

7/199, Anand Bazar, (Opp. Hallet Hospital), Swaroop Nagar, Kanpur • Ph.: 9839031141, 0512-2550219, 3249669

113/2B, Friends Colony, Swaroop Nagar, Kanpur (Main Branch)

Consultant Pathologist: Dr. PRAVEEN SARASWAT

M.B.B.S., M.D., (Pathology)

E-mail: info@saraswatpathology.com

Web Site: www.saraswatpathology.com

Booking No. : COL190820016

MS. SHALINI LOHIA

: Female / 49 yrs Sex/Age

Referred by : DR..

Patient

Booking Date : 20/08/2019

Sample Date : 20/08/2019

Report Date : 20/08/2019

Center

HOME COLLECTION

Corporate : GENERAL

| <u>Test</u> HAEMATOLOGY | Observed Value | <u>Units</u> | Ref. Range |
|--|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| C.B.C (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)* | | | |
| HAEMOGLOBIN * | 13.3 | Gm.% | 12 - 15 |
| Automated (whole blood) | | | |
| <u>T.L.C. *</u> | 8,200 | /cub.mm. | 4000 - 10000 |
| Automated (whole blood) | | | |
| <u>NEUTROPHILS</u> | 60 | % | 40 - 80 |
| <u>LYMPHOCYTES</u> | 31 | % | 20 - 40 |
| <u>EOSINOPHILS</u> | 07 | % | 1 - 6 |
| MONOCYTES | 02 | % | 2 - 10 |
| ABNORMAL IMMATURE CELLS | 00 | % | |
| PLATELET COUNT | 3.05 Lacs | /cub.mm. | 150000 - 450000 |
| Rechecked by manual method (whole blood) | | | |

GBP (GENERAL BLOOD PICTURE)

RBC are normocytic-normochromic. WBC picture is as mentioned above. Platelets are adequate. No immature cells seen.

| E.S.R. (WESTERGREN'S METHOD) * | 36 | mm. | 10 - 20 |
|--------------------------------|----|-----|---------|
| BIOCHEMISTRY | | | |

| FASTING PLASMA GLUCOSE * | 116 | mg/dl | Normal : < 110 |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|----------------------------|
| | | | Impaired Glucose Tolrence: |

110-125

GOD POD, Plasma

RFT/KFT

| CREATININE* | 0.89 | mg/dl | 0.8 - 1.1 |
|-------------------------|------|-------|-----------|
| ALKALINE PICRATE, Serum | | | |
| BLOOD UREA* | 41 | mg/dl | 10-45 |

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UV KINETIC (GLDH), Serum

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GENERAL Corporate

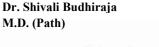
| <u>Test</u> <u>BLOOD UREA NITROGEN(BUN)*</u> | <u>Observed Value</u> 19 | <u>Units</u> mg/dl | Ref. Range 5-20 |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| UV KINETIC (GLDH), Serum | | | |
| URIC ACID* | 3.2 | mg/dl | 3.4 - 7.0 |
| PEROXIDASE, Serum | | | |
| LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST) | | | |
| BILIRUBIN TOTAL* | 0.8 | mg/dl | 0.1 - 1 |
| DCA, (E.P.), Serum | | | |
| DIRECT* | 0.2 | mg/dl | 0 - 0.25 |
| DCA, (E.P.) Serum | | | |
| BILIRUBIN INDIRECT* | 0.6 | mg/dl | |
| Calculated | | | |
| S.G.P.T (ALT)* | 15 | IU/L | Upto 40 |
| IFCC (KINETIC), Serum | | | |
| S.G.O.T (AST)* | 12 | IU/L | Upto 40 |
| IFCC (KINETIC), Serum | | | |
| ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE* | 84 | IU/L | 0 - 258 |
| AMP BUFFER, Serum | | | |
| TOTAL PROTEINS* | 6.2 | Gm/dl | 6.6 - 8.2 |
| BIURET REACTION, END POINT, Serum | | | |
| ALBUMIN* | 4.1 | Gm/dl | 3.5 - 5.0 |
| BCG DYE, Serum | | | |
| <u>GLOBULIN</u> | 2.1 | Gm/dl | 2.3 - 3.5 |
| A/G RATIO | 1.95:1 | | 1.4 : 1 - 1.6 : 1 |
| LIPID PROFILE | | | |
| CHOLESTEROL* Method: CHOD-PAP (Serum) | 181 | mg/dl | Desired Level : < 200 (Low Risk) Borderline Level : 200 - 239 (Moderate Risk) Elevated Level : > 240 |

Method: CHOD-PAP, (Serum)

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| Test TRIGLYCERIDES* GPO, Trinder Method. | <u>Observed Value</u> 202 | <u>Units</u> mg/dl | Ref. Range Normal : <150 Borderline Level : 150-199 High : 200-499 Very High : 500 |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| LDL CHOLESTEROL(DIRECT ENZYMATIC DETERMINATION)* Direct Enzymatic. | 107 | mg/dl | Desired Level : < 130 (Low Risk) Borderline Level: 130 - 159 (Moderate Risk) Elevated Level : > 160 (High Risk) |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL(DIRECT ENZYMATIC DETERMINATION)* Direct Enzymatic. | 45 | mg/dl | Desired Level : > 60 (Low Risk) Borderline Level : 35 - 60 (Moderate Risk) Low Level : < 35 (High Risk) |
| <u>V.L.D.L.</u> Calculated. | 29 | mg/dl | 9 - 33 |
| TOTAL CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO | 4.0 | | Recommended ratio : 2.6 - 3.5 Low risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average risk : 4.4 - 7.1 Moderate risk : 7.1 - 11.0 High risk : > 11.0 |
| LDL /HDL RATIO | 2.4 | | Below Average Risk: Below 2.3 Average Risk: 2.3 - 4.9 Moderate Risk: 4.9 - 7.1 High Risk: 7.2 & Above. |

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Corporate : GENERAL

| <u>Test</u> | Observed Value | <u>Units</u> | Ref. Range |
|---|---|---------------|---|
| INTERPRETATION :- | | | |
| 1) IT IS IMPORTANT TO NOTE THAT TRIGLYC 12 HRS. OF FAST. | ERIDES ARE ONLY REALLY ACCURATELY M | EASURED AFTER | |
| LOW LEVEL OF HDL (LESSTHAN 35 MG/DL IS WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS. FOREACH 1 MC HEART DISEASE. | .) IS CONSIDERED AS A RISK FACTOR EVEN G/DL INCREASE IN HDL THERE IS 2-4 % REDL | | |
| 3) TOTAL CHOLESTEROL / HDL RATIO SHOUL | D BE LESSTHAN 4. | | |
| ELECTROLYTES & OTHER IONS | | | |
| SODIUM * | 135 | meq/L | 138 - 148 |
| POTASSIUM * | 3.9 | meq/L | 3.7 - 5.2 |
| IONIZED CALCIUM * | 4.33 | mg/dl | 4.0 - 5.2 |
| I.S.E. (Serum) | | | |
| HbA1c | | | |
| GLYCOSYLATED HB (HbA1c) * | 6.4 | % | Action Suggested : > 8.0 Goal : < 7.0 |
| MEAN BLOOD GLUCOSE (MBG) | 127 | mg.% | Non diabetic level : < 6.0 |
| HPLC, BIORAD, USA | | v | |
| <u>CHLORIDE</u> | 114 | m.mol/L | 98 - 109 (Serum) |
| | | | 118 - 132 (In CSF) 170 - 250 / 24 hrs (In Urine) |
| EROLOGY | | | , |
| RHEUMATOID FACTOR * | 2.45 | IU/ml | Negative : < 15 Positive : > 15 |
| Immunoturbidometery. | | | 1 0011170 . 7 10 |
| C. REACTIVE PROTEIN | 2.56 | mg/dl | 0 - 0.5 |

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| <u>Test</u> <u>H.S. C.R.P. (High Sensitive)</u> | Observed Value 0.01 | <u>Units</u> mg/dl | Ref. Range Low Risk : < 0.1 Average Risk : 0.1 - 0.3 High Risk : > 0.3 |
|--|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| SPECIAL TESTS | | | riigir Nok . 7 0.0 |
| IRON PROFILE | | | |
| SR. IRON * | 34.8 | micro Gm/dl | 41 - 132 |
| <u>T.I.B.C.</u> | 421 | micro Gm/dl | 259 - 388 |
| % SATURATION INDEX | 8.3 | % | 23 - 43 |
| Calculated. | | | |
| FERRITIN * | 68.13 | ng/ml | 12 - 150 |
| ELECTROCHEMILUMINSCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, ECLIA | | | |
| SPECIAL TESTS (ELISA) | | | |
| THYROID PROFILE | | | |
| FREE T3 * | 4.89 | p.mol/L | 3 - 8.3 |
| FREE T4 * | 16.62 | p.mol/L | 9 - 20 |
| <u>T.S.H. *</u> | 3.23 | micro-U/ml | 0.25 - 5 |
| ELECTROCHEMILUMINSCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, ECLIA | | | |

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Test Observed Value Units Ref. Range

INTERPRETATION:-

FT3 (FREE TRIIODOTHYRONINE) IS ONE OF THE THYROID HORMONES WHICH REGULATE METABOLISM. DETERMINATION OF THIS HORMONE CONCENTRATION IS IMPORTANT FOR THE DIAGNOSTIC DIFFERENTIATION OF EUTHYROID, HYPERTHYROID AND HYPOTHYROID STATES. THE MAJOR PROTION OF TOTAL T3 IS BOUND TO TRANSPORT PROTEINS (TBG, PREALBUMIN & ALBUMIN). FT3 IS THE PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE FORM OF TOTAL T3. SO DETERMINATION OF FT3 HAS THE ADVANTAGE OF BEING INDEPENDENT OF CHANGES IN CONCENTRATION OF BINDING PROTEINS, THEREFORE DETERMINATION OF T-UPTAKE OR TBG IS NOT REQUIRED.

FT4: THE THYROID HORMONE THYROXINE (T4) IS PHYSIOLOGICALLY PART OF THE REGULATING CIRCUIT OF THE THYROID GLAND AND HAS AN EFFECT ON GENERAL METABOLISM. THE MAJOR FRACTION OF TOTAL THYROXINE IS BOUND TO TRANSPORT PROTEINS (TBG, PREALBUMIN, AND ALBUMIN). THE FREE THYROXINE (FT4) IS PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE THYROXINE COMPONENT. FT4 IS MEASURED WITH TSH WHEN THYROID FUNCTION DISORDER ARE SUSPECTED OR IN CASE OF MONITORING THYROSUPPRESSIVE THERAPY. THE DETERMINATION OF FT4 HAS THE ADVANTAGE OF BEING INDEPENDENT OF CHANGES IN THE CONCENTRATIONS AND BINDING PROPERTIES OF THE BINDING PROTEINS.

TSH: THYROID-STIMULATING HORMONE (TSH, THYROTROPIN) - A GLYCOPROTEIN, IS FORMED BY ANTERIOR PITUITARY AND IS SUBJECT TO A CIRCARDIAN SECRETION SEQUENCE. THE DETERMINATION OF TSH SERVES AS THE INITIAL TEST IN THYROID DIAGNOSTICS. EVEN VERY SLIGHT CHANGES IN THE CONCENTRATION OF FREE THYROID HORMONES BRING ABOUT MUCH GREATER OPPOSITE CHANGES IN THE TSH LEVEL. THERE FORE, TSH IS A VERY SENSITIVE AND SPECIFIC PARAMETER FOR ASSESSING THYROID FUNCTION.

L.H. * 7.06 m.IU/ml Males : upto 15

Females:

Folicular phase : 1 - 7 Mid cycle peak : 6 - 73 Luteal phase : 0.5 - 10 Post Minopause: 12 - 58

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Test Observed Value Units Ref. Range

ELECTROCHEMILUMINSCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, ECLIA

INTERPRETATION:

L.H. (luteinizing hormone) together with FSH belongs to the gonadotropin family. L.H. & F.S.H regulate and stimulate the growth and function of the gonads (ovaries & testes). In women the gonadotropins act within the hypothalamus-pituitary-ovary regulating circuit to control the menstrual cycle.

L.H. & F.S.H are released in pulses from the gonadotropic cells of anterior pituitary and pass via the blood stream to the ovaries. Here the gonadotropins stimulate the growth and maturation of the follicle and hence the biosynthesis of estrogens and progesterones. The highest L.H. concentrations occur during the mid-cycle peak and induce ovulation & formation of corpus luteum, the principal product of which is progesterone. In the leydig cells of testes, L.H. stimulates production of testosterone. The determination of L.H. in conjunction with FSH is utilized for the following indications: congenital diseases with chromosome aberrations, polycystic ovaries (PCO), clarifying the causes of amenorrhea, menopausal syndrome and suspected Leyding cell insufficiency.

F.S.H. * 10.94 m.IU/ml Males: 10 - 40

Females:-

Follicular phase: 3-6 Mid cycle peak : 4 - 18 Luteal phase : 2 - 8 Post menopause: 19 - 130

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Test Observed Value Units Ref. Range

ELECTROCHEMILUMINSCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, ECLIA.

INTERPRETATION:-

FSH (follicle stimulating hormone) together with LH belong to the gonadotropin family. FSH & LH regulate and stimulate the growth and function of the gonads (ovaries & testes). In women the gonadotropins act within hypothalamus-pituitary-ovary regulating circuit to control menstrual cycle. FSH & LH are released in pulses from the gonadotropic cells of the anterior pituitary. In the ovaries FSH with LH stimulates the growth and maturation of the follicle & hence also the biosynthesis of estrogens. The FSH level shows a peak at mid-cycle although this is less marked than with LH. Due to changes in ovarian function and reduced estrogen secretion, high FSH concentrations occur during menopause. In men, FSH serves to induce spermatogonium development. The determination of FSH with LH is utilized for following indications: congenital diseases with chromosome aberrations, polycystic ovaries (PCO), causes of amenorrhea, & menopausal syndrome. Depressed gonadotropin levels in men occur in azospermia.

PROLACTIN * 23.71 ng/ml 1 - 20

ELECTROCHEMILUMINSCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, ECLIA.

INTERPRETATION:-

Prolactin is synthesized in the anterior pituitary and is secreted in episodes. Prolactin appears in serum in three different forms. The biologically and immunologically active monomeric (Little) form predominates. Both dimeric (big) and tetrameric (big-big) forms constitute less than 20% of total prolactin and are biologically inactive. This assay measures mainly active monomeric form and is not affected by esp. tetrameric forms. The target organ for prolactin is mammary gland. High concentrations of prolactin have an inhibiting action on steroidogenesis of the ovaries and on hypophyseal gonadotropin secretion. Hyperprolactinemia (in men & women) is the main cause of fertility disorders. The determination of prolactin is utilized in the diagnosis of anovular cycles, hyperprolactinemic amenorrhea & galactorrhra, gynecomastia and azospermia.

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| Test ESTRADIOL LEVEL (E-2) * | Observed Value 74.18 | <u>Units</u> pg/ml | Ref. Range Males : 15 - 60 |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | | Females : |
| <u>PROGESTERONE</u> | 7.48 | ng/ml | Follicular phase : 30 - 120 Ovulatory peak : 130 - 370 Luteal phase : 70 - 250 Menopause : 15 - 60 (Non Pregnant Women) |
| | | | Follicular phase : 0.15 - 1.6 Luteal phase : 1.1 - 21.0 Post Menopausal : 0.15 - 1.4 |
| | | | (Pregnant Women) |
| | | | 1st Trimester : 7.2 - 43.0 2nd Trimester : 21.0 - 108 3rd Trimester : 53 - 293 |
| TESTOSTERONE TOTAL | 0.25 | ng/ml | 0.06 - 0.82 |
| VITAMIN B12 Eectrochemiluminescence (ECLIA) | 494 | pg/ml | 191 - 663 |
| ANTI THYROPEROXIDASE ANTIBODY (TPO) | < 0.8 | IU/ml | Negative : < 8.0 Positive : > 8.0 |
| VITAMIN D3-25 HYDROXY Feetreehemiluminesseese (ECLIA) | 33.3 | ng/ml | 30 - 74 |
| Eectrochemiluminescence (ECLIA) | | | |

End of Report

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