Animaltracker Data Validation: New Mexico Data

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This document analyzes the results of the animaltracker package's data cleaning procedures by comparing a sample of 8 data sets processed by the R package to the same data manually processed with Microsoft Excel.

The cleaning process uses flag-based rules for discarding cases (rows) of data.

- If measured rate of travel exceeds 84 m/min, mark the case with a RateFlag.
- If course change exceeds 100 degrees, mark the case with a CourseFlag.
- If measured distance traveled exceeds 840 m, mark the case with a DistanceFlag.
- Only keep cases without a DistanceFlag AND less than 2 flags.

Note: Throughout this report, the suffix x indicates data cleaned by animaltracker, and y indicates manually cleaned data.

Preliminaries

For reproducibility, configure and load required R packages, including animaltracker.

```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyr)
library(animaltracker)
library(psych)
```

Read and Prepare Data

Load the **manually** cleaned data (reshaping for consistent column names), then directly read and process the raw data using the **animaltracker** app.

```
Keep = 1*!Keep, # ew
     ## fix undefined / missing flags
     RateFlag = replace_na(RateFlag, 1),
     CourseFlag = replace_na(CourseFlag, 1),
     DistFlag = replace_na(DistFlag, 1),
     TotalFlags = ifelse(is.na(TotalFlags), RateFlag+CourseFlag+DistFlag, TotalFlags),
     Keep = replace_na(Keep, 0)
)
### read and CLEAN the raw data with the animaltracker app
folder_rawdata <- "../test_data/DeepWell_2018_Collar_Raw"</pre>
nm_files <- list.files(folder_rawdata)</pre>
aniid <- as.integer(gsub("DW_(\\d{3})(.*)", "\\1", nm_files))</pre>
gpsid \leftarrow as.integer(gsub("DW_(\d{3})_(\d{2})(.*)", "\2", nm_files))
clean_anitracker <- lapply(1:length(nm_files), function(i){</pre>
    df_raw <- read.csv(file.path(folder_rawdata, nm_files[i]))</pre>
    df_clean_animaltracker <- clean_location_data(df_raw,</pre>
                                    dtype = "igotu", filters = FALSE, maxtime =150,
                                    aniid = aniid[i], gpsid = gpsid[i])
  }) %>%
  do.call(rbind, .) %>%
  rename(Cow = Animal) %>%
  type.convert()
```

Next, merge the cleaned data from animaltracker (167901 rows, 35 columns) with the manually cleaned data (167901 rows, 29 columns).

Rows are matched by the combination of Cow, Index (uniquely identifies almost all rows) and Altitude (to break ties in rare duplicates).

```
clean_anitracker <- clean_anitracker %>%
    arrange(Cow, Index, Altitude) %>%
    mutate(merge_index = 1:n())

clean_manual <- clean_manual %>%
    arrange(Cow, Index, Altitude) %>%
    mutate(merge_index = 1:n())

join <- full_join(clean_anitracker, clean_manual, by="merge_index") %>%
    rename( MegaRateFlag.x = MegaRateFlag) %>%
    mutate( Cow = factor(Cow.x))
```

The merged data has 167901 rows.

Analysis

Overall Agreement

First, we compare the results of cleaning the data within animaltracker (via the clean_location_data function) to results of manual cleaning via spreadsheet.

```
keepxtab <- with(join, table(Keep.x, Keep.y))</pre>
```

The cleaning methods agree in 99.958% of cases, except for 6 cases (0.004%) kept by animaltracker but discarded by manual processing and 64 cases (0.038%) kept by manual processing but discarded by

animaltracker.

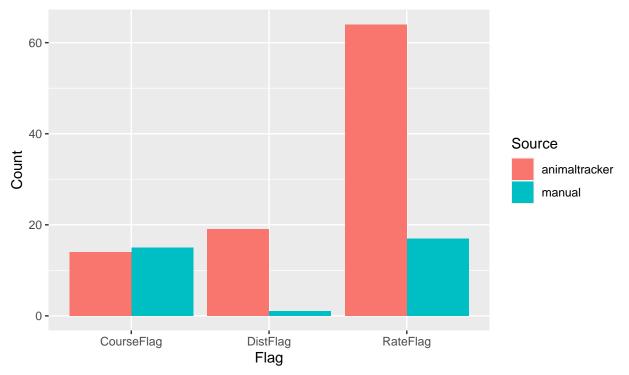
Analysis of Cases with Different Results

All of the cases kept by manual processing (n = 64) but discarded by animaltracker were marked with a rate flag by animaltracker, but not manual.

```
manual_keep <- join %>%
  filter(Keep.x < Keep.y) %>%
  select(ind = merge_index, Cow, DateTime = DateTime.x, TimeDiffMins = TimeDiffMins.x,
             Rate.x, Rate.y, RateFlag.x, RateFlag.y,
             Dist.x = Distance.x, Dist.y = Distance.y, DistFlag.x, DistFlag.y,
             CourseDiff.x, CourseFlag.x, CourseFlag.y)
manual_keep %>%
  summarise(RateFlag.x = sum(RateFlag.x),
                  CourseFlag.x = sum(CourseFlag.x),
                  DistFlag.x = sum(DistFlag.x),
                  RateFlag.y = sum(RateFlag.y),
                   CourseFlag.y = sum(CourseFlag.y),
                  DistFlag.y = sum(DistFlag.y)) %>%
  tidyr::gather("Flag", "Count") %>%
  mutate(Source = ifelse(grepl(".x", Flag), "animaltracker", "manual"),
               Flag = substr(Flag, 1, nchar(Flag)-2)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(Flag, Count, fill = Source)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  ggtitle(paste0("Observations Kept by Manual Processing,
                discarded by Animaltracker\n","N = ",nrow(manual_keep)) )
```

Observations Kept by Manual Processing, discarded by Animaltracker





manual_keep %>% head(10) # first several cases

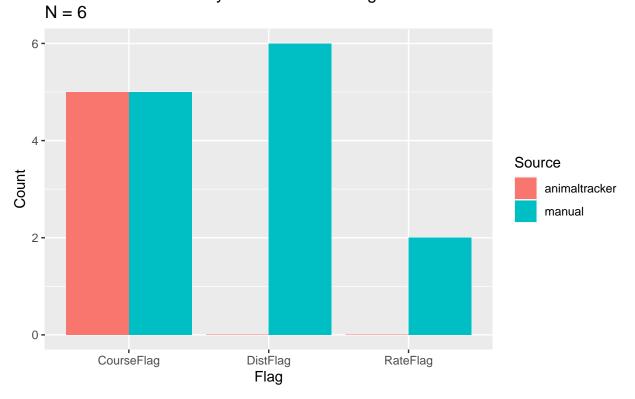
##		ind	Cow		DateTime T	imeDiffMins	$\mathtt{Rate.x}$	Rate.y	RateFlag.x
##	1	2	11	2018-05-23	15:48:22	0.100000	235.21787	NA	1
##	2	17071	11	2018-06-16	19:35:38	1.983333	84.52721	84.48521	1
##	3	17110	11	2018-06-16	20:53:10	1.983333	84.53694	84.37256	1
##	4	24006	63	2018-05-23	15:55:35	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	5	24029	63	2018-05-23	16:46:12	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	6	24030	63	2018-05-23	16:53:40	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	7	24031	63	2018-05-23	17:14:07	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	8	24090	63	2018-05-23	19:55:33	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	9	24091	63	2018-05-23	20:16:32	0.000000	NaN	0.00000	1
##	10	26022	63	2018-05-26	12:56:07	1.883333	86.17136	86.02308	1
##		RateF	Lag.y	y Dist.x	Dist.y	DistFlag.x	DistFlag.y	CourseD	iff.x
##	1		(23.48571	23.485714	1	C)	0
##	2		1	167.56233	167.562333	1	C)	23
##	3		1	1 167.33892	167.338916	1	C)	28
##	4		(0.00000	0	0	C)	0
##	5		(0.00000	0	0	C)	183
##	6		(0.00000	0	0	C)	0
##	7		(0.00000	0	0	C)	0
##	8		(0.00000	0	0	C)	0
##	9		(0.00000	0	0	C)	0
##	10			1 162.01013	162.010131	1	C)	6
##		CourseDiff.y CourseFlag.x CourseFlag.y							
##	1			0	0	0			

```
## 2
                  23
                                  0
                                                 0
## 3
                  28
                                  0
                                                 0
## 4
                   0
                                  0
                                                 0
## 5
                 183
                                                 1
                                  1
## 6
                   0
                                  0
                                                 0
## 7
                   0
                                  0
                                                 0
## 8
                   0
                                  0
                                                 0
## 9
                   0
                                  0
                                                 0
## 10
                   6
                                                 0
```

All of the cases kept by animaltracker but discarded by manual processing (n = 6) were marked with a distance flag by manual processing, but not animaltracker.

```
anitracker_keep <- join %>%
  filter(Keep.x > Keep.y) %>%
  select(ind = merge_index, Cow, DateTime = DateTime.x, TimeDiffMins = TimeDiffMins.x,
              Rate.x, Rate.y, RateFlag.x, RateFlag.y,
              Dist.x = Distance.x, Dist.y = Distance.y, DistFlag.x, DistFlag.y,
              CourseDiff.x, CourseDiff.y, CourseFlag.x, CourseFlag.y)
anitracker_keep %>%
  summarise(RateFlag.x = sum(RateFlag.x),
                   CourseFlag.x = sum(CourseFlag.x),
                   DistFlag.x = sum(DistFlag.x),
                   RateFlag.y = sum(RateFlag.y),
                   CourseFlag.y = sum(CourseFlag.y),
                   DistFlag.y = sum(DistFlag.y)) %>%
  tidyr::gather("Flag", "Count") %>%
  mutate(Source = ifelse(grepl(".x", Flag), "animaltracker", "manual"),
                Flag = substr(Flag, 1, nchar(Flag)-2)) %>%
  ggplot( aes(Flag, Count, fill = Source)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge") +
  ggtitle(paste0("Observations Kept by AnimalTracker,
                 discarded by Manual Processing\n","N = ",nrow(anitracker_keep)) )
```

Observations Kept by AnimalTracker, discarded by Manual Processing



anitracker_keep	%>%	head(10)	#	first	several	cases	
-----------------	-----	----------	---	-------	---------	-------	--

##		ind	Cow		DateTime Ti	imeDiffMins	Rate.x	Rate.y	RateFlag.x
##	1	5024	11	2018-05-30	17:16:31	2.050000	83.93486	84.01382	0
##	2	39845	63	2018-06-14	21:32:10	2.100000	81.30984	81.47052	0
##	3	96488	257	2018-06-21	20:59:42	2.116667	82.15747	82.24029	0
##	4	99911	322	2018-05-23	23:02:07	0.100000	0.00000	907251.03920	0
##	5	119434	437	2018-05-23	18:41:44	2.133333	81.07113	81.15127	0
##	6	157563	535	2018-06-12	00:01:24	2.116667	82.23331	82.42689	0
##		RateFla	ag.y	Dist.x	Dist.y	DistFlag.	c DistFlag	g.y CourseDif	f.x
##	1		1	172.2283	172.228339) ()	1	3
##	2		0	171.0881	171.088102	2 ()	1	112
##	3		0	174.0753	174.075285	5 ()	1	314
##	4		1	90725.0966	90725.09663	L ()	1	236
##	5		0	173.1227	173.122707	7 ()	1	160
##	6		0	174.4703	174.470257	7 ()	1	353
##		CourseDiff.y CourseFlag.x CourseFlag.y							
##	1			3	0	0			
##	2	112		1	1				
##	3	314		1	1				
##	4		236		1	1			
##	5		16	30	1	1			
##	6		35	53	1	1			

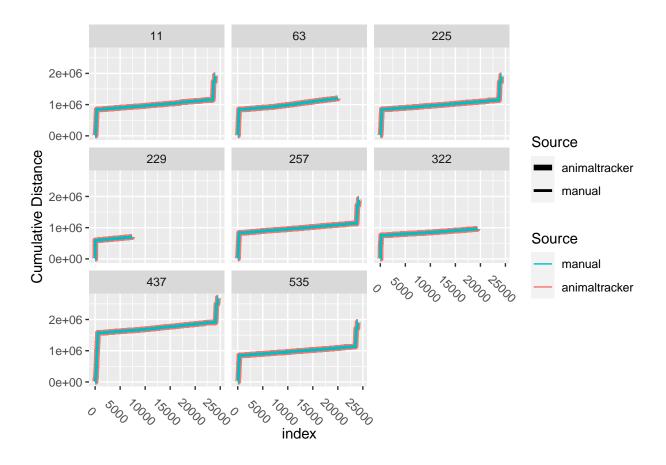
Effects of Cleaning Differences on Outcome Measures

The remaining analysis addresses the statistical effects of the processing errors on key outcomes.

Cumulative Distance (per day)

The time series plots below indicate a very close conformity between the data cleaned in animaltracker and the manually cleaned data.

```
cumdist <- join %>%
  group_by(Cow) %>%
  arrange(merge_index) %>%
  mutate(Dist.y = lag(Distance.y,1),
                cumDist.x = cumsum(replace_na(Distance.x,0)),
                cumDist.y = cumsum(replace_na(Distance.y,0))) %>%
  ungroup()
cumdist_anitracker <- cumdist %>%
  group_by(Cow) %>% arrange(merge_index) %>%
  mutate(index = 1:n()) %>% ungroup() %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(Cow, index, cumDist.x, DistFlag.x) %>%
  rename(Flag = DistFlag.x,
                cumDist = cumDist.x) %>%
  mutate(Source = "animaltracker")
cumdist_manual <- cumdist %>%
  group_by(Cow) %>% arrange(merge_index) %>%
  mutate(index = 1:n()) %>% ungroup() %>%
  select( index, Cow, cumDist.y, DistFlag.y) %>%
  rename( Flag = DistFlag.y,
                cumDist = cumDist.y) %>%
  mutate(Source = "manual")
plot_data <- bind_rows(cumdist_anitracker, cumdist_manual)</pre>
ggplot(plot_data, aes(x=index, y=cumDist, group=Source, color=Source)) +
  geom_line(aes(size = Source)) +
  ylab("Cumulative Distance") +
  scale_color_discrete(guide = guide_legend(reverse = TRUE)) +
  scale_size_manual(values=c(2, 1)) +
  facet_wrap(vars(Cow)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = -45))
```



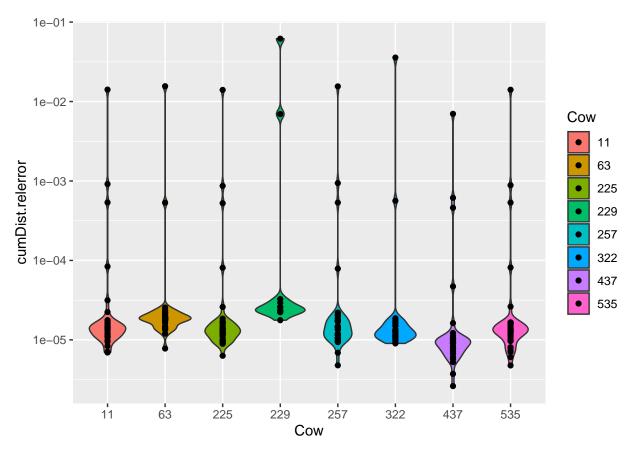
Relative Error of Cumulative Distance Estimates

The following summarizes the relative error of cumulative distances calculated from the animaltracker app in comparison to the manually processed data.

```
error_cumdist <- join %>%
  group_by(Cow) %>%
  arrange(merge_index) %>%
  mutate(
    Dist.y = lag(Distance.y,1),
    cumDist.x = cumsum(replace_na(Distance.x,0)),
    cumDist.y = cumsum(replace_na(Dist.y,0))) %>%
  group_by(Cow, Date.x) %>%
  summarize(
    cumDist.x = sum(cumDist.x, na.rm=TRUE),
    cumDist.y = sum(cumDist.y, na.rm = TRUE),
    cumDist.relerror = (cumDist.x-cumDist.y)/cumDist.y
) %>%
  ungroup()
```

Based on N = 243 days of data, the overall relative error rate in cumulative distance per day is 0.08%.

```
ggplot(error_cumdist, aes(x = Cow, y = cumDist.relerror, fill = Cow))+
    geom_violin(trim=TRUE)+
    geom_point()+
    scale_y_continuous(trans='log10')
```



```
error_cumdist %>%
  group_by(Cow) %>%
  mutate(index = 1:n()) %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  select(index, name = Cow, value = cumDist.relerror) %>%
  mutate(name = paste0("Cow_", name)) %>%
  pivot_wider() %>%
  select(-index) %>%
  select(-index) %>%
  select(n, mean, sd, median, range, se ) %>%
  print(digits = 4)
```

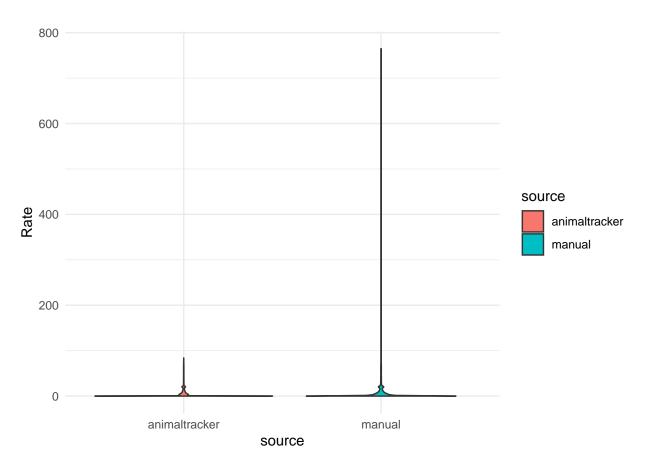
```
sd median range
##
                mean
## Cow_11 35 0.0005 0.0024
                                 0 0.0141 0.0004
## Cow 63 29 0.0006 0.0029
                                 0 0.0156 0.0005
## Cow_225 35 0.0005 0.0024
                                 0 0.0140 0.0004
## Cow_229 12 0.0058 0.0178
                                 0 0.0618 0.0051
## Cow_257 35 0.0005 0.0026
                                 0 0.0155 0.0004
## Cow 322 27 0.0014 0.0069
                                 0 0.0358 0.0013
## Cow_437 35 0.0002 0.0012
                                 0 0.0070 0.0002
## Cow_535 35 0.0005 0.0024
                                 0 0.0141 0.0004
```

Rate of Travel

The following describes differences in estimated Rate measurements (meters/min) between the data cleaned in animaltracker and the manually cleaned data.

```
rates_keep <- join %>%
    filter(Keep.x > 0 ) %>%
    select(merge_index, Rate = Rate.x) %>%
    mutate(source = "animaltracker") %>%
  rbind(
    join %>%
     filter(Keep.y > 0) %>%
      select(merge_index, Rate = Rate.y) %>%
      mutate(source = "manual")
  mutate(source = factor(source),
        Rate = as.numeric(Rate))
rates_keep %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = "source", values_from="Rate") %>%
  select(-merge_index) %>%
  psych::describe() %>%
  select(n, mean, sd, median, range, se ) %>%
 print(digits = 3)
##
                     n mean
                                  sd median range
## animaltracker 164913 6.281 13.446
                                         0 83.998 0.033
## manual
                164970 6.297 13.696
                                          0 764.775 0.034
ggplot(rates_keep, aes(x = source, y = Rate, fill = source))+
  geom_violin(trim=TRUE) +
 theme_minimal()
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_ydensity).



Restricting to the bulk of measured rates (< 40 meters/min), we see nearly identical distributions.

```
ggplot(rates_keep %>% filter(Rate < 40), aes(x = source, y = Rate, fill = source))+
  geom_violin(trim=TRUE) +
  theme_minimal()</pre>
```

