# The effect of inventor mobility on invention complexity ETIG Course Term Paper

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#### Outline

Motivation

Theory

Data and Method

Future Work

# **Mobility Trends**

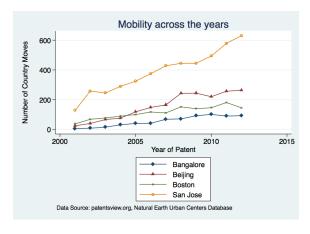


Figure: Country moves by year

# **Mobility Trends**

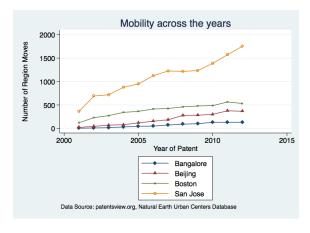


Figure: Region moves by year

# Mobility Trends

Table: Summary statistics

Variable	Mean	Std. Dev.	N
moved region	0.08	0.271	8537410
moved country	0.029	0.166	8537410
log(complexity)	-1.004	2.383	7957162
inventor pool	8.542	46.674	8537410
team pool proxy	27.901	112.154	6875208

### Research Question

 What is the relationship between the movement of some inventors into or out of a region and the average complexity of inventions from those inventors?

# **Hypotheses**

- H1: An increase in the average mobility of inventors in a region increases the average complexity of innovation generated
- H2: The effect in H1 is moderated positively by the relative strength of the intellectual property rights regime of the region

# Geographic Mapping

#### San Jose



# Geographic Mapping Bangalore



Figure: Geographic Definition of Bangalore

# Complexity and Technology Classes

Table: Most complex technology subclasses in 2010

id	Avg Complexity	Technology	
32	6.691109	Surgery & Med Inst.	
25	6.583521	Electronic business methods and software	
24	6.361433	Information Storage	
22	5.941292	Computer Hardware & Software	
21	5.627072	Communications	

# Complexity and Technology Classes

Table: Least complex technology subclasses in 2010

id	Avg Complexity	Technology	
11	2.533947	Agriculture,Food,Textiles	
33	3.468262	Genetics	
66	3.488879	Heating	
52	3.518574	Metal Working	
63	3.661588	Apparel & Textile	
53	3.667615	Motors & Engines $+$ Parts	
55	3.712974	Transportation	

# Methodology

- Data Source: Patents from USPTO, source: patentsview.org
- Data Source: Regions using Remote Sensing Data, source: naturalearthdata.com
- Unit of Analysis: Inventor-Year
- Dependent Variable: log(Complexity of Invention)
- Primary Explanatory Variable: Mobility of innovators (Between-Region Mobility, Between-Country Mobility)
- Moderating Variable: IPR Strength
- Control Variables: Technology classes, Region-Firm (Assignee) effects, Year effects

# Addressing Potential Issues

- Direction of Causality
- Alternative measures of complexity
- Cluster Standard Errors at Region Assignee
- Control for Inventor Technology Class
- IPR measures Ginarte Park Index

## Results

#### Limitations and Future Work

- Causal forces in determining mobility effects on invention complexity - Learnings from 9/11 shock
- Explore alternate identification measures for causality
- Estimate the extent of under reporting of mobility, consider alternative sources as linkedin
- Industry specific studies with relevant IPR scores
- Alternate measures of complexity

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