Database



MongoDB is the database that allows ROSE to talk to the web application. Through the ability to group information of a variety of different types and sizes under one collection, mongoDB allows for quick and easy access to any piece of information for both the web application and ROSE to send and receive information from the database. With this database, ROSE is able to read inputs from the web app including:

- direction of translation
- direction of rotation
- Desired speed of motion.

In addition, ROSE is able to send information to the database for the web app to retrieve. The Information describes the conditions of the robot such as:

- current position
- current velocity
- power consumption.

Webapp





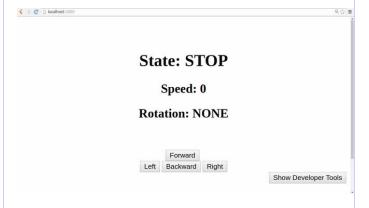


Pizza......\$7.99
Coke.....\$1.99
Bread Sticks......\$4.99

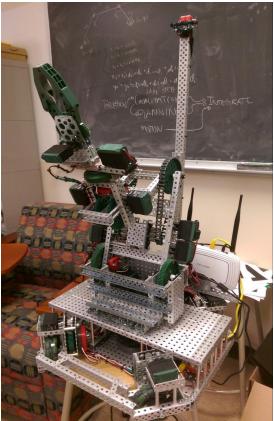
Restaurant customers will be able to view the menu, place their order and checkout through the web application. Above is the aesthetic design of the web application.

Restaurant managers will have their own access to an easy-to-use web application to manually control the robot in case of malfunctions.

Managers can easily see the robot's actions from the state, speed, and rotation. The image below shows the manager interface for robot controller.







Group #9

By: Ajay Srivastava, Srihari Chekuri, Cedric Blake, Vineet Sepaha, Neil Patel, Brice Howard, Jonathan Cheng

Introduction



Our product performs certain waiter responsibilities for a restaurant. Customers come into and are seated in the restaurant. They order items on our web application, which records the customer's request. In no time, ROSE queue your request and will deliver the requested item or items to the table with the correct order. Our system can reduce wait times for customers, which in turn could increase the satisfaction of customer experience.



Robot

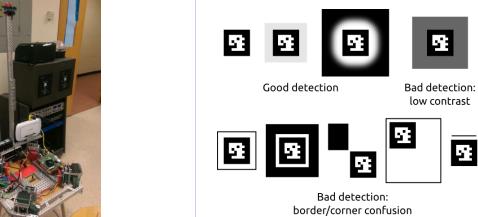


We use a Jetson TK-1 as our processing unit. The base of the robot can move in all directions. It can be controlled by a webapp.



The arm has 6 degrees of freedom so that you can pick up objects from various positions.

Computer Vision



We detect tags because they are easy to detect due to the algorithm used for detecting them.

They are part of an openCV library and that identifies the object. They can be generated using the library and then printed out.

You can place the tags anywhere around the room or on certain objects to keep track of them accurately in real time.

This method of keeping track of objects has very few chances of running into problems and can be used for many uses. You can detect objects and/or localize.