Lab 10: Binary Trees

CS 0445: Data Structures

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http://db.cs.pitt.edu/courses/cs0445/current.term/

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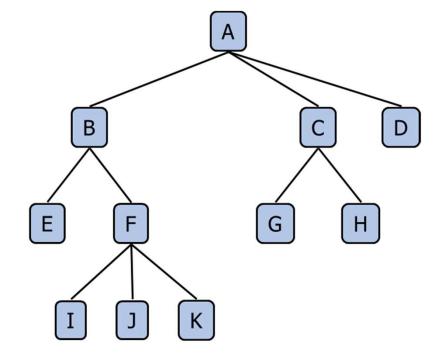
Trees

Efficient search and insert

Flexible

Used in file systems and databases

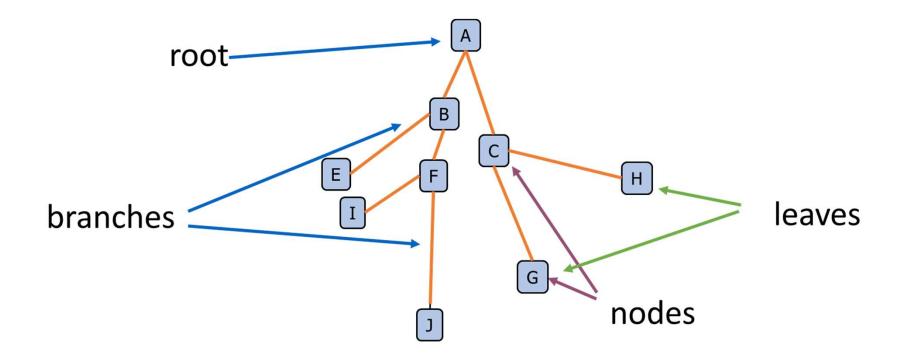
Good for organization





Trees

Unlike bags, stacks, or queues, trees are hierarchical

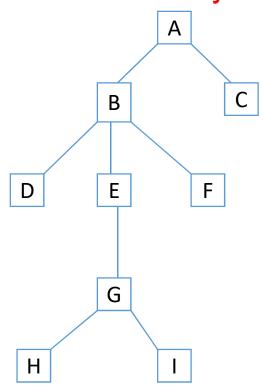




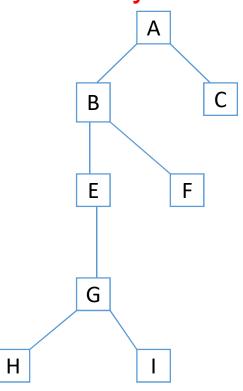
Binary Trees

Each node has at most 2 children

Not a binary tree



A binary tree



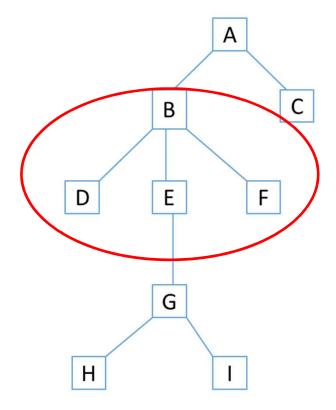


A Recursive Data Structure

Trees are structured in such a way that using recursive methods makes sense

A tree can almost be defined in terms of itself

A node can have children which are themselves trees





CS 0445: Data Structures

Recursive Method: GetNumberOfNodes

```
public int getNumNodes(BinaryTree tree) {
        //Call a recursive helper method
        int count = 0;
         if(tree.root != null)
                 count = recursiveGetNumNodes(tree.root);
        return count;
public int recursiveGetNumNodes(Node rood) {
        int count = 1;
        if(root.leftChild != null)
                 count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.leftChild);
        if(root.rightChild != null)
                 count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.rightChild);
        return count;
```



```
public int getNumNodes(BinaryTree tree) {
    //Call a recursive helper method
    int count = 0;
    if(tree.root != null)
        count = recursiveGetNumNodes(tree.root);
    return count;
}
Count = 1 + left + right
```



Η

Α

F

Ε

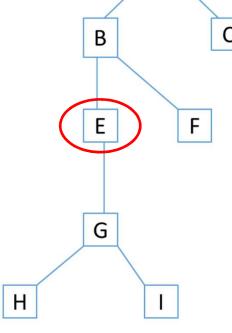
Н

```
public int recursiveGetNumNodes(Node rood) {
    int count = 1;
    if(root.leftChild != null)
        count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.leftChild);
    if(root.rightChild != null)
        count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.rightChild);
    return count;
}
```

Count = 1 + left + right



Count = 1 + left + 0



Α



Α

F

В

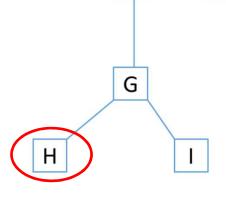
Ε

Η

Count = 1 + left + right



Count = 1 + 0 + 0



В

Ε

Α

F



Count = 1 + 0 + 0

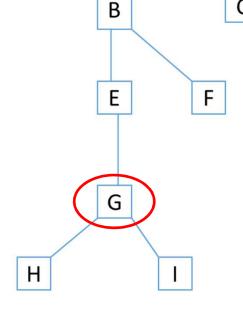


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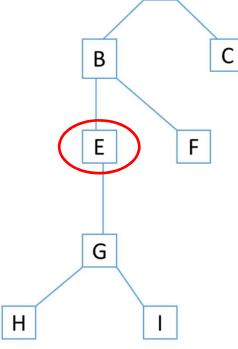
Count = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3



Α



Count =
$$1 + 3 + 0 = 4$$



Α

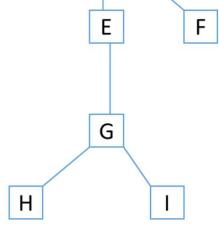


Count = 1 + 0 + 0 = 1



Н

Count =
$$1 + 4 + 1 = 6$$



Α



```
public int recursiveGetNumNodes(Node rood) {
    int count = 1;
    if(root.leftChild != null)
        count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.leftChild);
    if(root.rightChild != null)
        count += recursiveGetNumNodes(root.rightChild);
    return count;
}
```

Count = 1 + 0 + 0 = 1



Ε

Н

F

Count =
$$1 + 6 + 1 = 8$$



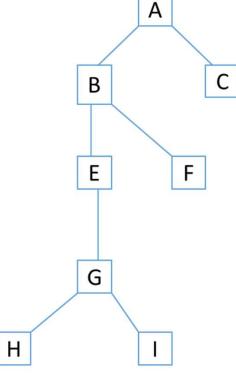


Ε

F

```
public int getNumNodes(BinaryTree tree) {
    //Call a recursive helper method
    int count = 0;
    if(tree.root != null)
        count = recursiveGetNumNodes(tree.root);
    return count;
}
```

Count = 8





Traversal

Preorder:

- 1. Visit the parent node
- 2. Visit the left child (subtree)
- 3. Visit the right child (subtree)

Postorder:

- 1. Visit the left child (subtree)
- 2. Visit the right child (subtree)
- 3. Visit the parent node

Inorder:

- 1. Visit the left child (subtree)
- 2. Visit the parent node
- 3. Visit the right child (subtree)

Note: The following animations are demonstrations of determining tree traversals by hand.

In a real implementation, traversals are conducted using stacks and queues.

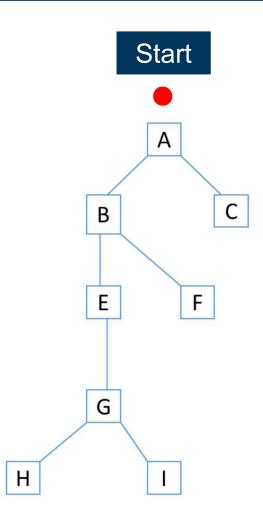
Would an Inorder traversal be possible on a ternary tree?



```
preOrder(Node v)
    visit(v)
    for each child w of v
        preorder(w)
```

Add a node to the traversal when touching its left side

Traversal:

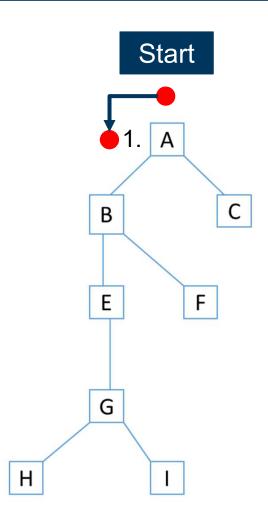




```
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Add a node to the traversal when touching its left side

Traversal: A

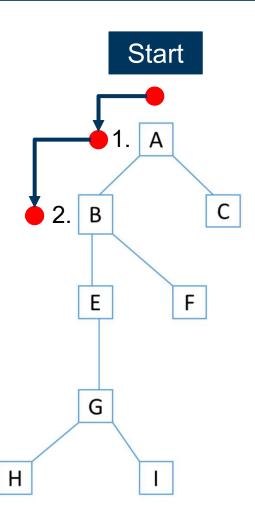




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Add a node to the traversal when touching its left side

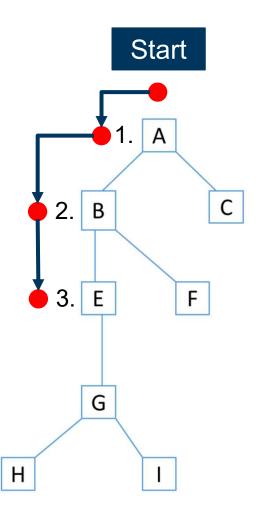
Traversal: AB





```
preOrder(Node v)
    visit(v)
    for each child w of v
        preorder(w)
```

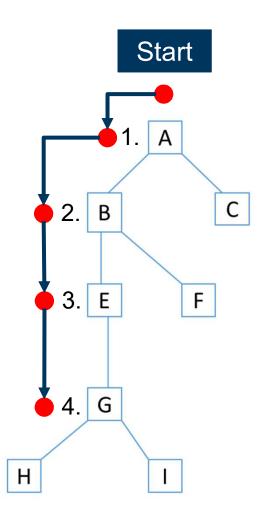
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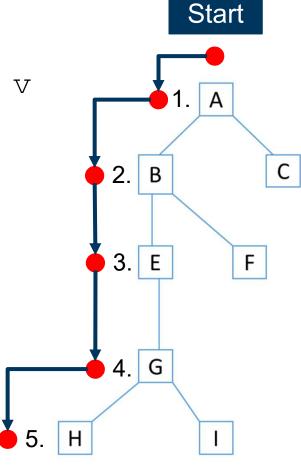
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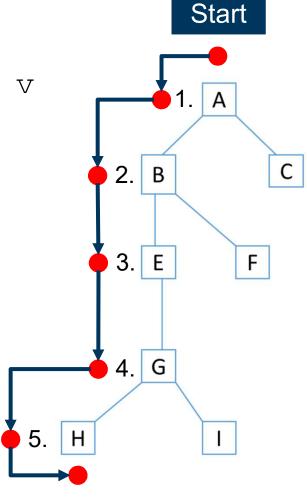
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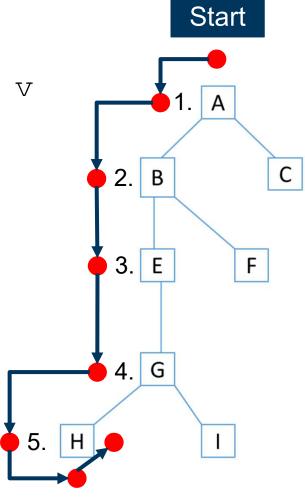
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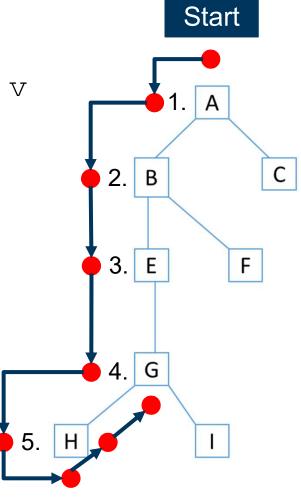
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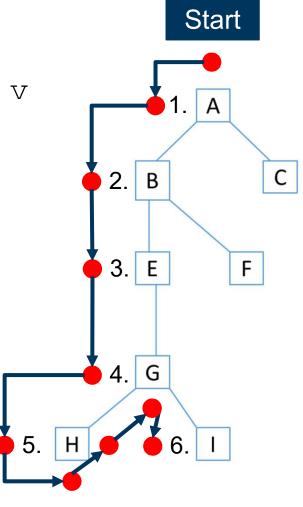
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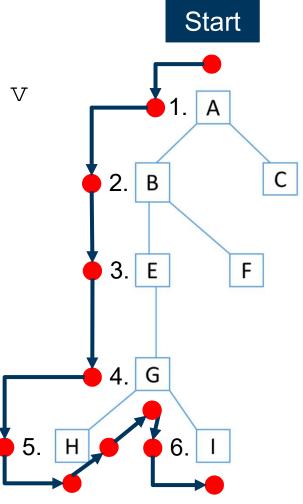
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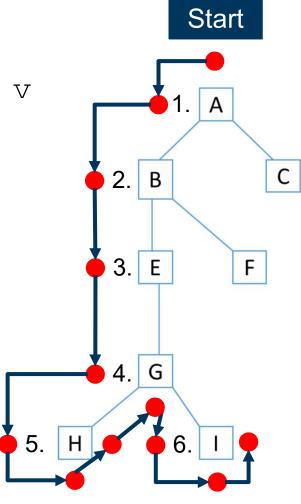
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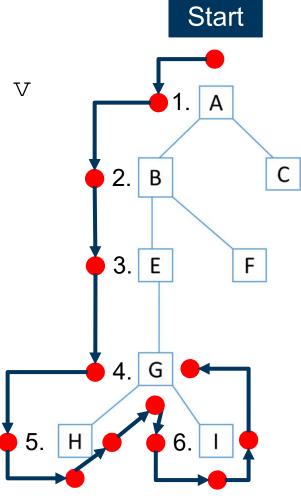




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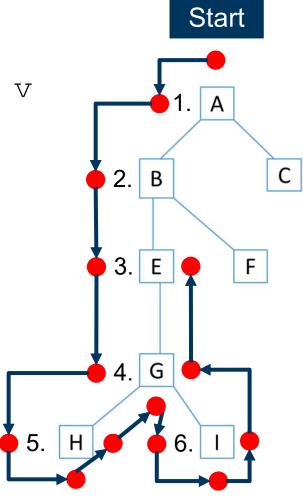




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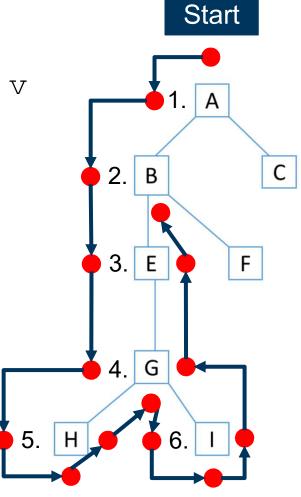




preOrder(Node v)
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preorder (w)

Add a node to the traversal when touching its left side

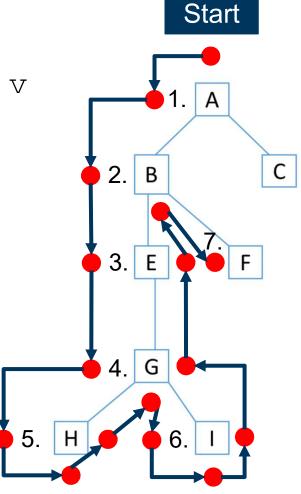




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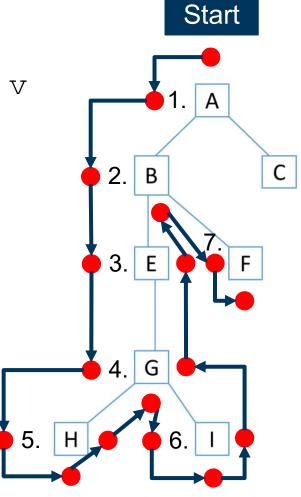




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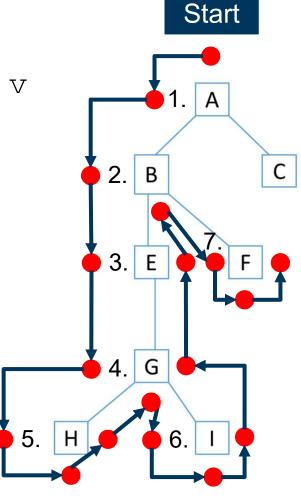




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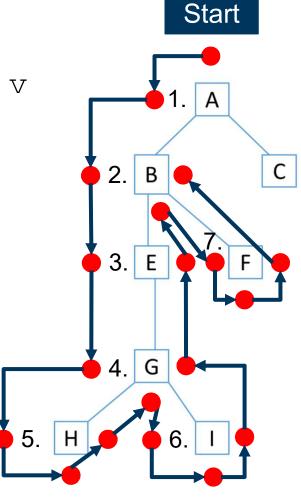




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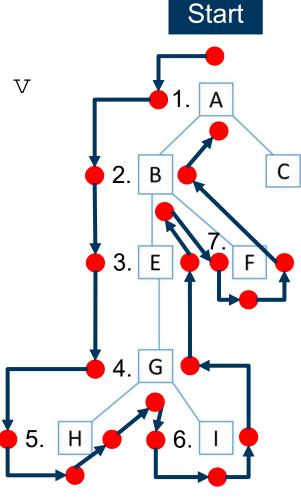




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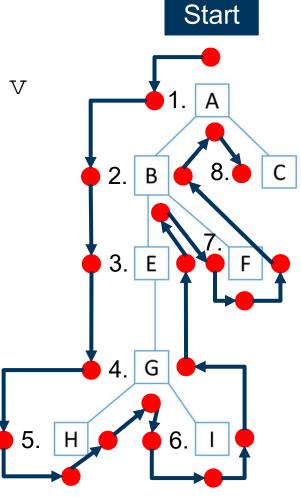




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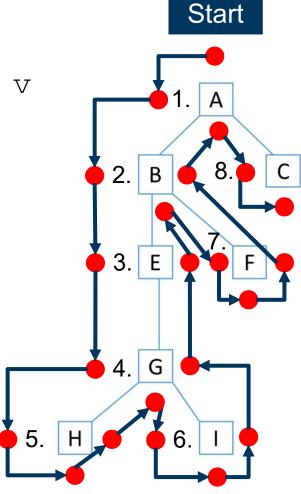




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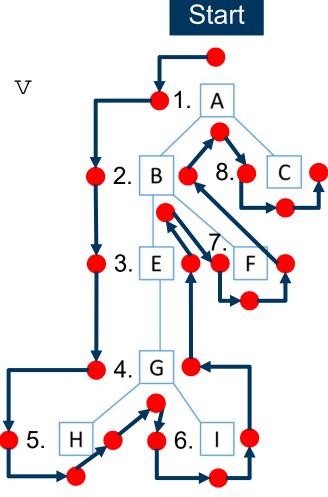




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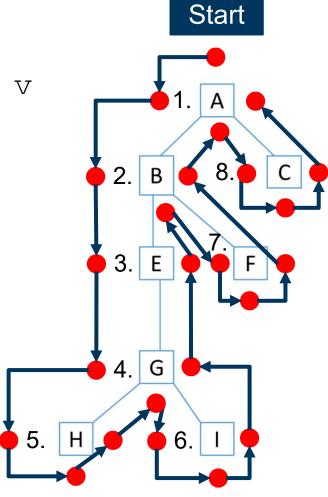




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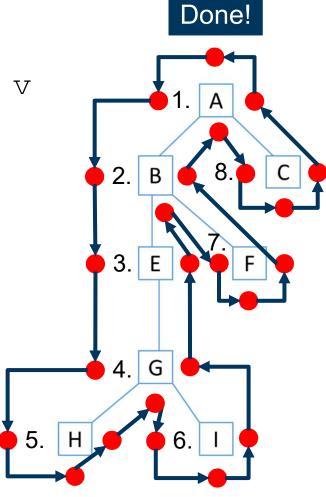




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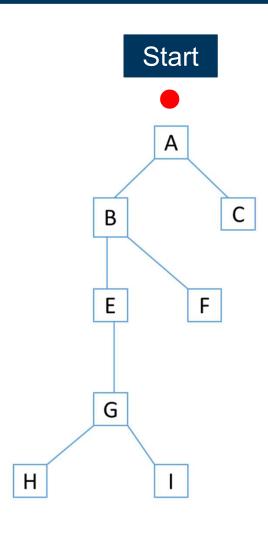




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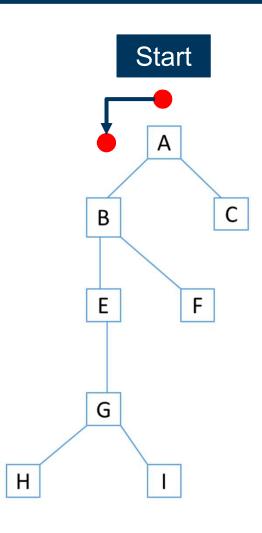




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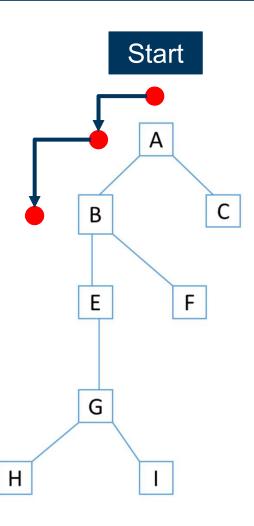




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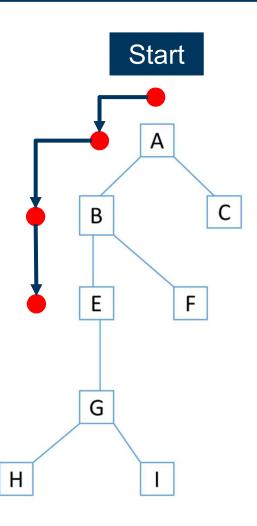




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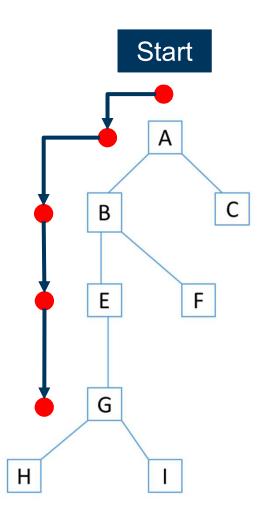




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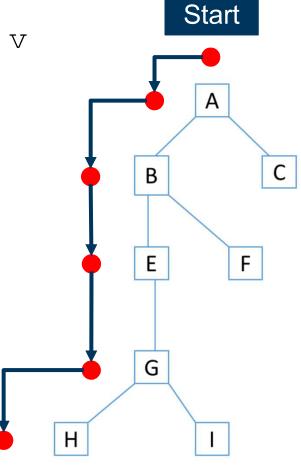


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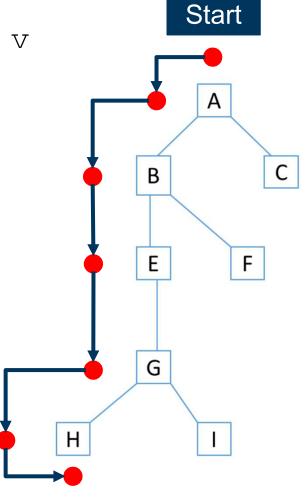


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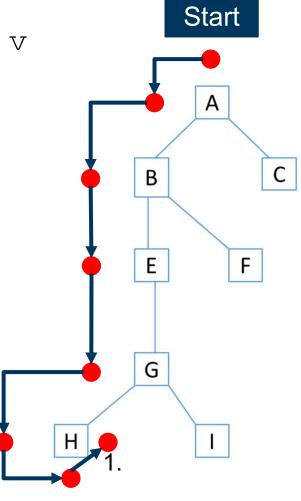


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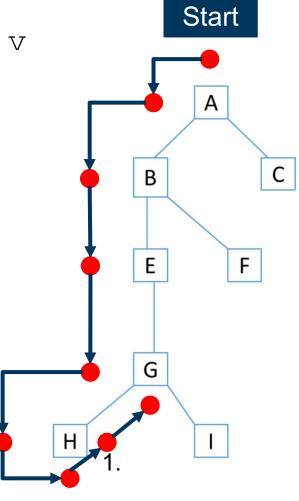


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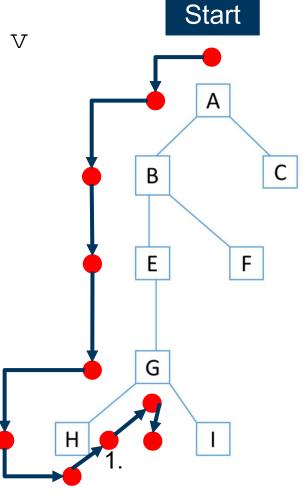


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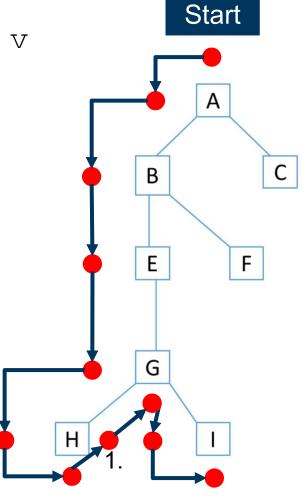


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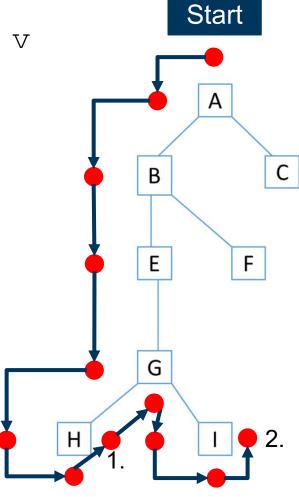


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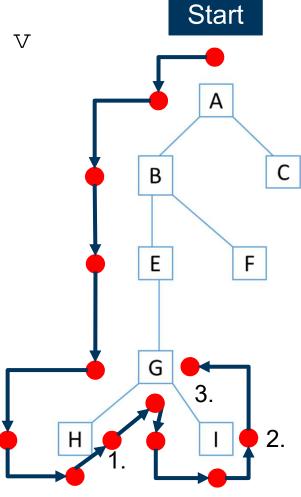


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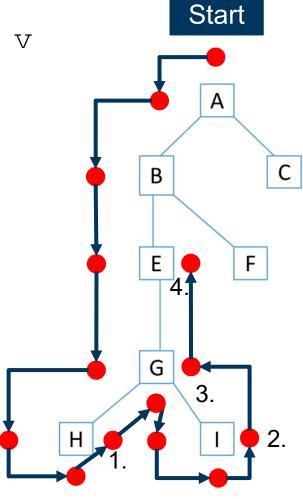


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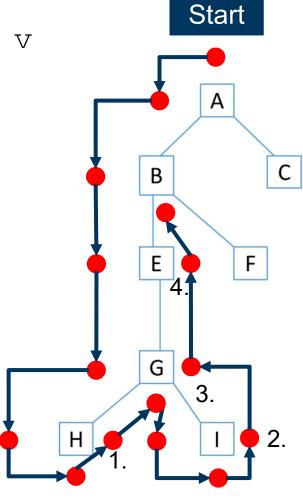


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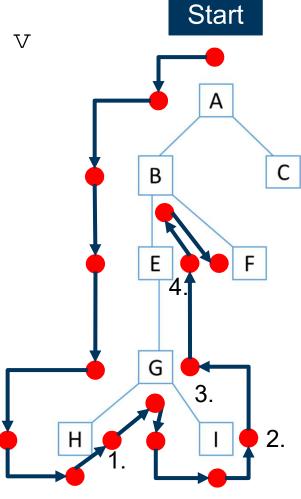


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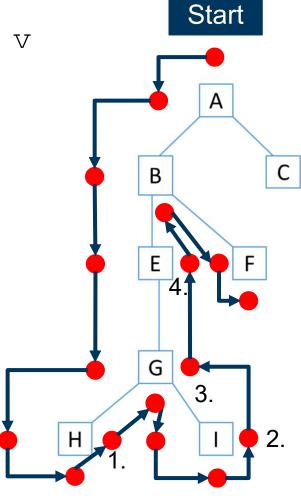


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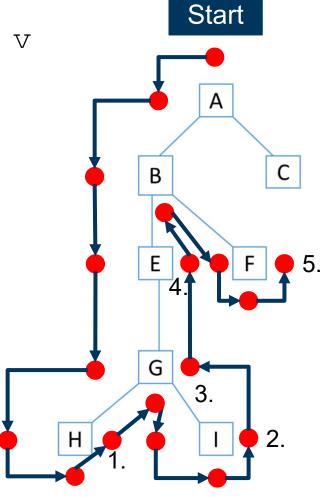


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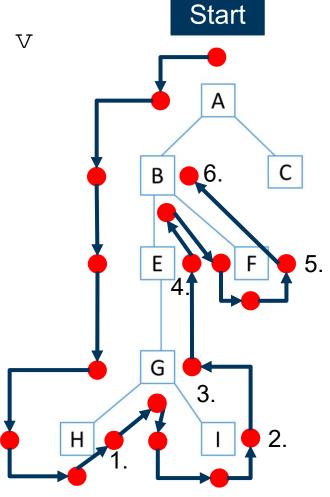


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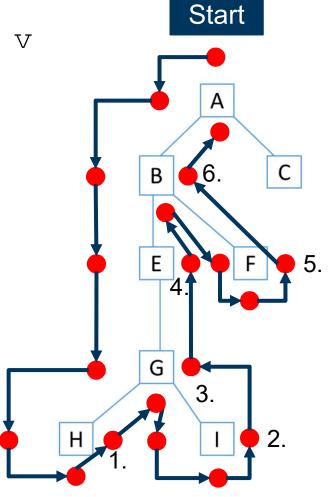


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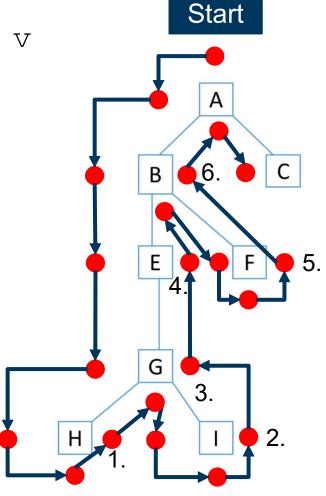


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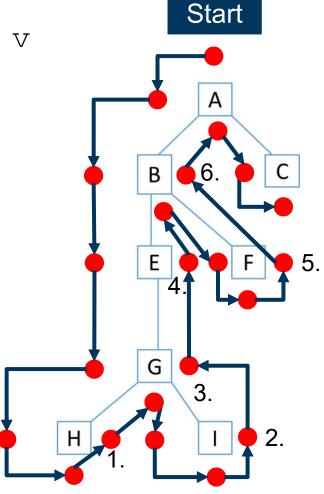


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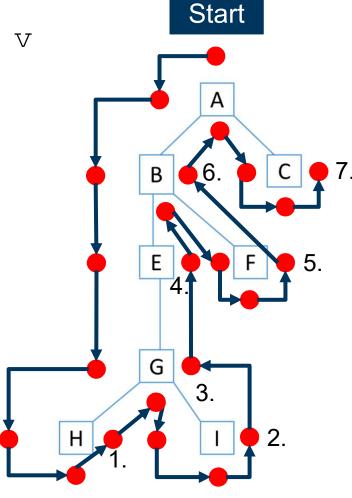


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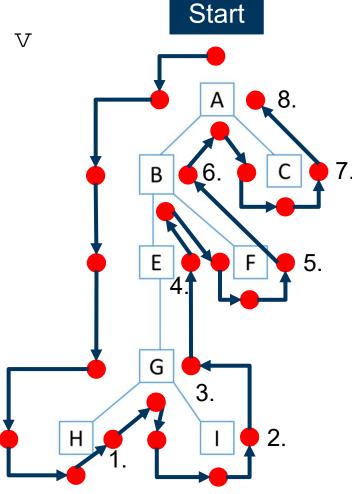


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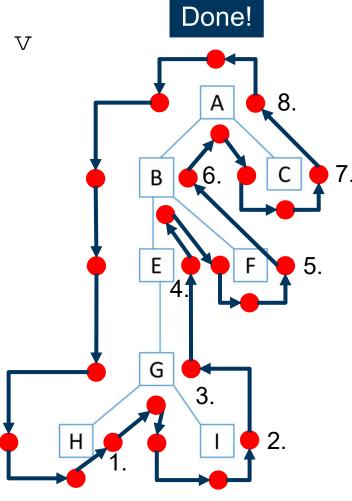


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 postOrder(w)

visit(v)

Add a node to the traversal when touching its right side





Inorder Traversal

```
InOrder(Node root)
                                                    Start
       if (root != null)
               inOrder(root.leftChild());
               inOrder(root.rightChild());
                                                 В
        Add a node to the
    traversal when touching its
           bottom side
                                                 Ε
                                                         F
                                                 G
    Traversal:
                                           Н
```



Inorder Traversal

```
InOrder(Node root)
                                                    Start
       if (root != null)
               inOrder(root.leftChild());
               inOrder(root.rightChild());
                                                 В
        Add a node to the
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                                                 Ε
                                                         F
                                                 G
    Traversal:
                                           Н
```



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InOrder(Node root)
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        Add a node to the
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           bottom side
                                                 Ε
                                                         F
                                                 G
    Traversal:
                                           Η
```

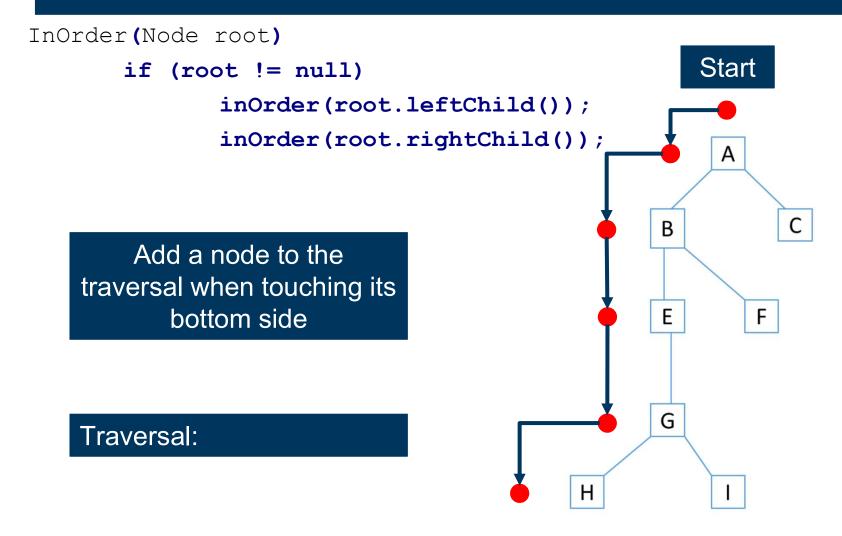


```
InOrder(Node root)
                                                    Start
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                                                 Ε
           bottom side
                                                 G
    Traversal:
                                           Η
```



```
InOrder(Node root)
                                                    Start
       if (root != null)
               inOrder(root.leftChild());
               inOrder(root.rightChild());
                                                 В
        Add a node to the
    traversal when touching its
                                                 Ε
           bottom side
                                                         F
                                                 G
    Traversal:
                                           Η
```







InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its Ε bottom side F G Traversal: H Н



InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its Ε bottom side F G Traversal: H



InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its Ε bottom side Traversal: HG



InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side Ε Traversal: HG



InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side Ε Traversal: HGI



InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side Ε Traversal: HGI

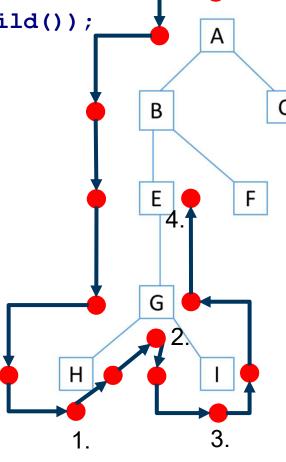


InOrder(Node root) Start if (root != null) inOrder(root.leftChild()); inOrder(root.rightChild()); В Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side Ε G Traversal: HGI



Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side

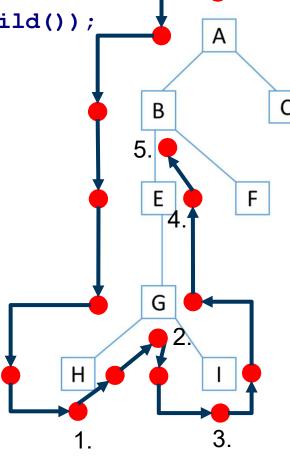
Traversal: HGIE





if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());

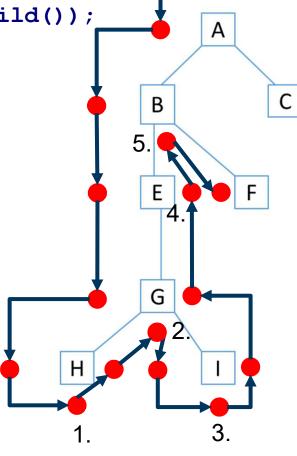
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());
 A

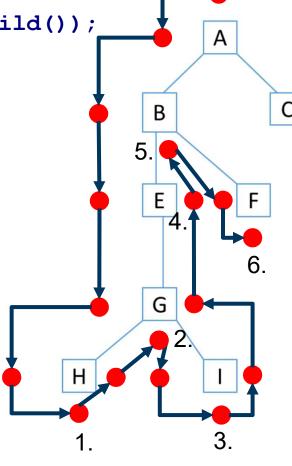
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





InOrder(Node root)
 if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());

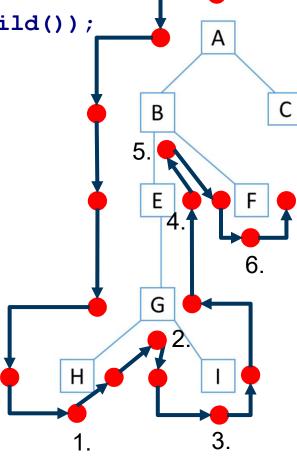
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





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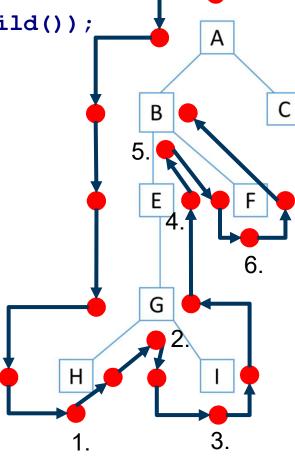
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





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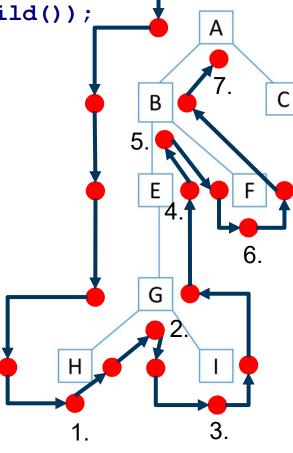
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





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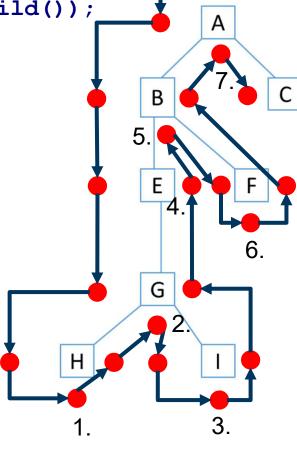
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





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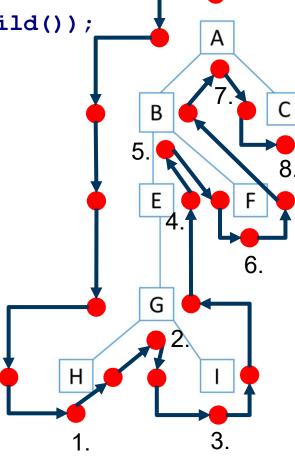
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





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 inOrder(root.rightChild());

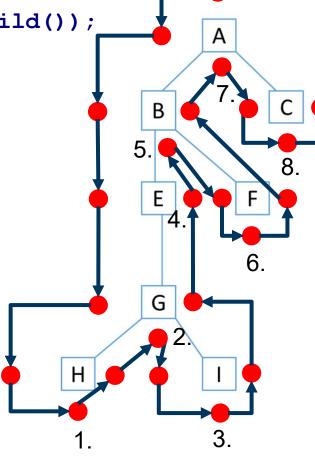
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());
 A

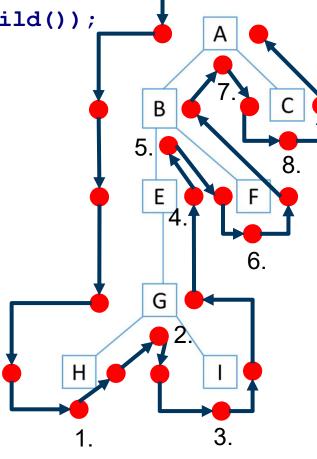
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());
 A

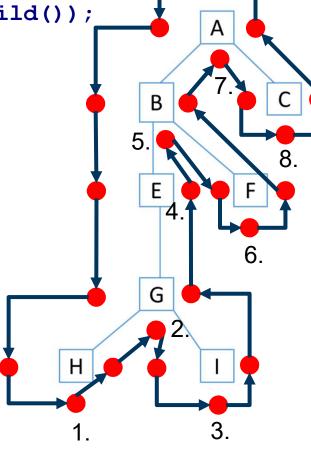
Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





InOrder(Node root)
 if (root != null)
 inOrder(root.leftChild());
 inOrder(root.rightChild());
 Add a rodo to the

Add a node to the traversal when touching its bottom side





Your Tasks

Build a binary tree from a given preorder and inorder sequence From both of these strings we can determine how a tree is built

- We know the first node in a preorder sequence is always the root
- Knowing that, we can find where it is in the inorder sequence
 - Everything to the right of the root is in the child's subtree
 - Everything to the left of the root is in the left child's subtree
- Once we determine what the subtrees are, we can recursively call the method on the subtrees of the root's child and build our tree from that



Algorithm

Root: First character in the sequence

Get Index of the root node (root_index) in the inorder sequence

Left inorder = index 0 to root_index

Right inorder = root index to end of sequence

Left preorder = index 1 to root_index

Right preorder = root_index to end of sequence

Recursively call the method on (left inorder, left preorder) and (right inorder, right preorder) to build all subtrees

Base Case: sequence is of size 1



Example

String preorder = "BZRFTUHOL";

String inorder = "RZTFUBOHL";

Root is B

Left inorder: "RZTFU"

Right inorder: "OHL"

Left preorder: "ZRFTU"

Right Preorder: "HOL"





Example – Left Recursive Call

String preorder = "ZRFTU";

String inorder = "RZTFU";

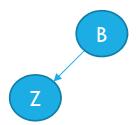
Root is Z

Left inorder: "R"

Right inorder: "TFU"

Left preorder: "R"

Right Preorder: "FTU"





Example – Left Recursive Call

String preorder = "R";

String inorder = "R";

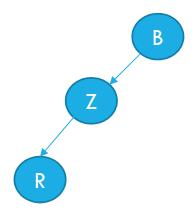
Root is R

Left inorder: "NULL"

Right inorder: "NULL"

Left preorder: "NULL"

Right Preorder: "NULL"





Example – Right Recursive Call

String preorder = "FTU";

String inorder = "TFU";

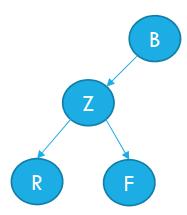
Root is F

Left inorder: "T"

Right inorder: "U"

Left preorder: "T"

Right Preorder: "U"





Example – Left Recursive Call

String preorder = "T";

String inorder = "T";

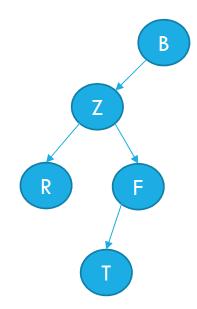
Root is T

Left inorder: "NULL"

Right inorder: "NULL"

Left preorder: "NULL"

Right Preorder: "NULL"





Example – Right Recursive Call

String preorder = "U";

String inorder = "U";

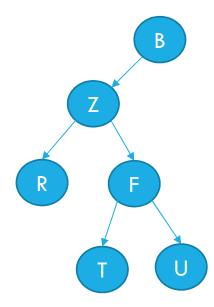
Root is U

Left inorder: "NULL"

Right inorder: "NULL"

Left preorder: "NULL"

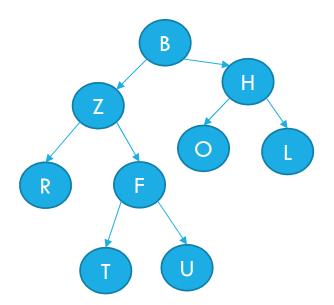
Right Preorder: "NULL"





Eventual Result

Keep following the algorithm and you will get the following tree





Your Tasks

- Download the Lab 10 instructions and Provided Code from the course website
 - http://db.cs.pitt.edu/courses/cs0445/current.term/
- Your task is to complete the rebuildTree method in RebuildBinaryTree.java.
 - You are provided with BinaryTree.java as well as a stack and queue package for tree iterators
 - You should review BinaryTree.java to see how to create a binary tree
- Test your work!

