294, Sindh Housing Society Aundh

REPORT

Tel No: 919370707001

PID: 112395

Age:68.50 Years Sex: MALE

Reference: Dr.--Sample Collected At: The Poona Club Ltd.

6,Bund Garden Road,

Pune 1
Zone CA

SID: 120188190

Collection Date: 29-01-2021 10:37 AM Registration Date: 29-01-2021 10:37 am Report Date: 29-01-2021 03:56 PM

Test Description Observed Value Biological Reference Interval

Lipid Profile Mini:

Cholesterol (Total), serum by Enzymatic 147 Desirable: < 200 mg/dL

nethod Borderline high: 200 - 239 mg/dL

High: >/= 240 mg/dL

Triglycerides, serum by Enzymatic method 163 Normal : < 150 mg/dL

Borderline high: 150-199 mg/dL

High: 200-499 mg/dLVery high: >/= 500 mg/dL

HDL Cholesterol, serum by Enzymatic method 36 Men: > 40 mg/dL

Women: > 50 mg/dL

VLDL Cholestrol, serum by calculation 33 < 30 mg/dL

LDL Cholesterol, serum by calculation 78 Optimal: <100 mg/dL

Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129 mg/dL

Borderline high: 130-159 mg/dL

High: 160-189 mg/dL Very high: >/= 190 mg/dL

Cholesterol(Total)/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 4.08 Males: Acceptable ratio </= 5.00

Females : Acceptable ratio </= 4.50

LDL Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 2.18 Males: Acceptable ratio <= 3.60

Females : Acceptable ratio </= 3.20

Reference: ATP III, NCEP Guidelines and National Lipid Association (NLA) 2014 Recommendations

As per most international and national guidelines including Lipid Association of India 2016:

- 1. Lipoprotein and lipid levels should be considered in conjunction with other atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) risk determinants to assess treatment goals and strategies.
- 2. Non-fasting lipid levels can be used in screening and in general risk estimation.



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TEST NAME

Test Description

Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1C), by HPLC 7.70 4.0 to 5.6 %

Interpretation:

HbA1C level reflects the mean glucose concentration over previous 8-12 weeks and provides better indication of long term glycemic control.

For diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus (>/= 18 yrs of age) :

5.7 % - 6.4 % : Increased risk for developing diabetes.

>/= 6.5 % : Diabetes

Therapeutic goals for glycemic control:

Adults: < 7%

Toddlers and Preschoolers: < 8.5% (but > 7.5%)

School age (6-12 yrs): < 8%

Adolescents and young adults (13 - 19 yrs): < 7.5 %

Levels of HbA1C may be low as result of shortened RBC life span in case of hemolytic anemia. Increased HbA1C values may be found in patients with polycythemia or post splenectomy patients. Patients with Homozygous forms of rare variant Hb(CC,SS,EE,SC) HbA1c can not be quantitated as there is no HbA. In such circumstances glycemic control can be monitored using plasma glucose levels or serum Fructosamine.

The A1c target should be individualized based on numerous factors, such as age, life expectancy, comorbid conditions, duration of diabetes, risk of hypoglycemia or adverse consequences from hypoglycemia, patient motivation and adherence.

Ref: ADA (Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes - 2017)



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Observed Value Biological Reference Interval

TEST NAME

Test Description

Vitamin B12, serum by CMIA 251.0 187 - 883 pg/mL

Interpretation:

- 1. Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) is necessary for hematopoiesis and normal neuronal function.
- 2. Vitamin B12 is decreased in

Decreased Serum B12 Pregnancy Contraceptive hormones Malabsorption Ethanol ingestion **Smoking** Strict vegan diet Pernicious anemia

- 3. Serum methylmalonic acid and homocysteine levels are also elevated in vitamin B12 deficiency states. Active B12 (Holotranscobalamin) is low in Vitamin B12 deficiency.
- 4. Please correlate in case of patients taking vitamin B12 supplementation.



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Test Description Observed value **Biological Reference Interval**

HOMA Index Insulin Resistance Test

Plasma glucose fasting, by Hexokinase method < 100 mg/dL 152

> 100 to 125 mg/dL: Impaired fasting glucose tolerance / Prediabetes >/= 126 mg/dL : Suggestive of

diabetes mellitus

(On more than one occasion) American Diabetes Association

Guidelines 2020

Insulin Fasting, Serum by CMIA 6.40 Fasting: 2.5 to 25 µU/mL

Peak upto 150 µU/mL

HOMA IR Index > 2.5 indicates insulin resistance 2.40

Interpretation

- 1. As, the direct measurement of the insulin effect on the blood sugar concentration is not possible other indices are used for determining an insulin resistance.
- 2. One of the most common indices is the HOMA index (Homeostasis Model Assessment), which is calculated according to the following formula:

HOMA index = fasting insulin (µU/ml) X fasting blood sugar (mg/dl) /405

- 3. Indications:
 - * Adiposis (BMI > 28 kg/m²)
 - * Suspected insulin resistance (metabolic syndrome, diabetes mellitus type 2)
 - * Suspected polycystic ovary syndrome (PCO-S)
 - * Cycle disturbances (e. g. amenorrhea)
 - * Infertility
- 4. Reference ranges:
 - > 2.0 indication for insulin resistance
 - > 2.5 insulin resistance probable
 - > 5.0 average value in patients with diabetes mellitus type 2

Reference: https://www.bioscientia.de/en/files/2011/10/Marker



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Dr. Awanti Golwilkar Dr. Vinanti Golwilkar MD (Pathology)

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Reference range & Units

Homocysteine, plasma by CMIA 15.36 Male: 5.08 to 15.39 µmol/Lt

Homocysteine concentration is an indicator of acquired folate or cobalamin deficiency, and is a contributing factor in the pathogenesis of neural tube defects. Currently, the use of homocysteine for assessment of cardiovascular risk is uncertain and controversial. Based on several meta-analyses, at present, homocysteine may be regarded as a weak risk factor for coronary heart disease, and there is a lack of direct causal relationship between hyperhomocysteinemia and cardiovascular disease. It is most likely an indicator of poor lifestyle and diet. Homocysteine concentrations >13 mcmol/L are considered abnormal in patients evaluated for suspected nutritional deficiencies (B12, folate) and inborn errors of metabolism. Homocysteine concentrations < or =10 mcmol/L are desirable when utilized for cardiovascular risk.

Observed Value



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Test Description Observed Value Biological Reference Interval

TEST NAME

25 - OH Vitamin D, serum by CMIA 46.00 Severe deficiency: < 10 ng/mL

Mild to moderate deficiency: 10 to 19 ng/mL

Optimum levels: 20 to 50 ng/mL

Increased risk of hypercalciuria: 51 to 80

ng/mL

Toxicity possible : > 80 ng/mL Ref.: Mayo Medical Laboratories These reference ranges represent clinical decision values, based on the 2011 Institute of Medicine report

Interpretation:

Vitamin D is vital for strong bones. It also has important, emerging roles in immune function and cancer prevention.

Vitamin D compounds in the body are exogenously derived by dietary means; from plants as 25-hydroxyvitamin D2 (ergocalciferol or calciferol) or from animal products as 25-hydroxyvitamin D3 (cholecalciferol or calcidiol).

Vitamin D may also be endogenously derived by conversion of 7-dihydrocholesterol to 25-hydroxyvitamin D3 in the skin upon ultraviolet exposure.

The total 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25-OH-VitD) level (the sum of 25-OH-vitamin D2 and 25-OH-vitamin D3) is the appropriate indicator of vitamin D body stores.

Patients with renal failure can have very high 25-OH-VitD levels without any signs of toxicity, as renal conversion to the active hormone 1,25-OH-VitD is impaired or absent.

Kindly corelate clinically, with supplementation history & repeat with fresh sample if necessary.

End of Report



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Carrying forward

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