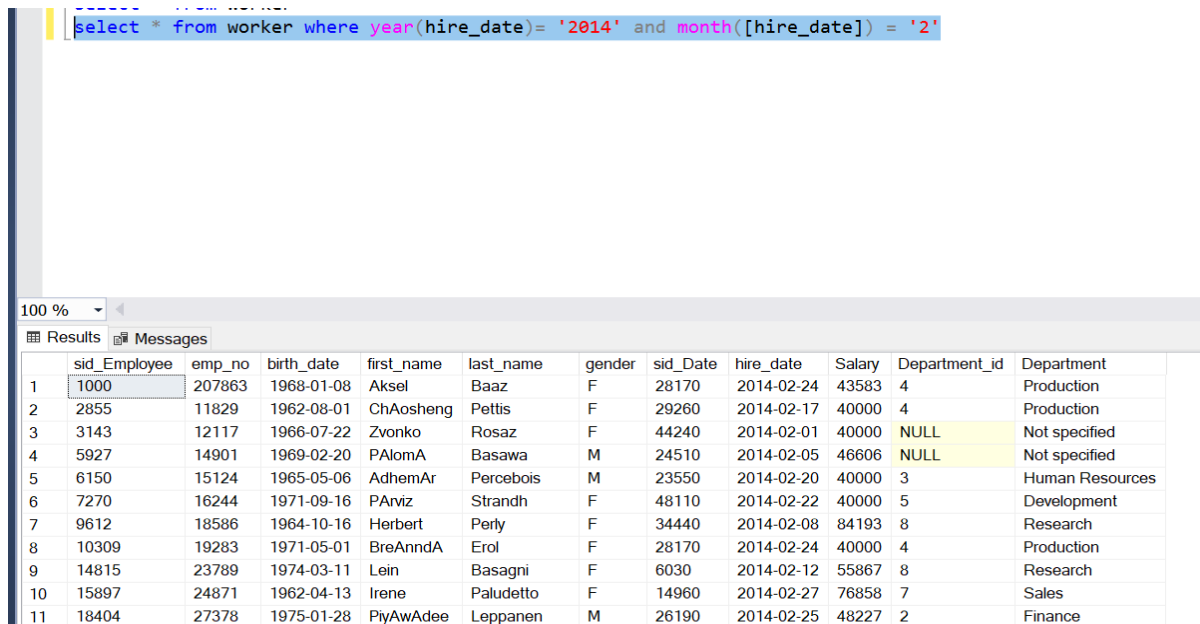


Q-1. Write an SQL query to print details of the Workers who have joined in Feb'2014.

```
select * from worker where year([hire_date])= '2014' and month([hire_date]) = '2'
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query execution interface. At the top, the query is entered: `select * from worker where year(hire_date)= '2014' and month([hire_date]) = '2'`. Below the query, the results are displayed in a table. The table has 12 columns: sid_Employee, emp_no, birth_date, first_name, last_name, gender, sid_Date, hire_date, Salary, Department_id, and Department. The results show 11 rows of data for employees hired in February 2014.

	sid_Employee	emp_no	birth_date	first_name	last_name	gender	sid_Date	hire_date	Salary	Department_id	Department
1	1000	207863	1968-01-08	Aksel	Baaz	F	28170	2014-02-24	43583	4	Production
2	2855	11829	1962-08-01	ChAosheng	Pettis	F	29260	2014-02-17	40000	4	Production
3	3143	12117	1966-07-22	Zvonko	Rosaz	F	44240	2014-02-01	40000	NULL	Not specified
4	5927	14901	1969-02-20	PAlomA	Basawa	M	24510	2014-02-05	46606	NULL	Not specified
5	6150	15124	1965-05-06	AdhemAr	Percebois	M	23550	2014-02-20	40000	3	Human Resources
6	7270	16244	1971-09-16	PArviz	Strandh	F	48110	2014-02-22	40000	5	Development
7	9612	18586	1964-10-16	Herbert	Perly	F	34440	2014-02-08	84193	8	Research
8	10309	19283	1971-05-01	BreAnndA	Erol	F	28170	2014-02-24	40000	4	Production
9	14815	23789	1974-03-11	Lein	Basagni	F	6030	2014-02-12	55867	8	Research
10	15897	24871	1962-04-13	Irene	Paludetto	F	14960	2014-02-27	76858	7	Sales
11	18404	27378	1975-01-28	PiyAwAdee	Leppanen	M	26190	2014-02-25	48227	2	Finance

Q-2. Write an SQL query to fetch duplicate records having matching data in some fields of a table.

```
select first_name,last_name,emp_no,count(*) from worker group by first_name,last_name,emp_no  
having count(*)>1
```

Q-3. How to remove duplicate rows from Employees table.

```
delete from worker where emp_no not in (select max(emp_no) as orig_emp_no from worker group by  
first_name,last_name,emp_no)
```