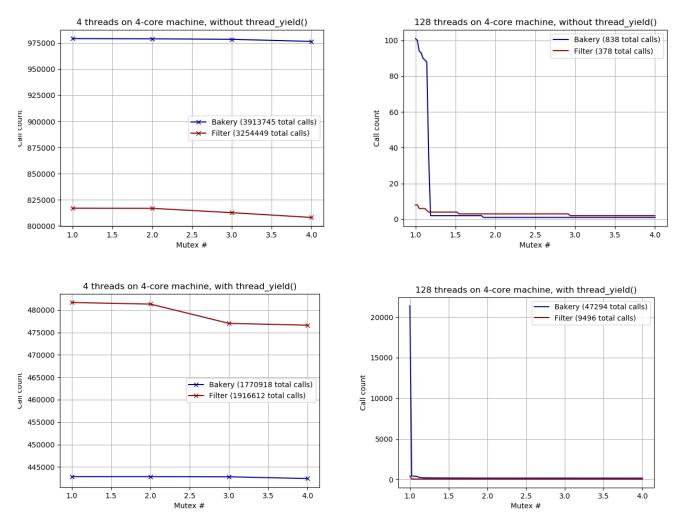
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In part 1 I implemented 2 different mutexes: the Filter Lock and the Bakery Lock; once using the yield() function and once without. In the version without yield, I found that the locks performed around 3.6 million calls, with a pretty Fair distribution of load between the threads. On the other hand, running 128 threads with yield() demonstrated very poor performance- resulting in <1000 calls in both the Bakery and the Filter implementations. Of course, this is 4x the amount of cores my machine has, but most of the performance loss can be attributed to brute-force, iterative searches and comparisons (based on thread count) found in both implementations. A better implementation would avoid $0(n^2)$ comparisons.

Interestingly, using yield() cuts the performance in half in the 4-threaded version, yet boosts the performance of the 128-threaded version by a factor >10x. The yield() function's impact can vary from 0S to 0S, and in this case I found it to scale well with thread count. I attribute the performance gain to an efficient sleeping of threads being performed under the hood. Of course, with a lot of threads, most threads will be sleeping when waiting for a long time, which explains the gain with 128 threads. However, with only 4 threads, such a protocol isn't needed since threads won't be stuck in the busy-wait loop for long, hence the decrease in performance.

Standard Deviation

	Bakery	Filter
4 Threads, no yield()	1237.387	4205.437
128 Threads, no yield()	21.258	1.0929
4 Threads, with yield()	204.962	2712.750
128 Threads, with yield()	1872.343	35.337

Better exemplified by the graphs, we find that the greatest variance occurs in the Bakery Lock with 128 threads, while the Filter lock stays relatively Fair. I find this behavior odd, and I attribute it to an error in the implementation. The Bakery Lock should be more Fair than the Filter because of its first-come-first-served nature, while in the Filter lock the victim check can be rewarded to one thread an arbitrary amount of times.