

AR13**Set-02****Code: 13BS1003****ADITYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT, TEKKALI
(AUTONOMOUS)****I B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, August, 2014****ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III****(Common to CE, ME, CSE, IT, ECE & EEE)****Time: 3 hours****Max. Marks: 70****PART-A****Answer all questions****[10x1M=10M]**

1.

- Define Normal form of a Matrix
- When do you say that system of equations are consistent
- Define Eigen values and Eigen vectors
- State Cayley- Hamilton theorem
- Write Eulers formula for Fourier series in $(\alpha, \alpha + 2\pi)$
- Write Fourier Sine and Cosine integral formula
- Write change of scale property for Z- Transforms
- Evaluate $Z^{-1} \left[\left(\frac{z}{z-a} \right)^2 \right]$
- Compute $\beta(3,5)$
- Prove that $\beta(m,n) = \beta(m+1,n) + \beta(m,n+1)$

Part-B**Answer one question from each unit****[5X12=60M]****Unit-I**

2. a) Reduce the following matrix into Echelon form and hence find its rank

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 6 & 8 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Test for Consistency and solve

$$5x+3y+7z=4; 3x+26y+2z=9; 7x+2y+10z=5$$

[6M+6M]**(OR)**

3. a) Determine the Rank of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Apply Gauss-Elimination method to solve the equations
- $x+4y-z=-5$
- ;
- $x+y-6z=-12$
- ;
- $3x-y-z=4$

[6M+6M]**Unit-II**

4. a) Find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Find the characteristic equation of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and hence

compute A^{-1} . Also express the polynomial

$$A^8 - 5A^7 + 7A^6 - 3A^5 + A^4 - 5A^3 + 8A^2 - 2A + I \text{ as a polynomial in } A.$$

[6M+6M]

(OR)

5. Reduce the Quadratic form $2x_1x_2 + 2x_2x_3 - 2x_1x_3$ to a canonical form by an orthogonal reduction and discuss its nature.

[12M]

Unit-III

6. a) Expand $f(x) = x \sin x$ as a Fourier series in $0 < x < 2\pi$

- b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \frac{1}{(1+x^2)}$

[6M+6M]

(OR)

7. a) Expand $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} - x; & \text{if } 0 < x < 1/2 \\ x - \frac{3}{4}; & \text{if } \frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \end{cases}$ as a Fourier series in terms of Sine.

- b) Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$

Hence evaluate $\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin x}{x} dx$

[6M+6M]

Unit-IV

8. a) Find the Z-Transform of $n^2 e^{n\theta}$

- b) Using Z-Transforms solve $y_{n+2} - 7y_{n+1} + 12y_n = 0$ given that $y(0) = 1$ and $y_1(0) = 2$

[6M+6M]

(OR)

9. a) Find $Z(\cosh at \sinh bt)$

- b) Find the inverse Z-Transform of $\frac{z}{(z-1)(z^2+1)}$

[6M+6M]

Unit-V

10. a) Show that $\beta(p, q) = \int_0^\infty \frac{x^{p-1}}{(1+x)^{p+q}} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{x^{p-1} + x^{q-1}}{(1+x)^{p+q}} dx$

- b) Prove that $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{1}{5} \beta\left(\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

[6M+6M]

(OR)

11. a) Prove that $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \times \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} = \frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{2}}$

- b) Express the integral $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx$ in terms of Gamma functions

[6M+6M]