

Strategy Content (B) - Term Paper

Heterogeneity in knowledge flows across locations

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Outline

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Research Question

- How do knowledge spillovers between locations vary by location?

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- How do knowledge spillovers between firms vary by location?

Positioning in Literature

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- Jaffe et al. (1993) and Almeida and Kogut (1999) used a US context to claim knowledge spillovers in geographic locations, highlighting mobility of engineers as a potential mechanism
- Zhao (2006) suggested that MNCs generate patents from weak IPR countries by substituting the weak institutional environment with internal organization
- Singh (2007) suggested that knowledge spillovers differ between MNCs and host country firms, and that personnel flows seem to explain the mechanism

Alternative Hypothesis

- Increased patenting activity may not necessarily spillover to other local firms when the local ecosystem of firms is heterogenous

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- Knowledge spillover will be higher between MNC subsidiary and MNC headquarters

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Unit of Analysis

- Knowledge Flow : Citation-Location-Firm

Dependent Variable

- Share of Knowledge Flows (for each year, measured by the number of flows between locations or between firms/total number of knowledge flows)

Independent Variable

- Location Dummy to Indicate same of different location (Bangalore, Beijing, Israel, San Francisco, Boston and Austin are considered for this study)

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- Location Dummy to Indicate same of different location (Bangalore, Beijing, Israel, San Francisco, Boston and Austin are considered for this study)
- Firm Dummy to Indicate same of different firm (based on patent assignee)

Control Variables

- Number of MNC affiliated patent inventors, Stock of patents owned by MNC firms in operation, Patent class/sub-class

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- Year and Firm fixed effects

Dataset

- PatentView.org data of USPTO patents from 1976

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- Filtered by region of originating patent

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Alternative Explanations

- Lower absorptive capacity in local firms vs. higher absorptive capacity in MNCs may lead to the skew toward MNCs patenting more

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- Lower absorptive capacity in local firms vs. higher absorptive capacity in MNCs may lead to the skew toward MNCs patenting more
- Liability of foreignness may force local firms to compete in different markets of different segments than MNCs

Implications of Work

- Would help to better understand the dynamics of spillovers in knowledge in the local context

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- May help inform policy makers and managers about ways to improve the spillover effects of human capital

- Almeida, P. and Kogut, B. (1999). Localization of knowledge and the mobility of engineers in regional networks. *Management Science*, 45(7):905–917.
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