NPTEL Course: Programming, Data Structures and Algorithms in Python (*by* Prof. Madhvan Mukund)

Tutorial (Week 3)

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Problem 1: Multiplication of two matrices in python

Considering two matrices $A_{m \times n}$ and $B_{n \times p}$. Their matrix multiplication will produce another matrix $C_{m \times p}$.

Here's how:

$$A = egin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & \dots & a_{1n} \ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & \dots & a_{2n} \ & & & a_{ik} & & & \ & & & \ddots & & & \ & & & \ddots & & \ddots & & \ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \dots & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{m imes n} \, imes \, B_{n imes p} \, = \, C_{m imes p}$$

$$C = egin{bmatrix} c_{11} & c_{12} & \dots & \dots & c_{1p} \ c_{21} & c_{22} & \dots & \dots & c_{2p} \ & & & c_{ij} & & & \ & & & \ddots & & \ & & & \ddots & & \ddots & \ c_{m1} & c_{m2} & \dots & \dots & c_{mp} \end{bmatrix}$$

where,
$$c_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^n a_{ik} imes b_{kj}$$

For example;

$$c_{23} = a_{21} imes b_{13} + a_{22} imes b_{23} + \ldots + a_{2n} imes b_{n3}$$

Problem 1: Continued ...

Approach: List comprehension (nested) approach gives a one liner solution to matrix multiplication in Python.

C = [[sum(i*j for i, j in zip(a_row, b_col)) for b_col in zip(*B)] for a_row in A]



This calculates 1 element of 'C' corresponding to a_row (A) and b_col (B)

This calculates a row of 'C' corresponding to a_row (A)

This calculates all the rows and columns of matrix 'C'.

Problem 2: Calculate the monotonic trend in the given non-parametric data (Sen's slope)**

Sen's Slope:

Sen's slope estimator can be calculated by using the formula:

$$Sen's \, Slope = medianigg(rac{y_j-y_i}{j-i}igg) for \, j>i$$
 Eq. (1) $Median = ((n+1)/2)^{th} \, term \quad if \, n \, is \, odd = [(n/2)^{th} \, term + ((n/2)+1)^{th} \, term]/2 \, \, if \, n \, is \, even$

Approach:

> First of all, we will calculate the slope between all the points in the dataset for the given condition as follow:

$$\left(rac{y_j-y_i}{j-i}
ight)for j>i$$

➤ Then we will sort all of then in ascending order to calculate the median using Eq. (2).

Problem 3: Calculating the ratio of multiplication of values across the column and multiplication across the diagonal of the given square matrix for all the columns

Approach:

- > While solving this problem, we must assert a condition that matrix is a square matrix.
- > If the multiplication of diagonal elements turns out to be zero, we can return the ratio to be undefined.
- For the given matrix A, the desired ration should look like:

$$A = egin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ratio\,Matrix = \left[rac{(a_{11} imes a_{21} imes a_{31} imes a_{41})}{(a_{11} imes a_{22} imes a_{33} imes a_{44})} \quad rac{(a_{12} imes a_{22} imes a_{32} imes a_{42})}{(a_{11} imes a_{22} imes a_{33} imes a_{44})} \quad rac{(a_{13} imes a_{23} imes a_{33} imes a_{43})}{(a_{11} imes a_{22} imes a_{33} imes a_{44})} \quad rac{(a_{14} imes a_{24} imes a_{34} imes a_{44})}{(a_{11} imes a_{22} imes a_{33} imes a_{44})}
ight]$$