

1. If the sum of all the elements of 3×3 scalar matrix is 9, then the product of all elements is:
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 9
 - (c) 27
 - (d) 729
2. If $\begin{vmatrix} -a & b & c \\ a & -b & c \\ a & b & -c \end{vmatrix} = kabc$, then the value of k is:
 - (a) 0
 - (b) 1
 - (c) 2
 - (d) 4
3. If $A = [a_{ij}]$ be a 3×3 where $a_{ij} = i - 3j$, then which of the following is false?
 - (a) $a_{11} < 0$
 - (b) $a_{12} + a_{21} = -6$
 - (c) $a_{13} > a_{31}$
 - (d) $a_{31} = 0$
4. If $F(x) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos x & -\sin x & 0 \\ \sin x & \cos x & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $[F(x)]^2 = F(kx)$, then the value of k is:
 - (a) 1
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 0
 - (d) -2
5. Assertion (A): For any symmetric matrix A , $B'AB$ is a skew-symmetric matrix.
 Reason (R): A square matrix P is skew-symmetric if $P' = -P$
 - (a) Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
 - (b) Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.
 - (c) Assertion is true, but Reason is false.

(d) Assertion is false, but Reason is true.

6. Solve the following system of equations, using matrices:

$$\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{y} + \frac{10}{z} = 4, \frac{4}{x} - \frac{6}{y} + \frac{5}{z} = 1, \frac{6}{x} + \frac{9}{y} - \frac{20}{z} = 2 \text{ where } x, y, z \neq 0$$

7. If $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \cot x \\ -\cot x & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, then show that $A' A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -\cos 2x & -\sin 2x \\ \sin 2x & -\cos 2x \end{pmatrix}$