

Openshift Installation und Administration





Openshift: Installation und Administration [Training der Heinlein Akademie] Andreas Juretzka <a.juretzka@heinlein-support.de>



Openshift bei Heinlein

- Openshift Origin 3 (OKD)
- OKD 4
- RHOSCP Openshift 4 (4.13)
- 4 Cluster



Tag 1

Einführung

Cluster Konzeption und Anforderungen

Installation

CLI und Console

Cluster Updates













Konzeption

Node Roles

Controlplane Nodes

- Kubernetes API
- Controller
- etcd
- Kubernetes Scheduler
- Openshift OAuth

Worker Nodes

- Compute Nodes
- User Workload
- Ingress Controller?

Infra Nodes

- extra Label
- nicht in Subscriptions
- Cluster-Monitoring, Router, Registry



Number of worker nodes	Cluster-density (namespaces)	CPU cores	Memory (GB)
24	500	4	16
120	1000	8	32
252	4000	16, but 24 if using the OVN- Kubernetes network plug-in	64, but 128 if using the OVN- Kubernetes network plug-in
501, but untested with the OVN-Kubernetes network plug-in	4000	16	96

Installation

IPI Installation

- Maschinen werden vom Installer erstellt und gestartet
- Infrastruktur Automatisierung
- Vorbereitung → Doku!
- Automatiken aus dem Cluster über entsprechende API (Storage, Scaling, Health Checks etc)

UPI Installation

- manuelles Provisionieren aller Komponenten
- Installer generiert Ignition-Configs
- Nodes mit CoreOs Image starten



Installation Type

Interactive

- Assisted Installer
- Webbasiert
- connected

Automated

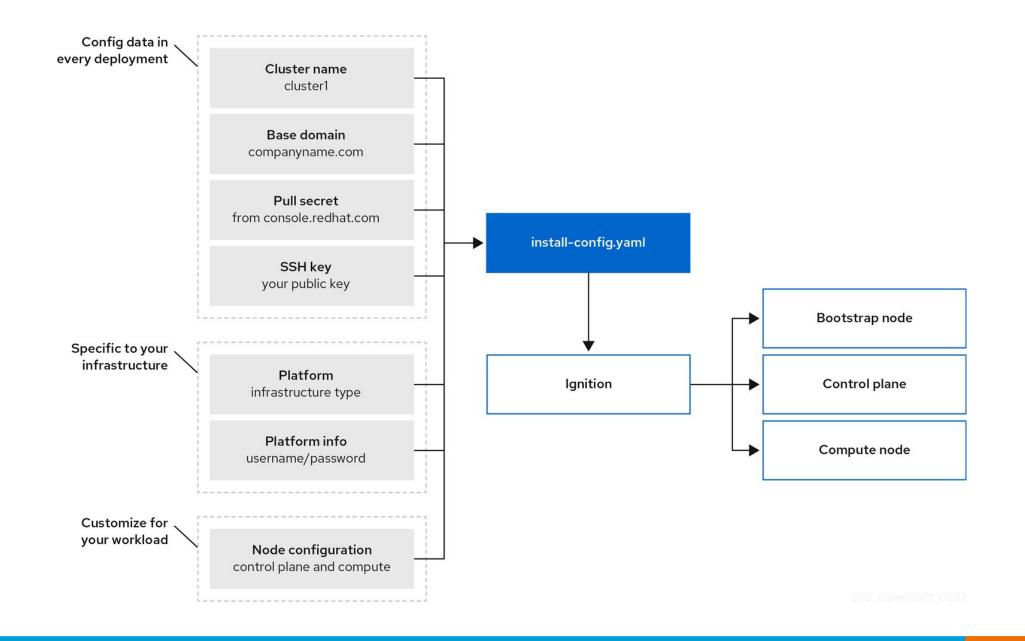
- Installer provisioned
- connected und disconnected Umgebungen

Local Agent-based

- Agent-based Installer
- ISO
- ideal für disconnected Umgebungen

Full Control

- User provisioned
- maximale Konfigurierbarkeit



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```
apiVersion: v1
baseDomain: example.com
compute: 2
  name: worker
  replicas: 3
  platform:
    vsphere: 3
     cpus: 2
      coresPerSocket: 2
     memoryMB: 8192
     osDisk:
       diskSizeGB: 120
controlPlane: 2
  name: master
  replicas: 3
  platform:
   vsphere: 3
      cpus: 4
     coresPerSocket: 2
     memoryMB: 16384
     osDisk:
       diskSizeGB: 120
metadata:
 name: cluster 4
platform:
  vsphere:
   vcenter: your.vcenter.server
   username: username
   password: password
   datacenter: datacenter
   defaultDatastore: datastore
    folder: folder
   resourcePool: resource_pool 5
   diskType: thin 6
   network: VM_Network
   cluster: vsphere_cluster_name 7
    apiVIPs:
     - api vip
    ingressVIPs:
     - ingress vip
fips: false
pullSecret: '{"auths": ...}'
sshKey: 'ssh-ed25519 AAAA...'
```

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Installer Commands

- openshift-install create cluster
- openshift-install create install-config
- openshift-install create manifests
- openshift-install create ignition-configs
- openshift-install wait-for bootstrap-complete
- openshift-install wait-for install-complete
- openshift-install destroy bootstrap
- openshift-install destroy cluster

Pitfalls

- Installation muss innerhalb von 24 Stunden nach Generierung der Ignition Configs erfolgen
- Der Cluster darf die ersten 24 Stunden nicht ausgeschaltet werden
- Installationskonfiguration wird vom Installer geschluckt
- zu kleine IP Range für Node Networks (hostPrefix)



Übung

- Cluster Installation

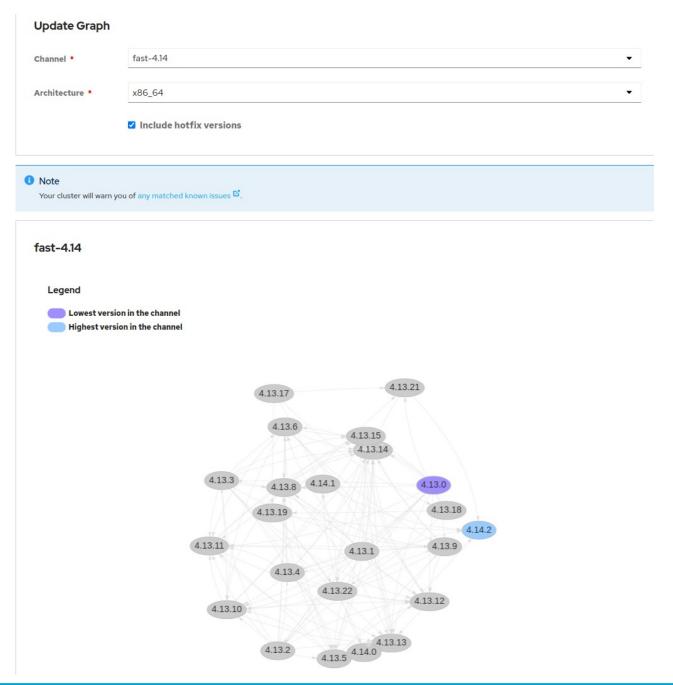
Doku: https://docs.openshift.com/container-platform/4.13

Update

Update Channels

- stable
- fast
- candidate







Operatoren

Cluster Operatoren

- apiserver-operator
- etcd-operator
- network-operator
- machine-config-operator



User Operatoren

OperatorHub

Discover Operators from the Kubernetes community and Red Hat partners, curated by Red Hat. You can purchase commercial software through Red Hat Marketplace Z. You can install Operators on your clusters to provide op services to your developers. After installation, the Operator capabilities will appear in the Developer Catalog providing a self-service experience.

