## 1

## Gate ST-37.2023

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## Question

1) Let X be a random variable with probability density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2} & if x \ge 1\\ 0 & otherwise. \end{cases}$$
 (1)

If  $Y = \log_a X$ , then Pr(Y < 1|Y < 2) equals **Solution:** Given, the probability density function of X is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2} & if x \ge 1\\ 0 & otherwise. \end{cases}$$
 (2)

Also,  $Y = \log_e X$ .

Consider the cumulative distribution function(CDF) of X,

$$F_X(x) = \Pr\left(X \le x\right) \tag{3}$$

$$= \int_1^x \frac{1}{x^2} dx \tag{4}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{x}, x \ge 1 \tag{5}$$

Now, we need to find the CDF of Y.

$$F_Y(y) = \Pr\left(Y \le y\right) \tag{6}$$

$$= \Pr\left(\log_a X \le y\right) \tag{7}$$

$$= \Pr\left(X \le e^{y}\right) \tag{8}$$

$$=F_X(e^y) \tag{9}$$

$$=1-\frac{1}{e^{y}}, y \ge 0 \tag{10}$$

Now, we need to find Pr(Y < 1|Y < 2). For that, we need to find  $F_Y(1)$  and  $F_Y(2)$ .

Using the equation for CDF,

$$F_Y(1) = 1 - \frac{1}{e} \tag{11}$$

and

$$F_Y(2) = 1 - \frac{1}{e^2} \tag{12}$$

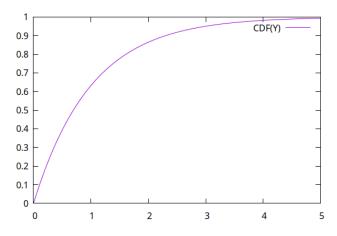


Fig. 1: CDF of Y

Now, we can find Pr(Y < 1|Y < 2) as follows,

$$Pr(Y < 1|Y < 2) = \frac{Pr(Y < 1, Y < 2)}{Pr(Y < 2)}$$
(13)

$$= \frac{\Pr(Y < 1)}{\Pr(Y < 2)} \tag{14}$$

$$=\frac{F_{Y}(1)}{F_{Y}(2)}\tag{15}$$

$$=\frac{1-\frac{1}{e}}{1-\frac{1}{e^2}}\tag{16}$$

$$= \frac{e(e-1)}{e^2 - 1}$$
 (17)  
=  $\frac{e}{e+1}$  (18)

$$=\frac{e}{e+1}\tag{18}$$

- 2) Steps to plot the cdf of Y.
  - a) Generate a uniform random variable between 0 and 1.
  - b) Given the PDF of X as  $\frac{1}{x^2}$ , use the inverse transform method to generate X.

The inverse transform method is given by,

$$X = F^{-1}(U) \tag{19}$$

where U is a uniform random variable between 0 and 1 and  $F^{-1}$  is the inverse of CDF of X.

c) The CDF of X is given by,

$$F(x) = \int_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{x^2} dx = 1 - \frac{1}{x}$$
 (20)

The inverse of CDF of X is given by,

$$F^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{1 - x} \tag{21}$$

- d) Use X to generate  $Y = \log_e X$ .
- e) Calculate the CDF of Y using the equation  $1 \frac{1}{e^y}$ . f) Store the values of CDF in data file.
- g) Plot the CDF using GNUPlot.