 12 M Information.

Input of Raw-materials (1000 Units)	Rs. 4200
Direct material	Rs. 6000
Production OH	Rs. 6000
Actual output transferred to process – II	900 units
Normal Loss	5%

Normal Loss 5%
Value of Scrap Per unit Rs. 8

8. CASE STUDY: 12M

The standard material cost to produce a ton of chemical X is given below:

300 kg of material A @ Rs.10 per kg

400 kg of material B @ Rs.5 per kg

500 kg of material C @ Rs.6 per kg

During a particular period, 100 tons of mixture X was produced from the usage of

35 tons of material A @ Rs.9, 000 per ton

42 tons of material B @ Rs.6, 000 per ton

53 tons of material C @ Rs.7, 000 per ton

Calculate material cost, price, usage and mix variances.

2 of 2
