Note: Write the answers in orderly at one place Calculators are not allowed

Answer any FIVE of the following questions. $(5 \times 12 = 60M)$

(1) If z = 3 - 5i, then show that $z^3 - 10z^2 + 58z - 136 = 0$.

If z = x + iy and point P represents Z in the argand plane and $Arg\left(\frac{z-1}{z+1}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$, then find locus of P.

of P.

If $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta + \cos \gamma = 0 = \sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma$, then show that

i) $\cos 3\alpha + \cos 3\beta + \cos 3\gamma = 3\cos (\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$.

ii) $sin3\alpha + sin3\beta + sin3\gamma = 3sin(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$. 1M

(3) If 1, ω , ω^2 are the cube roots of unity, then prove that

i) $\frac{1}{2+\omega} + \frac{1}{1+2\omega} = \frac{1}{1+\omega}$.

ii) $(2-\omega)(2-\omega^2)(2-\omega^{10})(2-\omega^{11})=49.$ 2M

(b) solve $\sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}} + \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x}} = \frac{13}{6}$. when $x \neq 0$ and $x \neq 1$

g) If x is real, then prove that $\frac{x}{x^2-5x+9}$ lies between $-\frac{1}{11}$ and 1.

3. A) If α, β, γ are non zero roots of $x^3 + px^2 + qx + r = 0$, then find the following in terms of p, q, r

i) $\sum \alpha^2$ ii) $\sum \frac{1}{\alpha}$ iii) $\sum \alpha^3$ iv) $\sum \beta^2 \gamma^2$ (1M+1M+1M)

b) Solve $9x^3 - 15x^2 + 7x - 1 = 0$, given that two of its roots are equal. 4M

c) Solve $2x^5 + x^4 - 12x^3 - 12x^2 + x + 2 = 0$.

4. Find the number of ways of arranging 6 boys and 6 girls around a circular table so that

i) all the girls sit together ii) No two girls sit together. 2M+2M

b) If the letters of the word CHAINS are arranged in all possible ways and the words does formed are arranged in a dictionary order then find the 601th word.

Out of 8 gentlemen and 5 ladies a committee of 5 is to be formed. Find the number of ways in which this can be done so as to always include at least two ladies.

4M

5. a) Find the term independent of x in the expansion of $\left(\sqrt{\frac{x}{3}} + \frac{3}{2x^2}\right)^{10}$.

b) Find the coefficient of x^{10} in the expansion of $\frac{1+2x}{(1-2x)^2}$.

c) Resolve $\frac{3x+7}{x^2-3x+2}$ into partial fractions.

- Find the probability that a leap year contains
 - i) 53 Sundays

ii) 52 Sundays only.

- (2M+2M)
- A, B, C are three horses in a race. The probability of A to win the race is twice that of B and probability of B is twice that of C. What are the probability of A, B and C to win the race. 4M
- 2MFind the square root of -5 + 12i.
 - Find the Maximum or Minimum value of quadratic expression $2x 7 5x^2$. 2Mc) If $n_{p_7} = 42 \cdot n_{p_5}$, then find n.
 - d) Find the middle term(s) in $\left(4x + \frac{3y}{2}\right)^{11}$. 2M
 - e) Resolve $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)(x-2)}$ into partial fractions. 2M
 - If 4 fair coins are tossed simultaneously, then find the probability that 2 heads and 2 tails appear.

2M

2M