

St. Francis Institute of Technology
Borivli (W), Mumbai 400103
Department of Information Technology

Experiment – 9

- 1. Aim:** To implement the concept of thread management and synchronization using concurrent programming
- 2. Objective:** After performing the experiment, the students will be able to implement
 - Understand the concept of process and thread
 - Create a thread
 - Perform simple thread operations
- 3. Lab objective mapped:** To **understand** alternative paradigm through concurrent programming fundamentals and **design, develop** applications based on concurrent programming (PSO2) (PO2)
- 4. Prerequisite:** Basics of Java programming- classes, objects, functions, data abstraction
- 5. Requirements:** The following are the requirements – Java (JDK8) Compiler
- 6. Pre-Experiment Theory:**

Concurrency generally refers to events or circumstances that are happening or existing at the same time. In programming terms, concurrent programming is a technique in which

- Two or more processes start
- Run in an interleaved fashion through switching and
- Complete in an overlapping time period by managing access to shared resources

Process

- Process means any program is in execution.
- Process control block contains information about processes for example Process priority, process id, process state, CPU, register, etc.
- A process can create other processes which are known as **Child Processes**.
- Process takes more time to terminate and it is isolated means it does not share memory with any other process.
- Process is called heavy-weight process **Thread**
- One or more **threads** run in the context of the **process**.
- A **thread** is the basic unit to which the operating system allocates processor time.
- A **thread** can execute any part of the **process** code, including parts currently being executed by another **thread**
- ☐ **Thread is called light weight process**

7. Laboratory Exercise

A. Steps to be implemented

- ☐ **1. Compilation using JDK 8 using Turbo C**
 - Write the code in notepad and save as .java file.

- Run command prompt and set the path (Eg. Set path= 'C:\Users\m09mu\Desktop\Javacodes')
- Compile the code using the command 'javac name_of_file.java' □ Correct compile time errors (if any) and rerun the code

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- After successful compilation, run the code using the command 'java name_of_file'

□ Using Online IDE for C/C++/Java

- Log on to www.onlinegdb.com/ www.jdoodle.com
- Select the programming language for coding
- Create new project
- Save the project using CTRL+S
- Run the program using F9
- For debugging use F8, along with step-into function of onlinegdb

B. Program Code

1. Create a thread t1 to display message "Hello World".
2. Create two threads t1 and t2 to display message "Welcome to SFIT" and "Welcome to IT".
3. Create a thread t1 by implementing runnable interface to display "Hello world" message
4. WAP to display n-thread ids

8. Post Experimental Exercise-

A. Questions:

1. Define Process and highlight its important points
2. Define thread and highlight its important points
3. Explain the life cycle of a thread with proper diagram.

B. Results/Observations/Program output:

Present the program input/output results if any and comment on the same.

C. Conclusion:

1. Write what was performed in the experiment
2. Write which tools you used to perform the experiment
3. Write what you inferred from the output obtained

D. References:

- [1] Michael L Scott, "Programming Language Pragmatics", Third edition, Elsevier publication [2] Doug Lea, "Concurrent Programming in Java: Design Principles and Pattern