

EXNO: **OPENGL-FRACTAL CURVES**
DATE:

AIM: To display the Kochcurve in openGL.

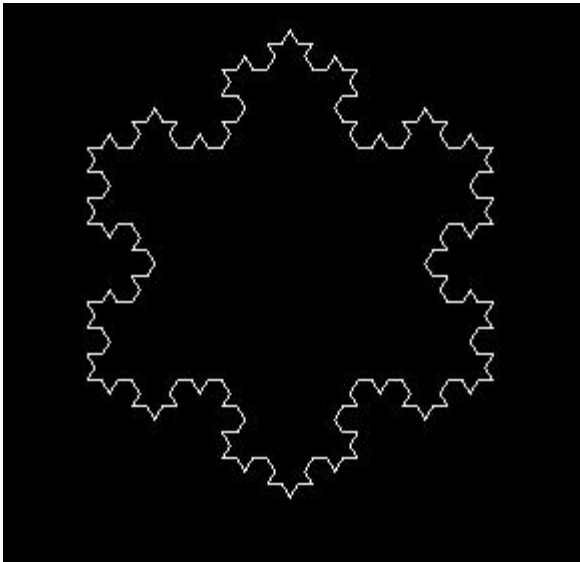
ALGORITHM:

- 1.Start
- 2.Initialise the colors
- 3.Initialise the begin() with GL_LINES to draw lines
- 4.Initialise the vertices for lines for the kochcurve using drwakoch()
- 5.Decrement the iter value by 1
- 6.Increment the dir value by 60
- 7.Decrement the dir value by 120
- 8.Create a window for the display of kochcurve
- 9.Call the display() method
- 10.Stop

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdafx.h>
#include<GL/glut.h>
#include<math.h>
GLfloat oldx=-0.7,oldy=0.5;
void drawkoch(GLfloat dir,GLfloat len, GLint iter)
{
    GLdouble dirRad = 0.0174533 * dir;
    GLfloat newx=oldx+len*cos(dirRad);
    GLfloat newy=oldy + len*sin(dirRad);
    if(iter==0)
    {
        glVertex2f(oldx,oldy);
        glVertex2f(newx,newy);
        oldx=newx;
        oldy=newy;
    }
    else
    {
        iter--;
        drawkoch(dir,len,iter);
        dir+=60.0;
        drawkoch(dir,len,iter);
        dir-=120.0;
        drawkoch(dir,len,iter);
        dir+=60.0;
        drawkoch(dir,len,iter);
    }
}
void mydisplay(){
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
```

```
    glBegin(GL_LINES);  
    glColor3f(1.0,1.0,1.0);  
    drawkoch(0.0,0.05,3);  
    drawkoch(-120.0,0.05,3);  
    drawkoch(120.0,0.05,3);  
    glEnd();  
    glFlush();  
}  
int main(int argc, char** argv)  
{  
    glutInit(&argc,argv);  
    glutCreateWindow("Koch snowflake");  
    glutDisplayFunc(mydisplay);  
    glutMainLoop();  
}
```

SAMPLE OUTPUT:

RESULT: Thus the kochcurve was executed successfully in openGL.