# The **AMMIStbP** package: A brief introduction

Ajay B. C.<sup>1</sup>, J. Aravind<sup>2</sup> and R. Abdul Fiyaz<sup>3</sup>
2018-07-09

- 1. RRS, ICAR-Directorate of Groundnut Research, Anantapur.
- 2. ICAR-National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi.
  - 3. ICAR-Indian Institute of Rice Research, Hyderabad.

## Contents

Installation	 	
AMMI		
AMMI stability parameters		
Yield Stability Index	 	
Session Info	 	
References	 	

The package AMMIStbP is ......

### Installation

The package can be installed using the following functions:

```
# Install from CRAN
install.packages('AMMIStbP', dependencies=TRUE)

# Install development version from Github
devtools::install_github("ajaygpb/AMMIStbP")
```

Then the package can be loaded using the function

```
library(AMMIStbP) # change eval
```

### AMMI

The AMMI equation

$$Y_{ij} = \mu + \alpha_i + \beta_j + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \lambda_n \gamma_{in} \delta_{jn} + \rho_{ij}$$

Where,  $Y_{ij}$  is the yield of  $i^{\text{th}}$  genotype in  $j^{\text{th}}$  environment,  $\mu$  is the grand mean,  $\alpha_i$  is the genotype deviation from the grand mean,  $\beta_j$  is the environment deviation, N is the total number of interaction principal components (IPCs),  $\lambda_n$  is the is the singular value for IPC n and correspondingly  $\lambda_n^2$  is its eigen value,  $\gamma_{in}$  is the eigenvector value for  $i^{\text{th}}$  genotype,  $\delta_{jn}$  is the eigenvector value for  $j^{\text{th}}$  environment and  $\rho_{ij}$  is the residual.

# AMMI stability parameters

The details about AMMI stability parameters/indices implemented in  ${\tt AMMIStbP}$  are described in Table 1.

Table 1: AMMI stability parameters/indices implemented in AMMIStbP.

AMMI stability parameter	function	Details	Reference
Sums of the absolute value of the IPC scores $(SIPC)$	SIPC.AMMI	$SIPC = \sum_{n=1}^{N'} \left  \lambda_n^{0.5} \gamma_{in} \right $ $SIPC = \sum_{n=1}^{N'} \left  IPC_n \right $	Sneller et al. (1997)
Averages of the squared eigenvector values $EV$	EV.AMMI	$EV = \sum_{n=1}^{N'} \frac{\gamma_{in}^2}{N'}$	Zobel (1994)
Sum across environments of GEI modelled by AMMI AMGE	AMGE.AMMI	$AMGE = \sum_{j=1}^{E} \sum_{n=1}^{N'} \lambda_n \gamma_{in} \delta_{jn}$	Sneller et al. (1997)
$AV_{(AMGE)}$	NA	$AV_{AMGE} = \sum_{j=1}^{E} \sum_{n=1}^{N'}  \lambda_n \gamma_{in} \delta_{jn} $	Zali et al. (2012)
$D_a$	NA	The unsquared Euclidean distance from the origin of significant IPC axes (D) in the AMMI model.	Annicchiarico (1997)

$$D_a = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N'} (\lambda_n \gamma_{in})^2}$$

AMMI stability parameter	function	Details	Reference
AMMI statistic coefficient or AMMI distance or AMMI stability index $D_z$	NA	The distance of IPC point with origin in space. (AMMI stability index) $D_z = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N'} \gamma_{in}^2}$	Zhang et al. (1998)
AMMI stability value (ASV)	agricolae::index.AMMI	Distance from the coordinate point to the origin in a two dimensional scattergram generated by plotting of IPC1 score against IPC2 score. $ASV = \sqrt{\left(\frac{SSIPC_1}{SSIPC_2} \times PC_1\right)^2 + (PC_2)^2}$	Purchase (1997); Purchase et al. (1999); Purchase et al. (2000)
Modified AMMI stability value (ASV)	MASV.AMMI	$MASV = \sqrt{\sum_{n=1}^{N'-1} \left(\frac{SSIPC_n}{SSIPC_{n+1}} \times PC_n\right)^2 + (PC_{N'})^2}$	Zali et al. (2012)
Absolute value of the relative contribution IPCs to the interaction $Za$	NA	$Za = \sum_{i=1}^{N'}  \theta_n \gamma_{in} $	Zali et al. (2012)
Stability measure based on fitted AMMI model $FA$	NA	$FA = \sum_{n=1}^{N'} \lambda_n^2 \gamma_{in}^2$	Raju (2002); Zali et al. (2012)

AMMI stability parameter	function	Details	Reference
$\overline{FP}$	NA	Equivalent to $FA$ , when only the first IPC axis is considered for computation.	Raju (2002); Zali et al. (2012)
		$FP = \lambda_1^2 \gamma_{i1}^2$	
		As $\lambda_1^2$ will be same for all the genotypes, the absolute value of $gamma_{i1}$ alone is sufficient for comparison. So this is also equivalent to the comparison based on biplot with first IPC axis.	
В	NA	Equivalent to $FA$ , when the first two IPC axes are considered for computation.	Raju (2002); Zali et al. (2012)
		$B=\sum_{n=1}^2\lambda_n^2\gamma_{in}^2$ Stability comparisons based on this measure will be equivalent to the comparisons based on biplot with first two IPC axes.	
$W_{(AMMI)}$	NA	Equivalent to $FA$ , when all the IPC axes in the AMMI model are considered for computation.	Wricke (1962); Raju (2002); Zali et al. (2012)
		$W_{AMMI} = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \lambda_n^2 \gamma_{in}^2$ Equivalent to Wricke's ecovalence.	
AMMI Stability Index $(ASI)$	NA	ASI = $\sqrt{\left[PC_1^2 \times \theta_1^2\right] + \left[PC_2^2 \times \theta_2^2\right]}$	Jambhulkar et al. (2014); Jambhulkar et al. (2015);
		$ASI = \sqrt{\left[PC_{1}^{2} \times \theta_{1}^{2}\right] + \left[PC_{2}^{2} \times \theta_{2}^{2}\right]}$	Jambhulkar et al. (2017)

Where,  $Y_{ij}$  is the yield of  $i^{\text{th}}$  genotype in  $j^{\text{th}}$  environment,  $\mu$  is the grand mean,  $\alpha_i$  is the genotype deviation from the grand mean,  $\beta_j$  is the environment deviation, N is the total number of interaction principal components (IPCs), N' is the number of significant IPCAs (number of IPC that were retained in the AMMI model via F tests),  $\lambda_n$  is the is the singular value for IPC n and correspondingly  $\lambda_n^2$  is its eigen value,  $\gamma_{in}$  is the eigenvector value for  $i^{\text{th}}$  genotype,  $\delta_{jn}$  is the eigenvector value for  $j^{\text{th}}$  environment and  $\rho_{ij}$  is the residual.

 $SSIPC_1$ ,  $SSIPC_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $SSIPC_n$  are the sum of squares of the 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>,  $\ldots$ , and  $n^{\text{th}}$  IPC.  $PC_1$ ,  $PC_2$ ,  $\cdots$ ,  $PC_n$  are the scores of 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>,  $\ldots$ , and  $n^{\text{th}}$  IPC.

 $\theta_n$  is the percentage IPC sum of squares (IPCSS) explained by the interaction effect.

E is the number of environments.

೮

## Yield Stability Index

The most stable genotype need not necessarily be the high yielding genotype. As we need to select the the most stable and highest yielding genotypes, Yield stability index (YSI) was proposed (Farshadfar et al. (2011), Jambhulkar et al. (2017)). YSI is a simultaneous selection index for yield and yield stability which is computed by summation of the ranks of the stability index/parameter and the ranks of the mean yields. YSI is computed for all the stability parameters/indices implemented in this package.

$$YSI = R_{SP} + R_Y$$

Where,  $R_{SP}$  is the stability parameter/index rank of the genotype and  $R_{Y}$  is the mean yield rank of the genotype.

### Session Info

sessionInfo()

R version 3.5.1 (2018-07-02)

Platform: x86\_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)

```
Running under: Windows >= 8 x64 (build 9200)
Matrix products: default
locale:
[1] LC_COLLATE=English_India.1252 LC_CTYPE=English_India.1252
[3] LC_MONETARY=English_India.1252 LC_NUMERIC=C
[5] LC_TIME=English_India.1252
attached base packages:
[1] stats
              graphics grDevices utils
                                             datasets methods
                                                                 base
other attached packages:
[1] readxl 1.1.0 stringi 1.1.7
loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
 [1] httr_1.3.1
                           jsonlite_1.5
                                                  splines_3.5.1
 [4] gtools 3.5.0
                           shiny 1.0.5
                                                  Rdpack 0.7-0
 [7] assertthat_0.2.0
                           expm_0.999-2
                                                  xmlparsedata_1.0.1
[10] sp 1.2-7
                           highr 0.6
                                                  pander 0.6.1
                           yaml_2.1.19
                                                  remotes 1.1.1.9000
[13] cellranger 1.1.0
[16] LearnBayes_2.15.1
                           pillar_1.2.2
                                                  backports_1.1.2
[19] lattice_0.20-35
                                                  digest_0.6.15
                           goodpractice_1.0.2
                           htmltools_0.3.6
[22] promises_1.0.1
                                                  httpuv_1.4.1
[25] Matrix_1.2-14
                                                  klaR_0.6-14
                           clisymbols_1.2.0
                           bibtex_0.4.2
[28] devtools_1.13.5
                                                  rcmdcheck_1.2.1
[31] questionr_0.6.2
                           gmodels_2.16.2
                                                  xtable_1.8-2
                                                  later_0.7.1
[34] gdata_2.18.0
                           processx_3.1.0
[37] tibble_1.4.2
                           combinat_0.0-8
                                                  withr_2.1.2
[40] agricolae_1.2-8
                           lazyeval_0.2.1
                                                  magrittr_1.5
[43] crayon 1.3.4
                           mime 0.5
                                                  deldir 0.1-15
                                                  fs_1.2.3
[46] memoise_1.1.0
                           evaluate_0.10.1
[49] nlme_3.1-137
                           MASS_7.3-50
                                                  xm12_1.2.0
```

[52]	praise_1.0.0	tools_3.5.1	hunspell_2.9
[55]	cyclocomp_1.1.0	gbRd_0.4-11	stringr_1.3.0
[58]	cluster_2.0.7-1	callr_2.0.4	rex_1.1.2
[61]	compiler_3.5.1	pkgdown_1.1.0.9000	covr_3.0.1
[64]	rlang_0.2.1	debugme_1.1.0	grid_3.5.1
[67]	rstudioapi_0.7.0-9000	miniUI_0.1.1	rmarkdown_1.10
[70]	boot_1.3-20	roxygen2_6.0.1	AlgDesign_1.1-7.3
[73]	R6_2.2.2	knitr_1.20	commonmark_1.5
[76]	rprojroot_1.3-2	spdep_0.7-7	lintr_1.0.2
[79]	desc_1.2.0	whoami_1.1.2	Rcpp_0.12.16
[82]	spData_0.2.8.3	coda_0.19-1	

#### References

Annicchiarico, P. (1997). Joint regression vs AMMI analysis of genotype-environment interactions for cereals in Italy. *Euphytica* 94, 53–62. doi:10.1023/A:1002954824178.

Farshadfar, E., Mahmodi, N., and Yaghotipoor, A. (2011). AMMI stability value and simultaneous estimation of yield and yield stability in bread wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.). Australian Journal of Crop Science 5, 1837–1844.

Jambhulkar, N. N., Bose, L. K., Pande, K., and Singh, O. N. (2015). Genotype by environment interaction and stability analysis in rice genotypes. *Ecology, Environment and Conservation* 21, 1427–1430. Available at: http://www.envirobiotechjournals.com/article\_abstract.php?aid=6346&iid=200&jid=3.

Jambhulkar, N. N., Bose, L. K., and Singh, O. N. (2014). "AMMI Stability Index for Stability Analysis," in *CRRI Newsletter, January-March 2014*, ed. T. Mohapatra (Cuttack, Orissa: Central Rice Research Institute), 15. Available at: http://www.crri.nic.in/CRRI\_newsletter/crnl\_jan\_mar\_14\_web.pdf.

Jambhulkar, N., Rath, N., Bose, L., Subudhi, H., Biswajit, M., Lipi, D., et al. (2017). Stability analysis for grain yield in rice in demonstrations conducted during rabi season in India. *Oryza* 54, 236–240.

Purchase, J. (1997). Parametric Analysis to Describe Genotype × Environment Interaction and Yield Stability in Winter Wheat. Available at: http://hdl.handle.net/11660/1966.

Purchase, J., Hatting, H., and Van Deventer, C. (1999). "The use of the AMMI model and AMMI stability value to describe genotype x environment interaction and yield stability in winter wheat (*Triticum aestivum* L.)," in *Proceedings of the Tenth Regional Wheat Workshop for Eastern, Central and Southern Africa, University of Stellenbosch, South Africa; 14-18 September 1998.* 

Purchase, J. L., Hatting, H., and Deventer, C. S. van (2000). Genotype  $\times$  environment interaction of winter wheat (Triticum aestivum L.) In South Africa: II. Stability analysis of yield performance. *South African Journal of Plant and Soil* 17, 101–107. doi:10.1080/02571862.2000.10634878.

Raju, B. M. K. (2002). A Study on AMMI Model and its Biplots. *Journal of the Indian Society of Agricultural Statistics* 55, 297–322.

Sneller, C. H., Kilgore-Norquest, L., and Dombek, D. (1997). Repeatability of Yield Stability Statistics in Soybean. *Crop Science* 37, 383–390. doi:10.2135/cropsci1997.0011183X003700020013x.

Wricke, G. (1962). On a method of understanding the biological diversity in field research. Zeitschrift für Pflanzenzüchtung 47, 92–146.

Zali, H., Farshadfar, E., Sabaghpour, S. H., and Karimizadeh, R. (2012). Evaluation of genotype × environment interaction in chickpea using measures of stability from AMMI model. *Annals of Biological Research* 3, 3126–3136. Available at: http://www.ijabbr.com/article 7777 620ea1a0c1fd04868f60bd23c6dda48b.pdf.

Zhang, Z., Lu, C., and Xiang, Z. (1998). Analysis of variety stability based on AMMI model. *Acta Agronomica Sinica* 24, 304–309. Available at: http://zwxb.chinacrops.org/EN/Y1998/V24/I03/304.

Zobel, R. (1994). "Stress resistance and root systems," in *Proceedings of the Workshop on Adaptation of Plants to Soil Stress. 1-4 August, 1993. INTSORMIL Publication 94-2* (Institute of Agriculture; Natural Resources, University of Nebraska-Lincoln), 80–99.