Homework 11

Re-submit Assignment

Due Apr 20 by 11:59pm

Points 10

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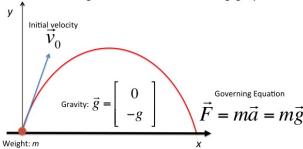
- ProjectileMain.cpp
- Projectile.h
- Projectile.cpp
- · vector2d.h
- vector2d.cpp

from Canvas site: Link

- Create a project on your IDE (Xcode, Visual Studio)
 - For Visual Studio, it may be better to create, 'vector2d' and 'Projectile' class and copy and paste the codes.
- Try run the code.
- · Read and understand the codes.

Projectile

Assuming air-resistance effects are negligibly small.



This code solves the projectile of an object within frictionless fluid.

The governing equation is:

$$\overrightarrow{F}=m\overrightarrow{a}=m\overrightarrow{g}$$

where m is the weight, and \overrightarrow{g} is the gravitational acceleration, which is:

$$\overrightarrow{g} = \left[egin{array}{c} 0 \ -g \end{array}
ight]$$

and $g=9.8m/s^2$.

Computing the velocity

Since

$$rac{d\overrightarrow{v}}{dt}=\overrightarrow{a}$$

the finite difference form of above equation (first order Euler method) is

Therefore the update scheme for the velocity with in a time step, Δt is:

$$\overrightarrow{v}\left(t+\Delta t
ight)=\overrightarrow{v}\left(t
ight)+\overrightarrow{a}\Delta t$$

The acceleration \overrightarrow{a} is simply

$$\overrightarrow{a} = \overrightarrow{g}$$

Computing the position coordinate

Since

$$rac{d\overset{
ightarrow}{x}}{dt}=\overset{
ightarrow}{v}$$

the finite difference form of above equation (first order Euler method) is

$$\frac{\overrightarrow{x}(t+\Delta t)-\overrightarrow{x}(t)}{\Delta t}=\overrightarrow{v}$$

Therefore the update scheme for the position coordinate with in a time step, Δt is:

$$\overrightarrow{x}\left(t+\Delta t
ight)=\overrightarrow{x}\left(t
ight)+\overrightarrow{v}\Delta t$$

Analytical Solution

The governing equation can be solved analytically.

$$\overrightarrow{x}\left(t
ight)=rac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{g}t^{2}+\overrightarrow{v}_{0}t$$

where \overrightarrow{v}_0 is the initial velocity.

Assignment

We want to develop a code to simulate the projectile of a ball/bullet in a viscous fluid. The trajectory of the ball/bullet can be described by three components; the coordinate \overrightarrow{x} , the velocity \overrightarrow{v} and the acceleration \overrightarrow{a}

The governing equation is:

$$\overrightarrow{F} = m\overrightarrow{a} = m\overrightarrow{g} - D\left|\overrightarrow{v}\right|\overrightarrow{v}$$

where m is the weight, \overrightarrow{g} is the gravitational acceleration, D is a drag coefficient.

- Develop the class "**ProjectileWithDrag**" that will provide a method to compute the trajectory of an object in a viscous fluid with a non-linear drag.
- Define the class "ProjectileWithDrag" derived from "Projectile" class.
- a constructor that takes the bullet weight, the bullet initial speed, the angle, and the drag coefficient,
 D.
 - set the initial velocity using the initial speed and the angle.

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• set the initial coordinate to (0,0), acceleration to (0,-g), and the time to 0.

- a default constructor (takes no input) that initialize all member variable to zero.
- Redefine update(double dt) that updates the coordinate, velocity and acceleration as

$$\circ t = t + \Delta t$$

$$egin{aligned} \circ \ \overrightarrow{a} = \overrightarrow{g} - D \left| \overrightarrow{v}
ight| \overrightarrow{v}/m \end{aligned}$$

- Modify the main function to test your class.
- Try making a plot of your result and compare with the drag-free case.