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In [1]: """
 Read file into texts and calls.
It's ok if you don't understand how to read files.
import csv
with open('texts.csv', 'r') as f:
    reader = csv.reader(f)
    texts = list(reader)
with open('calls.csv', 'r') as f:
    reader = csv.reader(f)
    calls = list(reader)
 HHHH
 TASK 3:
 (080) is the area code for fixed line telephones in Bangalore.
Fixed line numbers include parentheses, so Bangalore numbers
have the form (080)xxxxxxxx.)
Part A: Find all of the area codes and mobile prefixes called by people
in Bangalore.
 - Fixed lines start with an area code enclosed in brackets. The area
   codes vary in length but always begin with 0.
 - Mobile numbers have no parentheses, but have a space in the middle
   of the number to help readability. The prefix of a mobile number
   is its first four digits, and they always start with 7, 8 or 9.
 - Telemarketers' numbers have no parentheses or space, but they start
   with the area code 140.
Print the answer as part of a message:
 "The numbers called by people in Bangalore have codes:"
 <list of codes>
 The list of codes should be print out one per line in lexicographic order with no duplicate
Part B: What percentage of calls from fixed lines in Bangalore are made
 to fixed lines also in Bangalore? In other words, of all the calls made
 from a number starting with "(080)", what percentage of these calls
were made to a number also starting with "(080)"?
Print the answer as a part of a message::
 "<percentage> percent of calls from fixed lines in Bangalore are calls
 to other fixed lines in Bangalore."
 The percentage should have 2 decimal digits
def classifyNumber(phoneNum):
    phoneNumType = None
    areaCode = None
    prefix = None
    startNums = ("7", "8", "9")
    TelemarketerAreaCode = "140"
    if(phoneNum.startswith("(0")):
         phoneNumType = "Fixed"
        areaCode = phoneNum[1:phoneNum.find(")")]
    elif(phoneNum.find(" ") == 5 and phoneNum.startswith(startNums)):
        phoneNumType = "Mobile"
        prefix = phoneNum[0:4]
    elif (phoneNum.startswith(TelemarketerAreaCode)):
        phoneNumType = "Telemarketer"
        areaCode = TelemarketerAreaCode
    return {"phoneNumType": phoneNumType, "areaCode": areaCode, "prefix": prefix}
 callsMadeFromBangalore = []
 bangaloreAreaCode = "(080)'
 11 11 11
Part A:
 phoneNumberCodes = []
 for record in calls:
    # Fixed line numbers phone number of people in Bangalore which starts with (080)
    outgoingNumber = record[0]
    recievingNumber = record[1]
    if(outgoingNumber.startswith(bangaloreAreaCode)):
        callsMadeFromBangalore.append(record)
        numData = classifyNumber(recievingNumber)
        code = numData['areaCode'] if numData['areaCode'] != None else numData['prefix']
        if code not in phoneNumberCodes:
             phoneNumberCodes.append(code)
    11 11 11
    Find all of the area codes and mobile prefixes called by people in Bangalore.
    The prefix of a mobile number is its first four digits, and they always start with 7, 8
 or 9.
    timestamp = record[2]
    callDuration = record[3]
print("The numbers called by people in Bangalore have codes:")
print(*sorted(phoneNumberCodes), sep='\n')
 # print(callsMadeFromBangalore)
 11 11 11
Part B:
percentage formula: y/x = P\%
What percent of callsMadeFromBangalore is countRecords?
y is countRecords
x is len(callsMadeFromBangalore),
countRecords = 0
for record in callsMadeFromBangalore:
    recievingNumber = record[1]
    if(recievingNumber.startswith(bangaloreAreaCode)):
        countRecords += 1
y = countRecords
x = len(callsMadeFromBangalore)
p = y/x
# Converting decimal to a percent: p * 100 = ?%
percentage = p * 100
# print(percentage)
print(f"{format(percentage, '.2f')} percent of calls from fixed lines in Bangalore are calls
 to other fixed lines in Bangalore.")
The numbers called by people in Bangalore have codes:
022
040
04344
044
04546
0471
080
0821
7406
7795
7813
7829
8151
8152
8301
8431
8714
9008
9019
9035
9036
9241
9242
9341
9342
9343
9400
9448
9449
9526
9656
9738
9740
9741
9742
9844
9845
9900
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24 01 percent of calls from fixed lines in Pappalore are calls to other fixed lines in Pappal

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