Unemployment Rate in the US and UK

Panel Data Regression

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Variables Description

Variable	Description	Source
Unemployment rate (%)	Annual unemployment rate	ONS(UK), FRED
Country	Two levels: US and UK	-
Year	Time period 1985 - 2018	-
Inflation (%)	Annual inflation	FRED
Gross domestic product (% change)	Annual GDP	FRED
Stock market	UK: FTSE 100 index US: S&P 500 index	Yahoo Finance

Dataset Structure

```
> str(d)
'data.frame': 68 obs. of 6 variables:
$ country: chr "UK" "UK" "UK" "UK" ...
$ year : num    1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 ...
$ inf : num    6.1 3.4 4.1 4.2 5.8 8.1 7.5 4.6 2.6 2.2 ...
$ unemp : num    11.4 11.3 10.4 8.6 7.2 7.1 8.9 9.9 10.4 9.5 ...
$ s.p : num    1315 1607 2029 1802 2195 ...
$ qdp : num    4.2 3.14 5.3 5.76 2.57 0.74 -1.09 0.37 2.53 3.89 ...
```

Summary Statistics

UK

US

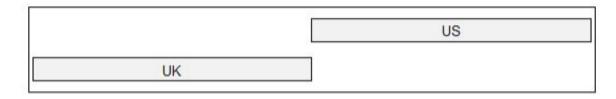
Statistic	N	Mean	St. Dev.	Min	Pctl(25)	Pctl (75)	Max
inf	34	2.685	1.061	1.000	1.875	3.225	5.000
unemp	34	5.965	1.486	3.900	4.900	6.900	9.600
s.p	34	1,069.869	658.473	186.850	453.640	1,366.185	2,709.980
gdp	34	4.888	1.858	-0.800	4.225	6.300	7.800

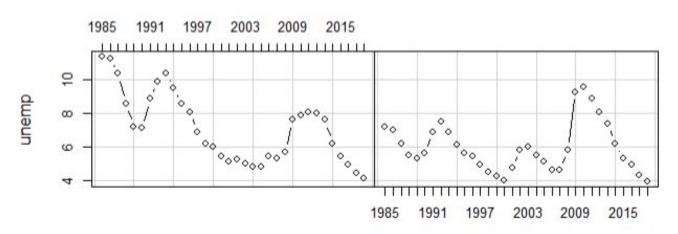
> starqazer(us[c("inf","unemp","s.p","gdp")],type = "text")

Problem Statement

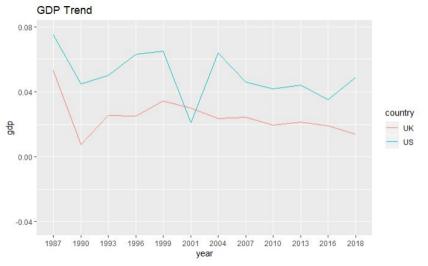
→ Aims at studying the association of economic factors with change in unemployment rate within USA and UK

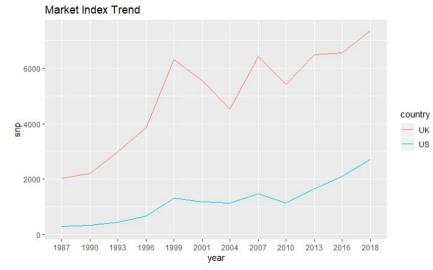
Given: country

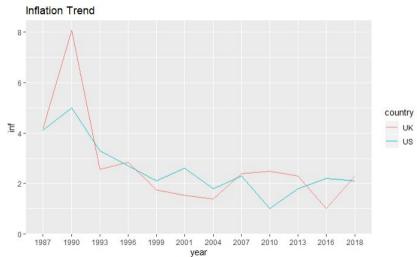




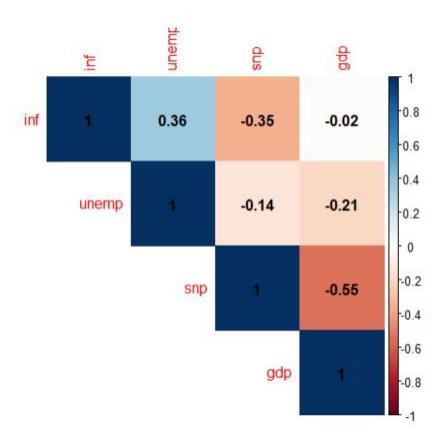
year







Correlation Matrix



Pooled Effects Model

```
> pooled <-plm(unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp, data=a, model="pooling")</pre>
> summary(pooled)
Pooling Model
Call:
plm(formula = unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp, data = a, model = "pooling")
Balanced Panel: n = 2, T = 34, N = 68
Residuals:
   Min. 1st Ou. Median 3rd Ou. Max.
-2.48086 -1.24925 -0.56813 1.15146 4.19319
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 7.04204323 0.98697992 7.1349 1.078e-09 ***
inf
       0.35866600 0.16078945 2.2307 0.02922 *
    -0.27412652 0.11804322 -2.3223 0.02341 *
gdp
         -0.00018291 0.00012498 -1.4635 0.14823
snp
signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Total Sum of Squares: 238.45
Residual Sum of Squares: 191.57
R-Squared: 0.19658
Adj. R-Squared: 0.15892
F-statistic: 5.21982 on 3 and 64 DF. p-value: 0.0027528
```

Fixed Effects - Within Model

```
> # Fixed Effects Model
> fixed_w <-plm(unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp , data=a, model="within")</pre>
> summary(fixed_w)
Oneway (individual) effect Within Model
Call:
plm(formula = unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp, data = a, model = "within")
Balanced Panel: n = 2, T = 34, N = 68
Residuals:
   Min. 1st Qu. Median 3rd Qu.
                                     Max.
-2.88511 -0.96033 -0.17268 0.88002 3.19089
Coefficients:
      Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
inf -0.23018800 0.15439764 -1.4909 0.14098
qdp -0.19035321  0.09282889 -2.0506  0.04447 *
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Total Sum of Squares: 216.54
Residual Sum of Squares: 114.39
R-Squared: 0.47174
Adj. R-Squared: 0.4382
F-statistic: 18.7531 on 3 and 63 DF. p-value: 8.3292e-09
> summary(fixef(fixed_w))
  Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
UK 13.15910 1.21289 10.849 4.725e-16 ***
US 8.66168 0.80783 10.722 7.683e-16 ***
___
signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
```

Fixed Effects - Within Two-ways Model

```
> fixed_w2 <-plm(unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp , data=a, model="within", effect="twoways")</pre>
> summary(fixed_w2)
Twoways effects Within Model
call:
plm(formula = unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp, data = a, effect = "twoways",
    model = "within")
Balanced Panel: n = 2, T = 34, N = 68
Residuals:
             1st Qu. Median 3rd Ou.
      Min.
                                                    Max.
-1.3393e+00 -3.7843e-01 2.4633e-16 3.7843e-01 1.3393e+00
Coefficients:
      Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
inf -0.37373631 0.22627524 -1.6517 0.1090
qdp 0.08764085 0.17069304 0.5134 0.6114
snp -0.00107293  0.00019017 -5.6418  3.808e-06 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Total Sum of Squares: 48.569
Residual Sum of Squares: 23.363
R-Squared: 0.51897
Adj. R-Squared: -0.074311
F-statistic: 10.7885 on 3 and 30 DF, p-value: 5.668e-05
> summary(fixef(fixed_w2))
   Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(>|t|)
UK 12.9198 1.2892 10.0213 4.354e-11 ***
US 7.6878 1.2216 6.2931 6.164e-07 ***
signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Fixed Effects - Comparison

> stargazer(pooled,fixed_w,fixed_w2,type='text',summary=FALSE)

	Dependent variable:					
	(1)	unemp (2)	(3)			
inf	0.359**	-0.230	-0.374			
	(0.161)	(0.154)	(0.226)			
gdp	-0.274**	-0.190**	0.088			
	(0.118)	(0.093)	(0.171)			
snp	-0.0002	-0.001***	-0.001***			
	(0.0001)	(0.0002)	(0.0002)			
Constant	7.042*** (0.987)					
Observations	68	68	68			
R2	0.197	0.472	0.519			
Adjusted R2	0.159	0.438	-0.074			
F Statistic	5.220*** (df = 3;	64) 18.753*** (df = 3	; 63) 10.789*** (df = 3; 30)			
Note:		=======================================	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.03			

Fixed Effects - Comparison

```
> stargazer(summary(fixef(fixed_w)), type = "text", summary =
FALSE, title = "Intercept for Within one way ")
Intercept for Within one way
  Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(> | t| )
UK 13.159 1.213 10.849 0
US 8.662 0.808 10.722
> stargazer(summary(fixef(fixed_w2)), type = "text", summary
= FALSE, title = "Intercept for Within Two way ")
Intercept for Within Two way
  Estimate Std. Error t-value Pr(> | t| )
UK 12.920 1.289 10.021
us 7.688 1.222 6.293 0.00000
```

PLM Tests

```
> pFtest(fixed_w, pooled)
        F test for individual effects
data: unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp
F = 42.511, df1 = 1, df2 = 63, p-value = 1.361e-08
alternative hypothesis: significant effects
> plmtest(fixed_w, effect = "individual")
        Lagrange Multiplier Test - (Honda) for balanced panels
data: unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp
normal = 2.1062, p-value = 0.01759
alternative hypothesis: significant effects
> plmtest(fixed_w2, effect="twoways", type="bp")
        Lagrange Multiplier Test - two-ways effects (Breusch-Pagan) for balanced panels
data: unemp ~ inf + gdp + snp
chisq = 7.5561, df = 2, p-value = 0.02287
alternative hypothesis: significant effects
```

Conclusion

- Fixed Effects one way GDP, S&P significant on Unemployment rate
- Fixed Effects Two way S&P significant on Unemployment rate

