



QUANT Inter IIT Bootcamp
Intraday Equity Trading Strategy





Stock Selection Strategy

Sector-Aware Selection:

Each stock is mapped to its sector using a sector map, ensuring sector diversification is maintained while selecting top-performing stocks.

Proportional Sector Allocation:

Stocks are selected proportionally to their representation in NIFTY100—for example, Finance has more stocks selected than smaller sectors—to reduce sector bias.

Multi-Factor Scoring:

Stocks are scored using multiple factors:

- Momentum (absolute & relative)
- Volume momentum
- Volatility
- Liquidity
- RSI stability

Weighted Scoring:

Each factor contributes differently to the total score using predefined weights (e.g., momentum 25%, relative momentum 25%, volatility 10%, etc.), allowing for more robust selection.



Normalization of Metrics:

Raw factor values are normalized to handle scale differences and ensure fair comparison between stocks.

Top-N Stock Selection per Sector:

For each sector, the top N stocks by weighted score are selected (e.g., 4 from Finance, 1 from Energy, etc.) to ensure both quality and diversification.

Fallback Selection:

If total selected stocks are less than the target (TOP_N), additional top-scoring stocks from other sectors are included to reach the desired portfolio size.

Output & Ranking:

The final selection is ranked by weighted score and exported for further use in backtesting or trading. This ensures a clear, chronological order for trading decisions



Trading Strategy



VWAP + RSI Momentum Confluence Intraday Strategy

1. Stock Selection & Capital Allocation:

- Top N stocks are selected from sector-weighted ranking based on previous performance.
- Total capital (₹100,000) is divided among the selected stocks.
- Purpose: Ensures balanced exposure across multiple high-performing stocks.

2. RSI Calculation & Conditions:

- RSI is calculated with a 14-period window.
- Long Entry Condition: $RSI > 28$ (oversold) and $< 50 \rightarrow$ indicates upward potential but not overbought.
- Short Entry Condition: $RSI < 72$ (overbought) and $> 50 \rightarrow$ indicates downward potential but not oversold.
- Exit Conditions:
 - Long: exit if $RSI > 70$ (overbought).
 - Short: exit if $RSI < 30$ (oversold).
- Purpose: Identifies momentum shifts and prevents entering trades at extreme levels.

3. VWAP Calculation & Conditions:

- $VWAP = \text{cumulative (Close} \times \text{Volume)} / \text{cumulative Volume}$.
- Long Entry Condition: $\text{Price} > VWAP \rightarrow$ intraday bullish trend.
- Short Entry Condition: $\text{Price} < VWAP \rightarrow$ intraday bearish trend.

Purpose: Confirms trade direction with respect to market sentiment.



Trading Strategy



Volume Filter:

Average volume over the last 13 periods is calculated.

Trade only if current volume > average volume.

Purpose: Ensures liquidity and that the move is backed by participation.

Time-Based Filters:

No trades taken between 09:15–09:25 (opening) and after 15:20 (closing).

Purpose: Avoids volatile or thin-market periods.

Entry Logic:

Long Entry: Price > VWAP AND RSI between 28–50 AND Volume > AvgVol → enter long.

Short Entry: Price < VWAP AND RSI between 50–72 AND Volume > AvgVol → enter short.

Stop loss is set immediately:

Long: entry × (1 – 0.5%)

Short: entry × (1 + 0.5%)

Partial & Full Profit Exit:

Partial exit at 0.5% gain → PnL booked, entry price updated, trailing stop of 0.5% set.

Full exit at 1% gain OR if price hits stop-loss OR if RSI indicates reversal (RSI>70 for long, RSI<30 for short).

Purpose: Captures profits gradually while protecting remaining position.

End-of-Day Force Exit:

Any open position is exited at the last available close price.

Purpose: Ensures no overnight exposure; aligns with intraday strategy.



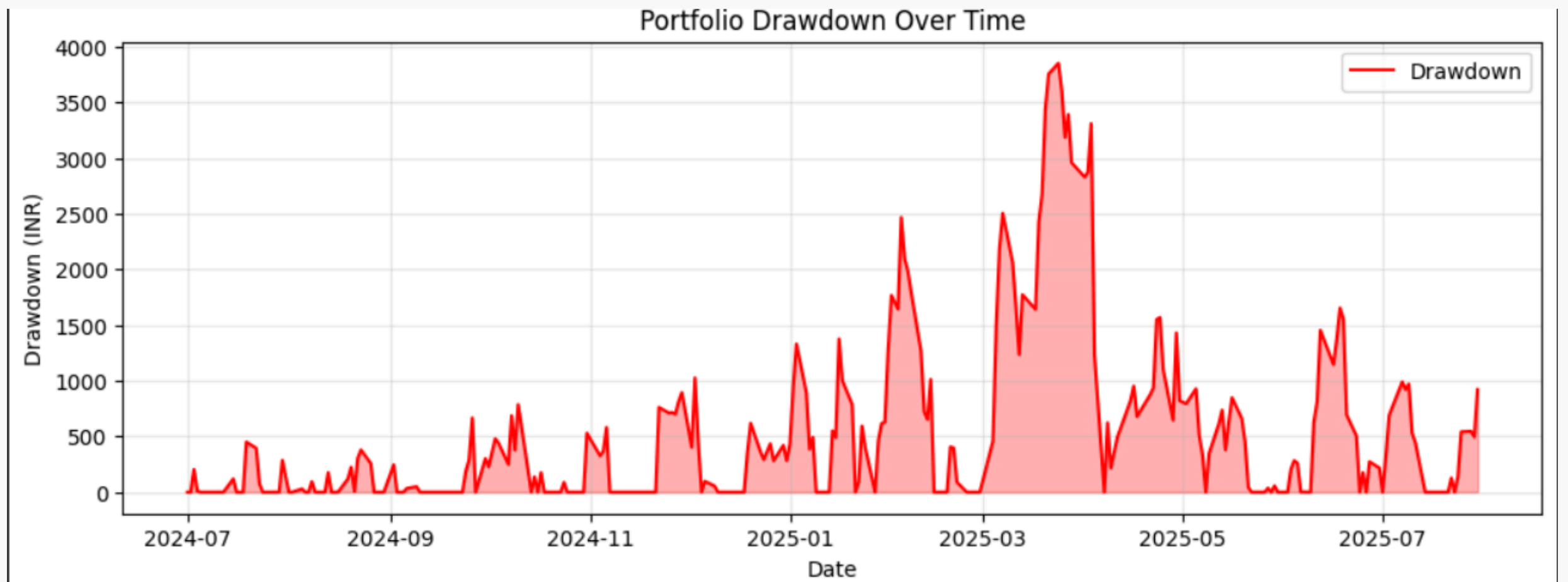
Key Values



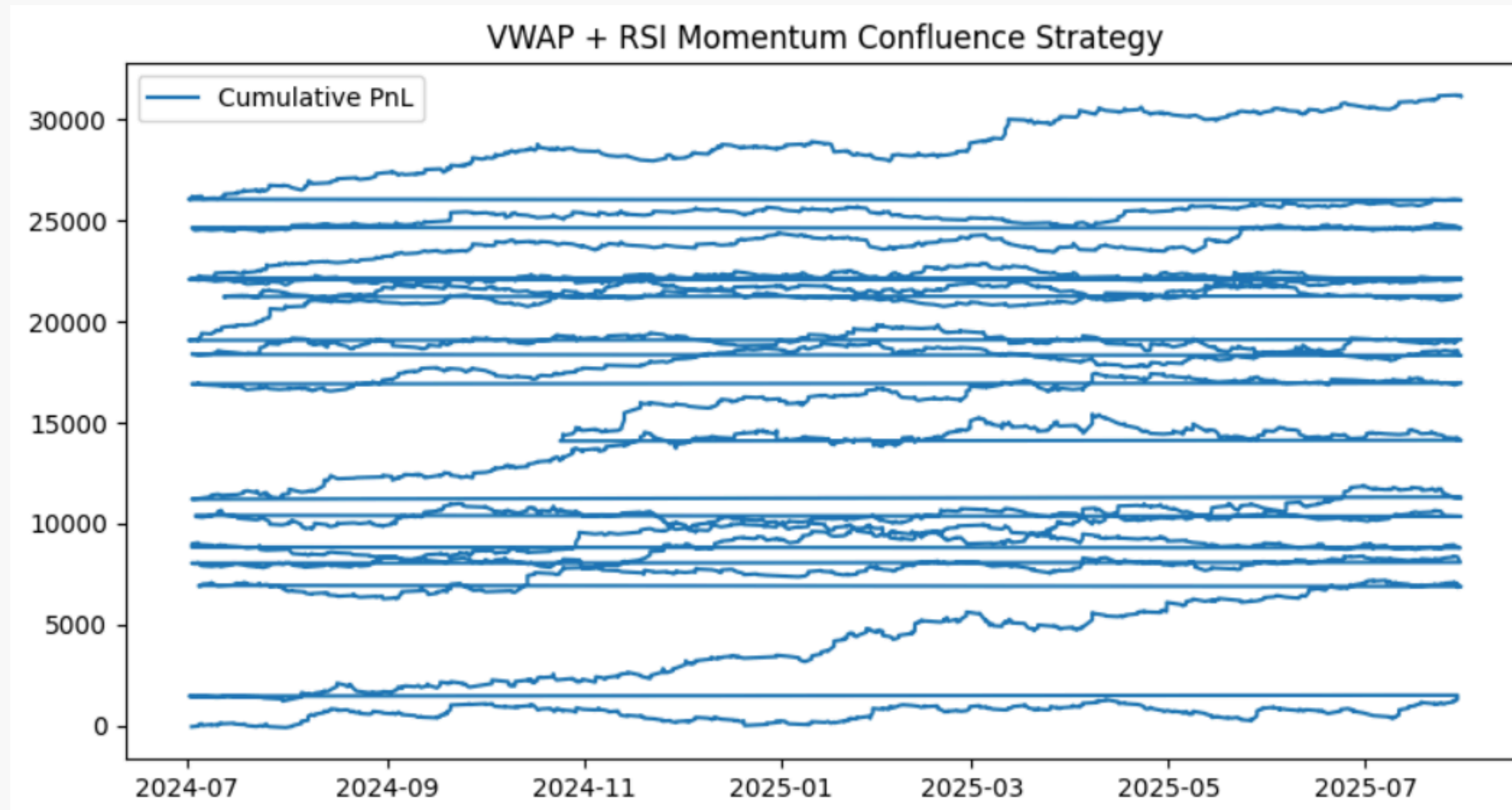
On backtesting on past year data

- Return% : 31.14
- Sharpe Ratio : 4.15
- Sortino Ratio: 8.02
- WinRate : 53.28
- Trades : 6608
- Volatility%: 6.99
- MaxDrawdown%: 2.60

Performance Metrics



Cumulative PnL





Thank you

