

# LLMs, LangChain and Conversational Flows

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## **Agenda**

- From ML to NLP and GenAl
   The rise of a new Al era
- LangChain
   Managing conversational flows with LLMs
- LangGraph
   Building stateful and dynamic conversational flows
- Example Notebook



## From ML to NLP and GenAl

The rise of a new Al era



### From classic ML to language understanding

#### Classic Machine Learning

- Works well with structured data (tables, numbers, labels)
- Uses algorithms like regression, decision trees, SVMs
- Requires manual feature engineering and domain expertise

#### The Challenge

- Language is unstructured, ambiguous and contextdependent
- Traditional ML struggles to capture meaning, syntax and semantics



### NLP Evolution, GenAl and the rise of LLMs

Natural Language Processing (NLP)	Generative AI (GenAI)	Large Language Models (LLMs)
<ul> <li>Field of AI that deals with the automatic processing of natural language (text or human voice)</li> <li>Early approaches: rule-based systems, bag-of-words, TF-IDF</li> <li>Then: statistical models, followed by word embeddings (Word2Vec, Glove)</li> <li>Breakthrough: Transformers (2017) → enabled true deep contextual understanding</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Field of AI that focuses on generating content (i.e. text, images, code, audio, video)</li> <li>Produces original, high-quality outputs</li> <li>Enables multimodal interaction (e.g. text-to-image, code from natural language)</li> <li>Fuels next-gen applications in productivity, creativity and automation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foundation models trained on massive text corpora</li> <li>Can generate, translate, summarize and reason over language</li> <li>Examples: GPT (OpenAI), Gemini (Google), LLaMA (Meta), Claude (Anthropic), Mistral (Mistral AI)</li> </ul>

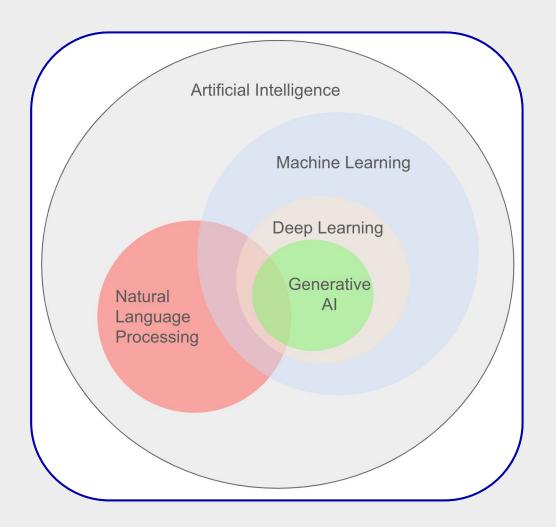


## **Overlapping fields in Modern Al**

## How these areas of AI relate to each other?

Aside is a Venn diagram showing how key Al domains **intersect** and **contain** one another

These overlaps highlight how today's most powerful AI systems combine multiple subfields into a unified capability





## Why LLMs matter?

- Understand context, nuance, and intent in language
- Can be used for zero-shot and few-shot learning: less data, more generalization
- Enable new capabilities:
  - Conversational Al
  - Semantic search
  - Code generation
  - Document analysis
- Shift from task-specific ML to general-purpose language intelligence





Managing conversational flows with LLMs



## Introduction to LangChain

#### What is LangChain?

- Open-source framework for building applications powered by Large Language Models (LLMs)
- Facilitates the creation of complex conversational agents
- Easily integrates with databases, APIs, external files, and ML models
- Available on Python and JavaScript



## **Key components of LangChain**

#### Model I/O

Standardized interface for interacting with different language models

#### Memory

Manages conversational memory for more human-like interactions

#### Chain

Modular sequences of model calls (**prompt** → **LLM** → **actions**)

#### Agents

Autonomous entities that dynamically decide actions using models



### **Managing Conversational Flows**

#### Memory Types

- BufferMemory (full conversation history)
- SummaryMemory (automatic summarization)
- EntityMemory (tracks specific entities)

#### Dynamic Routing

LangChain can select different conversational flows based on the context



## **Integrating Language Models**

- Supports models like OpenAI, Hugging Face, Cohere,
   Anthropic and more
- PromptTemplate
   Creates reusable, parameterized prompts

```
prompt_template = PromptTemplate.from_template("Tell me a joke about {topic}")
prompt_template.invoke({"topic": "cats"})
```

Model Wrappers

Integrate diverse APIs while maintaining a consistent application logic



#### **Use Cases and Benefits**

#### Use Cases

Smart chatbots, custom search engines, document automation tools

#### Benefits

- Modular and flexible
- Greatly reduces development time
- Extensible with custom plugins



## LangGraph

Building Stateful and Dynamic Conversational Flows



## What is LangGraph?

- LangGraph = LangChain + State Machines + Graph Logic
  - Graph-based extension of LangChain for building complex, dynamic LLM flows
  - Inspired by finite state machines and directed acyclic graphs
     (DAGs)
  - Nodes represent steps (e.g. LLM calls, logic), while edges define conditional transitions
  - Enables non-linear flows, loops, and real-time decision branches
- Why it matters:
  - Traditional chains are linear
  - LangGraph brings structure + flexibility to conversations



## LangGraph's Key Features and Use Cases

#### Key Features

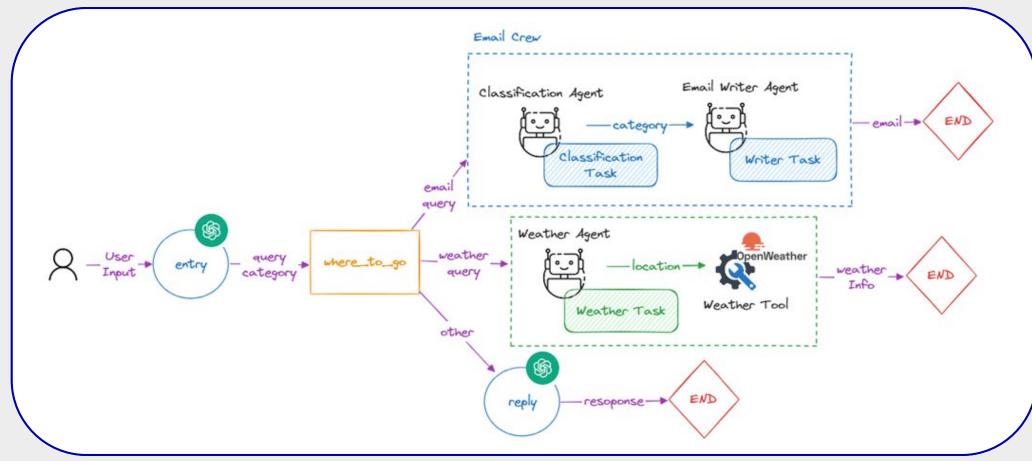
- Loop & branching: perfect for iterative reasoning or fallback logic
- State tracking: handles memory and user context across steps
- Composable: build reusable graph components for complex tasks
- Integrated with LangChain tools, memory and agents

#### Use Cases

- Multi-step chatbots with error recovery
- Conversational agents with decision logic
- Adaptive workflows (e.g. document intake, customer support)



## LangGraph: Flow example



Source: ionio.ai



## Let's look at the code!



## Thank you!





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## Any question?

