

Multiple Integral

Date: 30th October 2020

Evaluation of double integral with limits

Type-1 (both independent limits)

$$\int_4^3 \int_0^1 xy^2 dy dx$$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mY_Je8GX7pM&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=4

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^1 xy dy dx$$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pQOyykCa1hQ&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=5>

Type-2 (one independent limit another one dependent limit)

Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_x^{\sqrt{x}} xy dy dx$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_37G6weR9Wo&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=10

Evaluate $\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \int_{-\sqrt{4-2y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-2y^2}} y dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d5iPrK0oJog>

Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^x \sin y dy dx$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T_KEmHi3uuI

Evaluate $\int_1^{\log 8} \int_0^{\log y} e^{x+y} dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-Cm44vdzZyE>

Evaluation of triple integral with limits

Type-1 (all independent limits)

1. A) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$ B) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^a \int_0^a (yz + zx + xy) dx dy dz$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EPJAnWEEIRs>

Type-2 (one independent limit remaining dependent limits)

2. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 \int_0^{1-x} x \, dz \, dx \, dy$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jzI3tsZAX2U>

3. A) Evaluate $\int_{1/3}^3 \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{xy}} xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$ B) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_1^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$ C) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{y^2}^1 \int_0^{1-x} x \, dz \, dy \, dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7SNQ56QkRm0>

4. Evaluate $\int_0^{\log 2} \int_0^x \int_0^{x+\log y} e^{x+y+z} \, dz \, dy \, dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3cwCG6tm5Yg&list=PL3b73JEgFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=8>

5. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2}} \, dz \, dy \, dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XINqvLtsBoY&list=PL3b73JEgFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=13>

Multiple Integrals in polar coordinates (when limits are given)

1. A) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{a \sin \theta} r \, dr \, d\theta$

B) Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_{a(1+\cos \theta)}^a r \, dr \, d\theta$

C) Evaluate $\int_b^{\pi/2} \int_0^{2a \cos \theta} r^2 \sin \theta \, dr \, d\theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FwjpyZ1nyE0&t=447s>

$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{a(1+\cos \theta)} r^2 \cos \theta \, dr \, d\theta$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_V9FEfzTSxw&list=PL3b73JEgFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=3

Solve $\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{a \cos \theta} dr \, d\theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IUzFBROiTFc&list=PL3b73JEgFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h>

4. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{a \sin \theta} \int_0^{\frac{a^2-r^2}{a}} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yruU9YNV4Es>

5. Evaluate $\int_b^{\pi/2} \int_0^{a \cos \theta} \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-r^2}} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QQLGMS4hlOg>

Find the limits after changing the order of integration for $\int_0^{\frac{a}{b}} \int_0^{\sqrt{b^2-y^2}} f(x, y) dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BGDogvhOcM4&t=93s>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BGDogvhOcM4&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=7>

Evaluation of double integral over the region (limits they wont give)

Evaluate (finding limits) $\iint_R f(x, y) dx dy$ where R is region

- i) Bounded in the +ve quadrant of circle $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$
- ii) Bounded in the +ve quadrant of circle $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PFyagrPmlkc>

- Evaluate $\iint \sin \pi(x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ over the region bounded by the circles $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ by changing into polar coordinates.
- Evaluate $\iint (a^2 - x^2 - y^2) dx dy$, over the semi-circle $x^2 + y^2 = ax$ in the +ve quadrant by changing to polar coordinates.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Qz9ZK88cg48&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=19>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FUVN9RtebAs&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=20>

Evaluate $\iint_R (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$ where R is a region bounded by positive quadrant for which

$x + y \leq 1$ by changing into polar coordinates

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DtR-ibVlIkQ>

Evaluate $\iint \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2} dx dy$ over the semi-circle

$x^2 + y^2 = ax$ in the positive quadrant

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7AZ0d4CuuC0&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=14>

- Evaluate $\iint_R xy(x + y) dy dx$ where R is a region over the area between $y = x^2$ and $y = x$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J5wg0qJ5I00>

Evaluate $\iint_R x^2 y^2 dx dy$ over the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UAJRT6wK4so>

- Evaluate $\iint r^3 dr d\theta$ over the area included between the circles $r = 2 \sin \theta$ and $r = 4 \sin \theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eGqQS3fPUfw&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=24>

Show that $\iint_R r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta = \frac{2a^3}{3}$ where R is the region. Bounded by the semi circle $r = 2a \cos \theta$ above the initial line.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BvyvCDAlWyA&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=25>

- Find, by double integration, the area lying inside the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ and outside the circle $r = a$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hxwzmx9NJjs&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=28>

Evaluate $\iint_R r \sin \theta dr d\theta$ over the cardioids $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ above the initial line

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gPV18ElvYn8&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=9>

Evaluate $\iint \frac{rd \, dr}{\sqrt{a^2 + r^2}}$ over one loop of the lemniscates $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FM-LBiyu5cc&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=15>

By changing the order of integration

Evaluation of double integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} y^2 dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n0c-tK0bGhw&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=11>

Evaluation of double integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^1 \int_{4y}^4 e^{x^2} dx dy$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6R9wErh5EXY>

Evaluation of double integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^1 \int_x^{\sqrt{2-x^2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mvN-rMr2qVg>

Evaluation of double integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^\pi \int_x^\pi \frac{\sin y}{y} dy dx$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R5XNSM6GSXY&t=34s> (in telugu)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fSjexcMEjno>

Evaluation of double integral by changing the order of integration $\int_0^\infty \int_x^\infty \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dx dy$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1kEvIpJJl4U> (in telugu)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tRYIYmeWV4s>

Evaluation of double integrals by Change of variables

- Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_y^a \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} dx dy$ by changing to polar coordinates

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6_HaCy0e3xc&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=16

- Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_y^a \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dx dy$ by changing to polar coordinates.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCEFsdiIIME&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=18>

Evaluation of double integration by change of variable method $\int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MumCpF1SNno&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=2>

- Evaluate $\iint_R (x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{7}{2}} dx dy$, over the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ by changing to polar coordinates.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoirsCInvTk&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=21>

- Evaluate $\int_{-a}^a \int_{-\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} dy dx$ by changing to polar coordinates

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fbXOJmac1ZU&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=23>

- Evaluate $\iint_R xy(x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx dy$ over the quadrant of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, by changing into polar coordinates.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LwmmbLI7-9k&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=22>

Miscellaneous problems

Show that the area between the parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$ is $\frac{16}{3}a^2$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P_Xpu8NgeVE&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=6

Find the volume of the region bounded by $z = x^2 + y^2, z = 0, x = -a, x = a$ and $y = a, y = -a$

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UzK_9IK_RR4&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=12

- If $\vec{F} = (3x^2 - 2z)\vec{i} - 4xy\vec{j} - 5x\vec{k}$, evaluate $\int_v \text{curl } \vec{F} dv$ where v is a volume bounded by planes.

$x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ and $3x + 2y - 3z = 6$

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=STl4mRQYJuk&list=PL3b73JEqFpKbsEkzC7fYYgMxY7z2Gn28h&index=17>

Dear students, for remaining topics I need time, happy to help you