

Include for the installation of new SVP's. No's of SVP's to be vented above roof level to be confirmed. Include Promat UniCollar fire collars around SVP's which penetrate floors to maintain fire protection.

SVP's going up though the building to be 110mm diameter PVC-U soil and vent pipes to B.S. 5572 to discharge either via vents above roof levels, or Durgo valves. Provisions to be made for access to SVP at each floor level. SVP's to be installed at head of run and terminate 900mm above any opening within 3m

Soil and vent pipe to be encased in 15mm Soundbloc board fixed to studwork - as recommended by board manufacturer. Junction of ducting and ceiling to be thoroughly sealed. Include 25mm Isover acoustic insulation wrapped around soil and vent pipe in the duct.

An access point to be formed in ductwork at pipe junction points, with boarding fixed to framework via cups and screws. Access point/rodding eyes to be provided to ALL waste pipes where they change direction. New sanitary ware to be connected into existing SVP's where possible.

Ventilated discharge stacks may be terminated inside a building when fitted with air admittance valves complying with prEN 12380. Where these valves are used they should not adversely affect the amount of ventilation necessary for the below ground system which is normally provided by open stacks of the sanitary pipe-work. Air admittance valves should be located in areas which have adequate ventilation, should be accessible for maintenance and should be removable to give access for clearance of blockages. Air admittance valves should not be used outside ouildings or in dust laden atmospheres. Where there is no open ventilation on a drainage system or through connected drains, alternative arrangements to relieve positive pressures should be

All underground drainage works to be carried out to Structural Engineers details New manholes will be required (to be confirmed on site) to provide connections for new SVP's.

All private drains to be in upvc or vitrified clay with flexible joints and fittings conforming to B.S.EN295 or B.S.4660.

Where any drains pass through external walls, include concrete lintels to support wall above in accordance with Structural Engineers details.

Where house drainage connections are made via Y-junctions, access to the run must be provided by rod able gullies or SVP access points.

All work carried out to manufacturer's specification, and to the Local Authority approval. All drainage to be laid to relevant Codes of Practice, British Standards and Good Working Practice. Sewers serving more than one property should be kept as far as is practicable (preferably min. 5m) away from any building where a future extension is likely.

Percolation test to be undertaken prior to works commencing on site to help determine location and sixe of required drainage field.` Foundations ~

Concrete strip foundations, size and depth to be determined on site upon inspection of ground conditions and agreed with Building Control Officer. Concrete mix to be 30N/mm at 28 days and to conform BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500-2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level. All constructed in accordance with 2004 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:1986 Code of Practice for Foundations.

Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required;

Typical sizes; 100mm wall 450x225 215mm wall 600x300 300mm wall 750x300

Please note that should any adverse soil conditions be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought. Percolation test for soakaways ~

Excavate a hole approx., 1m sq by 2m deep or at least 1.5m below the proposed invert level of the soakaway pipe in order to establish that the water table level will not rise to within 1m of it. If this proves satisfactory proceed as follows;

In position of soakaways excavate at least 2 holes 300mm square to a depth 300mm below proposed invert level of soakaway pipe:initially fill holes with water and allow to soak away, refill the holes with at least 300mm of water and time in seconds the time taken for the water to drain away - the time taken for water to seep away is divided by the depth in mm to give Vp;Test should be carried out at least 3 times and the average value used - the test should not be carried out during abnormal weather conditions such as heavy rain or frost. Once the Vp has been obtained the following formula can be used to determine extent of soakaways

 $At = p \times Vp \times 0.25$

At = arae of soakaways in square metres

p = number of persons served by the tank; Vp = percolation value.

The drainage field is to be constructed using solid plastic perforated pipes laid no steeper than 1 in 200 and placed on a 300mm layer of 50mm clean stone filled at least 50mm above the pipe. Depth of soakaway pipe should be a min., of 500mm below surface. A geotextile membrane is then placed on the drainage stone to prevent entry of silt & the trench refilled with soil. A min., of 2m of undisturbed ground is to be maintained between parallel trenches. An inspection chamber is to be provided between the septic tank and the soakaways.

The drainage field is to be positioned so that it is

i) at least 10m from any watercourse or permeable drain; ii) at least 50m from the point of abstraction of any groundwater supply & not in any Zone 1

groundwater protection zone; iii) at least 15m from any building; sufficiently far enough away from any other drainage fields so that the overall soakage capacity of the ground is not exceeded.

D.P.C ~

Horizontal D.P.C's to be minimum 150mm above adjacent ground level and to be 500 microns black polythene (2000g) to B.S.6515: 1984. D.P.C. to be stepped up as necessary to maintain 150mm clearance above entrance ramp or level platform adjacent to principal entrance door. Plasterboard Types and Fixings ~

All internal block work to be dry-lined to B.S.1230, 6214 and 8212 generally with 12.5mm Gyproc Wallboard on Gyproc bonding compound adhesive dabs. All perimeters of plasterboard on external walls, including around service entries, to be sealed with continuous band (i.e. not individual dabs) of adhesive. Plasterboard to walls and ceilings throughout may be either finished with plaster skim coat or prepared for direct decoration with the decorative face and tapered-edges facing the room and with the joints taped and filled all as per manufactures recommendations.

Lining to all block work or stud partitions forming shower enclosures and also at the head of and alongside baths to be 12.5mm Gyproc Moisture Resistant Plasterboard. Heating and hot water ~

Heating and hot water to be supplied by electric boiler (specification to be confirmed) All heating schemes are to be designed based on an external temperature of -3oC. Heating and hot water control system to include programmer, cylinder thermostat, room thermostat and either a 3-port or twin 2-port zone values. All heating systems to be controlled via individual time and temperature controls on each heating zone. Room thermostat must be located to Mechanical & Electrical contractors design. Thermal conductivity of pipe-work insulation not to exceed 0.045 W/mK. Primary pipe-work to be insulated in accordance with Approved Document L1A – generally in unheated areas and for the first metre run of pipe-work from the domestic hot water cylinder. Where necessary, pipes and hot water storage vessels are to be thermally insulated to comply with Approved Document L1a & L1b.

Hot water supply to any fixed bath shall be designed and installed to incorporate measures to ensure that the temperature of the water delivered to that bath does not exceed 48 degrees C, this may be achieved by use of an in-line blending valve or other appropraite temperature control device with a maximum temperature stop and suitable arrangement of pipework.`



Northeast elevation

Ridge level 71.21-

BS 60.37-

Southeast elevation

Clay bricks throughout to be manufactured in accordance with Sanitary goods ~ BS EN 771-1 with minimum water absorption 7-12% Mortar shall be of the mix proportions necessary to achieve adequate strength and durability in accordance with LA standards. approved. Concrete blocks throughout to be solid, manufactured in accordance with BS-EN 771-3/771-4 and designated by the manufacturer as All waste fittings to have 75mm deep seal traps and suitable for their intended location. Internal Plumbing ~

Masonry in General

38mm dia. PVC wastes to sinks with 75mm deep seal traps; 32mm dia. PVC wastes to basins with 75mm deep seal traps; 12mm dia. PVC overflow pipes to be installed where necessary;

100mm dia. W/C wastes - connected to 100mm dia. Soil and vent pipes;ins up to 3m.

Kitchen sink and dishwasher wastes are to be run in 50mm diameter Bath and showers to have 40mm diameter trap for pipe-work - with air admittable values incorporated to alleviate the runs up to 3m length. draw on the waste traps.

Foundation plan

Scale ~ 1:100

x 4 double

2 way switch

sockets;

pipe work to be boxed in. Basement plan Scale ~ 1:100 Annexe room ~ x 6 down lights

All sanitary ware to be by Armitage shanks or similar

separate connections to SVP's and to be installed in

accordance with B.S.5572. Baths and showers on

Wastes to wash-hand basins to be 32mm diameter

for runs not exceeding 1.7m and 40mm diameter for

Dishwasher spaces to be plumbed in All exposed

joisted floors to have flexible joint to wall.

Washing machine and (where applicable)

x2 pendants to dining area; Extractor fan; Annexe/store room units: TV and internet points Lounge ~ WC ~

Electric point for cooker; x 4 double sockets along kitchen works top; x2 double sockets under x4 double sockets to dining area; TV and satellite points; x4 double sockets; TV and Satellite points; x2 pendants; x 2 double sockets; x 2 pendant lights; x1 pendant; x1 extractor fan

Provide 150 high timber upstand base for shower trays. 75x38 framing @ 300c/c with 16mm WBP plywood platform base. Stud walls around showers to be lined in 16mm flooring grade WBP plywood for tiling.

Tiler to install provide proprietory tanking kit to all showers. Timber ~

All external timber to be pressure-impregnated with preservative prior to delivery to site in accordance BS.5268: Part 2. Any timber used structurally for floors, walls or roof to be specified by Structural Engineer.

Electrical plan;

Kitchen/diner;

x6 downlighters to kitchen

Allow for x4 PIR external

lighting around dwelling

Shower trays ~

with the relevant recommendations of BS 5839-6:2004 code of pratice for the design, installation and maintenance of fire detection and fire alarm systems in dwellings to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard The smoke and heat alarms should be mains-operated and conform to BS 5446-1:2000 or BS

Smoke alarms ~

5446-2:2003 respectively : fire detection and fire alarm devices for dwellings, Part 1 specification for smoke alarms, or part 2 specifications for heat alarms. They should have a standby power supply such as a battery (either rechargeable or non-rechargeable) or capacitor. Where more than one alarm is fitted, they should be interconnected, in accordance

300mm from any wall or electrical fitting. Units designed for wall mounting should be fixed 150-300mm below ceiling. Smoke alarms should not be fixed over staircase for ease of maintenance.

> Ground floor plan Scale ~ 1:100

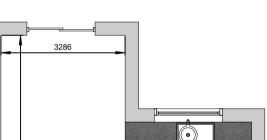
system between the office uses and residential uses.

Southwest elevation

W10

with manufacturer's instructions. Smoke alarms fixed to ceilings should be located minimum

Fire alarm specialists to be appointed to provide advice on a suitable interlinked fire alarm



Lounge

Joist sizes and spacing shall be as indicated on drawings. Timber to All pipework in unheated spaces shall be thermally be regularised. Provide 38mm solid strutting (at least 2/3 of joist

conductitvity of not more than 0.045W/mK and a thickness equal to the outside diameter of the pipe or 40dia, whichever is the lesser or, b) in accoradance with the relevant recommendations of BS 5422: 1980.

Walls to be finished in emulsion - consisting 1 mist coat and 2 full coats.

and skirting etc. to be well pre-primed. Rub and two white coat gloss. Doors - prime edges; apply one u/coat and two gloss coats to all

Disabled requirements ~

All new dwelllings should be provided with a fire detection and fire alarm system in accordance Means of approach to a dwelling ~

Provide level approach to entrance door with a minimum width of approach of 900mm on a firm and even surface with any cross-falls door. which do not exceed 1:40;

Circulation routes ~

Northwest elevation

Circulation routes on Ground Floor to be at least 900 wide or may

reduced to 750 at a local permanent obstruction or projection length or opposite a door to a room.

Height of switches, sockets and outlets ~

Wall mounted socket outlets and switches (other than isolators)

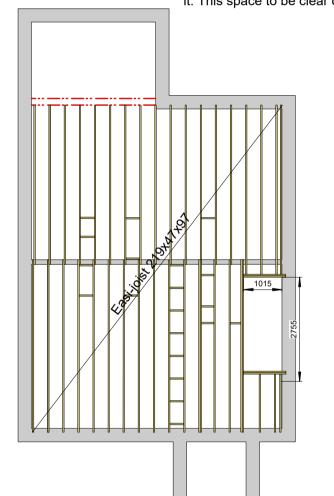
be located not more than 1200mm and not less than 450mm above All Materials and components must be suitable for their intended the floor level:

Location of WC ~

Joist plan

Scale ~ 1:100

WC shall be located so as to have a clear space of minimum 900 deep x 750 wide centred on the WC for a disabled person to access. The location of existing services should be established prior to the it. This space to be clear of any door swing.



Energy performance certificate ~

Provide an energy performance certificate for each dwelling as buil and a notice stating the energy rating shall be fixed in the dwelling. Locate a copy of the notice on the inside of the electrical cupboard

Schedule of Finishes

Dry Vented clay

Synthetic slate

UPVC

UPVC

UPVC

Smooth texture cement

UPVC

UPVC

Synthetic slate

Item

Ridge tiles

Roof slates

Facia & soffits

Gutters

Down-pipes

Walls

Front and back

Windows

Window cills

Colour

Blue/black

Blue/black

Brown

White

White

Textured

cement tbc

Blue/Red

White

Blue/black

The contractor is to ensure that proposed Works will be executed in accordance with any relevant. Conditions appended to the Local Planning Authority's Decision Notice; the current Building Regulations and N.H.B.C. Standards; the requirements of the Fire Officer; the Institute of Electrical Engineers handbook (current provided that the obstruction or projection is not greater than 2m in edition); the requirements of the local Water Authority. Materials and workmanship should, where applicable, comply with the current British Standards Institute specifications and Codes of Practice. Where such guidance does not exist, materials and workmanship should conform to established good practice and Regulation 7 of Building Regulations.

> purpose and location and must be manufactured and installed in accordance with all Relevant, Current British Standards and codes of practice, Building Control requirement and manufacturer's specification.

> commencement of any works - if discovered to be at variance with that shown on the Engineering drawings, the Architect and Engineer must be notified immediately.

The contractor is to check all dimensions, both internal and external, prior to the commencement of any works and the ordering of materials - any errors must be reported to the design team. Where proprietary materials, fixtures or fittings are used, they must be placed / fitted strictly in accordance with the manufacturers written instructions and published details pertaining to circumstance in which they are to be used.

This specification is to be read in conjunction with all other drawings, clients standard specification, Structural Engineers and Mechanical & Electrical Engineers design. Any reference to an Approved Document in this Specification relates to the relevant Approved Document of the Building Regulations.

VER OCT All measurements must be checked on site. If

1	2016	there are any deviations the designer should b notified and written conformation sought.
		The plans are the property of M. Baggott Chartered Surveyors and Architectural Service and written permission must be sought before passing any plans onto third parties.
		Party Wall agreements should be put in place before any works commence on site.

MARK BAGGOTT CHARTERED --SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTURAL PRACTICE

Issue Notes

Mark Baggott Chartered Surveyors & Architectural Practice

p. 01559371550 m. 07717292879

No. Date

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Mark Baggott

Plot 3 and 4

Proposed erection of detached dwelling on Plot (3) opposite Gilwen House, Waungilwen, Felindre. Carms. SA44 5YG

PLOT 3 GILWEN HOUSE N/A MB **AS SHOWN** 11/09/2016 PAPER A1 PLOT OPP GILWEN TERRACE

Glazing ~

All windows to be new UPVC or aluminum framed units to match existing. Windows to achieve a U-value of 1.3W/m²K. Windows to have trickle vents built into the frames to provide background ventilation. All windows to be fully draught-proofed/sealed. Where safety glass is used it should be marked as such. Obscure glazing to Bathrooms and En-suites.

In accordance with Approved Document Part N1 1998 all glazing below 1500mm above finished floor level in both doors and sidelights within 300mm of door jamb and all other areas of glazing below 800mm above finished floor level must be either:

toughened or laminated and break safety to B.S.6206 or b. robust 1.e 8mm annealed glass in panes not exceeding 1.1m in both height and width. Or c. 6mm annealed glass in small panes i.e. maximum width 250mm and area 0.5m². Cavity trays and Flashings

Flashing generally to be in milled lead sheet to BS EN 12588. Code 4 lead flashing (stepped where necessary) to be provided where roofs abut /block work. Cavity tray to be linked to flashings in all cases and stepped in the case of a stepped flashing. Cavity trays where required must raise minimum 140mm across cavity. Include flashings up to door thresholds

Ventilation~

All ventilation (purge, extract and background) to be carried out in accordance with Part F of **Building Regulations** Purge ventilation ~

All Habitable rooms to have an opening window to provide a clear opening area of at least 1/20thSpan < 2.5m - no strutting required of the room area. Ventilation to be achieved with operable window typical at 1.75m above floor Span 2.5-4.5 - one row strutting mid-span Background ventilation ~

Tickle vents to be included in window frames to provide either 5000mm² or 2500mm². WC's to have extract fans giving min. ventilation of 15 litres per second. 10mm Gap to doors to provide for background ventilation. With 15minute overrun on extract fan. Adequate replacement air to be available to all rooms via 10mm gap under doors. Extract ventilation ~

Greenwood Airvac or similar approved intermittent extract fans to be installed in all wet rooms) with the following rates – Kitchens 60l/s Bathrooms 15l/s

Fans and ducts must be installed in compliance with the 'Good Practice Guide' in Approved Document F1 Appendix E. Where Wet rooms do not have opening windows, extract fan to have 15minute overrun.

Mechanical extract fans are to have the complete housing perimeter sealed.

depth) as below;

First floor construction ~

Span > 4.5m - two rows strutting equal spacing

Joists to be doubled up where stud walls bear on and in the same direction. Bearing of joists should be 90mm on blockwork walls. Joists on party walls should be suspended using proprietary galvanised hangers. The ends of trimmed joists to be supported using proprietary 'timber to timber' joists hangers.

Gable walls to be tied at first floor, first floor ceiling and roof level with 30x5 mild steel straps or other approved in compliance with BS EN 845-1 at max.1800mm c/cs built into wall and extending back over min. 3 structural members. Straps should be supported on noggings fixed between the joists.

Nogging to be ½ depth of the joists. Provide packing between the wall and the first joists. Lay 100mm Rockwool mineral fibre quilt insulation min 10kg/m³ or equivalent between floor joists. Ceiling to be 12.5mm plasterboard with skim plaster set and finish. In areas such as kitchens, utility rooms and bathrooms, flooring to be moisture resistant grade in accordance with BS7331:1990.

Flooring to be 22mm t&g flooring grade plywood. Flooring to be continuous into eaves.

Insulation of ducks and pipes ~

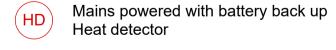
insulated -

a) With insulating material which has a thermal

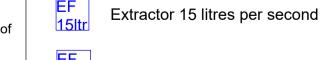
Decoration ~ Ceilings to be taped, caulked and sealed prior to being

Internally: Window boards, linings, stops, architraves down, fill and sand off, apply one oil based undercoat

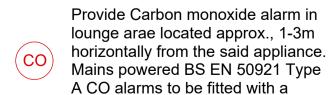
~ Ledger ~



Mains powered with battery back up smoke alarm



Extractor 30 litres per second



MOE Indicates room (s) at first floor level that must have a means of escape window to which has a cill height between 8-1100mm from finished floor level, and have a clear unobstructed opening of at least 0.33m2 and be at least 450mm wide or 450mm high, which complies fully with Approved Document B of the Building Regulations.

sensor failure warning service.

mber staircase ~

Dimensions to be checked and measured on site prior to fabrication of stairs. Timber stairs to comply with BS585 and with Part K of the 3uilding Regulations Rise - 13 equal risers totaling 2625mm. Going - 12 equal goings of 225mm

Unobstructed width of flight - 800 as indicated on the drawings.

Tapered treads to have going in centre of tread at least the same as the going on the straight. Min 50mm going of tapered treads measured at narrow end. Doors which swing across a landing at the oottom of a flight should leave a clear space of at least 400mm across the full width of the flight

Stairs to have a clear headroom measured vertically from the pitch ine of the flight of at least 2.0m.

Balustrade ~

Balustrade to be designed with no opening large enough to allow a sphere of 100mm to pass through and should not be climbable by children. Height of the balustrade to be 900mm measured above pitch line. Provide handrail to top of balustrade. Height of balustrade to landings to be 1100mm above finished floor level. Maximum pitch of stair to be 42 degrees.

Provide traditional style balustrade with 69x69 hardwood turned revel posts and moulded handrails and 32x32 softwood moulded balusters. Handrail finished in clear varnish and softwood gloss

Acoustics ~

All separating walls and floors to be carried out in accordance with Part E of Building Regulations. Walls and floors between dwellings to achieve the following standards –

Internal stud partitions ~

Ensure Wall board 10 used to ground

floor ceilings with insulation between all

sealed with proprietary fillers. Provide a

joints, ensuring all penetrations are

skim finish at least 5mm thick.—

jointed complete with beads and stops.

89mm x 38mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm c/cs with

50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal

acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or

the stud. Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run

with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and

Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of

parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on

thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor. Walls faced throughout

noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm. Provide min 10kg/m³ density

separating floors have to achieve a minimum of 43db airborne sound.

New party walls and new upgrades to

Floors to achieve a maximum 64db for npact sound.

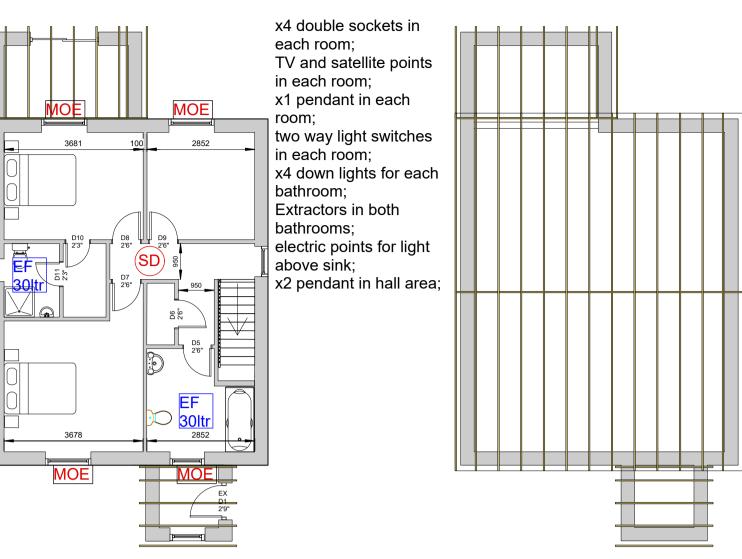
Internal partitions to achieve 40 db.

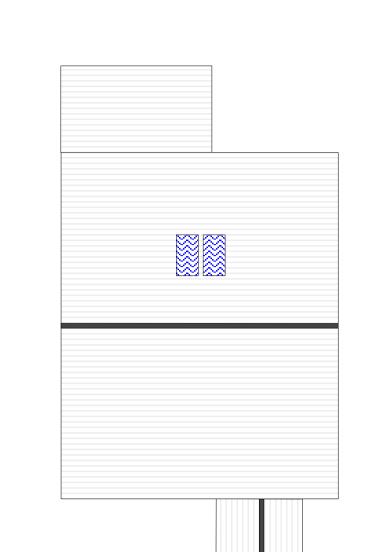
⊟Bedroom

Proposed first floor, truss and roof plan Scale ~ 1: 100

Electrical Plan ~

Bedrooms;





UKradon - Radon Risk Reports

+ VAT. Email receipt issued by Secure Trading Ltd.

Numerical grid reference for this address:

Guidance for existing properties

measured in all properties within Radon Affected Areas.

Further information is available from HPA or www.ukradon.org.

See the Radon and Building Regulations for more details.

Report design 22 January 2010. V 2010.03

buildings and extensions at the property location? - None

Date of report: 14/05/2010

Radon Risk Report for addresses in England and Wales

Address searched: Pleasant View, Velindre, Llandysul, SA44 5YG

3.13 Radon Gas: Location of the Property in a Radon Affected Area is:

234670 Eas

it is above or below the Action Level is to carry out a radon measurement in an existing property.

239166 North

Roof trusses ~

Details of all trussed rafters, as designed by the manufacturer, to be forwarded to Building Control for approval, prior to erection on site - in addition, provide an overall roof plan showing the truss layout and all necessary bracing and wall attachment details to show that the roof and walling will act as a composite structure to meet the requirements of the building regulations A1.

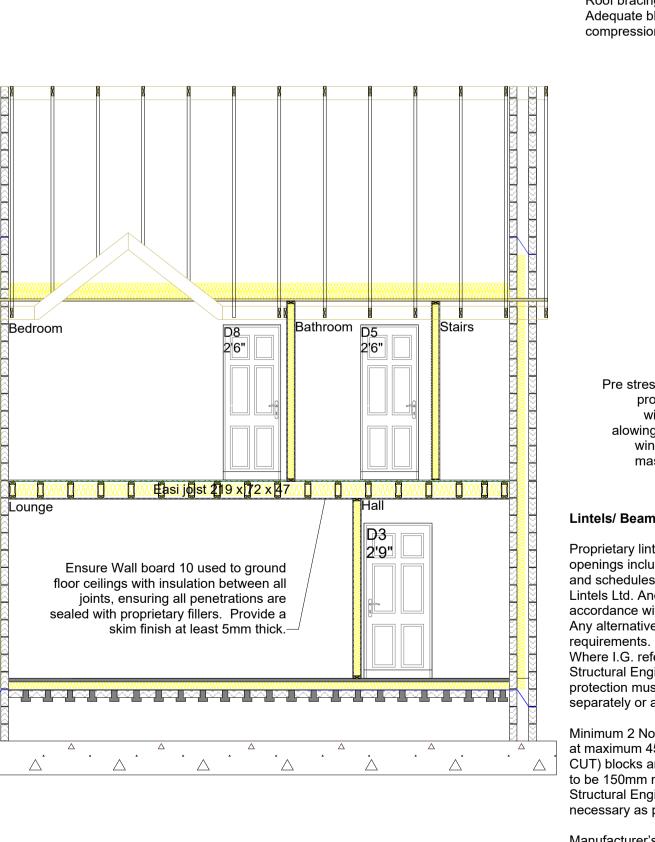
Trussed rafters at 600c/cs with the design and manufacture to be by a specialist sub-contractor who is a member of the Trussed Rafter Association (TRA).

Design and manufacture shall meet the requirements of the following standards;

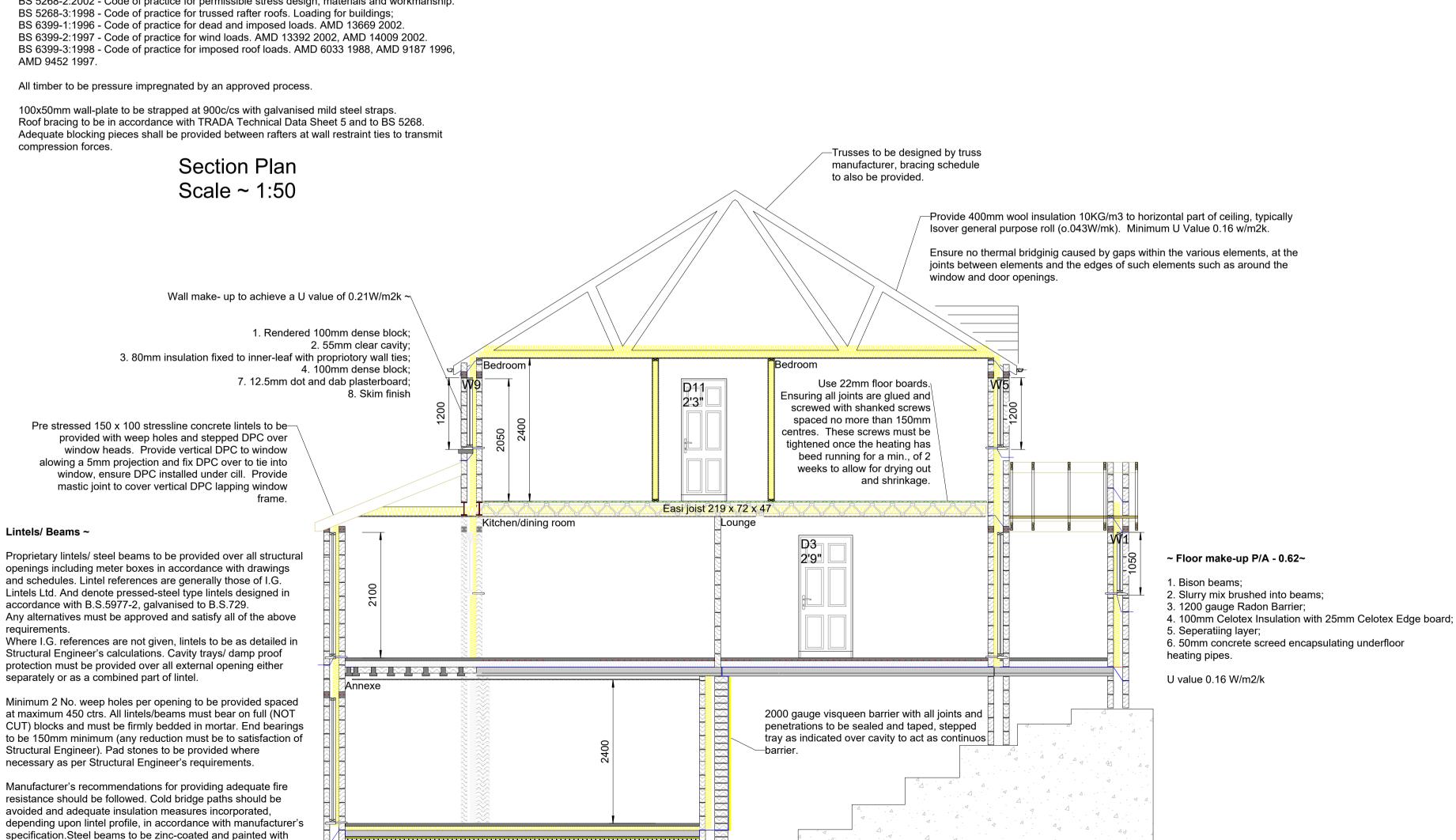
Structural use of timber;

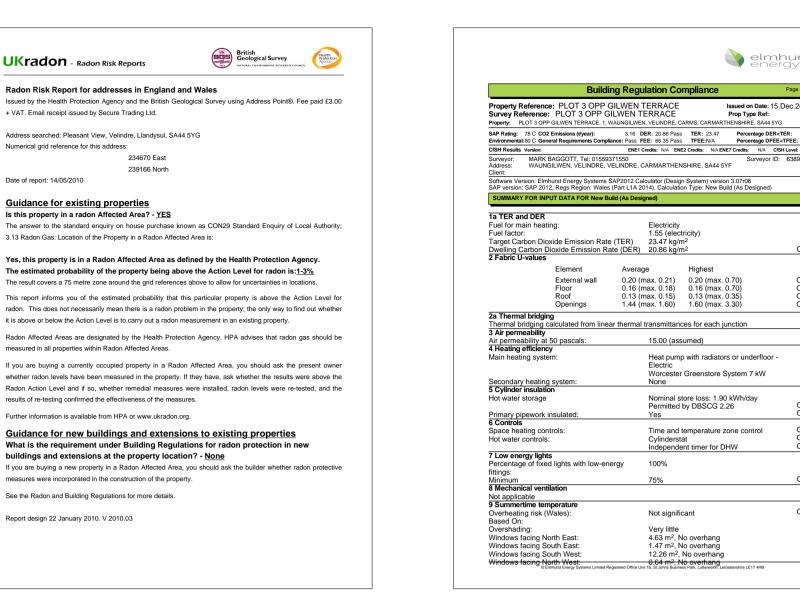
BS 5268-2:2002 - Code of practice for permissible stress design, materials and workmanship. BS 5268-3:1998 - Code of practice for trussed rafter roofs. Loading for buildings; BS 6399-1:1996 - Code of practice for dead and imposed loads. AMD 13669 2002. BS 6399-2:1997 - Code of practice for wind loads. AMD 13392 2002, AMD 14009 2002. BS 6399-3:1998 - Code of practice for imposed roof loads. AMD 6033 1988, AMD 9187 1996, AMD 9452 1997.

100x50mm wall-plate to be strapped at 900c/cs with galvanised mild steel straps. Roof bracing to be in accordance with TRADA Technical Data Sheet 5 and to BS 5268 Adequate blocking pieces shall be provided between rafters at wall restraint ties to transmit



bitumen.





	Building Regulation Compliance	Pa
Air change rate: Blinds/curtains: 10 Key features	8.00 ach	
Blinds/curtains:	None	
Nor	ne	

General ~

The contractor is to ensure that proposed Works will be executed in accordance with any relevant. Conditions appended to the Local Planning Authority's Decision Notice; the current Building Regulations and N.H.B.C. Standards; the requirements of the Fire Officer; the Institute of Electrical Engineers handbook (current edition); the requirements of the local Water Authority. Materials and workmanship should, where applicable, comply with the current British Standards Institute specifications and Codes of Practice. Where such guidance does not exist, materials and workmanship should conform to established good practice and Regulation 7 of Building Regulations.

All Materials and components must be suitable for their intended purpose and location and must be manufactured and installed in accordance with all Relevant, Current British Standards and codes of practice, Building Control requirement and manufacturer's specification.

The location of existing services should be established prior to the commencement of any works - if discovered to be at variance with that shown on the Engineering drawings, the Architect and Engineer must be notified immediately.

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No.	Date	Issue Notes			
	SURVE	BAGGOTT CHARTERED EYORS AND TECTURAL PRACTICE			
Design I	Mark Baggott Chartered Surveyors & Architectural Practice p. 01559371550 m. 07717292879 e. mark@baggottmark.co.uk				
	Consultant Mark Baggott				
Project 7	l itle				

PLOT 3 GILWEN HOUSE N/A **AS SHOWN** 11/09/2016 PAPER A1 PLOT OPP GILWEN TERRACE

Plots 3 & 4

Proposed erection of detached dwelling on Plot (3)

opposite Gilwen House, Waungilwen, Felindre.

Carms, SA44 5YG