

NP-complete Problems | Course x

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NP-complete Problems
Graded Quiz - 13 min

Due Jul 5, 12:25 PM IST

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**
TO PASS: 62% or higher

Reapi Learning

GRADE
100%

NP-complete Problems

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE
100%

1. How many satisfying assignments does the following formula have?

1/1 point

$$(x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_2) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee \neg x_2)$$

3

✓ **Correct**
That's right!

2. How many integer solutions does the following linear program have?

1/1 point

$$x_1 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \geq 0, \quad 4x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 12, \quad 2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 15$$

10

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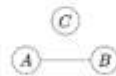
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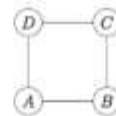
3. Consider the following graph:

1/1 point



It has 5 different independent sets: empty set, $\{A\}$, $\{B\}$, $\{C\}$, $\{A, C\}$, $\{B, C\}$.

How many different independent sets does the following graph have?



7

✓ **Correct**
That's right! They are empty set, $\{A\}$, $\{B\}$, $\{C\}$, $\{D\}$, $\{A, C\}$, $\{B, D\}$.

4. In the 3-coloring problem, you are given an undirected graph and the goal is to assign one of three available colors to its vertices such that the ends of each edge of the graph receive different colors. This is clearly a search problem: given a graph and a coloring of its vertices, one can check in polynomial time whether there are only three different colors and that no edge is monochromatic. This problem is known to be NP-complete. Do we have a polynomial-time algorithm for this problem?

1/1 point

4. In the 3-coloring problem, you are given an undirected graph and the goal is to assign one of three available colors to its vertices such that the ends of each edge of the graph receive different colors. This is clearly a search problem: given a graph and a coloring of its vertices, one can check in polynomial time whether there are only three different colors and that no edge is monochromatic. This problem is known to be NP-complete. Do we have a polynomial time algorithm for this problem?

1/1 point

- ☐ Yes, this problem can be solved in polynomial time.
- ☒ This is an open problem.
- ☐ No, this problem cannot be solved in polynomial time for sure.

✓ Correct

That's right! We cannot find a polynomial time algorithm for any of NP-complete problems. Nor we can prove that there is no such algorithm. Thus, the existence of a polynomial time algorithm for an NP-complete problem is an open problem.

5. In the lectures, we constructed a reduction from 3-SAT to Independent Set. Now, we show the reverse reduction. For this, we are going to reduce Independent Set to SAT. We can then use the fact that SAT reduces to 3-SAT.

1/1 point

In the Independent Set problem we are given a graph G with n vertices $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ and a positive integer k . Our goal is to check whether the graph has k vertices $\{u_1, u_2, \dots, u_k\} \subseteq \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$ with no edge between any pair of them. We are going to construct a CNF formula F that is satisfiable if and only if the graph G contains such an independent set. There will be kn Boolean variables: for $1 \leq i \leq k$ and $1 \leq j \leq n$, $x_{ij} = 1$ if and only if the i -th vertex of the required independent set is the j -th vertex of the graph (that is, $u_i = j$).

We then introduce the following constraints:

1. x_{ij} is equal to some vertex of the graph for all $1 \leq i \leq k$, $\{x_{i1} \vee x_{i2} \vee \dots \vee x_{in}\}$.

We then introduce the following constraints:

1. x_{ij} is equal to some vertex of the graph for all $1 \leq i \leq k$, $\{x_{i1} \vee x_{i2} \vee \dots \vee x_{in}\}$.
2. x_{ij} is equal to exactly one vertex of the graph for all $1 \leq i \leq k$ and all $1 \leq j \neq j' \leq n$, $(\neg x_{ij} \vee \neg x_{ij'})$.
3. $x_{ij} \neq x_{i'j}$ for all $1 \leq i \neq i' \leq k$ and all $1 \leq j \leq n$, $(\neg x_{ij} \vee \neg x_{i'j})$.
4. no two vertices from the independent set are joined by an edge for all $1 \leq i \neq i' \leq k$ and all $\{j, j'\} \in E(G)$, $(\neg x_{ij} \vee \neg x_{i'j'})$.

The resulting formula is satisfiable if and only if the initial graph has an independent set of size k .

Is this reduction correct?

- ☐ No, it is not correct, because it is not a polynomial time reduction.
- ☐ No, it is not correct, because it might produce an unsatisfiable formula for a graph that has an independent set of size k .
- ☐ No, it is not correct, because for a graph that does not have an independent set of size k it might produce an a satisfiable formula.
- ☒ Yes, the reduction is correct.

✓ Correct

That's right!

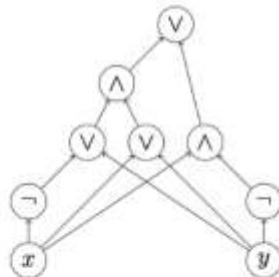
6. How many satisfying assignments does the following circuit have?

1/1 point

✓ Correct
That's right!

5. How many satisfying assignments does the following circuit have?

1/1 points



3

✓ Correct
That's right! The only satisfying assignment is $x = y = 0$.