CODE: 20EST203

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech. I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations December-2022 ENGINEERING MECHANICS

(Common to CIVIL & ME)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 60

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

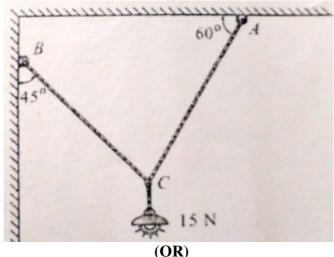
Marks CO Blooms Level

CO₁

L3

[10 M]

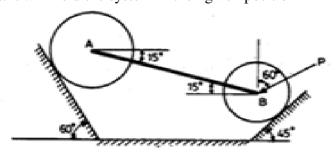
1. An electric light weighing 15N hangs from a point C by the two strings AC and BC as shown in Figure. AC is inclined at 60⁰ to the horizontal and BC at 45⁰ to the vertical shown in figure. Using Lami's theorem find the forces in strings AC and BC



2. The resultant of two forces acting at a point is 65kN. It is observed [10 M] CO1 L3 that one force is double than that of the other and if the direction of one of them is reversed the resultant becomes 45kN. Find the magnitudes of forces and the angle between them

	UNIT-II		Marks	CO	Blooms
					Level
3.	a	State and prove Varignon's theorem	[5M]	CO2	L2
	b	Explain the concept of Free Body Diagram with example	[5M]	CO2	L2
		(\mathbf{OR})			

4. Two cylinders, A of weight 4000 N and B of weight 2000 N rest on [10 M] CO2 L3 smooth inclines as shown in **Figure** They are connected by a bar of negligible weight hinged to each cylinder at its geometric Centre by smooth pins. Find the force P to be applied as show in the figure such that it will hold the system in the given position



UNIT-III

Marks CO Blooms Level

CO₃

L3

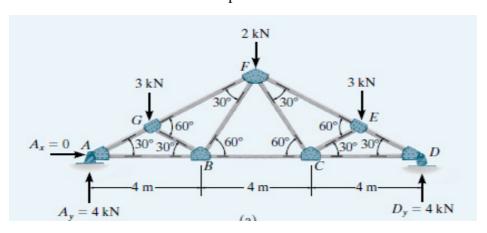
[10 M]

5. A ladder 5 meters long rests on a horizontal ground and leans against a smooth vertical wall at an angle 70° with the horizontal. The weight of the ladder is 900 Newton and acts at its middle. The ladder is at the point of sliding, when a man weighing 750 Newton stands on a rung 1.5 meters from the bottom of the ladder. Determine coefficient of fiction between ladder and floor without slipping. (Assume the coefficient of fiction at all contact surfaces are same).

(OR)

6. Determine the force in member AG, AB and FG of the roof truss shown in the photo. The dimensions and loadings are shown in Figure. State whether the members are in tension or compression.

[10 M] CO3 L4

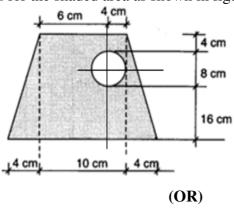


UNIT-IV

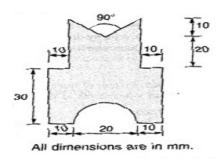
Marks CO Blooms Level

7. Locate the centroid for the shaded area as shown in figure

[10 M] CO4 L3



8. Determine the moment of inertia about its horizontal axis for the plane [10 M] CO4 L3 section as shown in figure



Marks	CO	Blooms
		Level

UNIT-V

9. A ball is projected vertically upwards attains a maximum height of [10M] CO5 L3 440m. calculate the velocity of projection and compute the time of flight of air. At what altitude will the is ball meet a second ball projected vertically upwards 4 seconds later with a speed of 120m/s.

(OR)

- 10. a) Stone is dropped into a well without initial velocity. It splash is heard [8M] CO5 L3 after 4 seconds. Determine the depth of the well, if velocity of sound is 340 m/sec.
 - b) Define kinematics.

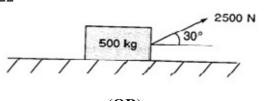
[2M] CO5

UNIT-VI

Marks CO Blooms Level

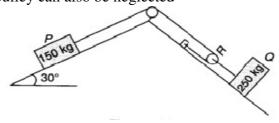
L2

11. A 500 kg block rests on a horizontal plane. Find the acceleration of the [10M] CO6 L3 block if 2500N force is applied as shown in the figure Take coefficient of friction as 0.22



12. Two blocks shown in figure. below are originally at rest. Determine (i) [10M] CO6 L3 the acceleration of each block (ii) tension in cables. Assume the effect of friction in the pulleys, between the blocks and inclines as negligible.

Mass of the pulley can also be neglected



CODE: 20EET202 SET-1

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, December, 2022

D.C MACHINES & TRANSFORMERS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours	Max Marks: 60
Answer ONE Q	uestion from each Unit
All Question	s Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question	n must be answered at one place

		An parts of the Question must be answered at one pla	CC		
		<u>UNIT-I</u>	Marks	СО	Blooms Level
1.	a)	Classify different types of dc generators according to the ways in which field is excited? Draw the	5	CO1	Understand
	b)	connection diagram of each type. A short-shunt dc compound generator supplies 150 A at 100 V. The resistance of armature, series field and shunt field windings are 0.04, 0.03 and 60 Ω respectively. Determine the e.m.f generated. Also determine the e.m.f generated if same machine is connected as a long shunt machine. (OR)	5	CO1	Apply
2.	a)	Derive the EMF equation for DC generator	5	CO1	Understand
	b)	Name the different parts of a dc machine and state the function of each part	5	CO1	Remember
		<u>UNIT-II</u>			
3.	a)	Explain about critical field resistance and critical speed of a DC shunt generator	5	CO2	Understand
	b)	Explain the process of commutation in DC generator?	5	CO2	Understand
4.	a)	(OR) Explain about internal and external characteristics of a DC generator	5	CO2	Understand
	b)	Explain about the losses in a DC generator <u>UNIT-III</u>	5	CO2	Understand
5.	a)	Explain the principle of torque production in a dc motor and derive an expression for it	5	CO3	Understand
	b)	Explain about back emf in a DC motor. (OR)	5	CO3	Understand
6.	a)	With a neat sketch explain the working principle of DC motor	5	CO3	Understand
	b)	Illustrate speed-torque and torque-current characteristics of a dc shunt motor	5	CO3	Understand

1 of 1

UNIT-IV

CO₄ 7. a) Explain field control method for speed control of a 5 Understand dc shunt machine. b) Explain with the help of a neat sketch the principle 5 CO₄ Understand of operation of a four-point starter 8. Explain with diagram how Hopkinson's test is 5 CO4 Understand performed on dc machines. What are the advantages and disadvantages of this test? A 240 V shunt motor has an armature resistance of 5 CO₄ Apply 0.2Ω and takes armature current of 20 A on fullload. The electromagnetic torque being constant, by how much must the flux be reduced to increase the speed by 40%? **UNIT-V** 9. CO₅ Understand Distinguish between core-type and shell-type 5 transformer. Why is the low voltage winding placed near the core? Why is the core of a transformer laminated? A 200 V/400V, 50 Hz transformer has peak flux 5 CO₅ Apply density of 1.1 Wb/m² in the core and the net area of cross section of the core is 0.02 sqm. If the current density in the conductor is 3 A/mm² and conductor diameter of primary coil is 3 mm. Determine the kVA rating of the transformer and the number of primary and secondary turns. (OR) 10. CO₅ Understand Draw and explain the phasor diagram of a single- 5 phase transformer with lagging p.f. load. A single-phase transformer supplies a load of 20 5 CO₅ Apply kVA at a p.f. of 0.8 (lagging). The iron loss of the transformer is 200 W and the copper losses at this load is 180 W. Calculate (i) the efficiency (ii) the new efficiency if the load is now changed to 30 kVA at a p.f. of 0.9 (lagging). **UNIT-VI** 11. Explain how parameters of transformer equivalent 5 CO₆ Understand circuit can be found from open circuit and short circuit tests. b) Discuss about Sumpner's test on a single-phase 5 CO₆ Understand transformer. (OR) Explain with the help of connection and phasor 12. CO₆ Understand diagrams how a Scott connection is used to obtain

two-phase supply from three-phase supply

CODE: 20ESI204 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, December-2022 PYTHON PROGRAMMING

(Common to ECE, CSE, IT & AIML)

Time: 3	Ноп	(Common to ECE, CSE, II & ALVIL)	Mov	Marks	. 60
Time. 3	1100	Answer ONE Question from each Unit	WIAX I	viai Ks	. 00
		All Questions Carry Equal Marks			
		All parts of the Question must be answered at one place			
		<u>UNIT-I</u>	Marks	СО	Blooms Level
1.	a)	Discuss various data type conversion functions with examples.	5	1	2
	b)	What are conditional statements? Write a program that takes inputs as no of units consumed and generates the current bill as follows	5	1	3
		If units !=0 and <= 99 then bill is minimum Rs 180/- If units > 99 and <=199 then bill is minimum bill upto 99 Units + Rs 2/- per unit upto 199 Units. If units > 199 then bill is minimum bill upto 99 Units + Rs 2/- per unit upto 199 Units + Rs 3/- per excess unit			
		(OR)			
2.	a)	Discuss about arithmetic operator precedence and	5	1	2
		associativity.			
	b)	Explain for loop and while loop statements with example.	5	1	2
		<u>UNIT-II</u>			
3.	a)	Explain about sets and write various set operations with examples in python.	5	2	2
	b)	Explain in detail about dictionaries in Python. (OR)	5	2	2
4.	a)	Discuss List comprehension in Python with example.	5	2	2
	b)	Discuss various string functions and write a python program to count repeated characters in a string.	5	2	2
		<u>UNIT-III</u>			
5.	a)	What is Python file handling? Explain the four modes with an example.	5	3	2
	b)	Develop a python program to find GCD of two nos using recursion.	5	3	5
		(OR) 1 of 2			

6.	a)	Discuss in detail function calling with examples.	5	3	2
	b)	Discuss any five methods associated with file object.	5	3	2
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>			
7.	a)	What is module? Differentiate import statement and from import statement in python.	5	4	2
	b)	Develop a python program to obtain a module to find Fibonacci nos and import the module to another program.	5	4	5
		(OR)			
8.	a)	Explain briefly about name spaces with examples.	5	4	2
	b)	Discuss various features of modules.	5	4	2
		<u>UNIT-V</u>			
9.	a)	Discuss the features of object oriented programming languages.	5	5	2
	b)		5	5	5
		(OR)			
10.	a)	Write a python program that describes inheritance.	5	5	5
	b)	Explain database connectivity with example.	5	5	2
		<u>UNIT-VI</u>			
11.	a)	reads the data from a file as per the regular pattern	5	6	3
	b)	designed with a regular expression. Discuss various methods supported by compiled	5	6	2
		regular expression objects.			
1.0	,	(\mathbf{OR})	_		•
12.		Discuss match() and findall() methods with example.	5	6	2
	b)	Implement the following	5	6	3
		i) re.sub			
		ii) Match.group			

CODE: 18CET204

SET-1

Max Marks: 60

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, December, 2022

SURVEYING AND GEOMATICS

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

a) What are the basic principles of surveying? Explain.
b) What are the points to be remembered while selecting a survey station?

(OR)

2. a) Distinguish between

6M

- i) Magnetic Meridian and True Meridian
- ii) Whole circle bearing and Quadrantal bearing
- b) Following are the bearing of the sides of a closed traverse

6M

Line	Fore Bearing
AB	107 ⁰ 15'
BC	$22^{0}00$ '
CD	318° 30'
DE	189 ⁰ 15'
EA	124 ⁰ 45'

Draw a neat sketch of the traverse. Work out the interior angles of the traverse and apply the check.

UNIT-II

3. a) The following staff readings were observed successively with a ^{12M} level. The instrument has been shifted after the second, fifth and eighth readings.

0.675, 1.230, 0.750, 2.565, 2.225, 1.935, 1.835, 3.220, 3.115 and 2.875.

The first staff reading was taken with the staff held on a benchmark of RL 100.00. Enter the readings in a level book and calculate the RL's of all the points. Also apply the arithmetic readings in a level book and calculate the RL's of all the points. Also apply necessary checks. Use Height of Instrument method

(OR)

- 4. a) What are the different classifications of levelling? Explain.
 - b) What is interpolation of contours? Explain any one method of interpolation.

6M 6M

UNIT-III

5.	a)	Explain the temporary adjustments of transit theodolite.	6M
	b)	In order to determine the R.L. of the top of the chimney the	6M
		Theodolite was set up at a distance of 30m from its base. The	
		vertical angle measured to the top of chimney was 25° 30'. The	
		back sight taken on a nearby B.M of R.L 152.260 was 1.225m.	
		Determine the R.L of the top of the chimney.	
		(OR)	
6.	a)	How do you determine the constants of a tacheometric in the field? Explain.	6M
	b)	What is total station? What are the features and uses of total station?	6M
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>	
_	,		43.5
7.	a)	What is the principle of stereoscopic vision?	4M
	b)	Define relief. Derive an expression for displacement due to the ground relief.	8M
		(OR)	
8.	a)	Explain briefly the aspects of flight planning for an aerial survey.	6M
	b)	What are different types of aerial photographs? Explain.	6M
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.	a)	Define remote sensing and briefly explain the principle of remote	6M
		sensing.	
	b)	What do you understand by GIS? Briefly explain.	6M
		(OR)	
10.	a)	Explain briefly about i) energy interaction with earth ii) remote sensing platforms.	8M
	b)	Write a note on application of remote sensing.	4M

CODE: 18EET203

SET-1

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, December, 2022 ELECTRO MAGNETIC FIELD THEORY

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

T:	2	II	(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)	(0
Time: 3 Hou		Hou		s: ou
			Answer ONE Question from each Unit	
			All parts of the Question must be analysised at one place	
			All parts of the Question must be answered at one place UNIT-I	
	1.	a)	State and explain Coloubs Law?	6 M
		b)	Give the rectangular coordinates of the vector field $H = 20a_r - 10a_{\Phi} + 3a_z$ at point P	6 M
			(x=5, y=2, z=-1)	
			(OR)	
	2.	a)	Derive the expression for Potential gradient. $E = -\nabla V$	6 M
		b)	Express vector $B = \frac{10}{r} a_r + r \cos \theta \ a_\theta + a_\varphi \theta$	6 M
			in Cartesian and cylindrical coordinates. Find B at (—3, 4, 0).	
			<u>UNIT-II</u>	
	3.	a)	Derive the boundary conditions for conductor to dielectric interface for static	6 M
		L)	electromagnetic fields?	6 M
		b)	Given a point charge of 200π so C at $(3,-1,2)$, a line charge of 40π so C/m on the x-axis, and a surface charge of 8 so C/m2 on the plane $x = -3$, all in free space, find	6 M
			the potential at $P(5,6,7)$ if $V=0$ at $Q(0,0,1)$?	
			(OR)	
	4.	a)	Derive an expression for Laplace equation from fundamentals	6 M
		b)	Derive an expression for torque on a dipole placed in an electric field E bar.	6 M
			UNIT-III	
	5.	a)	State and explain Biot-Savarts law.	6 M
		b)	A circuit carrying a direct current of 10A forms a regular hexagon inscribed in a	6 M
			circle of radius of 1.5 m. Calculate the magnetic flux density at the center of the	
			hexagon. Assume the medium to be free space	
			(OR)	
	6.	a)	Derive an expression for H due to infinite line of current.	6 M
		b)	Derive the equation to show that curl of magnetic field intensity in equal to current	6 M
			density. $\nabla \times H = J$	
			UNIT-IV	
	7.	a)	Determine the inductance of a solenoid of 2500 turns wound uniformly over a	6 M
			length of 0.25m on a cylindrical paper tube, 4 cm in diameter and the medium is	
			air.	
		b)	Derive an expression for Lorentz force equation.	6 M
	O	2)	(OR)	6 M
	8.	a) b)	Derive the expression for the force between two finite current carrying loops. Derive the expression for self-inductance of a toroid.	6 M 6 M
		U)		O IVI
	0	۵)	<u>UNIT-V</u> Explain (i) Conduction Current (ii) Dioplesement current	6 1 1
	9.	a)	Explain (i) Conduction Current. (ii) Displacement current. Derive the Maxwell's four equations for time verying fields	6 M 6 M
		b)	Derive the Maxwell's four equations for time varying fields. (OR)	U IVI
	10.		State Poynting theorem and derive an expression for it.	12 M

CODE: 18EST203

SET-1

Max Marks: 60

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, December, 2022

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

(Common to ECE & ME)

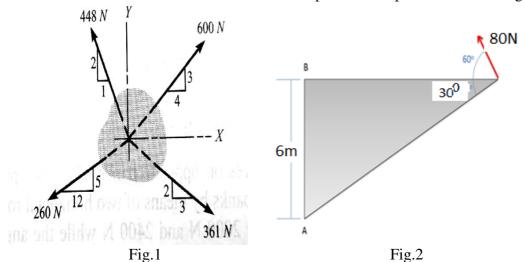
Time: 3 HoursAnswer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

- a) State and prove Lami's theorem.
 b) The body shown in the Fig.1 is acted on by four forces. Determine the resulant.
 (OR)
 a) What is moment of a force? Expaline with sutable example.
 - b) What is the moment that this force exerts about point A and point B from the fig.2? 6M



UNIT-II

- 3. a) Mention the steps involved in drawing of a free-body diagram. 4M
 - b) The 300 N sphere in Fig.3 is supported by the pull P and a 200 N weight passing 8M over a frictionless pulley. If α =30 0 , compute the valves of P and Θ .

(OR)

- 4. a) What are the applications of moment of a force? Explaine with suitable diagrams. 4M
 - b) Use Varignon's theorem to find the moment that the forces exert about point A in the Fig.4.

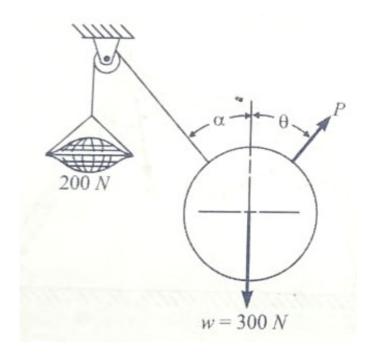


Fig.3

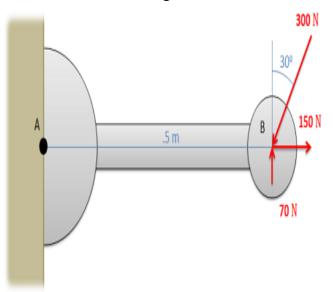


Fig.4

UNIT-III

5. a) Explain why sliding friction is less than static friction.

4M

b) Determine the force P required to start the wedge shownin Fig.5. The angle of 8M friction for all surfaces in contacts is 15⁰.

(OR)

6. Determine the force in each member of the crane truss shown in Fig.6 by using 12M method of joints.

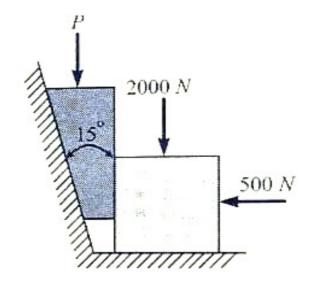


Fig.5

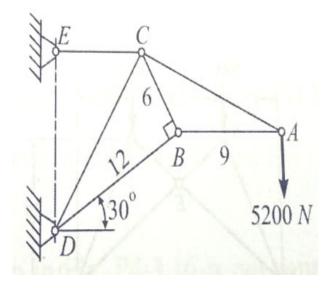


Fig.6

4M

8M

UNIT-IV

- 7. a) State and explain theorem of Pappus.
 - b) Determine the centroid of the lines that form the boundary of the shaded area in fig. 7.

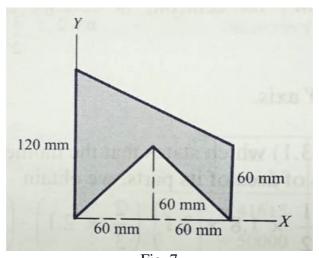


Fig. 7 **3 of 4**

8. Show that the moment of inertia for the area of any regular polygon is a constant with respect to all centroidal axes in the plane area.

UNIT-V

9. a) Define plane motion? Write a application of kinematic equations?

4M 8M

b) The compound wheel shown in fig.8 rolls without slipping. At the given position, the velocity of A is 2 m/s and the acceleration of A is 6 m/s², both directed to the right.compute the acceleration of points B and C.

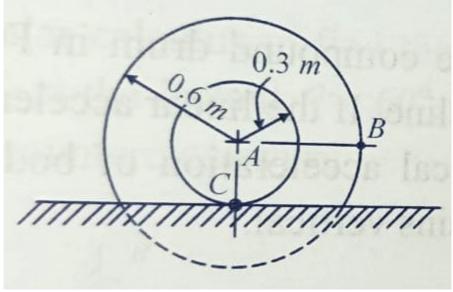


Fig. 8 **(OR)**

10. A solid cylinder and ahomogeneous sphere, each of weigth W and radius r, roll 12M without slipping down a plane inclined at Θ^0 with the horizantal. For each body, determine the minimum coefficient of friction to prevent slipping and the acceleration of the mass center.

CODE: 16CE2004

SET-1

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, December, 2022 SURVEYING

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

1. a) What is Surveying? What are the principles of surveying? 7M

b) Discuss briefly about the errors in chaining.

7M

(OR)

2. The bearings of the lines of traverse are given below. Find the 14M included angles and correct the bearings for local attraction, if any.

Line	F.B	B.B
AB	$73^{0}40^{1}$	$252^{0}30^{1}$
BC	$113^{0}50^{1}$	$295^{0}20^{1}$
CD	$164^{0}20^{1}$	$344^{0}20^{1}$
DE	$223^{0}40^{1}$	$43^{0}00^{1}$
EA	$303^{0}50^{1}$	$123^{0}45^{1}$

UNIT-II

3. a) Define i) Mean sea level ii) Horizontal Plane iii) Level 8M Surface iv) Bench Mark

b) Explain the methods of levelling.

6M

(OR)

4. The following staff readings were observed successfully with 14M level, the instrument having been moved forward after the second, fourth and eighth readings: 0.875, 1.235, 2.310, 1.385, 2.930, 3.125, 4.125, 0.120, 1.875, 2.030, and 3.765. The first reading was taken with the staff held upon a BM of elevation 132.135m. Enter the readings in level book form and reduce the levels. Apply the usual checks. Find also the difference in levels between the first and last points.

UNIT-III

5. a) Explain briefly the temporary adjustments of theodolite.

10M

b) What are the advantages of total station

4M

(OR)

1 of 2

6. A line was levelled tacheometrically with tacheometer fitted with an anallactic lens, the value of the multiplying constant being 100. The following observations were made, the staff having been held vertically.

RL of BM=583.66m. Compute the RL's of P, Q and R.

Instrument	Height of	Staff	Vertical	Staff reading(r		<u>m</u>)
station	instrument	held	angle	Bottom	Centre	Top
P	1.40	BM	-1° 35'	1.120	2.330	3.540
P	1.40	Q	+2° 54'	1.210	2.380	3.550
Q	1.38	R	+3° 12'	0.865	2.425	3.985

UNIT-IV

7. Explain briefly the methods of traversing by fast needle method. 14M (**OR**)

8. Calculate latitudes, departures and closing error for the following traverse and adjust using Bowditch's rule.

14M

Line	Length (m)	Whole circle bearing
AB	89.31	$45^{0}10^{I}$
BC	219.76	$72^{0}05^{1}$
CD	151.18	$161^{0}52^{I}$
DE	159.10	$228^{0}43^{I}$
EA	232.26	$300^{0}42^{I}$

UNIT-V

9. The top (Q) of a chimney was sighted from two stations P and R at very different levels, the stations P and R being in the line with the top of the chimney. The angle of elevation from P to the top of the chimney was 38° 21' and that from R to the top of the chimney was 21° 18'. The angle of elevation from R to a vane 2m above the foot of the staff held at P was 15° 11'. The heights of the instrument at P and R were 1.87m and 1.64m respectively. The horizontal distance between P and R was 127m and the reduced level of R was 112.78m. Find the R.L of the top of the chimney and the horizontal distance from P to the chimney.

(OR)

- 10. The chainage of the intersection of two straights having the 14M deflection angle of 50° is 1680.50m. If the radius of the curve is 450m, calculate the following:
 - i. Tangent distance
- ii. Length of the curve
- iii. Chainages of point of curvature and point of tangency
- iv. Length of long chord v. Degree of curve vi.Apex distance and vii. mid-ordinate.