

# AR16

**CODE: 16CE4027**

**SET-2**

**ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, August-2021**

**ESTIMATION AND QUANTITY SURVEYING  
(Civil Engineering)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

**Answer any Three questions Part-A**

**[3 X 14 = 42 M]**

## **PART-A**

1. a) Write definition, purpose and data required for estimation 4M  
b) Write methods of estimations and explain 10M
2. a) Write a short note on Mean Sectional Area Method? 4M  
b) The following width of road embankment is 10m. The side slopes are 2:1 The depth along the centre line road at 50m intervals are 1.25, 1.10, 1.50, 1.20, 1.0, 1.10, 1.15m, calculate the Quantity of earth work by Mid sectional rule 10M
- 3 a) Calculate analysis of rates for 20 mm cement plastering with proportion 1:3 in ceiling for 1 sq. m. Take 100 sqm 7M  
b) Perform the rate analysis for cement concrete work in foundation with the proportion of the cement concrete as 1:5:10 for 1 Cu. m. Take 10 cu .m 7M
- 4 a) How can the number of main bars and distribution bars in slabs be found out? 4M  
b) Prepare the Detailed estimate for of a R.C.C beam of 8 metre clear span and 75×40 cm in section from the given drawing as shown in fig.2 10M
- 5 a) Explain arbitration 4M  
b) Calculate the standard rent of a government residential building newly constructed from the following data: 10M
  - i) Cost of land - Rs. 25,000.
  - ii) Cost of construction of the building - Rs. 55,000.
  - iii) Cost of roads within the compound, and fencing - Rs 3000.
  - iv) Cost of sanitary and water supply - 8% of the cost of building.

- v) Cost of electrical installation including fans - 8% of the cost of building.
- vi) Municipal house tax - Rs. 400 per annum.
- vii) Water tax - Rs. 250 per annum.  
Property tax - Rs140 per annum. (9M)

**PART-B**

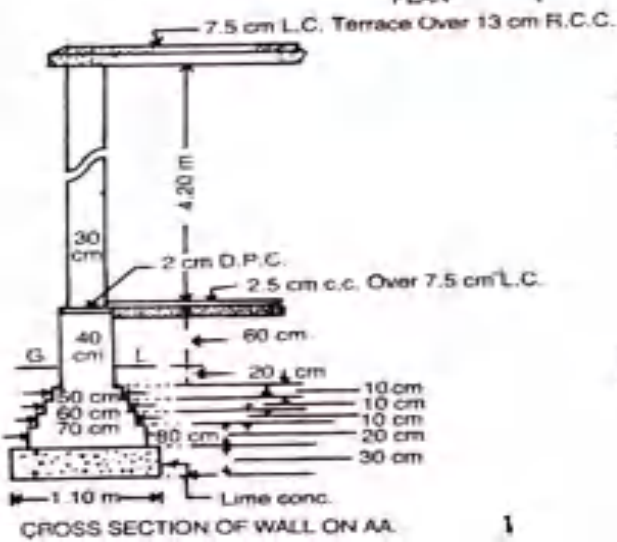
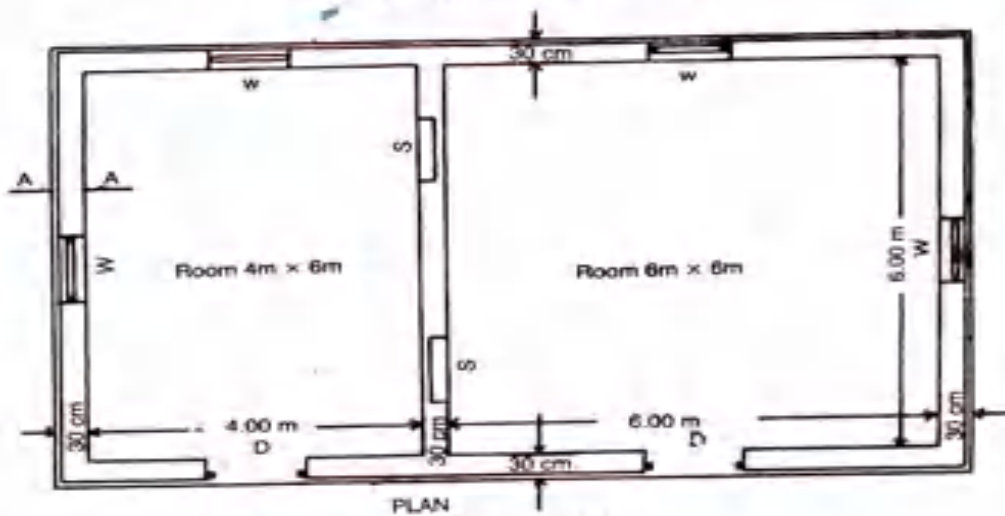
**Answer any one question from Part-B**

**[1x28=28M]**

6. a) Explain the term “Approximate Estimation”?  
b) Estimate the required quantities of the following from the given fig 1 by using Individual wall method.
    - i. Earth work excavation in foundation
    - ii. Lime Concrete in foundation
- (OR)**
7. a) What are the units of measurement for?
    - i. Plastering ii. . Earth filling in foundation trenches iii. white washing
    - iv . Painting furniture
  - b) Estimate the quantities of the following from the given fig 1 by Centre line method.
    - i. . First class brick work in 1:6 cement sand mortar in foundation and plinth.
    - ii..2.5 cm damp proof course

Fig.1

## TWO ROOMED BUILDING



All Walls are of same section  
Lintels over Doors, Windows and  
Shelves are 15 cm thick R.B.

Doors D-1.20 m x 2.10 m  
Windows W-1.00 m x 1.50 m  
Shelves S-1.00 m x 1.50 m



# AR16

**CODE: 16EE4025**

**SET-2**

**ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, August-2021**

## **HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING**

**(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

### **UNIT-I**

1. Briefly explain various numerical methods for estimation of electric field in dielectric materials. Discuss their relative advantages and disadvantages. 14M
- (OR)
2. a) Explain how the electric stress can be estimated and controlled 7M  
b) Define surge voltages. Explain how they are distributed in the windings of power apparatus 7M

### **UNIT-II**

3. a) What is Pachen's law? How do you account for the minimum voltage for breakdown under a given 'p x d' condition? 7M  
b) What are commercial liquid dielectrics? How are they different from pure dielectrics? 7M
- (OR)
4. Explain thermal break down in solid dielectrics and how it is practically more significant than other mechanisms. 14M

### **UNIT-III**

5. a) With a neat sketch explain Cockcroft-walton voltage multiplier circuit 7M  
b) What are the drawbacks of Van De Graaff generator 7M
- (OR)
6. a) Explain the working of Electro static voltmeter 7M  
b) Explain any one method of measuring high frequency Impulse currents 7M

### **UNIT-IV**

7. Discuss the various test carried out on Insulators, circuit breaker at HV labs 14M
- (OR)
8. Discuss Partial Discharge measurement in detail. 14M

### **UNIT-V**

9. a) Explain the working principle and operation of an electrostatic separator 7M  
b) Explain how electrostatic copying is done using high voltages 7M
- (OR)
10. Explain the principle and operation of electrostatic separator with a neat diagram 14M

# AR16

**CODE: 16ME4029**

**SET-2**

**ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, August-2021**

**OPERATIONS RESEARCH  
(Mechanical Engineering)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

**UNIT-I**

1. a) Briefly explain about the characteristics of operations research 4M  
b) Use simplex method to solve 10M

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 - x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to } 4x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 12$$

$$4x_1 + x_2 \leq 8$$

$$4x_1 - x_2 \leq 8$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

**(OR)**

2. Solve by graphical method. 14M

$$\text{Min } Z = 2x_1 + x_2$$

$$\text{Subject to, } 3x_1 + x_2 = 3; \quad 4x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 6; \quad x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 4;$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

**UNIT-II**

3. Solve the following transportation problem whose costs are given 14M

		to					availability
		D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	
from	A	4	1	2	6	9	100
	B	6	4	3	5	7	120
	C	5	2	6	4	8	120
requirements		40	50	70	90	90	

**(OR)**

4. a) Solve the following Assignment problem whose costs are given 10M

operator

		1	2	3	4	5
	1	10	12	15	12	8
	2	7	16	14	14	11
job	3	13	14	7	9	9
	4	12	10	11	13	10
	5	8	13	15	11	15

- b) Formulate assignment problem as a mathematical model 4M

### UNIT-III

5. Six jobs go first on machine A, then on machine B and lastly on machine C. The order of the completion of jobs has no significance. The following table gives the machine time for the six jobs and the three machines. 14M

Jobs	Processing time (In hours)		
	Machine A	Machine B	Machine C
1	8	3	8
2	3	4	7
3	7	5	6
4	2	2	9
5	5	1	10
6	1	6	9

Find the sequence of the jobs that minimizes elapsed time to complete the jobs. Find also the idle time of machines A, B, C?

(OR)

6. a) A tax consulting firm has four service counters in the office to receive people who have problems and complaints about their income, wealth and sales taxes. Arrivals average 80 persons in an 8-hour service day. Each tax adviser spends an irregular amount of time in servicing the arrivals which have been found to have exponential distribution. The average service time is 20 minutes. Calculate: 8M

- The average number of customers in the system.
- Average number of customers waiting for service.
- Average waiting time for the customer in the system and in queue.
- The probability that a customer has to wait for service.
- The expected number of idle tax advisers at any specified time

- b) Arrivals at the telephone booth are considered poisson with an average 6M  
time of 10min between one arrival and the next. The duration of the  
phone call is assumed to be exponential with mean 3min.
- What is the probability that a person arriving at the booth  
will have to wait
  - The telephone department will install a second booth when  
convinced that an arrival would expect waiting for at least  
3min for phone. By how much should the flow of arrivals  
increase in order to justify second booth
  - Average number of units in the system

#### UNIT-IV

7. a) The purchase price of a machine is Rs52,000. The installation charges 10M  
amount to Rs 14,400 and its scrap value is only Rs 6,400. The  
maintenance cost in various years is given below

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Maintenance cost	1000	3000	4000	6000	8400	11600	16000	19000

After how many years should the machine be replaced .Assume that the  
machine replacement can be done at the year end.

- b) What is replacement? Describe some important replacement situations 4M

(OR)

8. a) What are the characteristics of a game 4M  
b) Using dominance principle solve the pay of matrix, given by 10M

		Player B			
		I	II	III	IV
Player A	I	3	2	4	0
	II	3	4	2	4
	III	4	2	4	0
	IV	0	4	0	8



## UNIT-V

9. A project consists of the following activities. Draw the network. Find the minimum time required to complete the project. Calculate the float values for the activities. 14M

Activity	Predecessor (s)	Duration (days)
A	--	16
B	--	10
C	--	8
D	C	11
E	D,G	11
F	B	7
G	A,F	8
H	A, F	8
I	B	12
J	H, I	18
K	D, G	6
L	J, K	8

**(OR)**

10. A project consists of the following activities. 14M

Activity	Time Estimates (days)
1-2	2-5-14
1-6	2-5-8
2-3	5-11-29
2-4	1-4-7
3-5	5-11-17
4-5	2-5-14
5-8	2-2-8
6-7	3-9-27
7-8	7-13-31

Calculate

- Expected project duration,
- What is the probability of extending the project more than 38 days,
- If the due date is 35 days, what is the probability of meeting the due date?

# AR16

**CODE: 16EC4030**

**SET-1**

**ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI  
(AUTONOMOUS)**

**IV B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, August-2021**

**SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS**

**(Electronics and Communication Engineering)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

## UNIT-I

1. a) Explain the operation of General Satellite link with block diagram. 7M
- b) What are the frequency bands used for satellite services? 7M

**(OR)**

2. a) Explain the Basic satellite repeater. 7M
- b) What are the advantages of Satellite communication? 7M

## UNIT-II

3. a) Explain Kepler's three laws of planetary motion. 7M
- b) Explain about GEO Satellite services. 7M

**(OR)**

4. a) Explain the orbital mechanics and Subsattellite point. 7M
- b) Explain the satellite look angles. 7M

## UNIT-III

5. a) Discuss the TT&C facilities of a satellite communications system. 7M
- b) Explain about satellite antennas. 7M

**(OR)**

6. a) Explain attitude and orbit control systems 7M
- b) Explain Single conversion transponder 7M

## UNIT-IV

7. a) Explain Satellite-Switched TDMA 7M
- b) Explain rain effects at Ku Band 7M

**(OR)**

8. a) An LNA is connected to a receiver which has a noise figure of 12 dB. The gain of the LNA is 40 dB, and its noise temperature is 120 K. Calculate the overall noise temperature referred to the LNA input. 7M
- b) In a link-budget calculation at 12 GHz, the free-space loss is 206 dB, the antenna pointing loss is 1 dB, and the atmospheric absorption is 2 dB. The receiver  $[G/T]$  is 19.5 dB/K, and receiver feeder losses are 1 dB. The EIRP is 48 dBW. Calculate the carrier-to-noise spectral density ratio. 7M

## UNIT-V

9. a) Explain the block diagram representation of a typical earth station. 7M
- b) Define the following : Equatorial orbits, Inclined orbits, Elliptical orbits 7M

**(OR)**

10. a) Illustrate delay and throughput considerations for low earth orbit 7M
- b) Illustrate coverage and frequency considerations for low earth orbits 7M

**MOBILE COMPUTING  
(Common to CSE & IT)****Time: 3 Hours****Max Marks: 70**

Answer ONE Question from each Unit  
All Questions Carry Equal Marks  
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

**UNIT-I**

1. a) Explain the mobile computing architecture with neat sketch. 7 M  
b) Discuss in detail mobile system networks with suitable examples. 7 M
- (OR)**
2. a) Discuss the short history of wireless communication systems. 7 M  
b) Describe and explain the limitations of the mobile communication systems. 7 M

**UNIT-II**

3. a) Explain the protocol architecture of GSM with signaling protocols neat sketch 7 M  
b) Discuss in detail GSM structuring of time using a frame hierarchy. 7 M
- (OR)**
4. a) Explain GSM Radio interface in a GSM system. 7 M  
b) Describe and discuss the GSM mobile Services. 7 M

**UNIT-III**

5. a) What are the advantages of a fixed TDM pattern compared to random, demand driven TDM? 7 M  
b) Explain the Comparisons of FDMA, CDMA mechanisms. 7 M
- (OR)**
6. Discuss the problem of hidden and exposed terminals. Explain What happens in the case of such terminals if Aloha, slotted Aloha, reservation Aloha, or MACA is used? 14M

**UNIT-IV**

7. a) What is a triangular routing? Explain optimized mobile IP. 7 M  
b) Explain Generic routing encapsulation (GRE) Protocol filed with neat sketch. 7 M
- (OR)**
8. a) Discuss different ways of tunnel IP encapsulations with neat diagrams. 7 M  
b) What are the Entities and terminology understand in the mobile IP. 7 M

**UNIT-V**

9. Describe Classical TCP improvements and explain any two Classical TCP improvements 14M
- (OR)**
10. a) List various MANET routing Algorithms and explain DSDV Routing algorithm 7 M  
b) Explain security in MANETs. 7 M