

# Prefix Sums Cheatsheet

## (USACO Silver)

### Use this algorithm when:

- You want to **get the sum of a range** in an array or you want to **count the number of something in a range** of an array
  - The numbers in the array don't change
- OR -
- You have parenthesis

### Steps to using the algorithm:

Thinking about the problem:

- 1) Make the array something we want to take prefix sums on
  - If we want the sum of a range, we don't need to change the array
  - If we want to count the number of something, make the thing we are counting a 1 and everything else a 0
  - If we have parenthesis, make '(' +1 and make ')' -1, take the prefix sums (do everything up to step 3), then skip step 4 and refer to the sort and sweep cheatsheet to complete the problem and for runtime. You likely have to sweep.
    - Usually refer to balanced parenthesis
    - As soon as the prefix sums become negative, the string is no longer balanced
    - If the prefix sum of the current index is 0 and the prefix sum was never negative before the current index, then it is balanced

Implementation:

- 2) Whenever you read input, convert to 1-based indexing
- 3) Create the prefix sum array

```
for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
    prefix[i] = prefix[i-1] + value[i]
}
```
- 4) For each query (if there are queries):
  - Solve the query in  $O(1)$  using the prefix sum array

```
prefix[b] - prefix[a-1]
```

### How to calculate the runtime:

$O(N + Q)$