

Malaria Detection in Blood Smears

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Introduction

- = Malaria's Global Impact
- = Global Risk
- = Intensified efforts to combat Malaria





Traditional Diagnosis

- **= Use Blood Smear and Microscope**
- **= Manual Counting of Blood Films**
- = Diagnosis in Isolation
- = High chance of error
- = Lack of Standardization





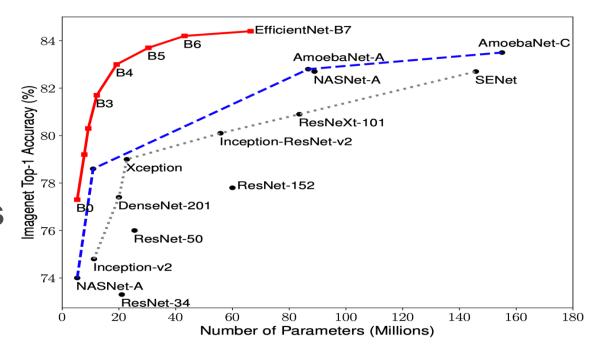
Use of Deep Learning in Diagnosis

- = Exploit the Neural Network's model classification function
- = Achieve accurate and precise diagnosis of Malaria
- = EfficientNet B3 Model Selection
- = Performance Metrics: 98% Accuracy, High Precision



Literature Review on Existing Technologies

- Overview of Inception Module, ResNet-50, Inception-ResNet-v2, NasNet
- = Advantages and Limitations
- = EfficientNet's Compound Scaling Method as Breakthrough

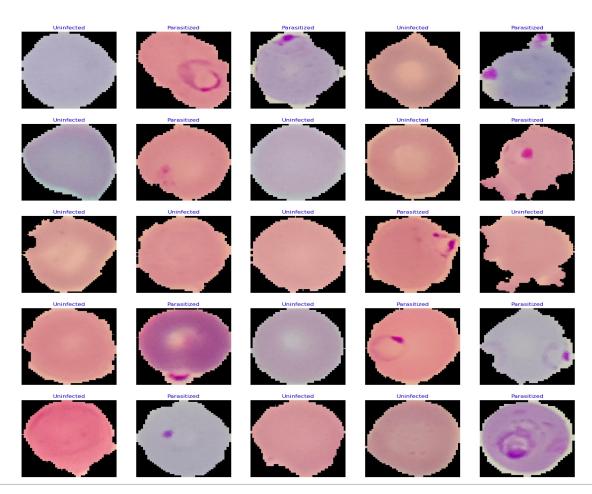






Approach

- = Transfer Learning with EfficientNet B3
- = Data Preprocessing
- = Image Data Generators
- = Custom Callbacks for Dynamic Learning Rate Adjustment







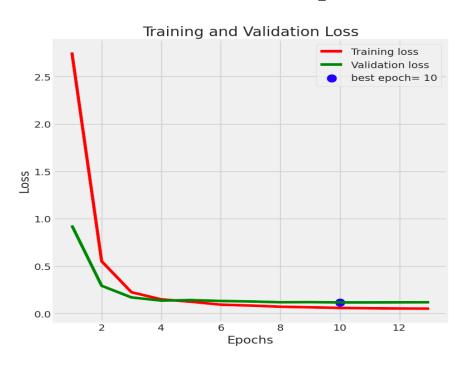
What is Efficient B3?

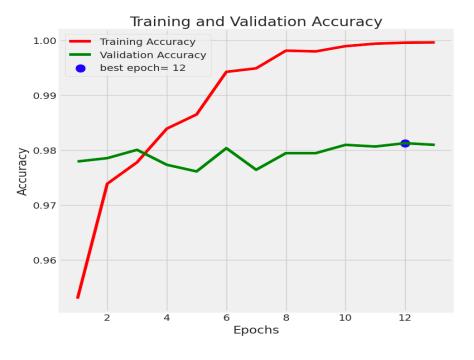
- = CNN architecture belonging to EfficientNet family.
- = Introduced by Google in 2019
- = Known for their efficient scaling of neural network architectures, achieving a balance between model size and performance.





Results and Implications









Results and Implications

