CODE: 18CET208 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

MECHANICS OF SOLIDS-II (Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 60

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

Derive the differential equation for a cantilever beam carrying a concentrated load

5M

5M

5M

at the free end.
b) A cast iron beam 40 mm wide and 80 mm deep is placed on supports 1.25m apart 7M and is subjected to a central point load 30kN. If the central deflection is found to be 6.5mm, find the value of the young's modulus for the material.

(OR)

- 2. a) What is moment area method? Explain the two Mohr's theorems, as applicable to 5M slope of the beams.
 - b) A simply supported beam 10m long carries two point loads each of 80kN at 3m 7M from each end. Determine the slope and deflection under the loads. Take flexural rigidity (EI) = 30×10^3 kN-m².

UNIT-II

- 3. a) Show that in thin cylinder shells subjected to fluid pressure, the circumferential 5M stresses is twice the longitudinal stress.
 - b) Calculate: i) the change in diameter, (ii) change in length and (iii) change in 7N volume of a thin cylindrical shell 100 cm diameter, 1 cm thick and 5 m long when subjected to internal pressure of 3 N/mm². Take the value of $E = 2X10^5$ N/mm² and Poisson's ratio is 0.3.

(OR)

4. a) Differentiate between a thick and thin cylinder.

1. a)

b) A thick spherical shell of 400 mm internal diameter is subjected to an internal fluid 7M pressure of 1.5 N/mm². If the permissible tensile stresses in the shell material is 3 N/mm², find the necessary thickness of the shell.

UNIT-III

- 5. a) Derive an expression for the stresses on oblique plane of a rectangular body, when 5 M the body is subjected to a simple shear stress.
 - b) At a point in a strained material the principal stresses are 100 N/mm² (tensile) and 7N 60N/mm² (compression). Determine the normal stress, shear stress and resultant stress on a plane inclined at 50⁰ to the axis of the major principal stress. Also determine the maximum shear stress at the point.

(\mathbf{OR})

- 6. a) Write a short note on Mohr's circle of stresses.
 - b) At a certain point in a strained material, the intensities of stresses on two planes at 7M right angles to each other are 20 N/mm² and 10 N/mm² both tensile. They are accompanied by a shear stress of magnitude 10 N/mm². Find graphically or otherwise, the location of principal planes and evaluate the principal stresses.

UNIT-IV

7. a) Define slenderness ratio. State the limitations of Euler's formula.
 5M
 b) A solid round bar 4 m long and 6 cm in diameter is used as a strut with both ends hinged. Determine the crippling load. Take E = 2 X10⁵ N/mm².

(OR)

8. Determine the ratio of buckling strengths of two columns one hallow and other solid. Both are made of the same material and have the same length, cross sectional area and end conditions. The internal diameter of hollow column is half its external diameter.

UNIT-V

9. a) Determine the terms: Retaining wall, dam and angle of repose.

5M

b) A masonry retaining wall of trapezoidal section is 10 m high and retains earth 7M which is level up to the top. The wall width at the top is 2m and at bottom 8m and the exposed face is vertical. Find the maximum and minimum intensities of normal stress at the base.

(OR)

10. Determine the maximum and minimum stresses at the base of an hollow circular chimney of height 20 m with external diameter 4m and internal diameter 2 m. the chimney is subjected to a horizontal wind pressure of intensity 1kN/m². The specific weight of the material of chimney is 22 kN/m³.

2 of 2

CODE: 18EET208

SET-1

6M

6M

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

POWER SYSTEMS-I

		(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)	
Time: 3	Ho		s: 60
		Answer ONE Question from each Unit	
		All Questions Carry Equal Marks	
		All parts of the Question must be answered at one place	
		<u>UNIT-I</u>	
1.		Draw the line diagram of Thermal power plant and Explain its working?	12M
		(OR)	
2.		Classify Hydro power plants in detail and Explain?	12M
		<u>UNIT-II</u>	
		<u> </u>	
3.		Explain the working of Solar power station and Explain each component?	12M
		(OR)	
4.	a)	Explain Pressurised water reactor?	6M
	b)	Explain Boiling water reactor?	6M
		<u>UNIT-III</u>	
5.		Classify Distribution systems in detail?	12M
		(OR)	
6.	a)	What are differences between AC and DC distribution systems?	6M
	b)	Explain about Radial distribution system with diagram?	6M
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>	
7.		Classify Substations in detail?	12M
		(OR)	
8.	a)	What are advantages of Gas Insulated substations?	6M
	b)	Draw one line diagram of Gas Insulated substations?	6M
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.		Define the terms: Load curve, Load duration curve, Integrated Load duration curve	12M
		Connected load and Maximum demand	
10		(OR)	0.1

Define Fixed cost, Semi fixed cost and Running cost?

What are characteristics of Tariff?

10. a)

CODE: 18MET206 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY -I

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 60

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

1.	a) b)	Explain the different types of patterns used in modern foundry. Briefly discuss the properties of moulding sand.	8M 4M
		(OR)	
2.	a)	What are melting furnaces? Explain about cupola furnace.	6M
	b)	Explain any four casting defects with causes and their remedies.	6M
		<u>UNIT-II</u>	
3.	a)	Explain the types of gas welding flames and under what conditions they are used.	6M
	b)	Draw a neat sketch and explain electro slag welding process.	6M
	0)	(OR)	01/1
4.	a)	With a neat sketch explain thermit welding process.	6M
	b)	Sketch the different types of weld defects and mention how they occur.	6M
		<u>UNIT-III</u>	
5.	a)	What are the advantages of hot working over cold working?	6M
٥.	b)	Derive a formula for maximum reduction possible for one pass in rolling process.	6M
	0)	(OR)	0111
6.	a)	Briefly explain about hydrostatic extrusion with neat sketch.	6M
	b)	Briefly explain about tube drawing process with neat sketch.	6M
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>	
7.	a)	What is meant by closed die forging? Discuss briefly.	6M
	b)	Describe the press forging operation and its applications	6M
	- /	(\mathbf{OR})	
8.	a)	With the help of neat sketch explain the cup drawing process.	6M
	b)	Discuss about sheet metal embossing, coining operations.	6M
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.	a)	What are the different types of high velocity forming process? Discuss about	6M
		Explosive forming process.	
	b)	Discuss about magnetic pulse forming process and its applications	6M
		(\mathbf{OR})	
10.	a)	Distinguish between thermosetting and thermoplastic	6M
	b)	Describe the principle of injection moulding process with suitable diagram.	6M
		1 of 1	

CODE: 18ECT210 **SET-1**

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

PULSE AND DIGITAL CIRCUITS

(Electronics and Communication Engineering) **Time: 3 Hours** Max Marks: 60 Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the Question must be answered at one place **UNIT-I** Draw the response of RC-High pass circuit for a pulse input with different RC time 6M 1. a) constants. Draw and explain the attenuator circuit also obtain the condition for perfect b) 6M compensation. (OR) 2. a) Draw the response of step input to a low pass RC circuit also obtain the equation 6M for raise time. Draw and explain the RLC ringing circuit also give its applications. 6M b) **UNIT-II** Classify different types of Clipping circuits. 3. a) 6M Draw and explain transistor clipper. 6M b) (OR) Draw and explain through wave forms of negative clamping circuit. 4. a) 6M Draw and explain emitter coupled clipper. b) 6M **UNIT-III** Draw and explain the switching times of Transistor. 5. a) 6M Draw and explain the fixed bias transistor Bi-stable multivibrator. b) 6M (OR) Draw and explain the operation of self biased Transistor binary. 6. a) 6M Explain different triggering methods in Bi-stable multivibrator circuits 6M b) **UNIT-IV** Draw and explain through wave forms of collector coupled Monostable 7. a) 6M multivibrator Draw the circuit diagram to convert voltage to frequency using Astable multi 6M b) vibrator. (OR) Design an astable multivibrator for an output amplitude of 15V and square wave 8. 12M frequency of 500Hz. Assume $h_{fe (min)}$ =50, $I_{c(sat)}$ =5mA and $V_{CE(sat)}$ =0V. **UNIT-V** 9. Define and relate the three errors in voltage time base generator. a) 6M b) Draw and explain basic principles of Sampling gate. 6M

Draw and explain the operation of 4- Diode sampling gate.

Give the applications of Sampling Gates.

10.

a)

b)

(OR)

6M

6M

CODE: 18CST207 **SET-1**

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (Common to CSE & IT)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 60

Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

		<u>UI III I</u>	
1.	a) b)	Differentiate Database Systems versus file Systems. Explain different Data models with examples. (OR)	5M 7M
2.	a) b)	Explain the Characteristics of the Database Approach. What are the responsibilities of the DBA and the database designers?	6M 6M
		<u>UNIT-II</u>	
3.	a)	Explain natural join operation with example? Discuss various types of inner join operations. Why is theta join required?	6M
	b)	Explain types of attributes and Constraints on Relationship types in E-R model with example.	6M
		(OR)	
4.	a) b)	Describe the constraints of Relational model with suitable example Explain the additional features of ER model.	5M 7M
		<u>UNIT-III</u>	
5.	a)	Explain Nested Queries with example.	6M
	b)	Explain about Triggers.	6M
		(OR)	
6.	a)	Explain Aggregative Operators.	6M
	b)	Discuss the Complex Integrity Constraints in SQL	6M
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>	
7.	a)	How does BCNF differ from and is stronger than 3NF. Illustrate your answer with an example?	5M
	b)	Define and describe functional dependency, closure of F & Minimal set. (OR)	7M
8.	a)	What is a lock? Describe the types of locks used in concurrency control?	4M
	b)	Explain two – phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability?	8M
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.	a)	Explain the classification of failures.	6M
	b)	Explain shadow paging with a neat diagram and discuss its drawbacks. (OR)	6M
10.	a)	Discuss Hash based Indexing.	6M
	b)	Compare different File Organizations.	6M

CODE: 16CE2009 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-II

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

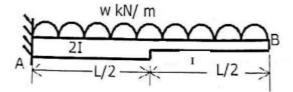
Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

1. A simply supported beam of span 5m is subjected to two concentrated loads 8kN, 14M 10kN at a distance of 2m and 4m from left end respectively. Determine the maximum deflection and the slopes at the ends using Macaulay's method.

(OR)

2. A cantilever beam AB shown in figure. Find slope and deflection at free end by Moment-Area method.



UNIT-II

3. At a point in strained material, the principal stresses are 60N/mm² and 40N/mm² Find the position of plane across which the resultant stress is inclined to the normal and determine the value of this stress.

(OR)

4. An element in a stressed material has tensile stress 60N/mm² and a compressive 14M stress of 35 N/mm² acting on two mutually perpendicular planes and equal shear stress of 20N/mm² On these planes. Find principle planes, principle stresses and plane of maximum shear stresses and magnitude of maximum shear stress by Mohr's circle method.

UNIT-III

- 5. a) Derive the expressions for circumferential and longitudinal stresses in thin cylinders subjected to internal fluid pressure.
 - b) A thin cylinder of internal diameter 1.25m contains a fluid at an internal pressure 7M of 2N/mm². Determine the maximum thickness of the cylinder if (i) longitudinal stress is not to exceed 30N/mm² and (ii) circumferential stress is not to exceed 45N/mm²

7M

(OR)

The maximum stress permitted in a thick cylinder of internal and external radii 20 cm and 30 cm respectively is 15.5 N/mm². If the external pressure is 4 N/mm², find the internal pressure that can be applied. Plot the curves showing the variation of hoop and radial stresses through the material. What will be the change in thickness of the cylinder? $E=2.1\times10^5$ N/mm² . 1/m=0.3 (Poisson's ratio)

UNIT-IV

7.	a)	Derive Euler's formula for critical load when both ends of the columns are hinged.	7M
	b)	Derive Euler's formula for columns when one end of the column is fixed and the other end pinned or hinged.	7M
		(OR)	
8.	a)	State and explain Rankine's hypothesis for columns.	7M
	b)	A 1.5 m long column has a circular cross section of 5 cm diameter, one of the ends	
		of the column is fixed in direction and other end is free. Take factor of safety as 3.	7M
		Calculate the safe load using Rankines formula, take $\sigma c = 560 \text{ N/mm}^2$	
		and $a = 1/1600$.	
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.		A masonry chimney, 25 meters high, of uniform circular section, 4 meters	14 M
		external diameter and 2 meters internal diameter is subjected to a horizontal	
		wind pressure of 1.2KN/m ² of projected area. Find the maximum and minimum	
		stress intensities at the base, if the specific weight of masonry is 22KN/m ²	
		(\mathbf{OR})	
10.	a)	Define core of section. Sketch the core section for a rectangular section.	7M
	• \	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	53. 6
	b)	e	7M
		an eccentricity of 50mm in the plane bisecting the thickness. Find the maximum	
		and minimum stress.	

2 of 2

CODE: 16EE2011 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

POWER SYSTEMS – II

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

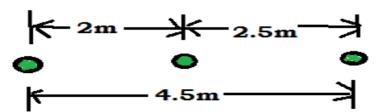
Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

- 1. a) What do you understand by transposition of lines? What is its effect on the Performance of the line?
 - b) Derive an expression for the inductance per phase for a 3- phase overhead 8M transmission line when conductors are unsymmetrically placed but the line is completely transposed

(OR)

- 2. a) Derive e an expression for capacitance of 3-phase symmetrically spaced line. 6M
 - b) A three phase, 50Hz, 66kV overhead line conductors are placed in a horizontal 8 M plane as shown in Fig. The conductor diameter is 1.25cm. If the line length is 100km, calculate (i) Capacitance per phase (ii) Charging current per phase, assuming complete transposition of the line



<u>UNIT-II</u>

- 3. a) Find the expression for regulation and efficiency of short transmission line. 6 M
 b) A 3-phase, 50 Hz transmission line 100 km long delivers 20 MW at 0.9 p.f. 8 M
 - b) A 3-phase, 50 Hz transmission line 100 km long delivers 20 MW at 0.9 p.f. 8 lagging and at 110 kV. The resistance and reactance of the line per phase per km are $0.2~\Omega$ and $0.4~\Omega$ respectively, while capacitance admittance is $2.5~\times~10^{-6}$ siemen/km/phase. Calculate: (i) the current and voltage at the sending end (ii) efficiency of transmission. Use nominal T method

(OR)

- 4. a) Obtain the ABCD parameters of nominal- π circuit of medium transmission line. 6 M
 - b) Derive the expression for regulation and efficiency of medium nominal π 8 M configuration transmission line.

UNIT-III

5. a) Explain about the equivalent T model of long transmission line . 6 M

8 M

b) A 3-phase transmission line has the following constants. Resistance/ ph/km = 0.16 Ohm; reactance/ ph/km = 0.25 ohm. Shunt admittance/ph/km = 1.5×10-6 mho. Calculate by rigorous method the sending end voltage and current when the line is delivering a load P-20MW at 0.8 p.f lagging. The receiving end voltage is kept Constant at 110 kV

(OR)

Explain the concepts of incident, reflected and refracted waves in the Transmission 6 M 6. a) lines? Prove that the velocity of propagation of travelling waves is equal to the velocity 8 M b) Of light? **UNIT-IV** Explain skin effect, proximity effect? 7. a) 6 M Find the critical disruptive voltage and the critical voltages for local and general 8 M b) corona on a 3-phase overhead transmission line, consisting of three stranded copper conductors spaced 2.5 m apart at the corners of an equilateral triangle. Air temperature and pressure are 21°C and 73.6 cm Hg respectively. The conductor dia, irregularity factor and surface factors are 10.4 mm, 0.85, 0.7 and 0.8 respectively. (OR)What is corona? What are the advantages and disadvantages of corona? 8. a) 6 M b) Explain the factors effecting the corona and methods to reduce corona. 8 M **UNIT-V** 9. Explain the various methods for improving the string efficiency in a string of 6 M a) insulators. In a 33kV overhead line, there are three units in the string of insulators. If the 8 M b) capacitance between each insulator pin and earth is 11% of self-capacitance of each insulator, Find (i) the distribution of voltages over 3 insulators and (ii) string efficiency. (OR) 10. a) Derive the expression for sag when the supports are at un equal heights 6 M A transmission line has a span of 150 m between level supports. The conductor 8 M has a cross-sectional area of 2cm². The tension in the conductor is 2000kg. If the specific gravity of the conductor material is 9.9 gm/cm³ and wind pressure is 1.5 kg/m length, calculate the sag. What is the vertical sag?

CODE: 16ME2011 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

MACHINE DRAWING (Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

Note: Answer any two questions from section A and Section B is compulsory

Section A

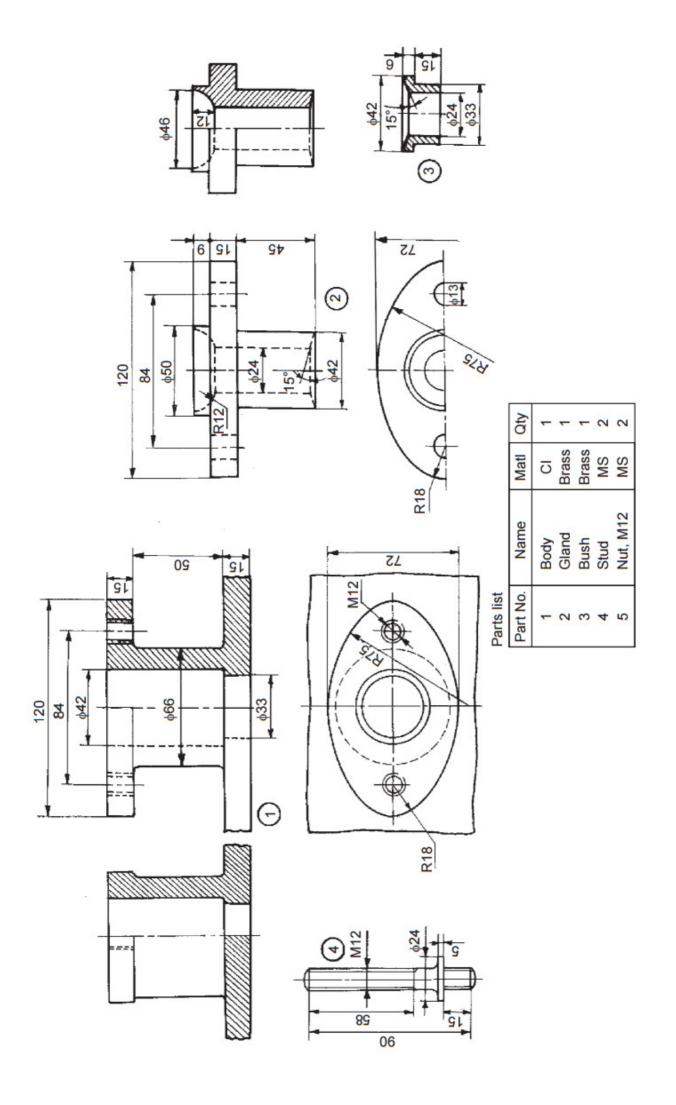
(2x15=30Marks)

- 1. Sketch the following
 - a. Whitworth thread of pitch 10 mm.
 - b. Two views hexagonal nut of diameter 20 mm.
- 2. Sketch the two views of double riveted zig zag lap joint for joining two steel plates of 15 mm thick.
- 3. Two square rods of side 40 mm each, are connected by a cotter joint with a gib. Sketch the following views of the assembly: (i) half sectional view from the front and (ii) view from the side.

Section B

(1x40=40Marks)

- 4. Assemble all the parts of Stuffing box in figure below and draw the following views.
 - i) Half sectional front view
 - ii) Top view



CODE: 16EC2012 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

RANDOM VARIABLES AND STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

UNIT-I

- 1. a) Explain about joint and conditional probability.
 b) In a certain college, 4% of the men and 1% of the women are taller than 6 feet. Furthermore, 60% of the students are women. Now if a student is selected at random and is taller than 6 feet, what is the probability that the student is women?
- 2. a) Find P(AlB) if (a) $A \cap B = \emptyset$, (b) $A \subset B$, and (c) $B \subset A$. 7M
 - b) A company producing electric relays has three manufacturing plants producing 50, 30 and 20 percent, respectively of its product. Suppose that the probabilities that a relay manufactured by these plants is defective are 0.02, 0.05 and 0.01 respectively.
 - i) If a relay is selected at random from the output of the company, what is the probability that it is defective?

 7M
 - ii) If a relay is selected at random is found to be defective, what is the probability that it was manufactured by plant 2?

<u>UNIT-II</u>

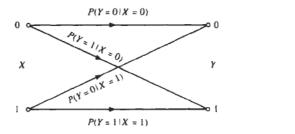
- 3. a) Explain the Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable

 b) Explain the following
 (i) Moments about the Origin, (ii) Central Moments, (iii) Variance and (iv) Skew

 (OR)
- 4. a) Differentiate Discrete, Continuous and Mixed Random Variables 5M
 - b) State and prove the properties of cumulative distribution function

UNIT-III

- 5. a) Explain the laws of large numbers and the central limit theorem?
 - b) Consider the binary communication channel shown below.



7M

9M

7M

Let (X, Y) be a bivariate r.v., where X is the input to the channel and Y is the output of the channel. Let P(X = 0) = 0.5, P(Y = 1 | X = 0) = 0.1, and P(Y = 0 | X = 1) = 0.2.

- i) Find the joint pdf's of (X, Y).
- ii) Find the marginal pdf's of X and Y.

5M

6M

7M

(OR)

- 6. a) Explain the Joint Moments of Random Variables.
 - b) The joint pdf of a bivariate r.v. (X, Y) is given by

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} k(x + y) & 0 < x < 2, \ 0 < y < 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 9M

where k is a constant.(i) Find the value of k. (ii) Find the marginal pdf's of X and Y.

UNIT-IV

- 7. a) State and explain various properties of Auto correlation function 6M
 - b) A random process is defined as $X(t)=A.\cos(\varpi_c t+\theta)$, where ' θ ' is a random variable, uniformly distributed over $(0,2\pi)$. Verify the process is Ergodic in the mean sense and auto correlation sense.

(OR)

- 8. a) Consider a random variable process X(t)=a cos ϖt , where ' ϖ ' is a constant and A is a random variable uniformly distribution over (0,1). Find the auto correlation and covariance of X(t)?
 - b) Differentiate the Deterministic and Nondeterministic processes.

UNIT-V

- 9. a) Derive the Relationship between power spectrum and autocorrelation function 7M
 - b) A stationary random process X(t) with zero mean and autocorrelation $R_{xx}(\tau) = e^{-2|T|}$ is applied to a system of function $H(\omega) = \frac{1}{2+j\omega}$ develop the PSD of output.

(OR)

- 10. a) Define cross power density spectrum and prove its properties 7M
 - b) Find the auto correlation function of the random process whose psd is $16/(\omega^2+4)$

2 of 2

CODE: 16CS2008 SET-2

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (Common to CSE & IT)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit
All Questions Carry Equal Marks
All parts of the Question must be answered at one place

		All parts of the Question must be answered at one place		
	<u>UNIT-I</u>			
1.	a)	What is a Database model? List out various database models and explain any two of them.	7M	
	b)	Demonstrate data abstraction implementation in DBMS. (OR)	7M	
2.	a)	Who are the different database users? Explain their interfaces to database management system.	6M	
	b)	With a neat diagram, explain the structure of Database Management System.	8M	
		<u>UNIT-II</u>		
3.	a)	How to ensure the integrity with key constraints in database systems? Explain with primary and foreign key constraints.	6M	
	b)	Construct an ER diagram for Car Insurance company Database. Identify entities, attributes for each entity, relationship among entities. Represent necessary constraints in this database design process in detail. (OR)	8M	
4.	a)	Construct an E-R diagram for a hospital with a set of patients and a set of medical doctors. Associate with each patient a log of the various tests and examinations conducted.	8M	
	b)	Write the additional features of E/R Model.	6M	
		<u>UNIT-III</u>		
5.	a)	Describe the importance of nested queries. Give its application in performing various aggregation operations.	7M	
	b)	Consider the SAILOR DATABASE Sailors(sid: integer, sname: string, rating: integer, age: real); Boats(bid: integer, bname: string, color: string); Reserves(sid: integer, bid: integer, day: date). Based on the above schema, write the corresponding SQL queries for the following? i) Find the names of sailors who have reserved a red boat, and list in the order of age ii) Find the names of sailors who have reserved at least one boat.	7M	
		1) I had the hamiles of buildis who have feed to at least one body.		

(OR)

same day.

iii) Find the ids and names of sailors who have reserved two different boats on the

6.	a) b)	Explain Logical connectives AND,OR and NOT impact on SQL Constructs Write the SQL expressions for the following relational database: <i>Sailor schema</i> (sailor id, Boat id, sailor name, rating, age) <i>Reserves</i> (Sailor id, Boat id, Day) <i>Boat Schema</i> (boat id, Boat name, color) i) Find the age of the youngest sailor for each rating level. ii) Find the age of the youngest sailor who is eligible to vote for each rating level with at lead two such sailors. iii) Find the number of reservations for each red boat. iv) Find the average age of sailor for each rating level that at least 2 sailors.	6M 8M
		<u>UNIT-IV</u>	
7.	a) b)	Write the properties of functional dependencies Does two phase locking protocol ensure conflict serializability? Justify your answer with appropriate examples.	6M 8M
8.	a) b)	(OR) What is lossless join decomposition? Explain the same with an example. Define transaction and explain desirable properties of transactions	7M 7M
		<u>UNIT-V</u>	
9.	a) b)		7M 7M
10	. a) b)	Explain Log Based Recovery in detail	6M 8M

CODE: 13ME2012 SET-1

ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI (AUTONOMOUS)

II B.Tech II Semester Supplementary Examinations, January-2022

MACHINE DRAWING

(Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70

PART-A: Answer any two questions from PART-A

[2 X 15=30Marks]

PART-B is Compulsory

PART-A

2 X 15=30Marks

- 1. Draw the two views of a hexagonal headed bolt of nominal diameter 25 mm and length 100 mm with a hexagonal nut and washer. (15 M)
- 2. Draw (a) sectional view from the front and (b) view from above, of the double riveted, double strap, chain butt joint, to join plates of thickness 10 mm.
- 3. Draw sectional top view and front views of a knuckle joint to connect two rods of 20 mm diameter (15 M)

PART-B

[1x40=40M]

- 4. Assemble all the parts of Stuffing box in figure below and draw the following views.
 - i) Half sectional front view
 - ii) Top view

