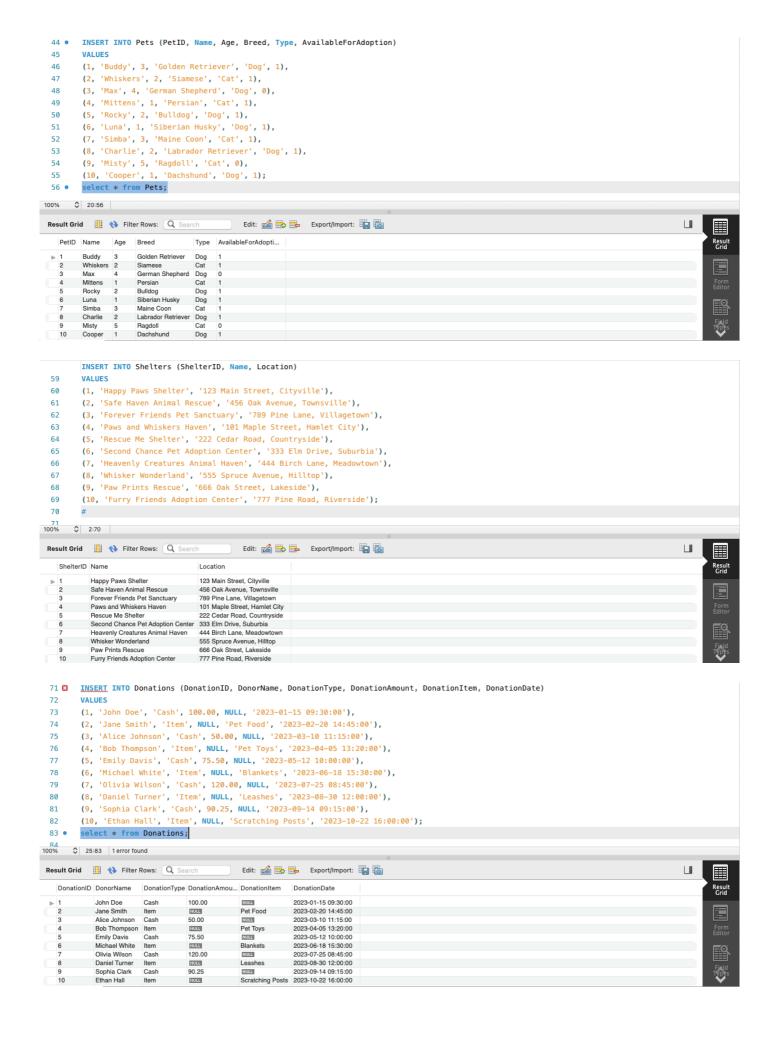
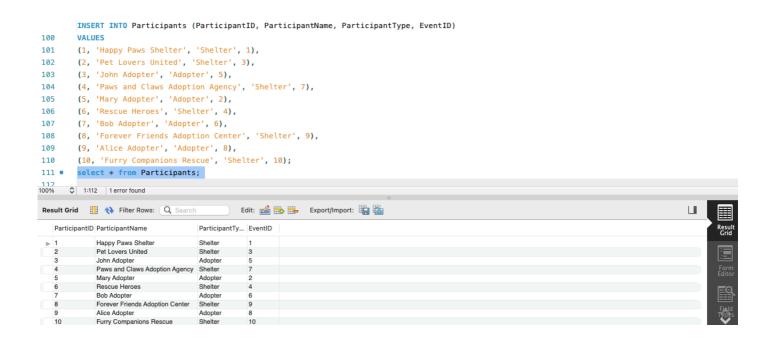
Coding Challenges -1

PetPals, The Pet Adoption Platform

- 1. Provide a SQL script that initializes the database for the Pet Adoption Platform "PetPals".
 - 1 create database if not exists PetPals;
 - 2 use PetPals;
- 2. Create tables for pets, shelters, donations, adoption events, and participants.
- 3. Define appropriate primary keys, foreign keys, and constraints.
- 4.Ensure the script handles potential errors, such as if the database or tables already exist.

```
4 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE if not exists Pets (
         PetID INT PRIMARY KEY.
 5
 6
         Name VARCHAR(255),
         Age INT,
         Breed VARCHAR(255),
9
          Type VARCHAR(50),
10
          AvailableForAdoption BIT
11
12
13
14 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE if not exists Shelters (
         ShelterID INT PRIMARY KEY,
15
16
          Name VARCHAR(255),
17
         Location VARCHAR(255)
18 );
19
20 • — CREATE TABLE if not exists Donations (
21
         DonationID INT PRIMARY KEY,
        DonorName VARCHAR(255),
        DonationType VARCHAR(50),
DonationAmount DECIMAL(10, 2),
23
24
25
         DonationItem VARCHAR(255),
26
          DonationDate DATETIME
29 • ○ CREATE TABLE if not exists AdoptionEvents (
       EventID INT PRIMARY KEY.
30
31
         EventName VARCHAR(255),
        EventDate DATETIME,
33
         Location VARCHAR(255)
34
35 • ⊖ CREATE TABLE if not exists Participants (
      ParticipantID INT PRIMARY KEY,
36
          ParticipantName VARCHAR(255),
37
         ParticipantType VARCHAR(50),
38
         EventID INT.
39
          FOREIGN KEY (EventID) REFERENCES AdoptionEvents(EventID)
```

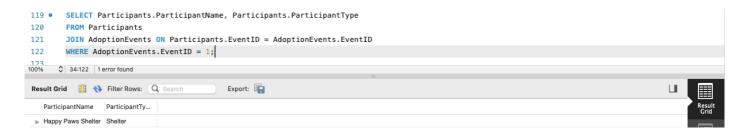




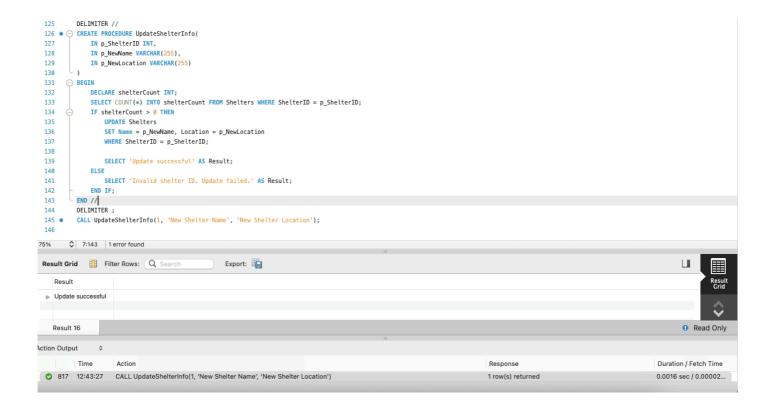
5. Write an SQL query that retrieves a list of available pets (those marked as available for adoption) from the "Pets" table. Include the pet's name, age, breed, and type in the result set. Ensure that the query filters out pets that are not available for adoption.



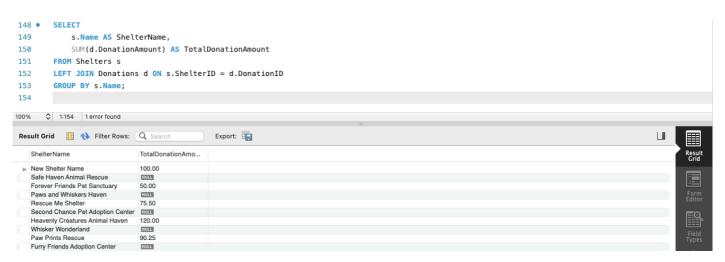
6. Write an SQL query that retrieves the names of participants (shelters and adopters) registered for a specific adoption event. Use a parameter to specify the event ID. Ensure that the query joins the necessary tables to retrieve the participant names and types.



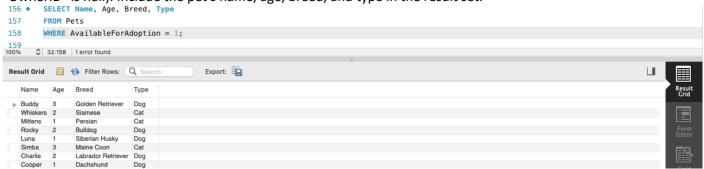
7.Create a stored procedure in SQL that allows a shelter to update its information (name and location) in the "Shelters" table. Use parameters to pass the shelter ID and the new information. Ensure that the procedure performs the update and handles potential errors, such as an invalid shelter ID.



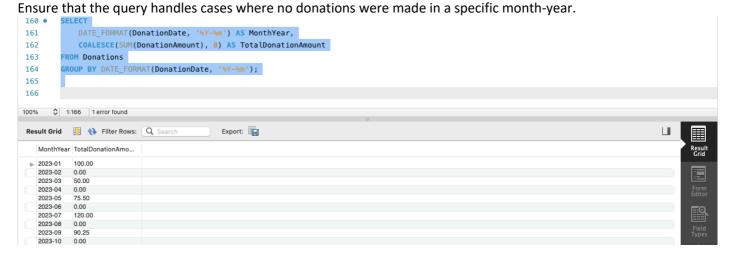
8. Write an SQL query that calculates and retrieves the total donation amount for each shelter (by shelter name) from the "Donations" table. The result should include the shelter name and the total donation amount. Ensure that the query handles cases where a shelter has received no donations.



9. Write an SQL query that retrieves the names of pets from the "Pets" table that do not have an owner (i.e., where "OwnerID" is null). Include the pet's name, age, breed, and type in the result set.



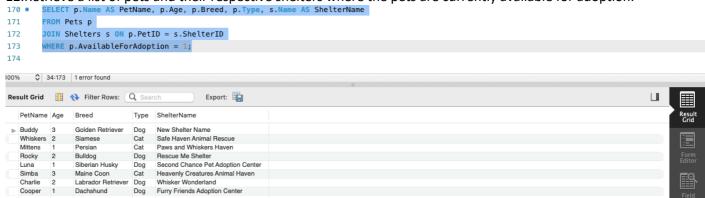
10.Write an SQL query that retrieves the total donation amount for each month and year (e.g., January 2023) from the "Donations" table. The result should include the month-year and the corresponding total donation amount.



11. Retrieve a list of distinct breeds for all pets that are either aged between 1 and 3 years or older than 5 years.



12. Retrieve a list of pets and their respective shelters where the pets are currently available for adoption.



13. Find the total number of participants in events organized by shelters located in specific city. Example:

City=Chennai

```
238 • SELECT

239     COUNT(DISTINCT p.ParticipantID) AS TotalParticipants

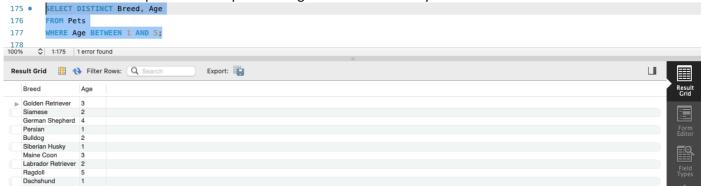
240     FROM Participants p

241     JOIN AdoptionEvents e ON p.EventID = e.EventID

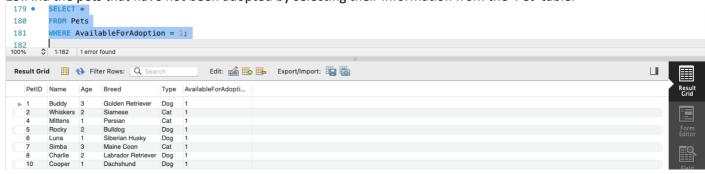
242     JOIN Shelters s ON e.ShelterID = s.ShelterID

243     WHERE s.Location = 'Hamlet City';
```

14. Retrieve a list of unique breeds for pets with ages between 1 and 5 years.

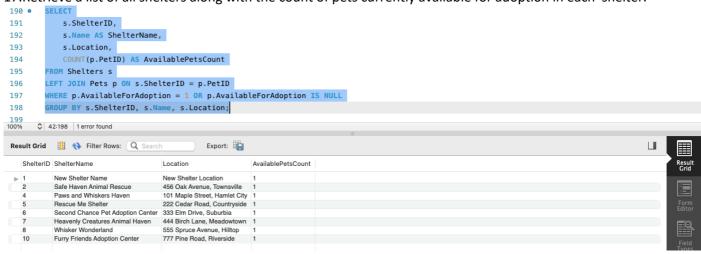


15. Find the pets that have not been adopted by selecting their information from the 'Pet' table.

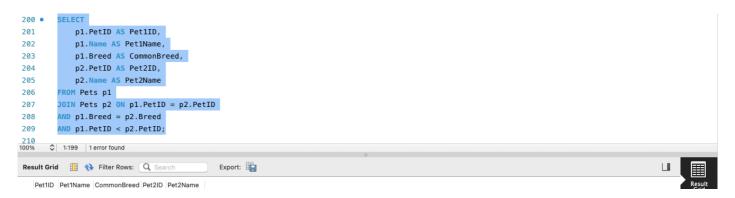


16.Retrieve the names of all adopted pets along with the adopter's name from the 'Adoption' and 'User' tables.

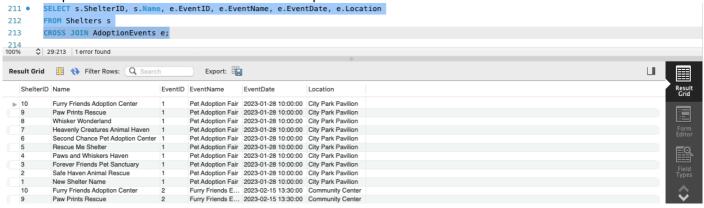
17. Retrieve a list of all shelters along with the count of pets currently available for adoption in each shelter.



18. Find pairs of pets from the same shelter that have the same breed.



19.List all possible combinations of shelters and adoption events.



20. Determine the shelter that has the highest number of adopted pets.

```
216
          s.ShelterID,
217
          s.Name AS ShelterName,
          COUNT(p.PetID) AS AdoptedPetsCount
218
219
       FROM Shelters s
        LEFT JOIN Pets p ON s.ShelterID = p.ShelterID
220
       LEFT JOIN Participants u ON u.PetID = p.PetID
221
       GROUP BY s.ShelterID, s.Name
222
223
       ORDER BY AdoptedPetsCount DESC
       LIMIT 1;
```