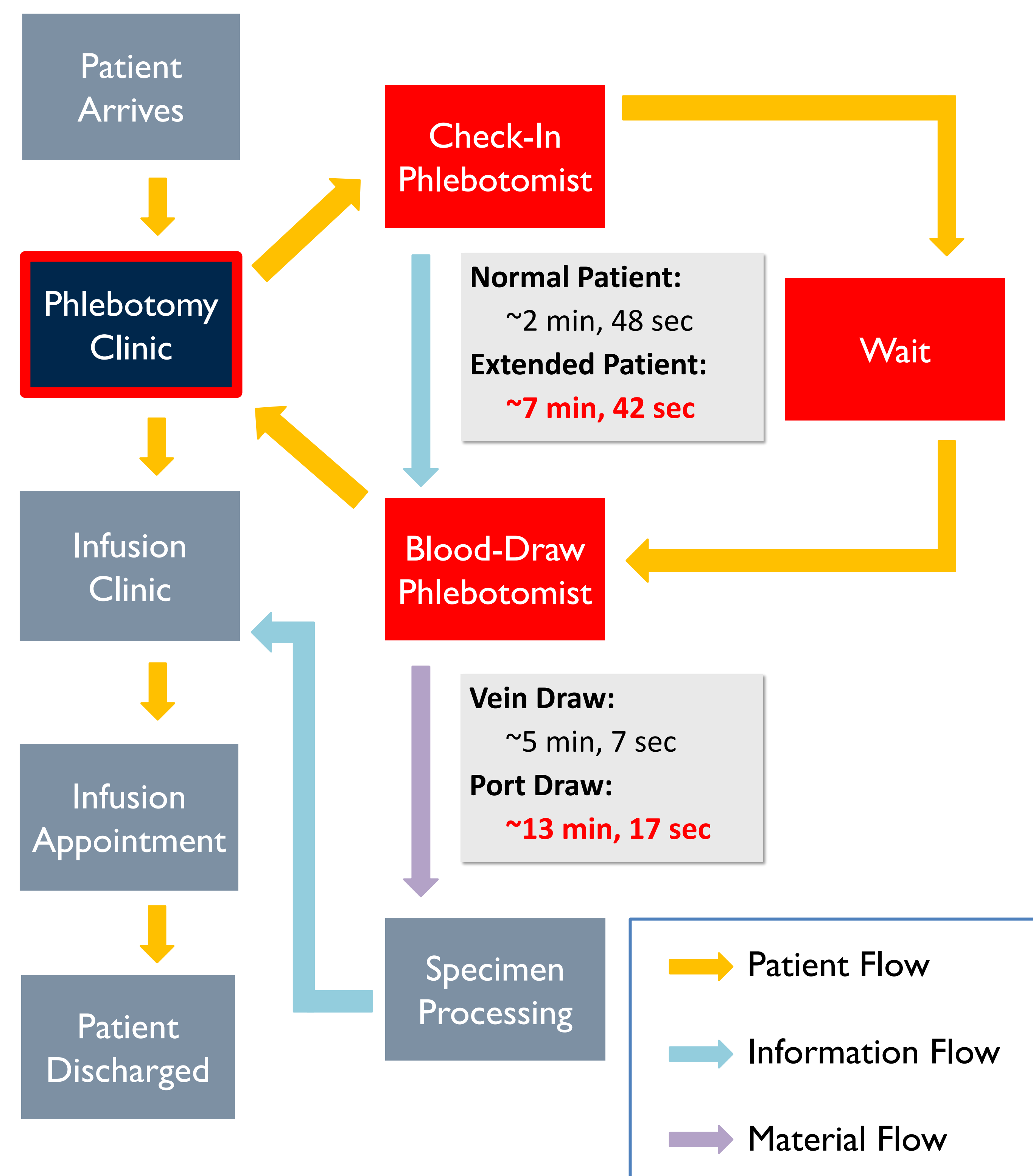


Problem Statement

Context:

The University of Michigan Health System Comprehensive Cancer Center is a stage for ~97,000 outpatient visits and ~58,000 infusion treatments annually, with these numbers consistently increasing.^[1]

An outpatient's experience consists of several interrelated stages. Among these stages, the steps conducted in the phlebotomy clinic can be a significant bottleneck for the center's overall patient flow.



Problem:

Extensive waiting times in phlebotomy cause delays to ripple through a patient's experience and negatively impact the entire hospital system.

Goal:

Develop a computer simulation to aid hospital management in instituting policy changes that would increase patient throughput at phlebotomy.

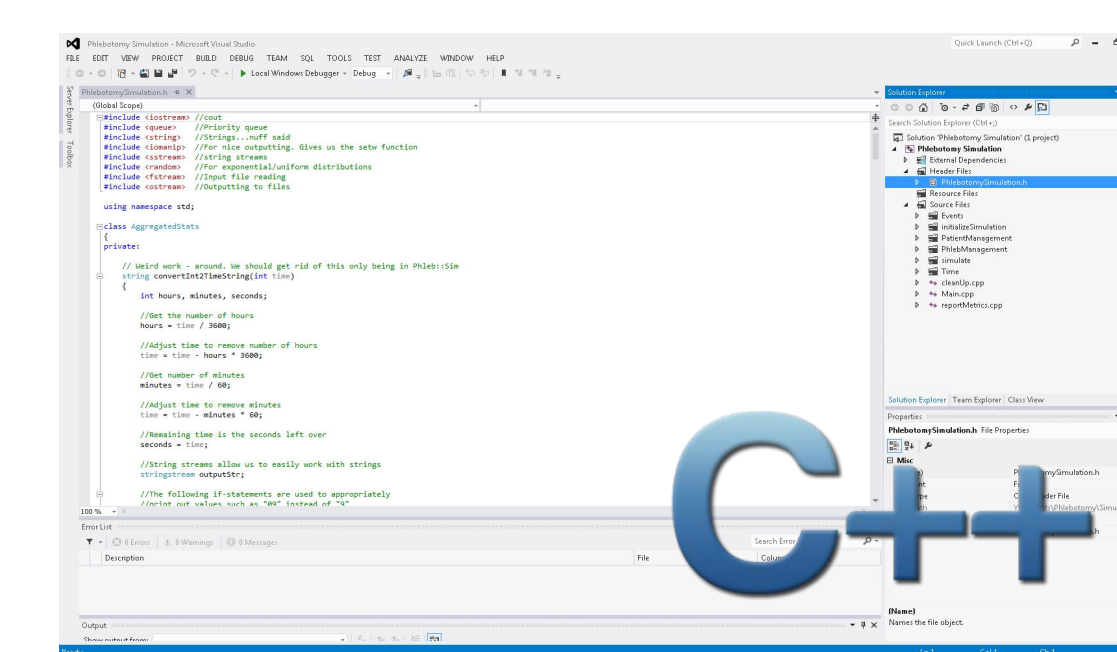


Solution Approach



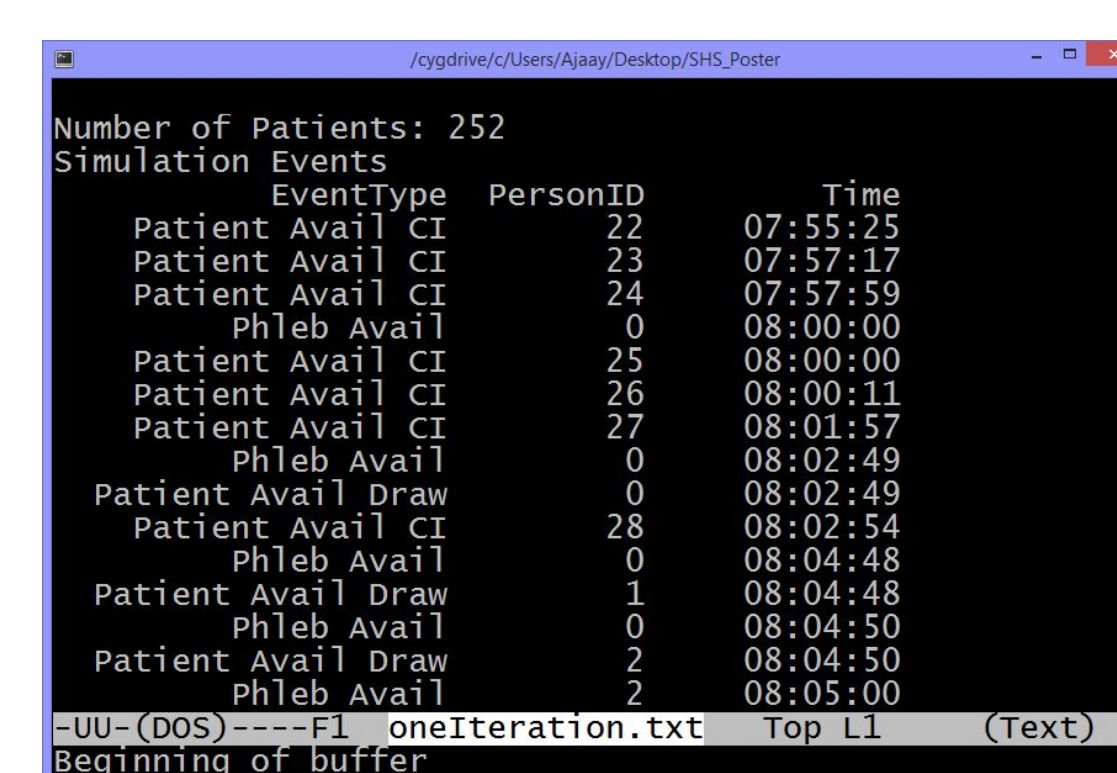
2. Build Model

Define elements of Discrete Event Simulation (DES)



4. Load

Change custom parameters via several .txt files



6. Review

Examine patient and phlebotomist activity reports

1. Gather Data

Conduct time studies and discuss clinic operations with management

Data Structure Names	
QUEUE NAMES:	EVENT NAMES:
• eventQueue	• PatientArrived
• patientsReadyToCheckInQ	• PatientFinishedCheckIn
• patientsReadyToDrawQ	• PhlebFinishedCheckIn
• phlebsReadyToCheckInQ	• PhlebFinishedDraw
• phlebsReadyToDrawQ	

3. Implement

Encode model with Visual C++ 2012

Simulation_Start Time:	06:30:00
Simulation_End Time:	18:00:00
Phlebotomist_Schedule:	schedule.txt
PatientArrival	Num patient arrival rates: 11
rate 1:	3.00 time 1: 06:45:00
rate 2:	36.67 time 2: 07:00:00
rate 3:	33.33 time 3: 07:15:00
rate 4:	36.00 time 4: 07:30:00
rate 5:	26.33 time 5: 07:45:00
rate 6:	31.33 time 6: 08:00:00
Num Phlebotomists:	3
phlebID	Role1 Role1Time Role2 Role2Time
0	CHECKIN 08:00:00 DRAW 15:00:00
1	DRAW 08:30:00 LUNCH 12:00:00
2	DRAW 08:05:00

5. Run

Simulate random patient arrivals and phlebotomist activity

Iteration	maxWaitTime	aveWaitTime	minWaitTime
0	05:09:50	03:04:51	00:02:10
1	04:30:57	02:25:38	00:02:32
2	04:37:41	02:32:09	00:02:23
3	04:13:30	02:21:15	00:02:46
4	03:44:38	01:57:09	00:01:37
5	04:09:51	02:15:27	00:01:41
6	04:21:04	02:32:48	00:01:56
7	04:39:46	02:38:49	00:01:56
8	03:35:25	01:25:31	00:02:33
9	05:08:23	03:07:22	00:02:42
10	05:26:41	03:36:38	00:01:44
11	04:19:11	01:55:39	00:01:21
12	03:51:40	01:50:49	00:02:23
13	04:32:42	02:47:48	00:02:05
14	04:46:40	02:48:42	00:02:04
15	05:25:13	03:14:40	00:02:00
16	04:31:55	02:31:58	00:01:31
17	05:01:44	02:52:10	00:02:20
18	04:06:25	02:06:16	00:02:06
19	03:53:18	01:59:14	00:03:01
20	04:46:36	02:44:26	00:01:12

Simulation Model

Premise:

Maintain a priority queue of events that will occur throughout the day, with the earliest events having the highest priorities.

Event Type	Person ID	Time
Patient Available for Check-In	0	07:53:00
Draw Phlebotomist Available	2	07:55:00

Patient Available for Draw	0	7:58:00
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Simulation Logic:

While the event queue is not empty, extract the earliest event and process it.

Patient Available for Check-In	0	07:53:00
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If the event demands a resource, e.g. a patient requires a check-in phlebotomist:

- Extract the resource and add "concluding" events to the event queue—if the resource is available.

Available Phlebotomists

ID	Time
1	07:52:00

- Place the event on standby—if the resource is not available

Available Check-In Patients

ID	Time
0	07:53:00

Future Work

Our future work is geared towards incorporating hospital management feedback regarding the clinical environment and its daily operations. Some short-term goals include:

- Queue rejection thresholds (reneging)
- User-selected output metrics
- User-interface enhancements
- Expanded event and activity details

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We also express our gratitude to the many students who contributed to this project.

¹ <http://www.mcancer.org/about/facts-and-figures>

Inputs and Outputs

Inputs:

- Start/End time
- Daily patient arrival rates
- Phlebotomist schedule
- Check-In/Draw activity rates

Outputs:

- Number of patient arrivals
- Max/Min/Average wait times
- Phlebotomist activity summary
- More to come...