



# **ncclient Documentation**

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*ncclient* is a Python library for NETCONF clients. It aims to offer an intuitive API that sensibly maps the XML-encoded nature of NETCONF to Python constructs and idioms, and make writing network-management scripts easier. Other key features are:

- Supports all operations and capabilities defined in [RFC 6241](#).
- Request pipelining.
- Asynchronous RPC requests.
- Keeping XML out of the way unless really needed.
- Extensible. New transport mappings and capabilities/operations can be easily added.

The best way to introduce is through a simple code example:

```
from ncclient import manager

# use unencrypted keys from ssh-agent or ~/.ssh keys, and rely on known_hosts
with manager.connect_ssh("host", username="user") as m:
    assert(":url" in m.server_capabilities)
    with m.locked("running"):
        m.copy_config(source="running", target="file:///new_checkpoint.conf")
        m.copy_config(source="file:///old_checkpoint.conf", target="running")
```

As of version 0.4 there has been an integration of Juniper's and Cisco's forks. Thus, lots of new concepts have been introduced that ease management of Juniper and Cisco devices respectively. The biggest change is the introduction of device handlers in connection params. For example to invoke Juniper's functions and params one has to re-write the above with `device_params={'name':'junos'}`:

```
from ncclient import manager

with manager.connect(host=host, port=830, username=user, hostkey_verify=False, device_
↳params={'name':'junos'}) as m:
    c = m.get_config(source='running').data_xml
    with open("%s.xml" % host, 'w') as f:
        f.write(c)
```

Respectively, for Cisco Nexus, the name is **nexus**. Device handlers are easy to implement and prove to be futureproof. The latest pull request merge includes support for Huawei devices with name **huawei** in `device_params`.



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## Supported device handlers

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- Juniper: `device_params={'name':'junos'}`
- **Cisco:**
  - CSR: `device_params={'name':'csr'}`
  - Nexus: `device_params={'name':'nexus'}`
  - IOS XR: `device_params={'name':'iosxr'}`
  - IOS XE: `device_params={'name':'iosxe'}`
- **Huawei:**
  - `device_params={'name':'huawei'}`
  - `device_params={'name':'huaweiyang'}`
- Alcatel Lucent: `device_params={'name':'alu'}`
- H3C: `device_params={'name':'h3c'}`
- HP Comware: `device_params={'name':'hpcomware'}`
- Server or anything not in above: `device_params={'name':'default'}`

Contents:

## 1.1 manager – High-level API

This module is a thin layer of abstraction around the library. It exposes all core functionality.

### 1.1.1 Customizing

These attributes control what capabilities are exchanged with the NETCONF server and what operations are available through the *Manager* API.

`ncclient.manager.OPERATIONS = {'cancel_commit': <class 'ncclient.operations.edit.CancelCommit'>}`  
Dictionary of base method names and corresponding *RPC* subclasses. It is used to lookup operations, e.g. `get_config` is mapped to `GetConfig`. It is thus possible to add additional operations to the *Manager* API.

### 1.1.2 Factory functions

A *Manager* instance is created using a factory function.

`ncclient.manager.connect_ssh(*args, **kwargs)`  
Initialize a *Manager* over the SSH transport. For documentation of arguments see `ncclient.transport.SSHSession.connect()`.

The underlying `ncclient.transport.SSHSession` is created with `CAPABILITIES`. It is first instructed to `load_known_hosts()` and then all the provided arguments are passed directly to its implementation of `connect()`.

To customize the *Manager*, add a `manager_params` dictionary in connection parameters (e.g. `manager_params={'timeout': 60}` for a bigger RPC timeout parameter)

To invoke advanced vendor related operation add `device_params={'name': '<vendor_alias>'}` in connection parameters. For the time, 'junos' and 'nexus' are supported for Juniper and Cisco Nexus respectively.

A custom device handler can be provided with `device_params={'handler': <handler class>}` in connection parameters.

`ncclient.manager.connect = <function connect>`

### 1.1.3 Manager

Exposes an API for RPC operations as method calls. The return type of these methods depends on whether we are in *asynchronous* or *synchronous mode*.

In synchronous mode replies are awaited and the corresponding *RPCReply* object is returned. Depending on the *exception raising mode*, an *rpc-error* in the reply may be raised as an *RPCError* exception.

However in asynchronous mode, operations return immediately with the corresponding *RPC* object. Error handling and checking for whether a reply has been received must be dealt with manually. See the *RPC* documentation for details.

Note that in case of the `get()` and `get_config()` operations, the reply is an instance of *GetReply* which exposes the additional attributes `data` (as *Element*) and `data_xml` (as a string), which are of primary interest in case of these operations.

Presence of capabilities is verified to the extent possible, and you can expect a *MissingCapabilityError* if something is amiss. In case of transport-layer errors, e.g. unexpected session close, *TransportError* will be raised.

`class ncclient.manager.Manager(session, device_handler, timeout=30)`

**For details on the expected behavior of the operations and their parameters refer to RFC 6241.**

Manager instances are also context managers so you can use it like this:

```
with manager.connect("host") as m:
    # do your stuff
```

... or like this:



```

m = manager.connect ("host")
try:
    # do your stuff
finally:
    m.close_session()

```

**HUGE\_TREE\_DEFAULT = False**

Default for *huge\_tree* support for XML parsing of RPC replies (defaults to False)

**get\_config** (*source*, *filter=None*, *with\_defaults=None*)

*get\_config* is mapped to *GetConfig*

**get\_schema** (*identifier*, *version=None*, *format=None*)

*get\_schema* is mapped to *GetSchema*

**edit\_config** (*config*, *format='xml'*, *target='candidate'*, *default\_operation=None*, *test\_option=None*, *error\_option=None*)

*edit\_config* is mapped to *EditConfig*

**copy\_config** (*source*, *target*)

*copy\_config* is mapped to *CopyConfig*

**delete\_config** (*target*)

*delete\_config* is mapped to *DeleteConfig*

**dispatch** (*rpc\_command*, *source=None*, *filter=None*)

*dispatch* is mapped to *Dispatch*

**lock** (*target="candidate"*)

*lock* is mapped to *Lock*

**unlock** (*target="candidate"*)

*unlock* is mapped to *Unlock*

**get** (*filter=None*, *with\_defaults=None*)

*get* is mapped to *Get*

**close\_session** ()

*close\_session* is mapped to *CloseSession*

**kill\_session** (*session\_id*)

*kill\_session* is mapped to *KillSession*

**commit** (*confirmed=False*, *timeout=None*, *persist=None*, *persist\_id=None*)

*commit* is mapped to *Commit*

**cancel\_commit** (*persist\_id=None*)

*cancel\_commit* is mapped to *CancelCommit*

**discard\_changes** ()

*discard\_changes* is mapped to *DiscardChanges*

**validate** (*source="candidate"*)

*validate* is mapped to *Validate*

**create\_subscription** (*filter=None*, *stream\_name=None*, *start\_time=None*, *stop\_time=None*)

*create\_subscription* is mapped to *CreateSubscription*

**reboot\_machine** ()

*reboot\_machine* is mapped to *RebootMachine*

**poweroff\_machine** ()

*poweroff\_machine* is mapped to *PoweroffMachine*

**locked** (*target*)

Returns a context manager for a lock on a datastore, where *target* is the name of the configuration datastore to lock, e.g.:

```
with m.locked("running") :  
    # do your stuff
```

... instead of:

```
m.lock("running")  
try:  
    # do your stuff  
finally:  
    m.unlock("running")
```

**take\_notification** (*block=True, timeout=None*)

Attempt to retrieve one notification from the queue of received notifications.

If *block* is *True*, the call will wait until a notification is received.

If *timeout* is a number greater than 0, the call will wait that many seconds to receive a notification before timing out.

If there is no notification available when *block* is *False* or when the *timeout* has elapsed, *None* will be returned.

Otherwise a `Notification` object will be returned.

**async\_mode**

Specify whether operations are executed asynchronously (*True*) or synchronously (*False*) (the default).

**timeout**

Specify the timeout for synchronous RPC requests.

**raise\_mode**

Specify which errors are raised as `RPCError` exceptions. Valid values are the constants defined in `RaiseMode`. The default value is `ALL`.

**client\_capabilities**

`Capabilities` object representing the client's capabilities.

**server\_capabilities**

`Capabilities` object representing the server's capabilities.

**session\_id**

*session-id* assigned by the NETCONF server.

**connected**

Whether currently connected to the NETCONF server.

**huge\_tree**

Whether *huge\_tree* support for XML parsing of RPC replies is enabled (default=False) The default value is configurable through `HUGE_TREE_DEFAULT`

## 1.1.4 Special kinds of parameters

Some parameters can take on different types to keep the interface simple.

## Source and target parameters

Where an method takes a *source* or *target* argument, usually a datastore name or URL is expected. The latter depends on the `:url` capability and on whether the specific URL scheme is supported. Either must be specified as a string. For example, “*running*”, “*ftp://user:pass@host/config*”.

If the source may be a *config* element, e.g. as allowed for the *validate* RPC, it can also be specified as an XML string or an `Element` object.

## Filter parameters

Where a method takes a *filter* argument, it can take on the following types:

- A tuple of (*type*, *criteria*).

Here *type* has to be one of “*xpath*” or “*subtree*”.

- For “*xpath*” the *criteria* should be a string containing the XPath expression or a tuple containing a dict of namespace mapping and the XPath expression.
- For “*subtree*” the *criteria* should be an XML string or an `Element` object containing the criteria.

- A list of *spec*

Here *type* has to be “*subtree*”.

- the *spec* should be a list containing multiple XML string or multiple `Element` objects.

- A `<filter>` element as an XML string or an `Element` object.

## 1.2 Complete API documentation

### 1.2.1 capabilities – NETCONF Capabilities

`ncclient.capabilities.schemes (url_uri)`

Given a URI that has a *scheme* query string (i.e. `:url` capability URI), will return a list of supported schemes.

**class** `ncclient.capabilities.Capabilities (capabilities)`

Represents the set of capabilities available to a NETCONF client or server. It is initialized with a list of capability URI's.

#### Members

**":cap" in caps**

Check for the presence of capability. In addition to the URI, for capabilities of the form *urn:ietf:params:netconf:capability:\$name:\$version* their shorthand can be used as a key. For example, for *urn:ietf:params:netconf:capability:candidate:1.0* the shorthand would be *:candidate*. If version is significant, use *:candidate:1.0* as key.

**iter(caps)**

Return an iterator over the full URI's of capabilities represented by this object.

### 1.2.2 xml\_ – XML handling

Methods for creating, parsing, and dealing with XML and `ElementTree` objects.

**exception** ncclient.xml\_.XMLError  
Bases: ncclient.NCClientError

## Namespaces

ncclient.xml\_.BASE\_NS\_1\_0 = 'urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0'  
Base NETCONF namespace

ncclient.xml\_.TAILF\_AAA\_1\_1 = 'http://tail-f.com/ns/aaa/1.1'  
Namespace for Tail-f core data model

ncclient.xml\_.TAILF\_EXECD\_1\_1 = 'http://tail-f.com/ns/execd/1.1'  
Namespace for Tail-f execd data model

ncclient.xml\_.CISCO\_CPI\_1\_0 = 'http://www.cisco.com/cpi\_10/schema'  
Namespace for Cisco data model

ncclient.xml\_.JUNIPER\_1\_1 = 'http://xml.juniper.net/xnm/1.1/xnm'  
Namespace for Juniper 9.6R4. Tested with Junos 9.6R4+

ncclient.xml\_.FLOWMON\_1\_0 = 'http://www.liberouter.org/ns/netopeer/flowmon/1.0'  
Namespace for Flowmon data model

ncclient.xml\_.register\_namespace(*prefix, uri*)  
Registers a namespace prefix that newly created Elements in that namespace will use. The registry is global, and any existing mapping for either the given prefix or the namespace URI will be removed.

ncclient.xml\_.qualify(*tag, ns='urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:netconf:base:1.0'*)  
Qualify a *tag* name with a *namespace*, in `ElementTree` fashion i.e. `{namespace}tagname`.

## Conversion

ncclient.xml\_.to\_xml(*ele, encoding='UTF-8', pretty\_print=False*)  
Convert and return the XML for an *ele* (`Element`) with specified *encoding*.

ncclient.xml\_.to\_ele(*x, huge\_tree=False*)  
Convert and return the `Element` for the XML document *x*. If *x* is already an `Element` simply returns that.  
*huge\_tree*: parse XML with very deep trees and very long text content

ncclient.xml\_.parse\_root(*raw*)  
Efficiently parses the root element of a *raw* XML document, returning a tuple of its qualified name and attribute dictionary.

ncclient.xml\_.validated\_element(*x, tags=None, attrs=None*)  
Checks if the root element of an XML document or `Element` meets the supplied criteria.  
*tags* if specified is either a single allowable tag name or sequence of allowable alternatives  
*attrs* if specified is a sequence of required attributes, each of which may be a sequence of several allowable alternatives  
Raises `XMLError` if the requirements are not met.

### 1.2.3 transport – Transport / Session layer

## Base types

**class** ncclient.transport.Session(*capabilities*)

Base class for use by transport protocol implementations.

**add\_listener**(*listener*)

Register a listener that will be notified of incoming messages and errors.

**client\_capabilities**

Client's Capabilities

**connected**

Connection status of the session.

**get\_listener\_instance**(*cls*)

If a listener of the specified type is registered, returns the instance.

**id**

A string representing the *session-id*. If the session has not been initialized it will be *None*

**remove\_listener**(*listener*)

Unregister some listener; ignore if the listener was never registered.

**server\_capabilities**

Server's Capabilities

**class** ncclient.transport.SessionListener

Base class for *Session* listeners, which are notified when a new NETCONF message is received or an error occurs.

---

**Note:** Avoid time-intensive tasks in a callback's context.

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**callback**(*root*, *raw*)

Called when a new XML document is received. The *root* argument allows the callback to determine whether it wants to further process the document.

Here, *root* is a tuple of (*tag*, *attributes*) where *tag* is the qualified name of the root element and *attributes* is a dictionary of its attributes (also qualified names).

*raw* will contain the XML document as a string.

**errback**(*ex*)

Called when an error occurs.

## SSH session implementation

ssh.default\_unknown\_host\_cb(*fingerprint*)

An unknown host callback returns *True* if it finds the key acceptable, and *False* if not.

This default callback always returns *False*, which would lead to `connect()` raising a `SSHUnknownHost` exception.

Supply another valid callback if you need to verify the host key programmatically.

*host* is the hostname that needs to be verified

*fingerprint* is a hex string representing the host key fingerprint, colon-delimited e.g. "4b:69:6c:72:6f:79:20:77:61:73:20:68:65:72:65:21"

**class** ncclient.transport.SSHSession(*device\_handler*)

Bases: ncclient.transport.session.Session

Implements a [RFC 4742](#) NETCONF session over SSH.

**connect** (*host* [, *port*=830, *timeout*=None, *unknown\_host\_cb*=default\_unknown\_host\_cb, *username*=None, *password*=None, *key\_filename*=None, *allow\_agent*=True, *hostkey\_verify*=True, *hostkey*=None, *look\_for\_keys*=True, *ssh\_config*=None, *bind\_addr*=None ])

Connect via SSH and initialize the NETCONF session. First attempts the publickey authentication method and then password authentication.

To disable attempting publickey authentication altogether, call with *allow\_agent* and *look\_for\_keys* as *False*.

*host* is the hostname or IP address to connect to

*port* is by default 830 (PORT\_NETCONF\_DEFAULT), but some devices use the default SSH port of 22 so this may need to be specified

*timeout* is an optional timeout for socket connect

*unknown\_host\_cb* is called when the server host key is not recognized. It takes two arguments, the host-name and the fingerprint (see the signature of default\_unknown\_host\_cb())

*username* is the username to use for SSH authentication

*password* is the password used if using password authentication, or the passphrase to use for unlocking keys that require it

*key\_filename* is a filename where a the private key to be used can be found

*allow\_agent* enables querying SSH agent (if found) for keys

*hostkey\_verify* enables hostkey verification from ~/.ssh/known\_hosts

*hostkey\_b64* only connect when server presents a public hostkey matching this (obtain from server /etc/ssh/ssh\_host\_\*.pub or ssh-keyscan)

*look\_for\_keys* enables looking in the usual locations for ssh keys (e.g. ~/.ssh/id\_\*)

*ssh\_config* enables parsing of an OpenSSH configuration file, if set to its path, e.g. ~/.ssh/config or to True (in this case, use ~/.ssh/config).

*sock\_fd* is an already open socket which shall be used for this connection. Useful for NETCONF outbound ssh. Use *host*=None together with a valid *sock\_fd* number

*bind\_addr* is a (local) source IP address to use, must be reachable from the remote device.

**load\_known\_hosts** (*filename*=None)

Load host keys from an openssh known\_hosts-style file. Can be called multiple times.

If *filename* is not specified, looks in the default locations i.e. ~/.ssh/known\_hosts and ~/ssh/known\_hosts for Windows.

**transport**

Underlying paramiko.Transport object. This makes it possible to call methods like set\_keepalive() on it.

## Errors

**exception** ncclient.transport.TransportError

Bases: ncclient.NCClientError

**exception** ncclient.transport.SessionCloseError (*in\_buf, out\_buf=None*)

Bases: ncclient.transport.errors.TransportError

**exception** ncclient.transport.SSLError

Bases: ncclient.transport.errors.TransportError

**exception** ncclient.transport.AuthenticationError

Bases: ncclient.transport.errors.TransportError

**exception** ncclient.transport.SSHUnknownHostError (*host, fingerprint*)

Bases: ncclient.transport.errors.SSLError

## 1.2.4 operations – Everything RPC

**class** ncclient.operations.RaiseMode

Define how errors indicated by RPC should be handled.

Note that any `error_filters` defined in the device handler will still be applied, even if `ERRORS` or `ALL` is defined: If the filter matches, an exception will NOT be raised.

**ALL = 2**

Don't look at the *error-type*, always raise.

**ERRORS = 1**

Raise only when the *error-type* indicates it is an honest-to-god error.

**NONE = 0**

Don't attempt to raise any type of *rpc-error* as *RPCError*.

## Base classes

**class** ncclient.operations.RPC (*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Base class for all operations, directly corresponding to *rpc* requests. Handles making the request, and taking delivery of the reply.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the `:class:~ncclient.devices.*DeviceHandler` instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**DEPENDS = []**

Subclasses can specify their dependencies on capabilities as a list of URI's or abbreviated names, e.g. `':writable-running'`. These are verified at the time of instantiation. If the capability is not available, *MissingCapabilityError* is raised.

**REPLY\_CLS**

By default *RPCReply*. Subclasses can specify a *RPCReply* subclass.

alias of *RPCReply*

**\_\_assert** (*capability*)

Subclasses can use this method to verify that a capability is available with the NETCONF server, before making a request that requires it. A *MissingCapabilityError* will be raised if the capability is not available.

**\_\_request** (*op*)

Implementations of *request()* call this method to send the request and process the reply.

In synchronous mode, blocks until the reply is received and returns *RPCReply*. Depending on the *raise\_mode* a *rpc-error* element in the reply may lead to an *RPCError* exception.

In asynchronous mode, returns immediately, returning *self*. The *event* attribute will be set when the reply has been received (see *reply*) or an error occurred (see *error*).

*op* is the operation to be requested as an *Element*

**error**

*Exception* type if an error occurred or *None*.

---

**Note:** This represents an error which prevented a reply from being received. An *rpc-error* does not fall in that category – see *RPCReply* for that.

---

**event**

*Event* that is set when reply has been received or when an error preventing delivery of the reply occurs.

**huge\_tree**

Whether *huge\_tree* support for XML parsing of RPC replies is enabled (default=False)

**is\_async**

Specifies whether this RPC will be / was requested asynchronously. By default RPC's are synchronous.

**raise\_mode**

Depending on this exception raising mode, an *rpc-error* in the reply may be raised as an *RPCError* exception. Valid values are the constants defined in *RaiseMode*.

**reply**

*RPCReply* element if reply has been received or *None*

**request** ()

Subclasses must implement this method. Typically only the request needs to be built as an *Element* and everything else can be handed off to *\_\_request()*.

**timeout**

Timeout in seconds for synchronous waiting defining how long the RPC request will block on a reply before raising *TimeoutExpiredError*.

Irrelevant for asynchronous usage.

**class** ncclient.operations.*RPCReply* (*raw*, *huge\_tree*=False)

Represents an *rpc-reply*. Only concerns itself with whether the operation was successful.

*raw*: the raw unparsed reply

*huge\_tree*: parse XML with very deep trees and very long text content



---

**Note:** If the reply has not yet been parsed there is an implicit, one-time parsing overhead to accessing some of the attributes defined by this class.

---

**`_parsing_hook`** (*root*)

No-op by default. Gets passed the *root* element for the reply.

**`error`**

Returns the first *RPCError* and *None* if there were no errors.

**`errors`**

List of *RPCError* objects. Will be empty if there were no *rpc-error* elements in reply.

**`ok`**

Boolean value indicating if there were no errors.

**`xml`**

*rpc-reply* element as returned.

**exception** `ncclient.operations.RPCError` (*raw*, *errs=None*)

Bases: `ncclient.operations.errors.OperationError`

Represents an *rpc-error*. It is a type of *OperationError* and can be raised as such.

**`info`**

XML string or *None*; representing the *error-info* element.

**`message`**

The contents of the *error-message* element if present or *None*.

**`path`**

The contents of the *error-path* element if present or *None*.

**`severity`**

The contents of the *error-severity* element.

**`tag`**

The contents of the *error-tag* element.

**`type`**

The contents of the *error-type* element.

## Operations

### Retrieval

**class** `ncclient.operations.Get` (*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*,  
*raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: `ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC`

The *get* RPC.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the *:class:~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**REPLY\_CLS** = <class 'ncclient.operations.retrieve.GetReply'>

See *GetReply*.

**request** (*filter=None, with\_defaults=None*)

Retrieve running configuration and device state information.

*filter* specifies the portion of the configuration to retrieve (by default entire configuration is retrieved)

*with\_defaults* defines an explicit method of retrieving default values from the configuration (see [RFC 6243](#))

Seealso *Filter parameters*

**class** ncclient.operations.GetConfig(*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

The *get-config* RPC.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the :class:'~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler' instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**REPLY\_CLS** = <class 'ncclient.operations.retrieve.GetReply'>

See *GetReply*.

**request** (*source, filter=None, with\_defaults=None*)

Retrieve all or part of a specified configuration.

*source* name of the configuration datastore being queried

*filter* specifies the portion of the configuration to retrieve (by default entire configuration is retrieved)

*with\_defaults* defines an explicit method of retrieving default values from the configuration (see [RFC 6243](#))

Seealso *Filter parameters*

**class** ncclient.operations.GetReply(*raw, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPCReply

Adds attributes for the *data* element to *RPCReply*.

**data**

Same as *data\_ele*

**data\_ele**

*data* element as an *Element*

**data\_xml**

*data* element as an XML string

**class** ncclient.operations.Dispatch(*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

Generic retrieving wrapper

*session* is the [Session](#) instance

*device\_handler* is the `:class:~ncclient.devices.*DeviceHandler` instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see `is_async`

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see `timeout`

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see `raise_mode`

*huge\_tree* parse xml with `huge_tree` support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see `huge_tree`

**REPLY\_CLS = <class 'ncclient.operations.retrieve.GetReply'>**

See [GetReply](#).

**request** (*rpc\_command*, *source=None*, *filter=None*)

*rpc\_command* specifies rpc command to be dispatched either in plain text or in xml element format (depending on command)

*source* name of the configuration datastore being queried

*filter* specifies the portion of the configuration to retrieve (by default entire configuration is retrieved)

**Seealso** [Filter parameters](#)

Examples of usage:

```
dispatch('clear-arp-table')
```

or dispatch element like

```
xsd_fetch = new_ele('get-xnm-information')
sub_ele(xsd_fetch, 'type').text="xml-schema"
sub_ele(xsd_fetch, 'namespace').text="junos-configuration"
dispatch(xsd_fetch)
```

**class** `ncclient.operations.GetSchema` (*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: `ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC`

The *get-schema* RPC.

*session* is the [Session](#) instance

*device\_handler* is the `:class:~ncclient.devices.*DeviceHandler` instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see `is_async`

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see `timeout`

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see `raise_mode`

*huge\_tree* parse xml with `huge_tree` support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see `huge_tree`

**REPLY\_CLS = <class 'ncclient.operations.retrieve.GetSchemaReply'>**

See [GetReply](#).

**request** (*identifier*, *version=None*, *format=None*)

Retrieve a named schema, with optional revision and type.

*identifier* name of the schema to be retrieved

*version* version of schema to get

*format* format of the schema to be retrieved, yang is the default

**Seealso** [Filter parameters](#)

## Editing

**class** ncclient.operations.**EditConfig**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*edit-config* RPC

*session* is the [Session](#) instance

*device\_handler* is the `:class:~ncclient.devices.*DeviceHandler` instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see `is_async`

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see `timeout`

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see `raise_mode`

*huge\_tree* parse xml with `huge_tree` support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see `huge_tree`

**request** (*config*, *format='xml'*, *target='candidate'*, *default\_operation=None*, *test\_option=None*, *error\_option=None*)

Loads all or part of the specified *config* to the *target* configuration datastore.

*target* is the name of the configuration datastore being edited

*config* is the configuration, which must be rooted in the *config* element. It can be specified either as a string or an [Element](#).

*default\_operation* if specified must be one of { `"merge"`, `"replace"`, or `"none"` }

*test\_option* if specified must be one of { `"test-then-set"`, `"set"`, `"test-only"` }

*error\_option* if specified must be one of { `"stop-on-error"`, `"continue-on-error"`, `"rollback-on-error"` }

The `"rollback-on-error"` *error\_option* depends on the `:rollback-on-error` capability.

**class** ncclient.operations.**DeleteConfig**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*delete-config* RPC

*session* is the [Session](#) instance

*device\_handler* is the `:class:~ncclient.devices.*DeviceHandler` instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see `is_async`

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see `timeout`

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see `raise_mode`

*huge\_tree* parse xml with `huge_tree` support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see `huge_tree`

**request** (*target*)

Delete a configuration datastore.

*target* specifies the name or URL of configuration datastore to delete

**See also** [Source and target parameters](#)

**class** ncclient.operations.**CopyConfig**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*copy-config* RPC

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the *:class:~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*source*, *target*)

Create or replace an entire configuration datastore with the contents of another complete configuration datastore.

*source* is the name of the configuration datastore to use as the source of the copy operation or *config* element containing the configuration subtree to copy

*target* is the name of the configuration datastore to use as the destination of the copy operation

**Seealso** *Source and target parameters*

**class** *ncclient.operations.Validate* (*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*,  
*raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: *ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC*

*validate* RPC. Depends on the *:validate* capability.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the *:class:~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*source='candidate'*)

Validate the contents of the specified configuration.

*source* is the name of the configuration datastore being validated or *config* element containing the configuration subtree to be validated

**Seealso** *Source and target parameters*

**class** *ncclient.operations.Commit* (*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*,  
*raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: *ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC*

*commit* RPC. Depends on the *:candidate* capability, and the *:confirmed-commit*.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the *:class:~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*confirmed=False, timeout=None, persist=None, persist\_id=None*)

Commit the candidate configuration as the device's new current configuration. Depends on the *:candidate* capability.

A confirmed commit (i.e. if *confirmed* is *True*) is reverted if there is no followup commit within the *timeout* interval. If no timeout is specified the confirm timeout defaults to 600 seconds (10 minutes). A confirming commit may have the *confirmed* parameter but this is not required. Depends on the *:confirmed-commit* capability.

*confirmed* whether this is a confirmed commit

*timeout* specifies the confirm timeout in seconds

*persist* make the confirmed commit survive a session termination, and set a token on the ongoing confirmed commit

*persist\_id* value must be equal to the value given in the *<persist>* parameter to the original *<commit>* operation.

**class** ncclient.operations.DiscardChanges (*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*discard-changes* RPC. Depends on the *:candidate* capability.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the *:class: '~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler'* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** ()

Revert the candidate configuration to the currently running configuration. Any uncommitted changes are discarded.

**class** ncclient.operations.CancelCommit (*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*cancel-commit* RPC. Depends on the *:candidate* and *:confirmed-commit* capabilities.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the *:class: '~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler'* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*persist\_id=None*)

Cancel an ongoing confirmed commit. Depends on the *:candidate* and *:confirmed-commit* capabilities.

*persist-id* value must be equal to the value given in the *<persist>* parameter to the previous *<commit>* operation.

## Flowmon

**class** ncclient.operations.**PoweroffMachine**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*poweroff-machine* RPC (flowmon)

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the :class:‘~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘ instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** ()

Subclasses must implement this method. Typically only the request needs to be built as an *Element* and everything else can be handed off to *\_request* () .

**class** ncclient.operations.**RebootMachine**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*reboot-machine* RPC (flowmon)

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the :class:‘~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘ instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** ()

Subclasses must implement this method. Typically only the request needs to be built as an *Element* and everything else can be handed off to *\_request* () .

## Locking

**class** ncclient.operations.**Lock**(*session*, *device\_handler*, *async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*, *raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

*lock* RPC

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler*” is the :class:‘~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler‘ instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*target='candidate'*)

Allows the client to lock the configuration system of a device.

*target* is the name of the configuration datastore to lock

**class** ncclient.operations.Unlock(*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

unlock RPC

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the :class: '~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler' instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with huge\_tree support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*target='candidate'*)

Release a configuration lock, previously obtained with the lock operation.

*target* is the name of the configuration datastore to unlock

## Session

**class** ncclient.operations.CloseSession(*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

close-session RPC. The connection to NETCONF server is also closed.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the :class: '~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler' instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with huge\_tree support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** ()

Request graceful termination of the NETCONF session, and also close the transport.

**class** ncclient.operations.KillSession(*session, device\_handler, async\_mode=False, timeout=30, raise\_mode=0, huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC

kill-session RPC.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the :class: '~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler' instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*



*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*session\_id*)

Force the termination of a NETCONF session (not the current one!)

*session\_id* is the session identifier of the NETCONF session to be terminated as a string

## Subscribing

**class** `ncclient.operations.CreateSubscription` (*session*, *device\_handler*,  
*async\_mode=False*, *timeout=30*,  
*raise\_mode=0*, *huge\_tree=False*)

Bases: `ncclient.operations.rpc.RPC`

*create-subscription* RPC. Depends on the *:notification* capability.

*session* is the *Session* instance

*device\_handler* is the *:class:~ncclient.devices.\*DeviceHandler* instance

*async* specifies whether the request is to be made asynchronously, see *is\_async*

*timeout* is the timeout for a synchronous request, see *timeout*

*raise\_mode* specifies the exception raising mode, see *raise\_mode*

*huge\_tree* parse xml with *huge\_tree* support (e.g. for large text config retrieval), see *huge\_tree*

**request** (*filter=None*, *stream\_name=None*, *start\_time=None*, *stop\_time=None*)

Creates a subscription for notifications from the server.

*filter* specifies the subset of notifications to receive (by default all notifications are received)

See also *Filter parameters*

*stream\_name* specifies the notification stream name. The default is *None* meaning all streams.

*start\_time* triggers the notification replay feature to replay notifications from the given time. The default is *None*, meaning that this is not a replay subscription. The format is an RFC 3339/ISO 8601 date and time.

*stop\_time* indicates the end of the notifications of interest. This parameter must be used with *start\_time*. The default is *None*, meaning that (if *start\_time* is present) the notifications will continue until the subscription is terminated. The format is an RFC 3339/ISO 8601 date and time.

## Exceptions

**exception** `ncclient.operations.OperationError`

Bases: `ncclient.NCClientError`

**exception** `ncclient.operations.MissingCapabilityError`

Bases: `ncclient.NCClientError`

**exception** `ncclient.operations.TimeoutExpiredError`

Bases: `ncclient.NCClientError`



## CHAPTER 2

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