

# Lab 1 - Creating a Repository

*Note: For the sake of these tutorials, we are assuming you are using a terminal capable of running Bash commands. For Windows users, the recommended terminal program for this is Git Bash, which you can download from <https://gitforwindows.org/>*

There are a few ways to create a repository. The first is from the command line.

Command	Function
<code>git init</code>	Initialise a directory as a Git repository

You can then create a remote directory in GitHub with the following steps:

1. Create a new directory on your local machine and initialise it as a Git repo with the following commands:

```
$ mkdir my-new-repository
$ cd my-new-repository
$ git init
```

2. Create a new README.md file with the following command:

```
$ touch README.md
```

3. Stage and commit the new file to the repository:

```
$ git add README.md
$ git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

This will complain that git doesn't know who you are. So, tell git using the following command:

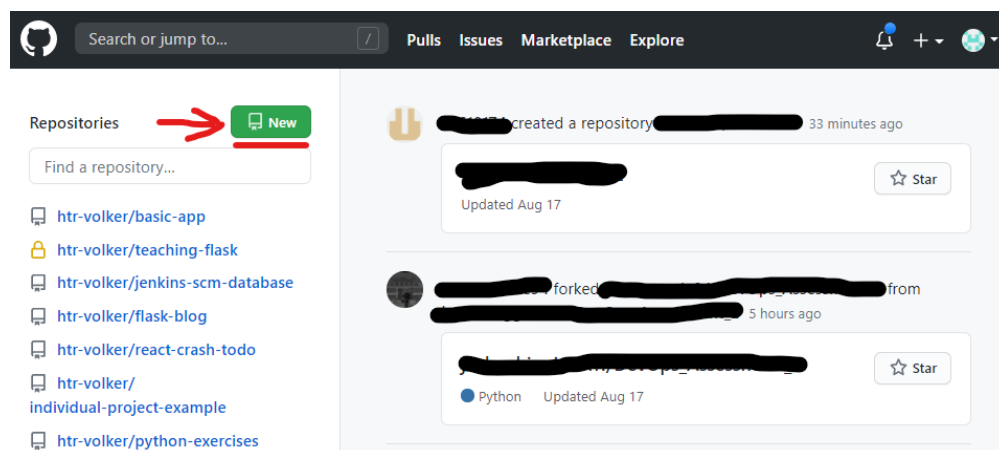
```
$ git config user.email "<your github email address>"
```

Then run the commit command again:

```
$ git commit -m "Initial commit"
```

4. Navigate to GitHub on your browser and log in.

- Click on the green **New** button to create a new repository.




- Enter the name of your new repository and press the **Create repository** button (keep the **Initialize this repository with a README** box unchecked).

## Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? [Import a repository.](#)

Owner \*

 htr-volker ▾

Repository name \*

/ my-new-repository ✓

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [upgraded-octo-funicular](#)?

Description (optional)

This is my new repository!

☒



**Public**

Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐



**Private**

You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

☐ **Initialize this repository with a README**

This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer.

Add .gitignore: None ▾





Add a license: None ▾



Create repository

- You should see a page like this, with some options for working with your repository. Copy the URL (with or without the .git extension, it doesn't matter) for the repo as specified at the top of the page:

Quick setup — if you've done this kind of thing before


 Set up in Desktop or  HTTPS  SSH  

Get started by [creating a new file](#) or [uploading an existing file](#). We recommend every repository include a [README](#), [LICENSE](#), and [.gitignore](#).

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...or create a new repository on the command line


```
echo "# my-new-repository" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git remote add origin https://github.com/htr-volker/my-new-repository.git
git push -u origin master
```



---

...or push an existing repository from the command line

```
git remote add origin https://github.com/htr-volker/my-new-repository.git
git push -u origin master
```



---

...or import code from another repository

You can initialize this repository with code from a Subversion, Mercurial, or TFS project.

8. Finally, fun the following commands in your Bash terminal, replacing the URL for that of your new repository:

```
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/[YOUR_USERNAME]/[YOUR_REPOSITORY]
$ git push -u origin master
```

You might be asked for your GitHub credentials at this point, so that your PC can authenticate against the remote GitHub website. So, if necessary, enter your GitHub username and password. Your terminal output should look similar to this:

```
User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents
$ mkdir my-new-repository

User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents
$ cd my-new-repository/

User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository
$ touch README.md

User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/Users/User/Documents/my-new-repository/.git/

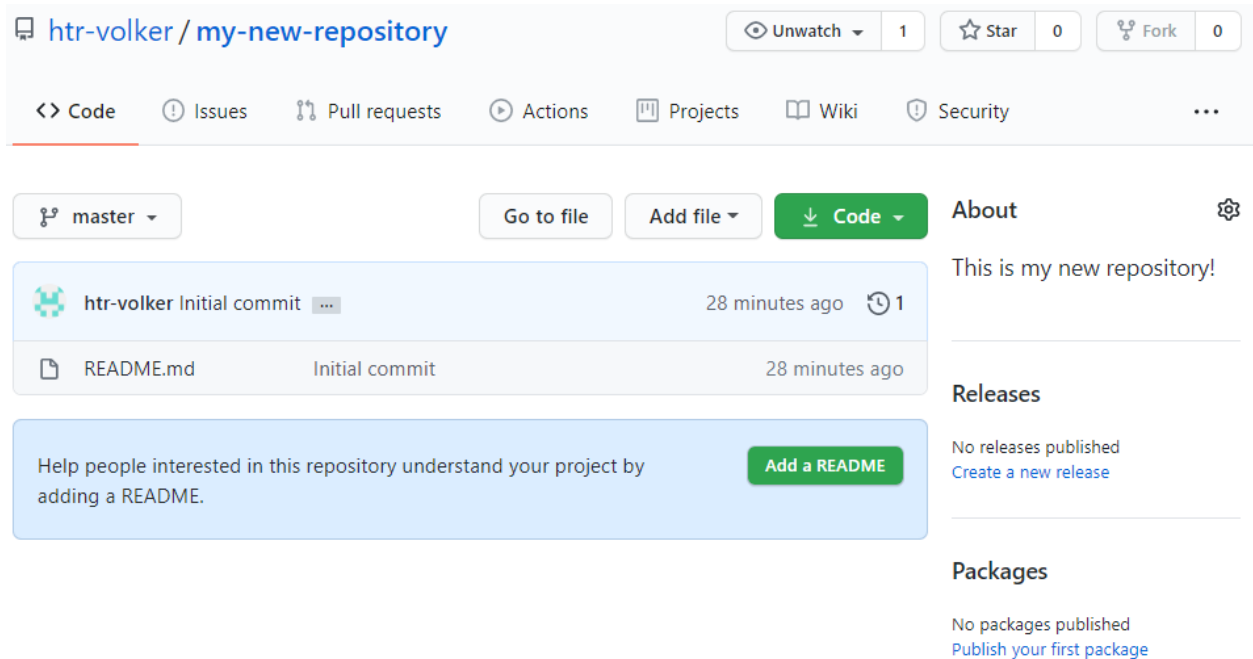
User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository (master)
$ git add README.md

User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository (master)
$ git commit -m "Initial commit"
[master (root-commit) 136bleb] Initial commit
1 file changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
create mode 100644 README.md

User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository (master)
$ git remote add origin https://github.com/htr-volker/my-new-repository

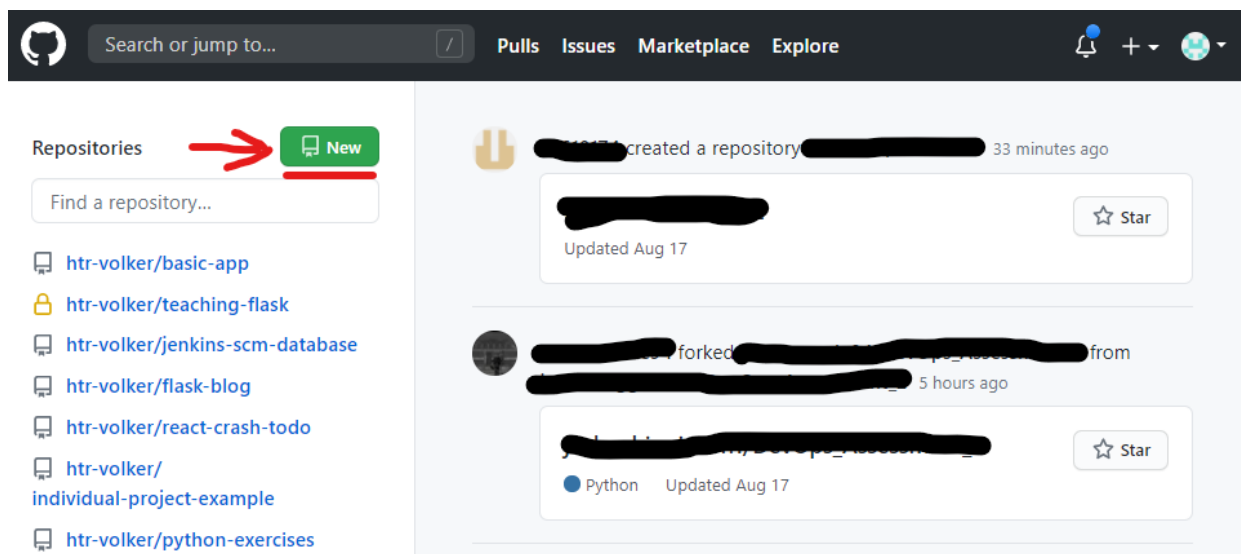
User@Genevieve MINGW64 ~/Documents/my-new-repository (master)
$ git push -u origin master
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 212 bytes | 212.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
To https://github.com/htr-volker/my-new-repository
* [new branch]      master -> master
Branch 'master' set up to track remote branch 'master' from 'origin'.
```

9. Refresh your GitHub repository page on your browser to see your README.md file.



Alternatively, you can create the repository in a remote location, such as on GitHub.

1. Click on the green **New** button to create a new repository.



2. Give your new repo a name, select the tickbox to **Initialize this repository with a README** and click **Create repository**

## Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere?  
[Import a repository.](#)

Owner \* htr-volker Repository name \* my-new-repository ✓

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about [fluffy-potato](#)?

Description (optional)

☒ **Public**  
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

☐ **Private**  
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

☒ **Initialize this repository with a README**  
This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer.

Add .gitignore: None Add a license: None ⓘ

[Create repository](#)

- Click on the **Code** button and copy the URL provided under the **Clone with HTTPS** section

master 1 branch 0 tags

htr-volker Initial commit

README.md Initial commit

README.md

**my-new-repository**

This is my new repository!

Go to file Add file **Code**

Clone with HTTPS ⓘ Use SSH

Use Git or checkout with SVN using the web URL.

<https://github.com/htr-volker/my-new-r>

Open with GitHub Desktop

Download ZIP

About

This is my new repository!

Readme

Releases

No releases published  
[Create a new release](#)

Packages

No packages published  
[Publish your first package](#)

- Enter the following command in your Bash terminal:

```
$ cd ..  
$ git clone https://github.com/[YOUR_USERNAME]/[YOUR_NEW_REPO]
```