Step length adjustment

- Assumption
 - fixed knee joint angle at the ending of swing phase
 - same height for two hip joints
- Calculation of hip angle based on step length

$$S_{1} + S_{2} = L$$

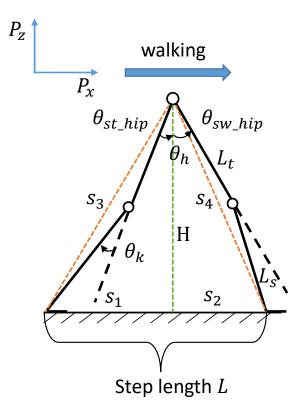
$$S_{3}^{2} - S_{1}^{2} = H^{2}$$

$$S_{4}^{2} - S_{2}^{2} = H^{2}$$

$$S_{1} = \frac{L_{0}^{2} + S_{3}^{2} - S_{4}^{2}}{2L} \quad S_{2} = \frac{L_{0}^{2} + S_{4}^{2} - S_{3}^{2}}{2L}$$

$$\theta_{st_hip} = - \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{S_1}{S_3}\right) + \operatorname{acos}\left(\frac{L_s^2 - L_t^2 - S_3^2}{-2L_t S_3}\right)$$

$$\theta_{sw_hip} = a\sin\left(\frac{S_2}{S_4}\right) + a\cos\left(\frac{L_s^2 - L_t^2 - S_4^2}{-2L_tS_4}\right)$$









• $heta_{st_hip}$, $heta_{sw_hip}$: terminal hip angle in the swing phase