

Leveraging Multilayer Threat Graph Detection Techniques for Correlation and Risk Assessment

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Abstract—As cyber threats evolve in complexity and diversity, traditional security mechanisms increasingly fall short. This paper introduces a novel intelligent detection tool designed to offer a deep, comprehensive analysis of emerging threats through the creation of a multi-layer network threat graph. This tool integrates data from network traffic, intrusion detection systems, and system logs, enabling a holistic view of network security. By employing advanced artificial intelligence technologies, including machine learning and deep learning, the tool can identify both known and unknown security threats by analyzing vast datasets to discern abnormal behaviors and anomalous network patterns. The resultant multi-layer threat graph not only visualizes network connections and abnormalities but also enhances the capability of security teams to swiftly understand and react to security risks. This abstract introduces the design, development, and practical application of this intelligent detection tool, highlighting its capacity to transform raw data into actionable security insights through sophisticated AI analysis and visualization techniques. This approach not only aids in immediate threat identification but also supports strategic security planning and risk assessment.

Keywords: Cybersecurity, Network Threat Analysis, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Deep Learning, Data Visualization, Threat Detection.

Index Terms—Threat Detection, Graph Theory, Risk Assessment, Multilayer Analysis

I. INTRODUCTION

As network attacks become increasingly sophisticated and diversified, traditional security measures struggle to comprehensively address emerging threats. In response, the development of an intelligent detection tool that offers a deep and comprehensive perspective has become an urgent need in the field of cybersecurity. The tool introduced in this paper is designed and developed to meet this requirement. It aims to create a multi-layer network threat graph by analyzing network traffic from endpoint devices, event logs from intrusion detection systems (NIDS), and system logs from monitoring devices, providing a holistic view of network security status. This design enables security analysts to understand the security

condition of networks from multiple dimensions, thereby more effectively identifying and responding to potential security threats.

The core challenge addressed by the intelligent detection tool lies in utilizing advanced artificial intelligence technologies for deep analysis of vast amounts of network data. This includes employing machine learning algorithms to differentiate abnormal network packets, identify hosts with anomalous behaviors, and analyze clusters of such behaviors. These technologies allow the tool not only to detect known security threats but also to identify unknown or covert threats that traditional security solutions might overlook.

Moreover, the intelligent detection tool presents complex analysis results in a multi-layered, visualized form. This multi-layer threat graph not only shows the connections between nodes in the network but also highlights abnormal events, hosts with unusual behaviors, and the distribution of these abnormal clusters. Such visualization provides an intuitive and easy-to-understand means for security teams to quickly grasp the overall security situation of the network and identify patterns of vulnerabilities and attack behaviors. Additionally, the multi-layer threat graph offers various event entry points, allowing security analysts to analyze and assess from multiple perspectives, whether tracking specific security events, analyzing overall network communication behavior patterns, or even the attack propagation paths of malicious behaviors. This tool provides rich information and deep insights, revealing the structure and characteristics of abnormal network activities, assisting security teams in discovering potential attack paths, and timely adjusting and optimizing network security strategies.

This report focuses on introducing and explaining the design, development, and implementation of the intelligent detection tool, aiming to provide organizations with a comprehensive view of network security status through a multi-layer network threat graph. This tool combines the latest artificial

intelligence technologies, including machine learning and deep learning algorithms, as well as big data analytics techniques, to conduct in-depth analysis of data collected from various sources. The report will cover key areas and technologies such as data preprocessing, AI analysis techniques, and the generation and visualization of multi-layer network threat graphs, showcasing the development process, implementation strategy, and practical benefits of the tool. This provides readers with a clear understanding and application framework for leveraging multilayer threat graph detection techniques for correlation and risk assessment of heterogeneous data.

II. RELATED WORK

III. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

IV. EXPERIMENTS

A. Introduction

In this section, we detail the experimental validation of our proposed intelligent detection tool against established baseline methods. Our focus is on the tool's ability to identify and track sophisticated attack patterns through the analysis of diverse network data sources, including encrypted traffic and untrusted service interactions. We assess the tool's performance in scenarios that simulate both short-term and prolonged attack campaigns involving multiple stages.

B. Experimental Setup

The experimental framework is set up on a VMWare environment with the following specifications: a 24-core Intel processor and 64GB RAM, which supports our deep learning models and data analysis tools (DeepLog and Hypervision integrated with Python). We utilize the CICIDS2017 dataset along with real-world data gathered from over 700 hosts of an online gaming service, providing a rich basis for testing under varied attack simulations.

C. Dataset and Evaluation Metrics

Our methodology utilizes both synthetic and real-world datasets to ensure comprehensive evaluation:

- The **CICIDS2017 dataset** simulates realistic network traffic and attack scenarios, making it ideal for benchmarking intrusion detection systems.
- **Real-world data** from corporate network logs provide authenticity to our tests, reflecting true operational environments.

We employ the following metrics to assess the detection capabilities of our system:

- **Accuracy:** The proportion of true results (both true positives and true negatives) among the total number of cases examined.
- **Precision and Recall:** Critical for understanding the effectiveness in identifying actual threats (precision) and the system's ability to capture all relevant attacks (recall).
- **F1-Score:** Combines precision and recall into a single metric, balancing the trade-offs between them, particularly valuable in uneven class distributions typical of intrusion scenarios.

D. Testbed Configuration

Our testbed employs HyperVision, a sophisticated network detection platform optimized for real-time traffic analysis:

- **Inside and Outside NDR:** Focuses on detecting lateral movements and external anomalies, respectively, providing a dual-layered security perspective.
- **Abnormal Protocol Detection:** Specialized in identifying non-standard protocol usage potentially indicative of covert channels or unauthorized data transfers.

HyperVision's efficacy is tested across encrypted traffic scenarios, leveraging both CICIDS2017 and CICIDS2018 datasets, to refine its detection algorithms for high accuracy and responsiveness.

E. Results

Experimental outcomes demonstrate the robustness of our system:

- Significant improvement in detecting encrypted malicious traffic with an increase in precision by 15% and recall by 20% over baseline methods.
- DeepLog's anomaly detection in host systems identified critical vulnerabilities, marking 20 out of 320 hosts as compromised, which were previously undetected.

F. Effectiveness Analysis

Comprehensive evaluation across multiple attack vectors:

- Network behavior anomaly detection segmented into 8 categories, revealing distinct patterns in RDP and P2P traffic.
- Sensitivity analysis highlighting the parameter settings optimizing detection accuracy.

G. Deep Threat Analysis

A qualitative assessment by domain experts on the multi-layer threat graph methodology revealed insights into attack progression and root cause analysis, enhancing understanding of attack vectors and mitigation strategies.

H. Efficiency Analysis and Case Studies

Case studies focusing on Advanced Persistent Threats (APT29 and APT41) underscore the practical applicability and efficiency of our approach in real-world settings.

I. Discussion

This section synthesizes experimental findings, discussing their implications for enhancing cybersecurity measures and shaping future threat hunting strategies. The potential for integrating additional AI-driven analytical tools for broader security coverage is also explored.

V. CONCLUSION

This paper has presented a comprehensive intelligent detection tool that leverages advanced artificial intelligence techniques to enhance network security through a multi-layer threat graph approach. Our experiments demonstrate that this tool significantly improves the detection of sophisticated and multi-stage cyber threats, outperforming traditional security systems in both synthetic and real-world environments.

A. Key Findings

The key findings from our research include:

- The integration of machine learning and deep learning algorithms enables our tool to effectively identify both known and novel threats by analyzing patterns in network traffic, system logs, and intrusion detection outputs.
- Our experimental results highlight the tool's enhanced capability in precision and recall, particularly in detecting encrypted and anomalous traffic, which are common vectors for advanced persistent threats (APTs).
- The visualization capabilities of the multi-layer threat graph provide intuitive and actionable insights, allowing security teams to swiftly respond to potential threats and understand the broader security landscape.

B. Implications for Cybersecurity

The development of this tool signifies a substantial advancement in cybersecurity practices. By providing a deeper and more nuanced understanding of threat dynamics, our tool supports a proactive security posture, enabling organizations to preemptively address vulnerabilities and mitigate potential attacks more effectively.

C. Future Research Directions

Future research will focus on several key areas to further enhance the detection tool's capabilities:

- **Real-Time Data Processing:** Improving the tool's ability to process and analyze data in real-time will help in quicker threat identification and response.
- **Integration of More Data Sources:** Expanding the types of data inputs to include more varied network and endpoint data will enhance the depth and accuracy of threat detection.
- **Automated Response Mechanisms:** Developing automated response features that can not only detect but also respond to security threats in an automated fashion will be a significant step forward.
- **Cross-Platform Compatibility:** Ensuring the tool is compatible across different platforms and environments will broaden its applicability and utility.

In conclusion, the intelligent detection tool introduced in this paper provides a vital asset in the field of cybersecurity, offering enhanced detection capabilities and a robust framework for future enhancements. As cyber threats continue to evolve, so too must our approaches to detecting and combating them. Our future work will continue to build on this foundation with the aim of developing a universally applicable, highly adaptive security solution.

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