SPOC Tunnel BASH/ZSH Function

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This document includes two main sections.

- 1. The steps needed to run sshuttle with domain-specific-dns (which forwards only requests for spoc.charterlab.com to the spoc-jumphost).
- 2. A function that can be added to your zsh/bash profile that allows a simple, one-step fingerprint authentication for the sshuttle command. This is accomplished by using the 1Password CLI utility "op" to read the appropriate passwords and securely pass them to the sshuttle utility. I have marked the steps for this method as "OPTIONAL".

Requirements

You will need to set up the following:

- Sudo Privileges
- Install Homebrew
- Install SSHuttle

- Install sshpass
- Add your SPOC password to the MacOS Keychain
- Set up custom DNS Resolver for the spoc.charterlab.com domain

Set up Sudo privileges

You will need to modify /etc/sudoers if you have not already so you can run commands as a privileged user.

The configuration below is OPTIONAL:

Install Homebrew (MacOS) package manager

- Homebrew Installation Instructions
- Installation Script:

/bin/bash -c "\$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/

Install SSHuttle utility from Homebrew

brew install sshuttle

Install SSHPass utility from Homebrew

This utility allows you to forward a password to the ssh command. This example uses an environment variable that in turn uses a password manager to securely pipe password information to sshuttle.

WARNING: There are methods to invoke sshpass that **ARE NOT** secure. As such, the utility is not available directly from homebrew. I use a custom tap and formula hosted on my personal github account.

```
brew tap ajanis/custombrew
brew install ajanis/custombrew/sshpass
```

Storing and Retrieving your password securely using the MacOS Keychain

You can store your SPOC VPN password in your MacOS Keychain. Even if you use a password manager, securely storing a password in the MacOS Keychain will give you a secure method of including the password in a script or CLI utility.

Adding your password to the MacOS Keychain

```
security add-generic-password -s "SPOC VPN" -a "${USER}" -w
```

Retrieving your password from the MacOS Keychain

```
security find-generic-password -s "SPOC VPN" -a "${USER}" -w
```

Modify your sshuttle command to send DNS requests for ONLY 'spoc.charterlab.com' to the sshuttle jumphost.

This will prevent your system from trying other nameservers for *.spoc.charterlab.com domains.

(Credit to Josh Hurtado for these instructions)

Create a domain-specific-DNS configuration for the SPOC Lab

Run the following commands as a priviliged / root user on the MacOS machine:

Create the directory /etc/resolver

```
sudo mkdir /etc/resolver
sudo chmod 0774 /etc/resolver
```

Create the resolver file for SPOC at /etc/resolver/spoc.charterlab.com

```
sudo echo 'search spoc.charterlab.com spoc.local nameserver 172.22.73.19' > /\epsilon
```

Verify the new resolver for spoc.charterlab.com is present with the following command

(You will have to scroll down a bit to find the correct resolver. An example is provided of the expected output)

```
sudo scutil --dns
```

Example Output:

```
resolver #8
  domain : spoc.charterlab.com
  search domain[0] : spoc.charterlab.com
  search domain[1] : spoc.local
  search domain[2] : nameserver
  search domain[3] : 172.22.73.19
  flags : Request A records, Request AAAA records
```

reach : 0x00000000 (Not Reachable)

Create files for allow and deny that will be used by sshuttle

The --dns flag sends *all* requests to the **sshuttle jumphost**. You will need to modify your **sshuttle** command so that *ONLY* requests for **spoc.charterlab.com** will be handled by the **sshuttle jumphost**.

Create the sshuttle ALLOW file by running the following command

```
echo << EOF >> ~/.spoc.allow.txt
44.0.0.0/8
10.240.12.0/22
10.244.28.0/22
10.240.40.0/22
10.240.64.0/23
10.240.72.0/22
10.240.76.0/22
#Optical's polatis
10.252.254.197/32
10.252.254.9/24
10.252.255.0/24
172.22.32.0/24
172.22.73.31/32
172.22.73.70
172.22.73.99
172.22.73.19
172.22.73.27/32
172.22.73.164/32
#172.22.73.0/24
#172.22.72.0/22
172.23.62.0/24
172.30.124.128/26
172.22.73.128/25
172.22.73.126
172.22.73.127
172.23.35.32/27
35.135.193.64/26
35.135.193.0/24
2600:6ce6:4410::/48
2605:1c00:50f2::/48
2600:6ce7:0:5::/64
2600:6cec:1c0:7::/64
#2605:1c00:50f2:2800::/64
2605:1c00:50f2:280e::/64
2605:1c00:50f2:280e::6100/64
2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:100/128
2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:164/128
2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:31/128
EOF
```

Create the sshuttle DENY file by running the following command

```
echo << EOF >> ~/.spoc.deny.txt
#corp
142.136.0.0/16
142.136.235.173
22.0.0.0/8
33.0.0.0/8
#10.151.0.0/16
#SPOC
#10.240.72.137
35.135.192.78/32
#172.23.62.20
172.23.62.21
172.22.73.17
#172.22.73.13
#2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:17/128
#2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:13/128
#2605:1c00:50f2:2800:172:22:73:18/128
#2605:1c00:50f2:280b:172:23:62:222/128
EOF
```

Running SSHuttle from your terminal

```
sshuttle -v -r $USER@35.135.192.78:3022 -s ~/.spoc.allow.txt -X ~/.spoc.deny.t
```

SSHUTTLE HELPER FUNCTION - Easily start and stop the sshuttle process in the background and securely inject your password from MacOS Keychain

NOTE: This simple function is just a wrapper for the sshuttle command that uses the CLI component of the MacOS Keychain to securely inject your SPOC password without having to manually enter them every time.

The function also maintains a log of the current session for debugging, and will keep you connected to the SPOC network even if you are inactive for awhile.

You can modify the function to invoke sshuttle with any arguments you wish. And of course, you can still run the sshuttle command from the CLI.

ALSO NOTE: The script has several basic checks to ensure you have all of the following:

- The SPOCUSER variable set
- The sshpass utility installed.
- Your SPOC Password added to your MacOS Keychain (The script will prompt you to create it if not present).

Creating the Helper Script

```
echo << EOF >> ~/.spoc.zsh
#!/bin/bash
spoctunnel () {
# ADD TO PROFILE
# Add the following uncommented line to your shell profile
# [[ -f ~/.spoc.zsh ]] && source ~/.spoc.zsh
colorRed="\033\Gamma\31m"
colorGreen="\033[32m"
colorYellow="\033[33m"
colorBlue="\033[34m"
colorDefault="\033\0m"
SSHUTTLESTATE=$1
LOGFILE="$HOME/.sshuttle.log"
# SET SPOCUSER TO YOUR SPOC ACCOUNT NAME
SPOCUSER="ajanis"
if [ -z "$SPOCUSER" ]; then
    echo -e "
    ${colorRed}No User set for SPOC SSH Connection defined.
    Set the ${colorYellow}'SPOCUSER' ${colorRed}variable to your
    ${colorYellow}SPOC Username ${colorRed}in the helper script
    ${colorDefault}"
    return
    fi
# INSTALL SSHPASS
if \lceil ! -x \pmod{ shpass} \rceil; then
    echo -e "${colorRed}
    You need to install the 'sshpass' tool via Homebrew.
    Assuming you have homebrew installed, run the following commands:
    ${colorYellow}brew tap ajanis/custombrew
    brew install ajanis/custombrew/sshpass
    ${colorDefault}"
    return
fi
# Password storage/retrieval mechanism
# Support for 1password and MAC OS KeyChains
# Example command for CLI access provided below
# 1Password CLI
#SPOCPASSWD_1PASSWD="$(op read op://Charter/charterlab-spoc/password)"
```

MAC OC Variables

```
# MAC US KeyChain
SPOCPASSWD_KEYCHAIN="$(security find-generic-password -s 'SPOC VPN' -a ${USER}
if [ -z $SPOCPASSWD_KEYCHAIN ]; then
        echo -e "
        ${colorRed}No SPOC Password found in your MacOS Keychain!
        ${colorGreen}Please enter your SPOC password when prompted to securely
        ${colorDefault}
        security add-generic-password -a ${USER} -s 'SPOC VPN' -w
# Set SPOC password to MacOS Keychain Password result
SPOCPASSWD="${SPOCPASSWD_KEYCHAIN}"
# SSHuttle option menu
case $SSHUTTLESTATE in
    start)
     if ! pgrep -f sshuttle; then
      echo > $LOGFILE
      echo -e "${colorGreen}Starting SSHuttle connection to SPOC Jumphost
      ${colorDefault}"
      SSHPASS=${SPOCPASSWD} \
      bash -c "sshpass -e sshuttle -v -r $$POCUSER@35.135.192.78:3022 \
      -s ~/.spoc.allow.txt \
      -X ~/.spoc.deny.txt \
      --ns-hosts 172.22.73.19 \
      --to-ns 172.22.73.19" >>$LOGFILE 2>&1 &
      fi
      ;;
    start_1pw)
     if ! pgrep -f sshuttle; then
      echo > $LOGFILE
      SSHPASS=${SPOCPASSWD} \
      bash -c "sshpass -e sshuttle -v -r $$POCUSER@35.135.192.78:3022 \
      -s ~/.spoc.allow.txt \
      -X ~/.spoc.deny.txt \
      --ns-hosts 172.22.73.19 \
      --to-ns 172.22.73.19" >>$LOGFILE 2>&1 &
      fi
    start_keychain)
      if ! pgrep -f sshuttle; then
      echo > $LOGFILE
      SSHPASS=${SPOCPASSWD} \
      bash -c "sshpass -e sshuttle -v -r $$POCUSER@35.135.192.78:3022 \
      -s ~/.spoc.allow.txt \
      -X ~/.spoc.deny.txt \
      --ns-hosts 172.22.73.19 \
      --to-ns 172.22.73.19" >>$LOGFILE 2>&1 &
      fi
```

. .

```
stop)
      if pgrep -f sshuttle; then
      echo -e "${colorGreen}Killing SSHuttle connection to SPOC
      ${colorDefault}"
      sudo pkill -f sshuttle >>$LOGFILE 2>&1
    tail)
     tail -F $LOGFILE
    cat)
      cat $LOGFILE
    *)
      echo -e "$0 (start|stop|tail|cat|start_1pw|start_keychain)
                      | Starts sshuttle using -s ~/.spoc.allow.txt and -X ~/.s
      start:
                      I Shuts down the sshuttle application
      stop:
                      I Tails the sshuttle process log file at ~/.sshuttle.log
      tail:
                      I Displays the entire file at ~/.sshuttle.log
                      I Same as start + Uses 1password CLI for password retri€
      start_1pw:
      start_keychain: | Same as start + Uses MacOS Keychain for password retri
esac
}
EOF
```

Include ~/.spoc.rc Helper Script just created in your SHELL profile / rcfile

This example uses .zshrc, but you can substitute the rcfile for your \$SHELL of choice

```
cat << EOF >> .zshrc
[[ -f ~/.spoc.zsh ]] && source ~/.spoc.zsh
EOF
```

Runing the SSHuttle Helper Script

- Open a new terminal window or reinstantiate your shell with exec \$SHELL
- Run spoctunnel to see help

• Run spoctunnel start to start the sshuttle application

```
> spoctunnel start
Starting SSHuttle connection to SPOC Jumphost
```

• You will be prompted for your system/sudo password or fingerprint by 1Password or MacOS Keychain (unless you have configured passwordless sudo)

• Run spoctunnel tail to view logs

[4] 83000

```
> spoctunnel tail
c : Connected to server.
fw: setting up.
fw: >> pfctl -s Interfaces -i lo -v
fw: >> pfctl -s all
fw: >> pfctl -a sshuttle6-12300 -f /dev/stdin
fw: >> pfctl -E
fw: >> pfctl -s Interfaces -i lo -v
fw: >> pfctl -s all
fw: >> pfctl -a sshuttle-12300 -f /dev/stdin
fw: >> pfctl -E
c : Accept TCP: 10.153.3.239:52481 -> 44.230.79.122:443.
s: SW 4:44.230.79.122:443: uwrite: got EPIPE
c : Accept TCP: 10.153.3.239:52484 -> 44.230.79.122:443.
c : Accept TCP: 10.153.3.239:52486 -> 172.22.73.99:443.
c : Accept TCP: 10.153.3.239:52487 -> 172.22.73.99:443.
```

• Run spoctunnel stop to shut down the sshuttle application

```
>> spoctunnel stop
83000
83004
83029
83036
Killing SSHuttle connection to SPOC

[4] + 83000 terminated SSHPASS=${SPOCPASSWD} bash -c >> $LOGFILE 2>&1
```