

Model for Estimating Limit-State Displacements of Two-Column Steel Bridge Piers

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Yield Limit-State

$$\Delta_y = \gamma_{sc}\gamma_{cb}\Delta'_y \quad (1)$$

$$\gamma_{cb} = 1.05 \left(\frac{1}{K_{rcb}} \right)^{0.92} \quad (2)$$

$$\gamma_{sc} = 1.88 - 0.01 \left(\frac{D}{t} \right) \quad (3)$$

$$\Delta'_y = \frac{\phi_y L_c^2}{3} \quad (4)$$

$$\phi_y = \frac{2\epsilon_y}{D} \quad (5)$$

$$F_y = n_c \frac{f_y S}{L_c} \quad (6)$$

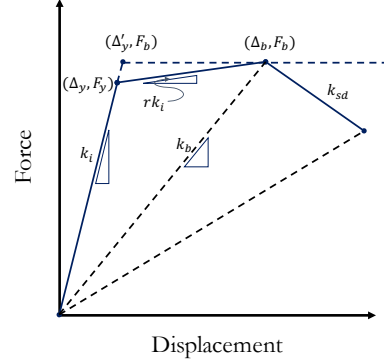


Figure 1: Idealized force versus displacement response.

Buckling Limit-State

$$\Delta_b = \gamma_{sc}\gamma_{cb}\Delta'_b \quad (7)$$

$$\gamma_{cb} = 0.65 \left(\frac{1}{K_{rcb}} \right)^{0.58} \left(\frac{D}{t} \right)^{0.14} \quad (8)$$

$$\gamma_{sc} = 1.73 \quad (9)$$

$$\Delta'_b = \Delta_e + \Delta_p \quad (10)$$

$$\Delta_e = \frac{\phi'_y L_c^2}{3} \quad (11)$$

$$\phi'_y = \phi_y \left(\frac{M_p}{M_y} \right) \quad (12)$$

$$\Delta_p = L_p (\phi_b - \phi'_y) \left(L_c - \frac{L_p}{2} \right) \quad (13)$$

$$\phi_b = \frac{b_c \epsilon_b}{D} \quad (14)$$

$$b_c = 2.81 - 0.019 \left(\frac{D}{t} \right) \quad (15)$$

$$\epsilon_b = 15 \left(\frac{D}{t} \right)^{-2} \quad (16)$$

$$L_p = k_p L_c \quad (17)$$

$$k_p \approx 0.035 \quad (18)$$

$$F_b = F_y \left[1 + r \left(\frac{\Delta'_b}{\Delta'_y} - 1 \right) \right] \leq \frac{M_p}{L_c} \quad (19)$$

$$r = 0.0136 \left(\frac{D}{t} \right) + 0.004 f_y - 0.35 \quad (20)$$

Strength Degradation Rate

$$k_{sd} = 540 \left(\frac{D}{t} \right)^{-1.3} - 0.18 \left(\frac{P}{P_u} \right) - 11.3 \quad (21)$$

Displacement Corresponding to n% Strength Reduction

$$\Delta_{sd-n} = \Delta_b - \frac{F_b L_e (1 - 0.01n)}{100 k_{sd}} \quad (22)$$

Nomenclature

D	=	Column diameter
F_y	=	System force at yield limit-state
F_b	=	System force at local buckling limit-state
K_{rcb}	=	Cap beam relative stiffness
L_c	=	Column cantilever length
L_p	=	Plastic hinge length
M_p	=	Expected column maximum bending moment
M_y	=	Column yield moment
P	=	Column axial load
P_u	=	Column axial load capacity
S	=	Column section modulus
b_c	=	Dimensionless column curvature at local buckling
f_y	=	Yield strength of steel
k_p	=	Ratio of plastic hinge length to column cantilever length
k_{sd}	=	Column strength degradation rate, % reduction per unit drift
n	=	Strength reduction in terms of percentage of F_b
n_c	=	Number of columns
r	=	Column bi-linear factor
t	=	Column wall thickness
Δ_b	=	System displacement at column local buckling
Δ'_b	=	Single column displacement at column local buckling
Δ_e	=	Elastic component of column displacement
Δ_p	=	Plastic component of column displacement
Δ_{sd-n}	=	Displacement at n% strength reduction
Δ_y	=	System yield displacement
Δ'_y	=	Single column yield displacement
ϵ_y	=	Column yield strain
ϵ_b	=	Column strain at local buckling
γ_{sc}	=	Socket connection flexibility coefficient
γ_{cb}	=	Cap beam flexibility coefficient
ϕ_b	=	Column maximum curvature at local buckling
ϕ_y	=	Column yield curvature
ϕ'_y	=	Equivalent column yield curvature