D.2. The kinetic energy of the was spring damper Lystem will be:

$$k = \frac{1}{2}m(\dot{z})^2$$

dince, the motion is only in one direction i.e Z.

$$K = \frac{1}{2} m(\vec{p} \cdot \vec{p}) = \frac{1}{2} m \dot{z}^2 \qquad (1)$$

D.3.

Now, we know Lagrangian = KE-PE.

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(m \dot{z}^2 - \kappa z^2 \right)$$

Alors avockmons, Now, we can get,

$$m\dot{z} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{z}}$$
 and $-kz = \frac{\partial L}{\partial z}$

do, we know,

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{z}}\right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} = \ddot{z} - B\dot{q}.$$

so replacing the above equation with found values,

$$\frac{d}{dt}(m\dot{z}) + kz = f - b\dot{z}.$$

D4.

$$x = (z, \dot{z}) \Rightarrow \dot{x} = (\dot{z} \dot{z})$$

from egn (2), we get,

$$\ddot{z} = \frac{f - b\dot{z} - kz}{m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{x} = \left(\dot{z} \frac{f - b\dot{z} - Kz}{m}\right)$$

So, at equilibrium, z=0.

...
$$\ddot{z} = 0$$
.
 $\Rightarrow f - b\dot{z} - kz = 0$
or, $f - kz = 0$
or, $f = kz$ (at equilibrium).