

Write a C program to construct hash table using hashing and collision resolution techniques.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define len 4

void insert(int Arr[], int data)
{
    int k = data % len;
    while (1)
    {
        if (Arr[k] == -1)
        {
            Arr[k] = data;
            return;
        }
        else
        {
            printf("A wild collision has appeared.\n");
            k++;
            if (k >= len) {
                k=0;
            }
        }
    }
}

void display(int Arr[])
{
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)
    {
        printf("%d | %d\n", i, Arr[i]);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int choice, value, on = 1, A[len];

    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)
    {
        A[i] = -1;
    }

    do
    {
```

```

printf("1. Insert\n2. Display\nChoose a operation: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch (choice)
{
case 1:
{
    int place = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++)
    {
        if (A[i] == -1)
        {
            place = 1;
            break;
        }
    }

    if (place == 1)
    {
        printf("Enter data: ");
        scanf("%d", &value);
        insert(A, value);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("The Hash table is full\n");
    }
    break;
}
case 2:
{
    display(A);
    break;
}
default:
    break;
    printf("Enter 1 to continue: ");
    scanf("%d", &on);
}

} while (on == 1);
}

```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Ajay kumar\Desktop\SEIT-B> cd "c:\Users\Ajay
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 2
```

```
0 | -1
```

```
1 | -1
```

```
2 | -1
```

```
3 | -1
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 1
```

```
Enter data: 3
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 2
```

```
0 | -1
```

```
1 | -1
```

```
2 | -1
```

```
3 | 3
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 1
```

```
Enter data: 5
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 1
```

```
Enter data: 7
```

```
A wild collision has appeared.
```

```
1. Insert
```

```
2. Display
```

```
Choose a operation: 2
```

```
0 | 7
```

```
1 | 5
```

```
2 | -1
```

```
3 | 3
```

1. Hash the following in a table of size 12. Use any two-collision resolution technique 98, 20, 94, 27, 67, 99, 41, 0, 4, 17, 2, 15

Chaining:

0	0	
1		
2	98	→ 2
3	27	→ 99 → 15
4	4	
5	41	→ 17
6		
7	67	
8	20	
9		
10	94	
11		

0	0
1	15
2	98
3	27
4	99
5	41
6	4
7	47
8	20
9	17
10	94
11	2

Step 1: $98 \% 12 = 2$

Slot: 2

Step 2: $20 \% 12 = 8$

Slot: 8

Step 3: $94 \% 12 = 10$

Slot: 10

Step 4: $27 \% 12 = 3$

Slot: 3

Step 5: $67 \% 12 = 7$

Slot: 7

Step 6: $99 \% 12 = 3$

Collision at slot 3

Slot: 4

Step 7: $41 \% 12 = 5$

Slot: 5

Step 8: $0 \% 12 = 0$

Slot: 0

Step 9: $4 \% 12 = 4$

Collision at slot 4

Collision at slot 5

Slot: 6

Step 10: $17 \% 12 = 5$

Collision at slot 5

Collision at slot 6

Collision at slot 7

Collision at slot 8

Slot: 9

Step 11: $2 \% 12 = 2$

Collision at slot 2

Collision at slot 3

Collision at slot 4

Collision at slot 5

Collision at slot 6

Collision at slot 7

Collision at slot 8

Collision at slot 9

Collision at slot 10

Slot: 11

Step 12: $15 \% 12 = 3$

Collision at slot 3

Collision at slot 4

Collision at slot 5

Collision at slot 6

Collision at slot 7

Collision at slot 8

Collision at slot 9

Collision at slot 10

Collision at slot 11

Collision at slot 0

Slot: 1