IBM z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition

Introduction and Overview

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1

Agenda

- z/OS Connect Introduction and overview
- Self paced, hands-on exercises to API enable z application from various sub-systems, e.g.
  - CICS
  - DB2
  - IMS/TM
  - MQ
  - IBM DVM*
  - IBM File Manager*
  - MVS Batch
  - Outbound REST APIs
  - 3270 screen based applications
- z/OS Connect Security

2

z/OS Connect EE exposes z/OS resources to the "cloud" via RESTful APIs

z/OS Connect EE

z/OS Connect EE

- CICS
- IMS
- DB2
- MQ
- IBM File Manager
- 3270
- IBM DVM
- MVS
- WAS
- Custom*

* Other Vendors or your own implementation

3

/but_first, what_is_REST?

What makes an API "RESTful"?

4

REST is an Architectural Style

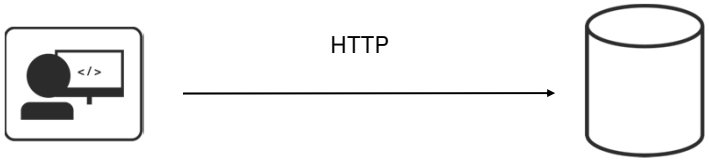
z/OS Connect EE

REST stands for **Re**presentational **S**tate **T**ransfer.

An architectural style for **accessing** and **updating** data.

Typically using HTTP… but not all HTTP interfaces are “RESTful”.

Simple and intuitive for the end consumer (**the developer**).



Roy Fielding defined REST in his 2000 PhD dissertation "Architectural Styles and the Design of Network-based Software Architectures" at UC Irvine. He developed the REST architectural style in parallel with HTTP 1.1 of 1996-1999, based on the existing design of HTTP 1.0 of 1996.

5

Key Principles of REST

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Use HTTP verbs for Create, Read, Update, Delete (CRUD) operations

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

```
http://<host>:<port>/path/parameter?name=value&name=value
```

Path and Query parameters are used for refinement of the request

URIs represent things (or lists of things)

Request/Response Body is used to represent the data object

```
GET http://www.acme.com/customers/12345?personalDetails=true
RESPONSE: HTTP 200 OK
BODY { “id” : 12345
       “name” : “Joe Bloggs”,
       “address” : “10 Old Street”,
       “tel” : “01234 123456”,
       “dateOfBirth” : “01/01/1980”,
       “maritalStatus” : “married”,
       “partner” : “http://www.acme.com/customers/12346” }
```


6

REST vs RESTful

z/OS Connect EE

- REST is an architectural style of development having these principles plus..
- It should be stateless
- It should access all the resources from the server using only URI
- For performing CRUD operations, it should use HTTP verbs such as get, post, put and delete
- It should return the result only in the form of JSON

- REST based services follow some of the above principles and not all, whereas RESTful means it follows all the above principles.

- Remember - Not all REST APIs are RESTful APIs
- The key is consistency, RESTful APIs are consistent, REST APIs are not

7

7

RESTful Examples

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z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition:

POST `/account?name=Fred` + *(JSON with Fred's information)*

GET `/account?number=1234`

PUT `/account?number=1234` + *(JSON with dollar amount of deposit)*

HTTP Verb conveys the method against the resources; i.e., POST is for create, GET is for balance, etc.

URI conveys the resource to be acted upon; i.e., Fred's account with number 1234

The JSON body carries the specific data for the action (verb) against the resource (URI)

REST APIs are increasingly popular as an integration pattern because it is stateless, relatively lightweight, is relatively easy to program

https://martinfowler.com/articles/richardsonMaturityModel.html

8

Not every REST API is a RESTful API

z/OS Connect EE

(How to know if you are doing it wrong)

1. Unique URIs for different operations on the same object

```
POST http://www.acme.com/customers/GetCustomerDetails/12345
POST http://www.acme.com/customers/UpdateCustomerAddress/12345?address=
```

2. Different representations of the same objects

```
POST http://www.acme.com/customers
BODY { "firstName": "Joe",
       "lastName" : "Bloggs",
       "addr"     : "10 Old Street",
       "phoneNo"  : "01234 0123456" }
```

→

```
RESPONSE HTTP 201 CREATED
BODY { "id"      : "12345",
       "name"    : "Joe Bloggs",
       "address": "10 New Street"
       "tel"     : "01234 0123456"}
```

3. Operational data in the request body

```
POST http://www.acme.com/customers/12345
BODY { "updateField": "address",
       "newValue"   : "10 New Street"}
```

→

```
RESPONSE HTTP 200 OK
BODY { "id"      : "12345",
       "name"    : "Joe Bloggs",
       "address": "10 New Street"
       "tel"     : "01234 123456" }
```


9

Why is REST popular?

z/OS Connect EE

Ubiquitous Foundation	It's based on HTTP, which operates on TCP/IP, which is a ubiquitous networking topology.
Relatively Lightweight	Compared to other technologies (for example, SOAP/WSDL), the REST/JSON pattern is relatively light protocol and data model, which maps well to resource-limited devices.
Relatively Easy Development	Since the REST interface is so simple, developing the client involves very few things: an understanding of the URI requirements (path, parameters) and any JSON data schema.
Increasingly Common	REST/JSON is becoming more and more a de facto "standard" for exposing APIs and Microservices. As more adopt the integration pattern, the more others become interested.
Stateless	REST is by definition a stateless protocol, which implies greater simplicity in topology design. There's no need to maintain, replicate or route based on state.

10

How do we describe a REST API?

11

/swagger/open_api

The industry standard framework for describing RESTful APIs.

12

Why use Swagger?

z/OS Connect EE

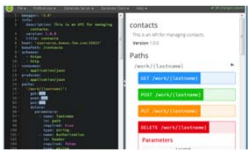
It is more than just an API framework

OPEN API INITIATIVE

There are a number of tools available to aid consumption:

Write Swagger

Swagger Editor allows API developers to design their swagger documents.



Read Swagger

Swagger UI allows API consumers to easily browse and try APIs based on Swagger Doc.

Consume Swagger

Swagger Codegen create stub code to consume APIs from various languages

https://blog.readme.io/what-is-swagger-and-why-it-matters/

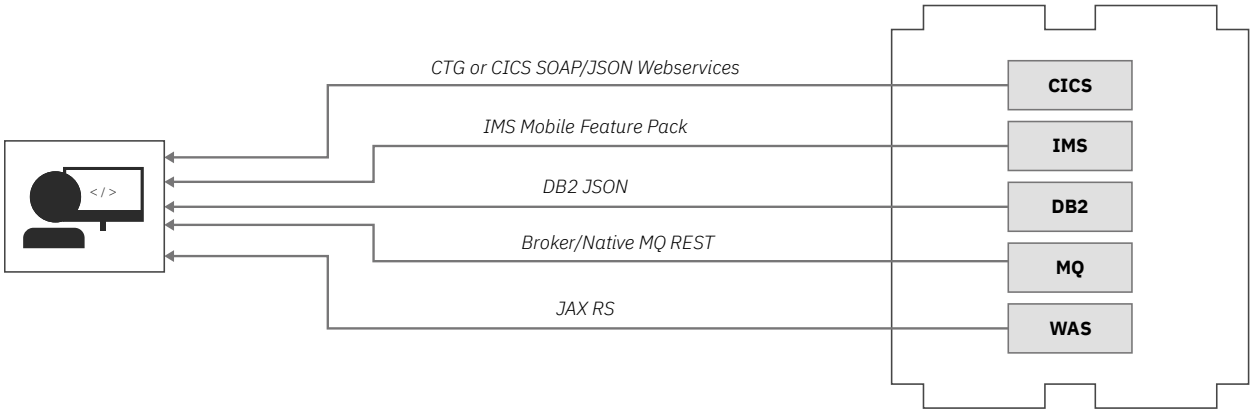
Example: https://developer.psa-peugeot-citroen.com/inc/

Why /zos_connect_ee?

Truly RESTful APIs to and from your mainframe.

First, can't we already do REST and JSON today?

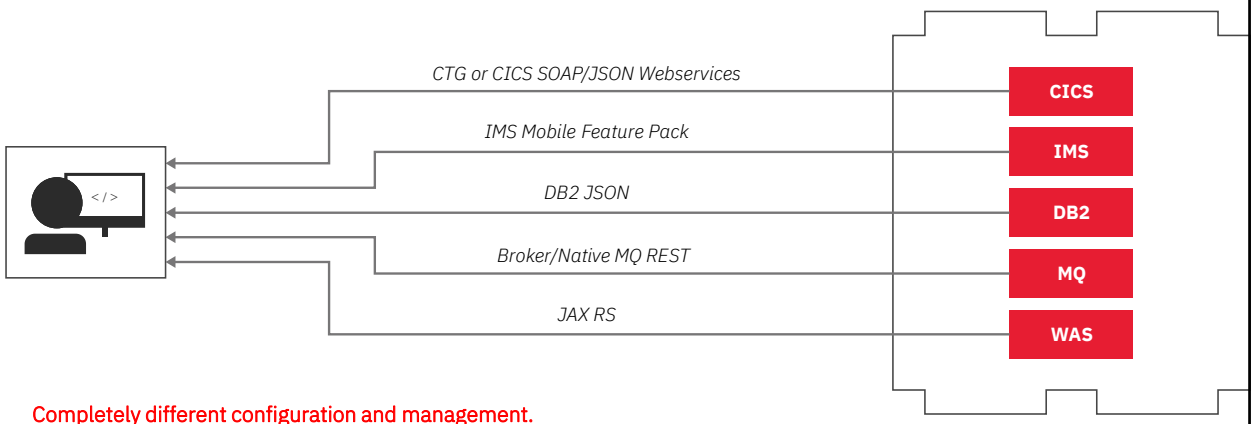
z/OS Connect EE



15

Yes, but....

z/OS Connect EE



Completely different configuration and management.

Multiple endpoints for developers to call/maintain access to.

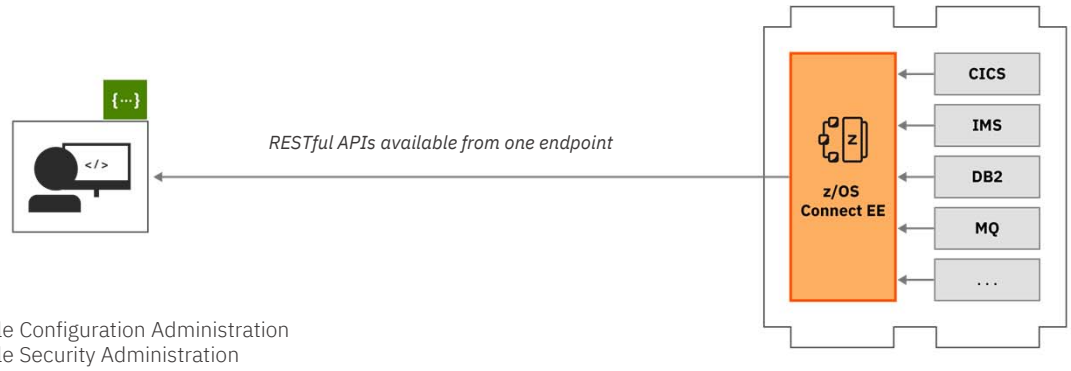
These are typically not RESTful!

16

A single entry point is needed

z/OS Connect EE

Expose z/OS resources without writing any code.



- Single Configuration Administration
- Single Security Administration
- With sophisticated mapping of truly RESTful APIs to existing mainframe and services data without writing any code.

17

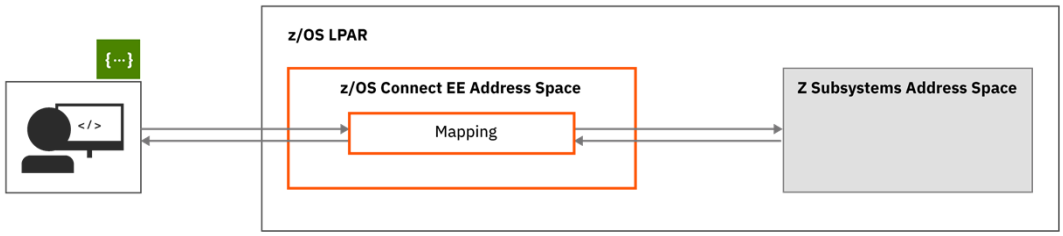
Other than a RESTful interface, what does z/OS Connect provide?

18

Let's Start with Data mapping

z/OS Connect EE

Converting from JSON to the target's subsystem's format

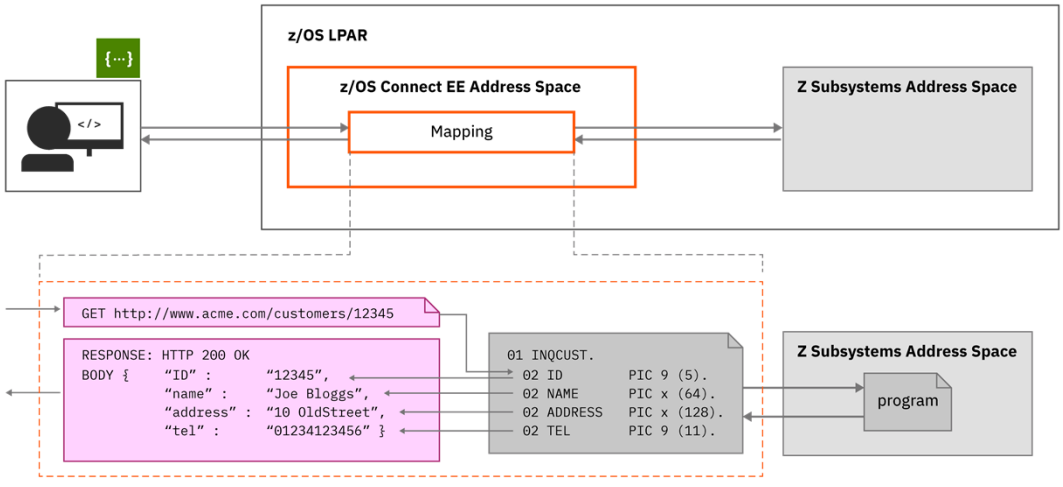


19

Data mapping Example

z/OS Connect EE

A closer look



20

COBOL versus JSON Example

z/OS Connect EE

```
01 MINILOAN-COMMAREA.
          10 name pic X(20).
          10 creditScore pic 9(16)V99.
          10 yearlyIncome pic 9(16)v99.
          10 age pic 9(10).
          10 amount pic  9999999v99.
          10 approved pic X.
              88 BoolValue value 'T'.
          10 effectDate pic X(8).
          10 yearlyInterestRate pic S9(5).
          10 yearlyRepayment pic 9(18).
          10 messages-Num pic 9(9).
          10 messages pic X(60) occurs 1 to 99 times
                        depending on messages-Num.
```

```
"miniloan_commarea":{
              "type":"object",
              "properties":{
                 "name":{
                    "type":"string",
                    "maxLength":20
                 },
                 "creditScore":{
                    "type":"number",
                    "format":"decimal",
                    "multipleOf":0.01,
                    "maximum":9999999999999999.99,
                    "minimum":0
                 },
```

COBOL Source v JSON

“name”:”Mitch Johnson”,
“creditScore”:100

All data is sent as character strings and numeric precision and sign bit is removed as an issue

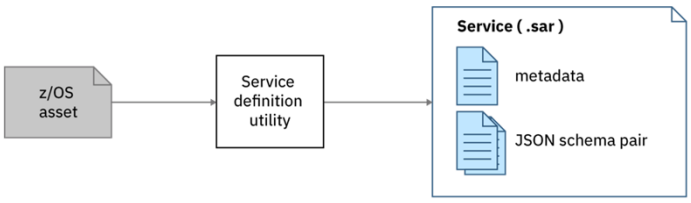
21

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

1. Create a service definition

To start mapping an API, z/OS Connect EE needs a representation of the underlying z/OS application: a **Service Archive file** (`.sar`).



Use a system-appropriate utility to generate a `.sar` file for the z/OS application

- API Toolkit (CICS, IMS, Db2 and MQ*)
- z/OS Connect EE Build Toolkit (MQ, MVS Batch, IBM File Manager and HATS)
- DVM Toolkit

ibm.biz/zosconnect-sar-creation

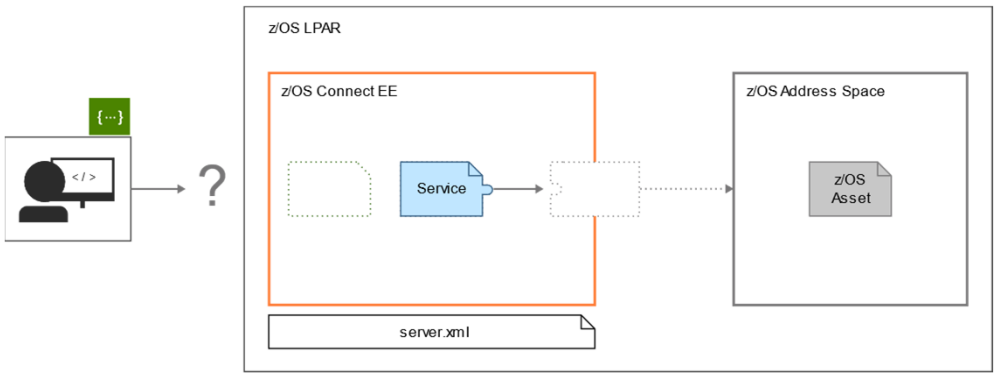
MQ* is in beta

22

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

2. Deploy your service



Deploy the `.sar` file generated in **Step 2** using the right-click deploy in **the API toolkit**, or by copying the `.sar` file to the services directory.

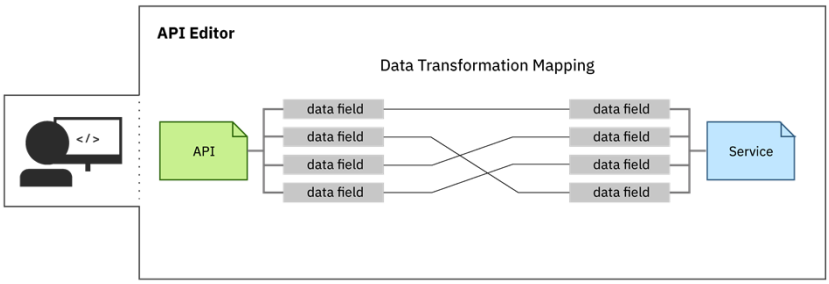
ibm.biz/zosconnect-define-services

23

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

3. Create an API



Import your `.sar` file into the **API toolkit**, and start designing your API.

From the editor, create an **API Archive file** (`.aar`), which describes your API and how it maps to underlying services.

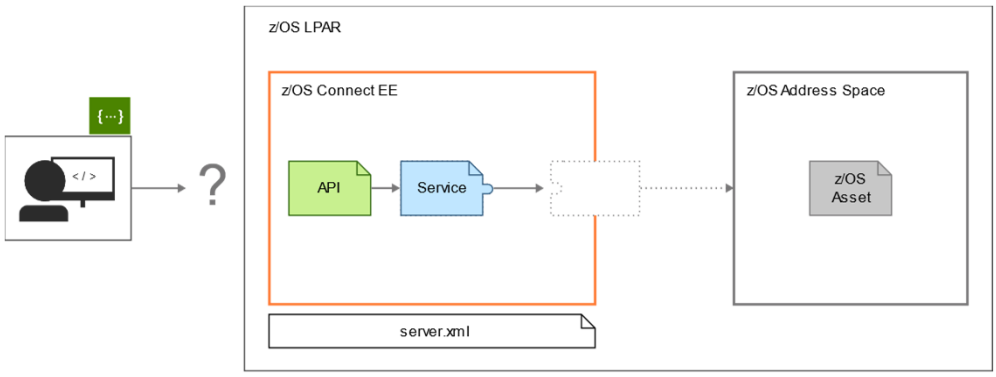
ibm.biz/zosconnect-create-api

24

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

4. Deploy your API



Deploy your API using the right-click deploy in **the API toolkit**, or by copying the `.aar` file to the *apis* directory.

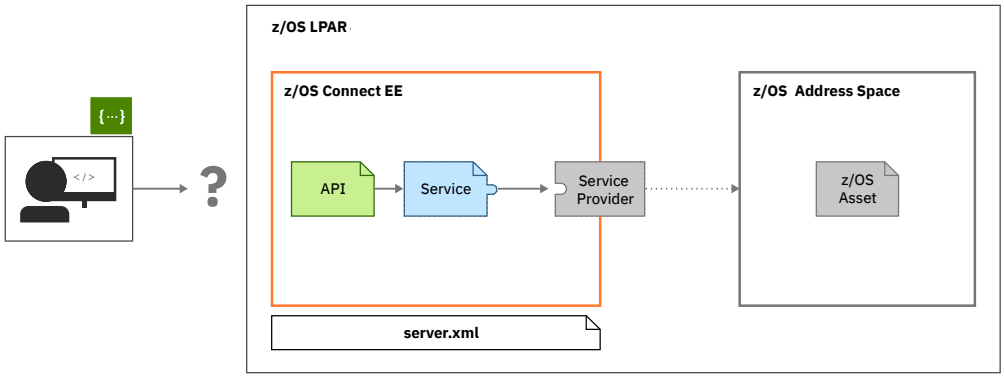
ibm.biz/zosconnect-deploy-api

25

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

5. Configure your service provider



Configure the system-appropriate service provider to connect to your backend system in your `server.xml`.

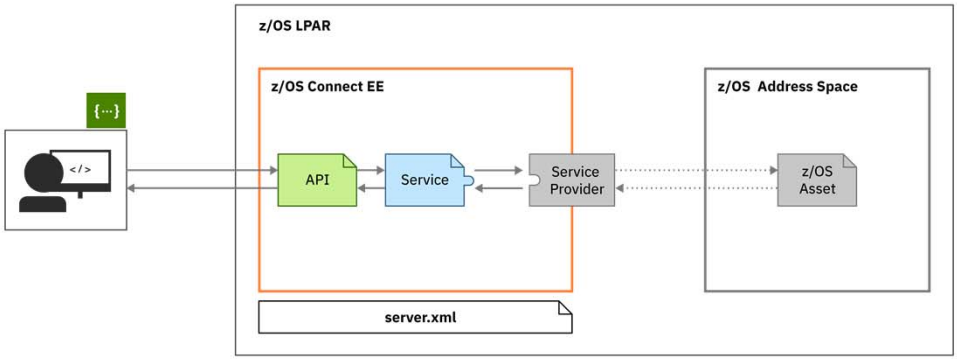
ibm.biz/zosconnect-configuring

26

Steps to expose a z/OS application

z/OS Connect EE

6. Done



Your API is ready to be consumed: go tell your developers!

27

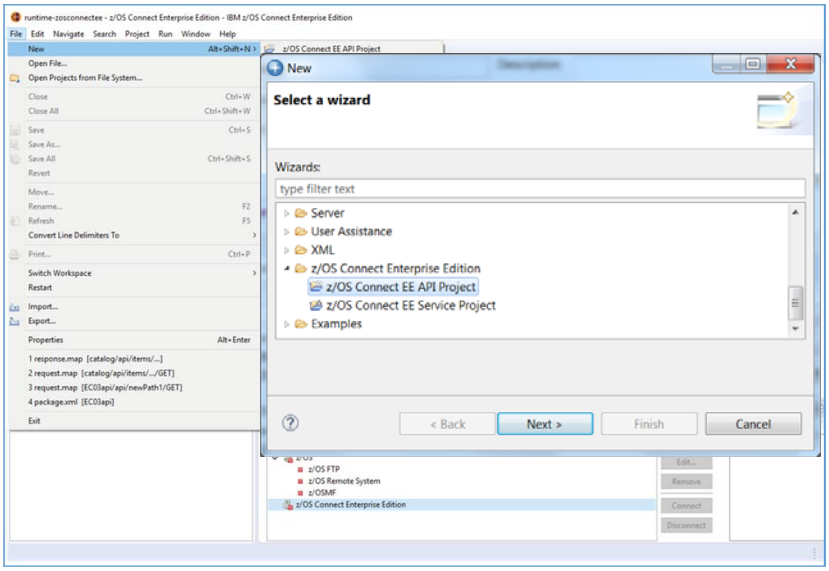
/api_toolkit/services

Simple **service creation**.

28

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS, Db2 and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE



Use the **API toolkit** to create services through Eclipse-based tooling.

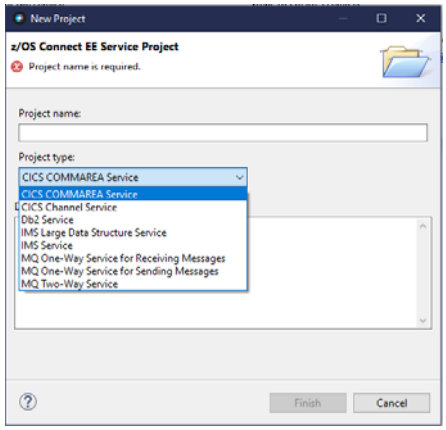
Services are described as **Projects**, so They can be easily managed in source control.

29

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS, Db2 and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE

Service creation – a common interface



MQ* is in beta

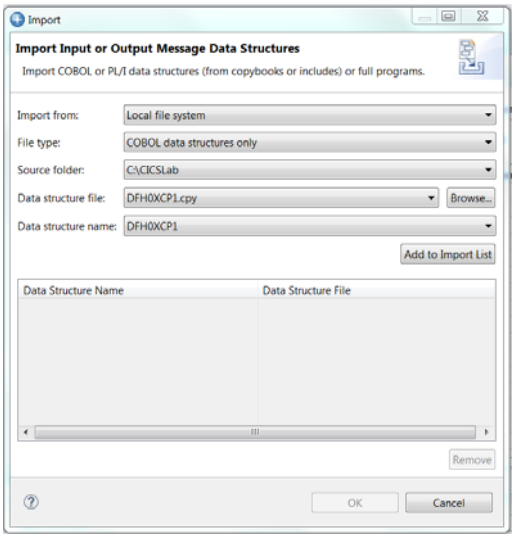
A common interface for service creation, agnostic of back end subsystem.

30

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service project



You start by importing data structures into the service interface from the local file system or the workspace.

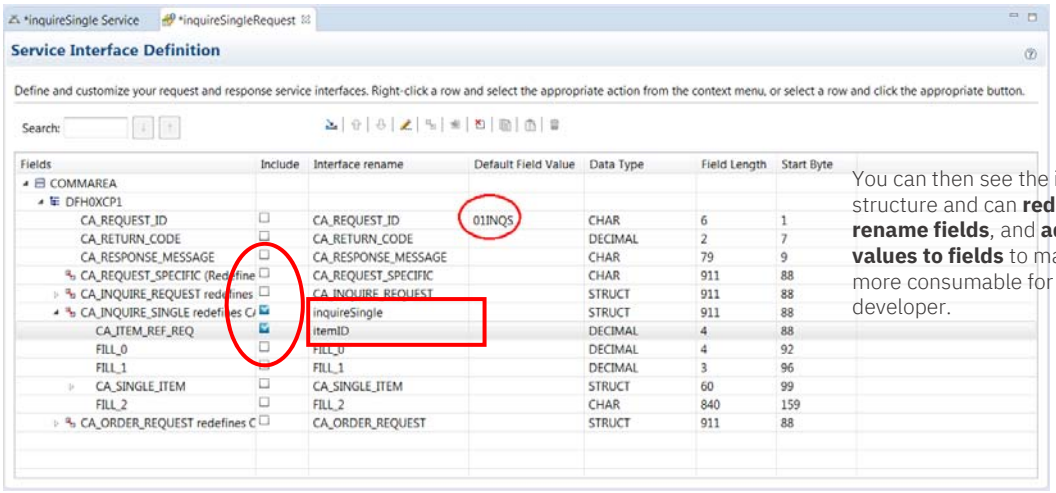
The service interface supports complex data structures, including OCCURS DEPENDING ON and REDEFINES clauses.

31

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service interface definition



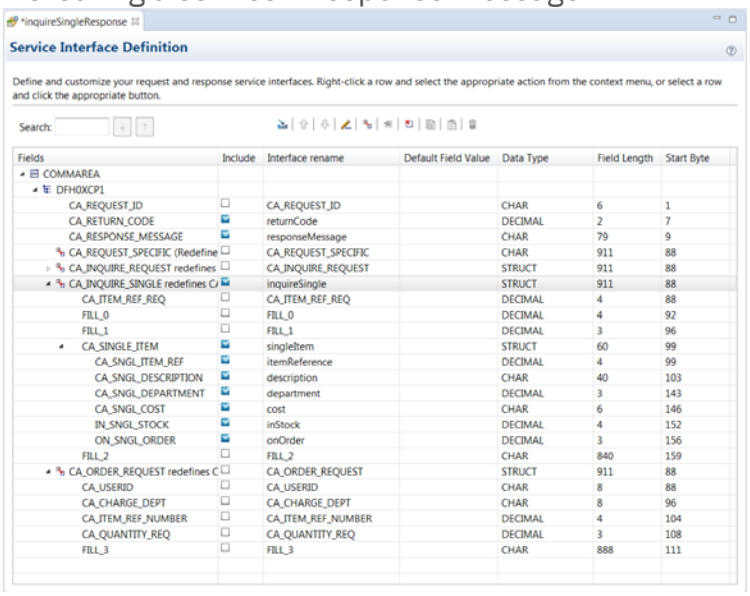
You can then see the imported data structure and can **redact fields**, **rename fields**, and **add default values to fields** to make the service more consumable for an API developer.

32

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service – response message



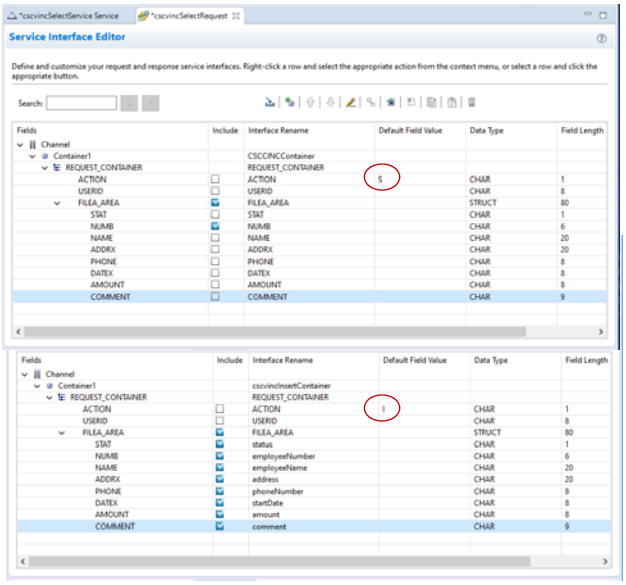
You can then see the imported data structure and can **redact fields** and **rename fields**

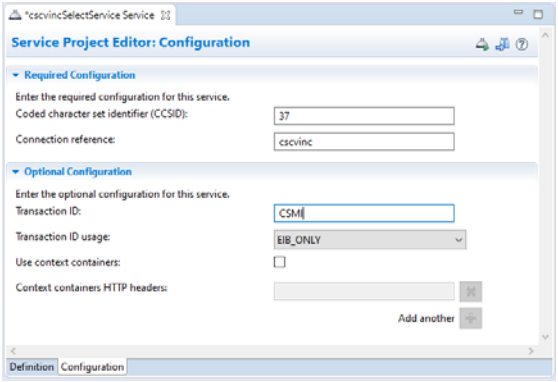
33

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service – request messages





The service developer creates distinct services for each function by setting the ACTION field to S for select, I for insert, U for update or D for delete

34

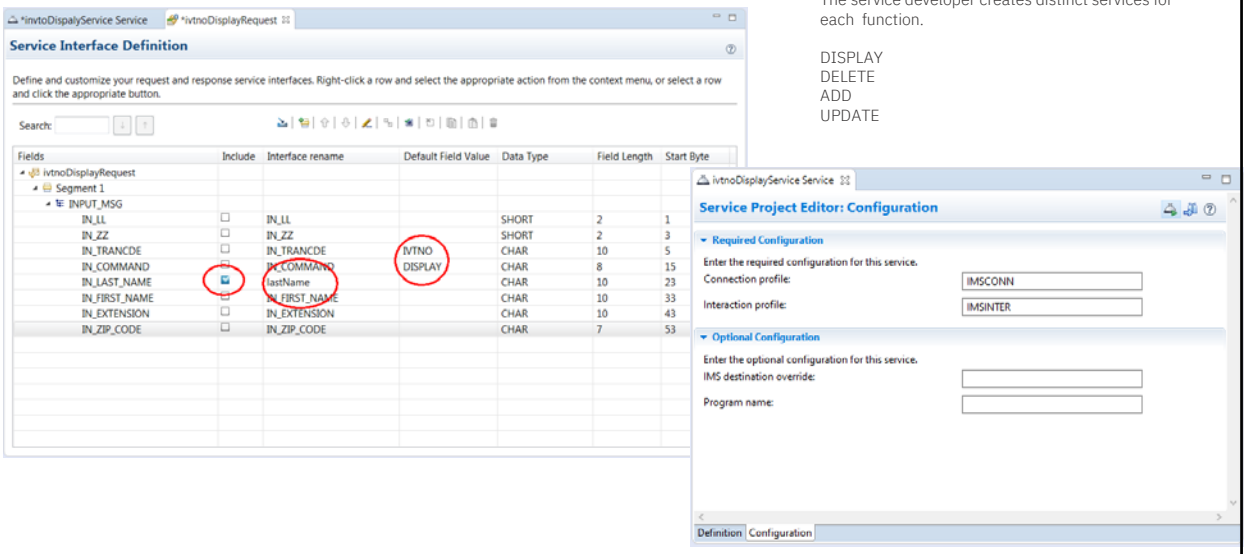
API toolkit – Creating Services for IMS

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a "GET" service interface request definition

The service developer creates distinct services for each function.

DISPLAY
DELETE
ADD
UPDATE

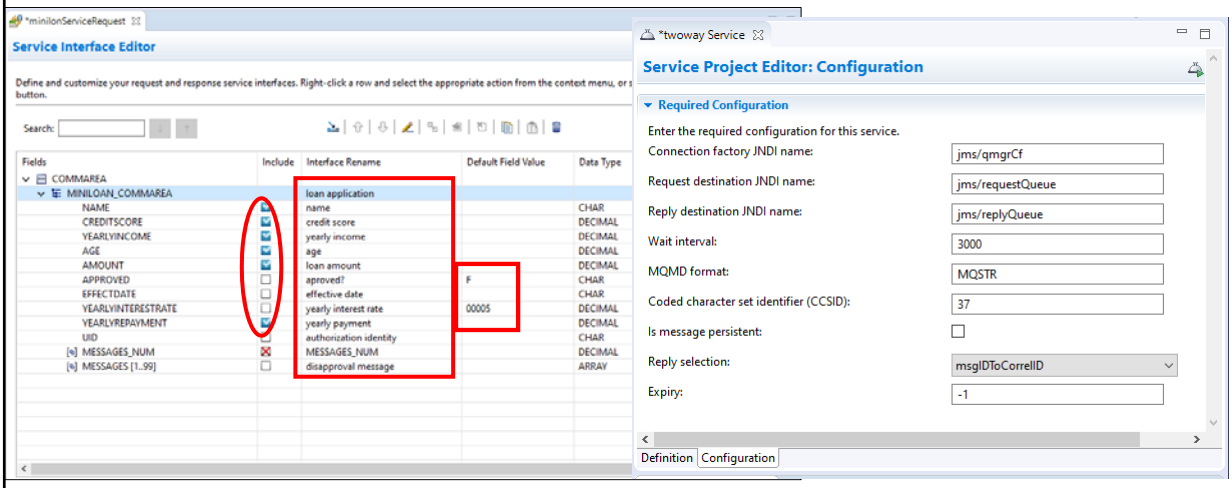


35

API toolkit – Creating Services for MQ*

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service interface definition



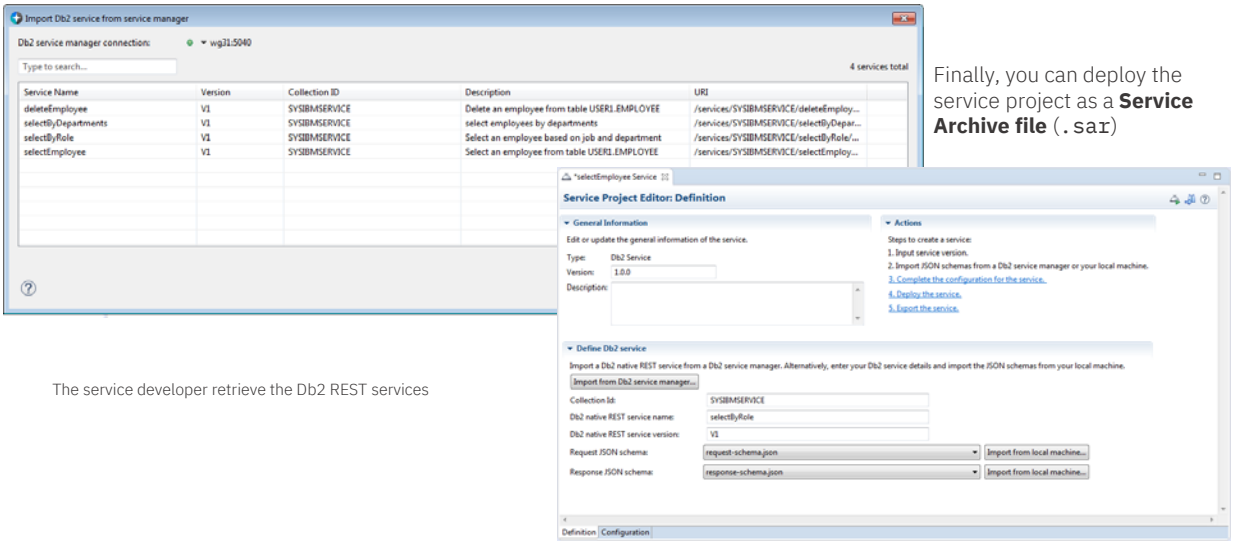
Again the service developer can then see the imported data structure and can **redact fields**, **rename fields**, and **add default values to fields** to make the service more consumable for an API developer.

36

API toolkit – Creating Services for Db2

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service for Db2



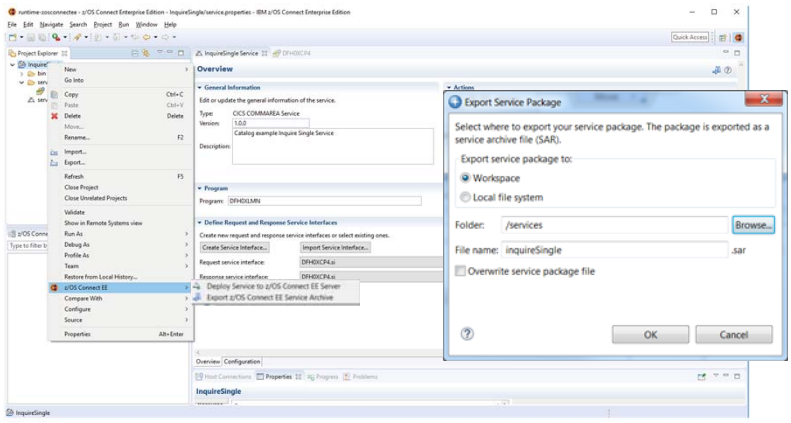
Finally, you can deploy the service project as a **Service Archive file** (`.sar`)

The service developer retrieve the Db2 REST services

37

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS, IMS, Db2 and MQ*

z/OS Connect EE



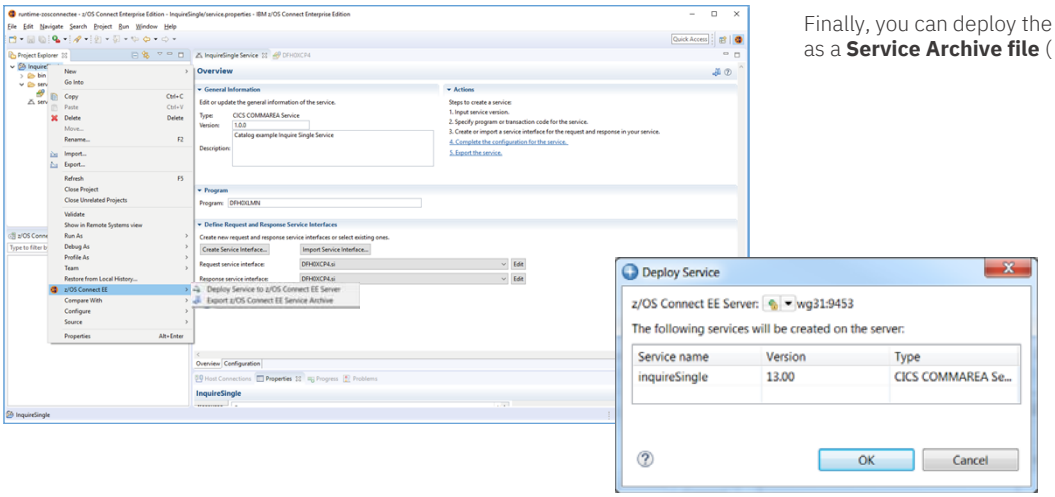
Finally, you can export the service project as a **Service Archive file** (`.sar`).

38

API toolkit – Creating Services for CICS and IMS

z/OS Connect EE

Creating a service for CICS and IMS



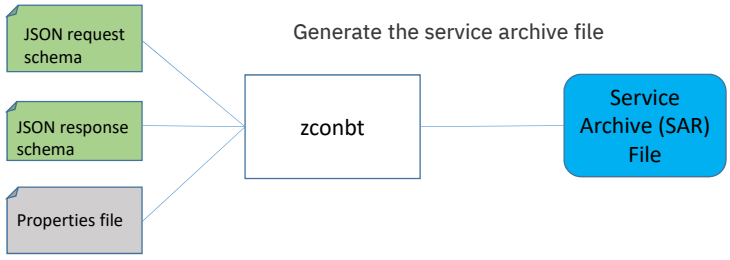
Finally, you can deploy the service project as a **Service Archive file** (`.sar`)

39

Creating Services without the Toolkit – REST

z/OS Connect EE

For HATS REST Services use the z/OS Connect Build toolkit (zconbt)



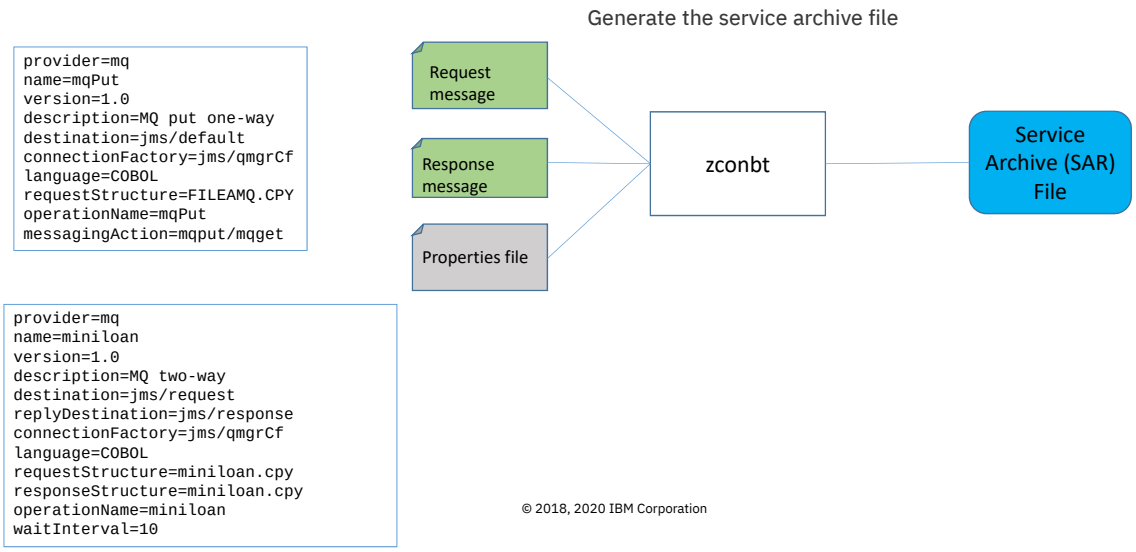

```
provider=rest
name=selectEmployee
version=1.0
description=Select a row from USER1.EMPLOYEE
requestSchemaFile=selectEmployeeRequest.json
responseSchemaFile=selectEmployeeResponse.json
verb=POST
uri=/services/selectEmployee
connectionRef=Db2Conn
```


40

Creating Services without the Toolkit – MQ

z/OS Connect EE

For MQ Services use the z/OS Connect Build toolkit (zconbt)

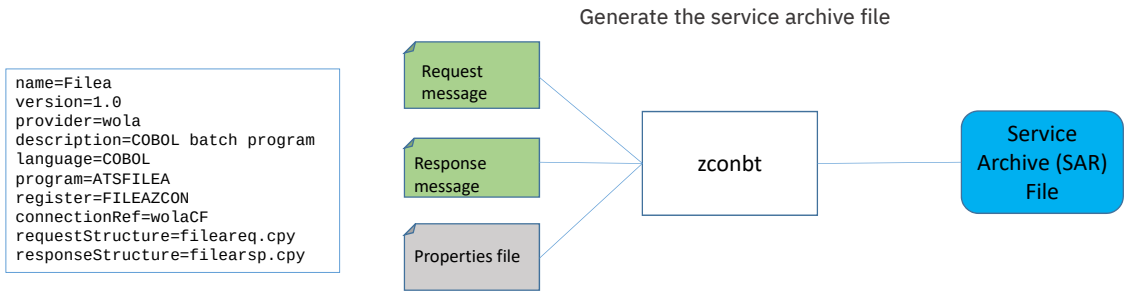


41

Creating Services without the Toolkit – Batch

z/OS Connect EE

For batch WOLA services use the z/OS Connect Build toolkit (zconbt)



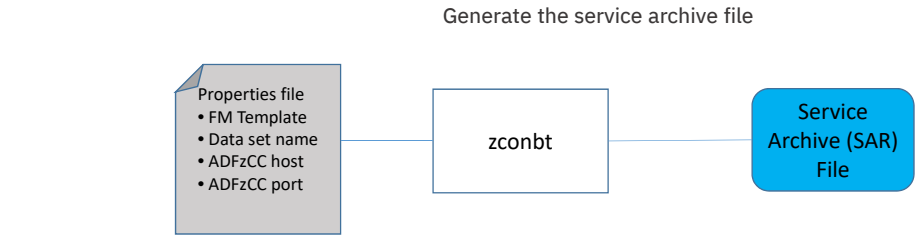
WebSphere **O**ptimized **L**ocal **A**dapter – a protocol for cross memory communications between address spaces

42

Creating Services without the Toolkit – FM

z/OS Connect EE

For File Manager Services use the z/OS Connect Build toolkit (zconbt)



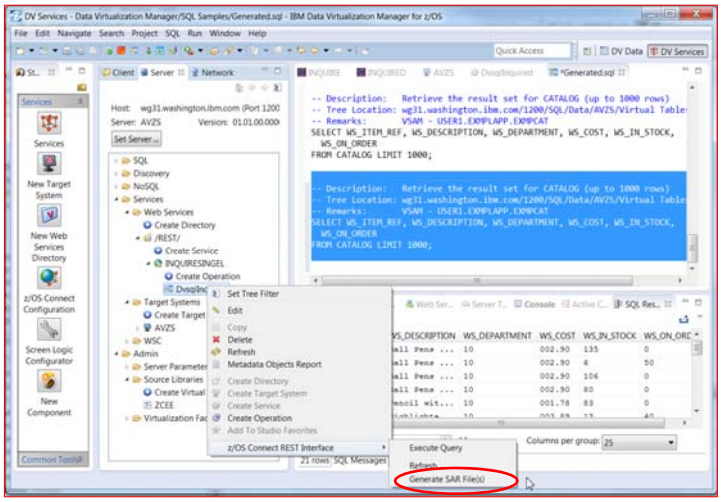

```
name=filea
provider=filemanager
host=wg31.washington.ibm.com
version=1.0
port=2800
file=USER1.ZCEE.FILEA
template=USER1.TEMPLATE(FILEA)
connid=default
userid=USER1
passwd=USER1
```


43

Creating Services without the Toolkit

z/OS Connect EE

For DVM use the DVM Studio



44

Once we have a Service Archive (SAR) What's next?

Quick and easy **API mapping.**

Remember: All service archives files are functionally equivalent regardless of how there are created

45

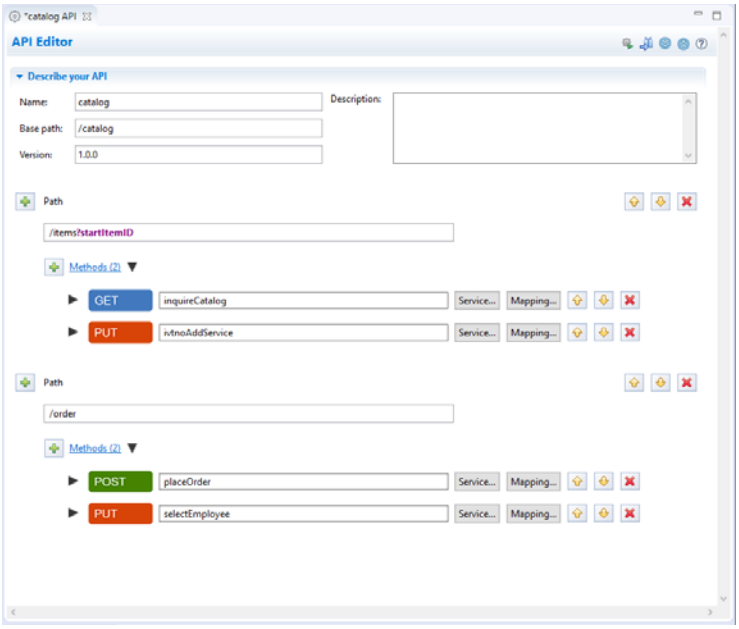
/api_toolkit/api_editor

Quick and easy **API mapping.**

46

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE



The **API toolkit** is designed to encourage RESTful API design.

Once you define your API, you can map backend services to each request.

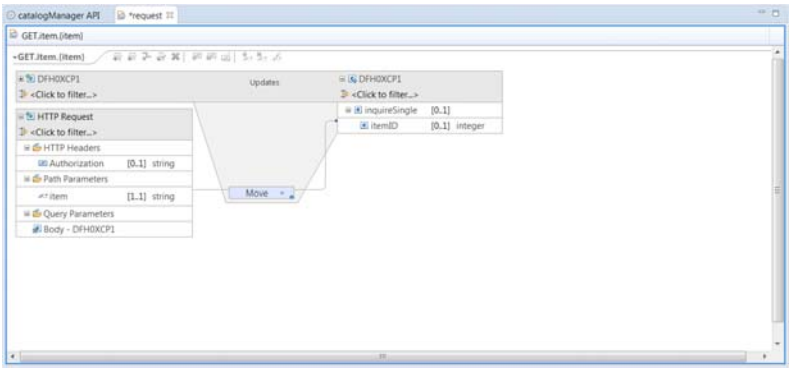
Your services are represented by `.sar` files, which you import into the **API toolkit**, regardless of how the .sar was generated.

47

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

API mapping: Point-and-click interface



Map both the request and response for each API.

Map path and query parameters to native data structures.

Assign static values to fields, useful for Op codes.

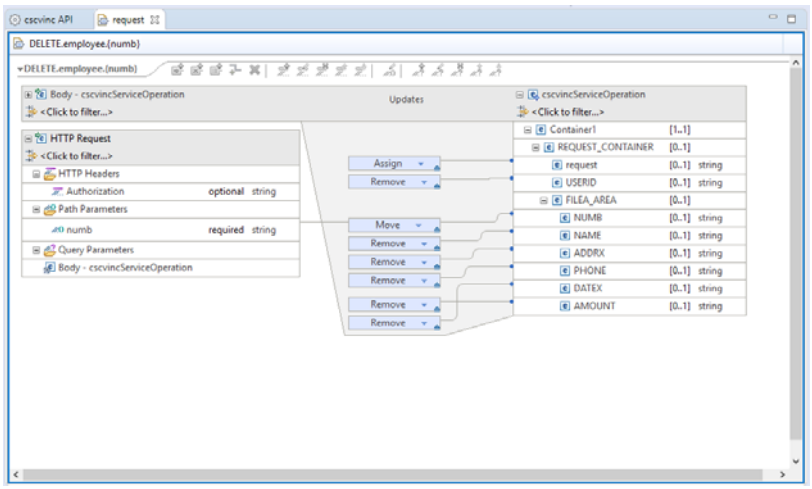
Remove unwanted fields to simplify the API (remember request was set to 01INQC in the SAR).

48

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

API mapping: Point-and-click interface



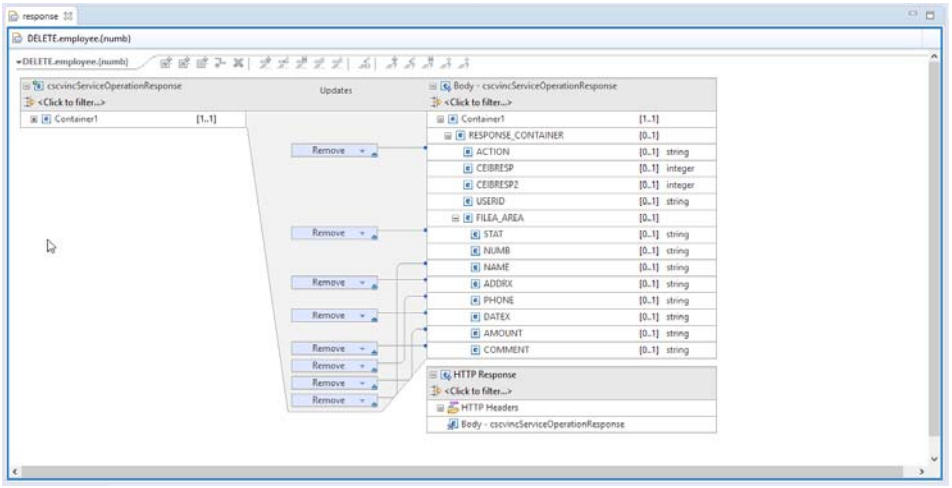
49

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

API mapping: Point-and-click interface

Allows the API Developer to remove fields to simplify the API



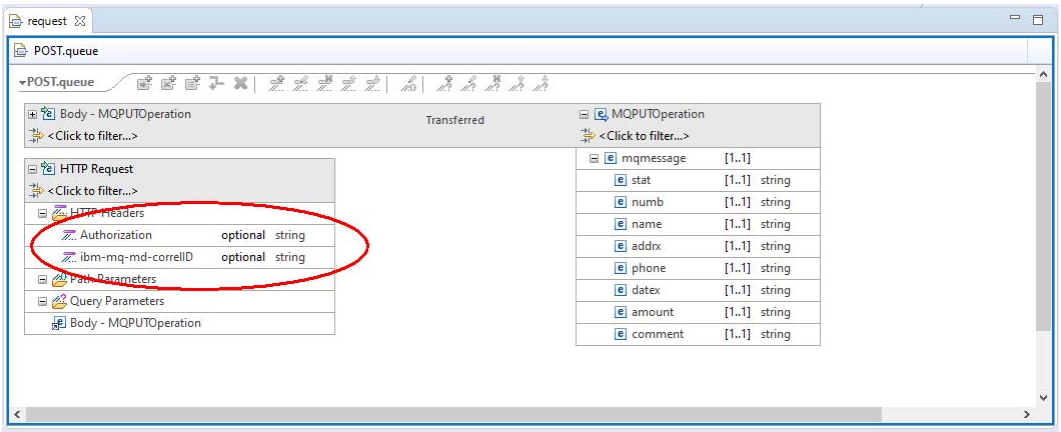
50

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

API mapping: Adding HTTP header properties

Allows the API Developer to remove fields to simplify the API

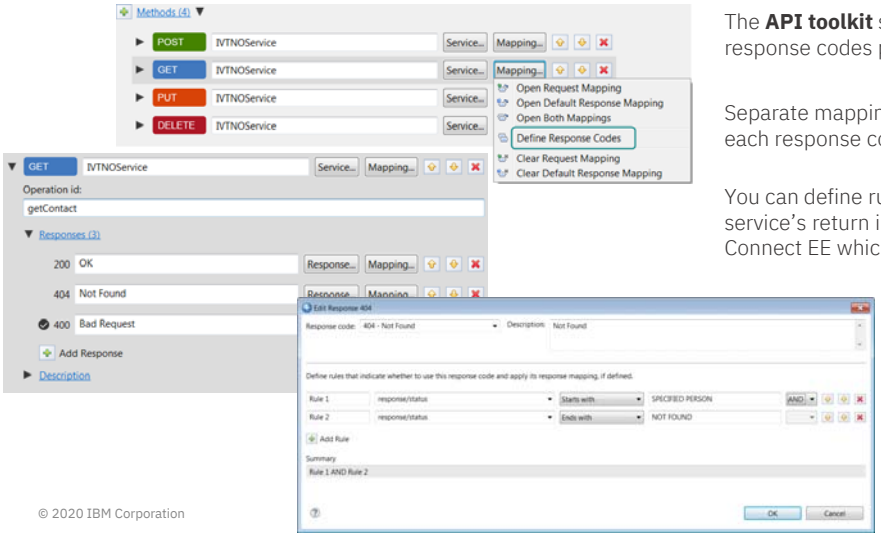


51

API toolkit

z/OS Connect EE

API definition with multiple response codes



The **API toolkit** supports defining multiple response codes per API operation.

Separate mappings can be defined for each response code.

You can define rules based on fields in the service's return interface to tell z/OS Connect EE which response code to return

52

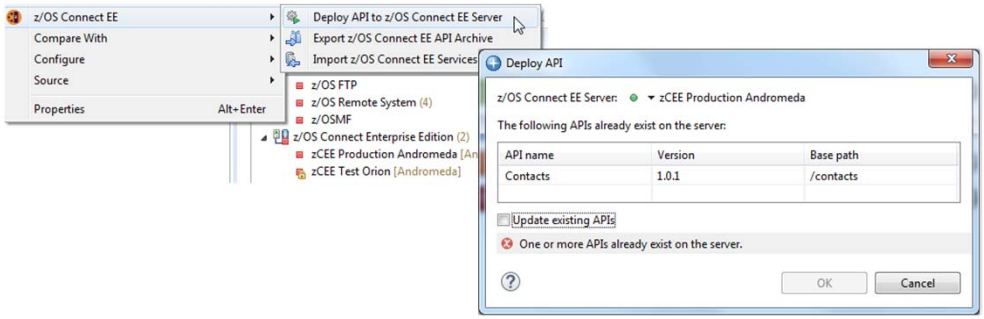
52

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

Server connection and API deployment

Manage z/OS Connect EE server connections in the **Host Connections** view:



Right-click deploy to server enables developers to quickly deploy, test, and iterate on their APIs.

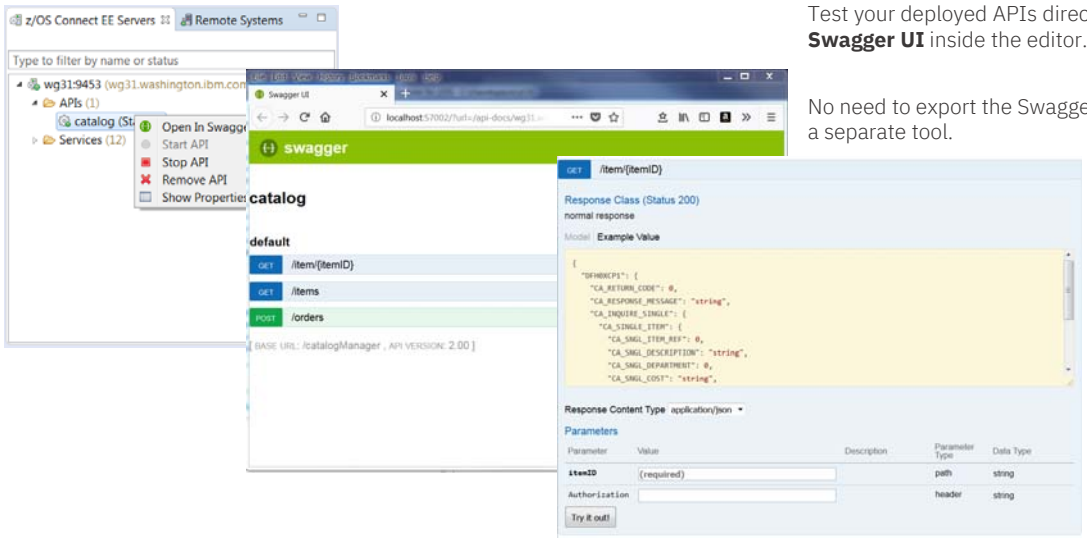
z/OS Connect EE servers view allows you to start, stop, and remove APIs from a running server.

53

API toolkit – API Editor

z/OS Connect EE

Testing with Swagger UI



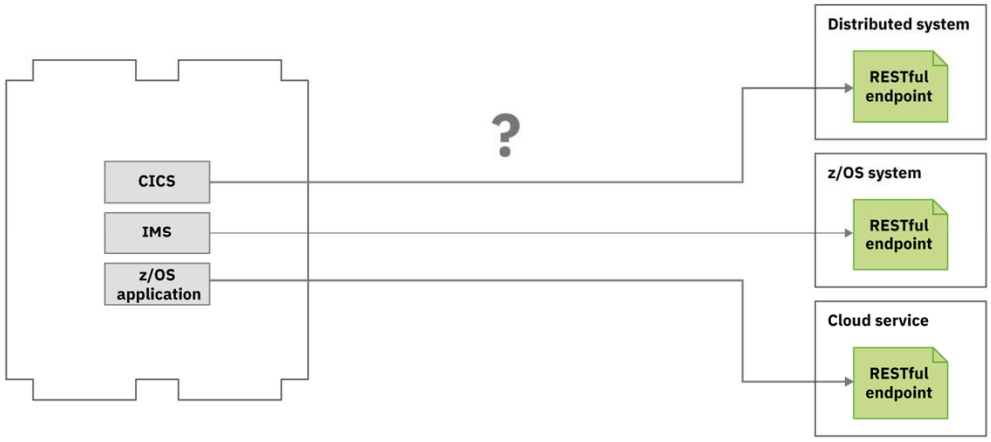
Test your deployed APIs directly with **Swagger UI** inside the editor.

No need to export the Swagger doc to a separate tool.

54

What about calling external APIs from my z/OS assets?

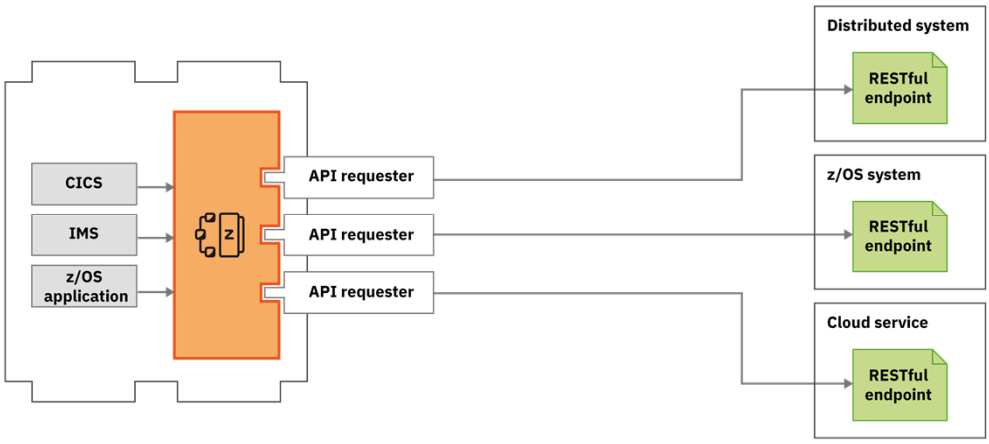
z/OS Connect EE



55

Use API requester to call external APIs from z/OS assets

z/OS Connect EE

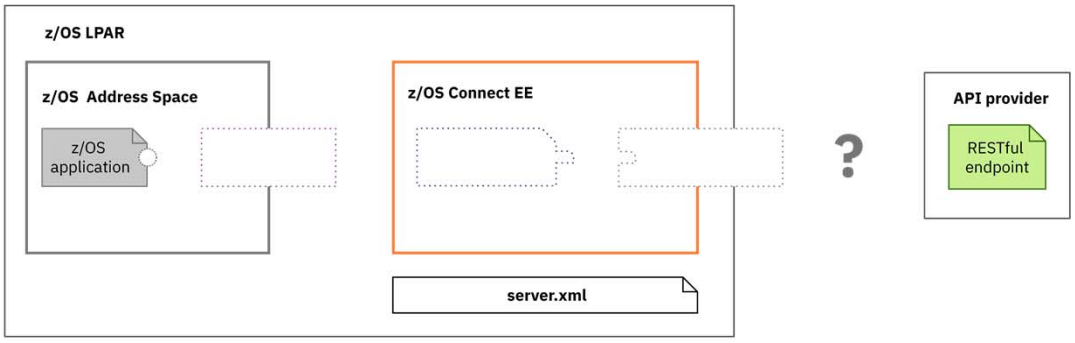


56

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Starting point

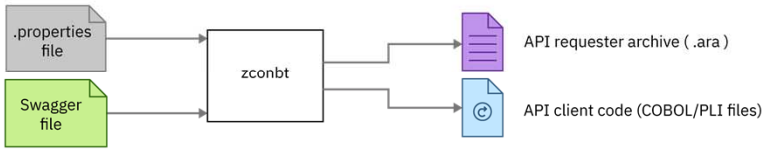


57

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Step 1. Generate API requester archive from Swagger



Generate your `.ara` file, and API client code.

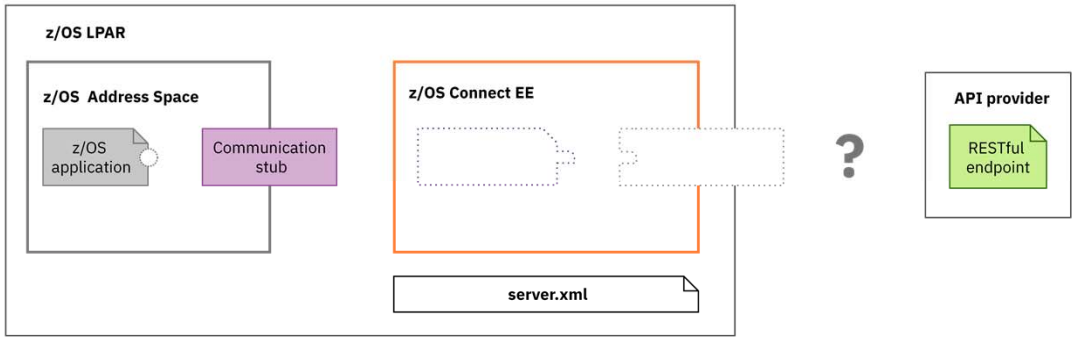
ibm.biz/zosconnect-generate-ara

58

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Step 2. Configure communication stub



Configure a communication stub. You only need to do this once per system.

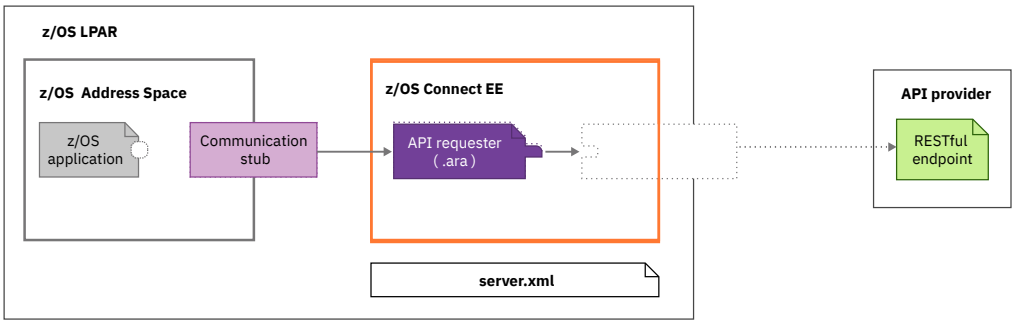
ibm.biz/zosconnect-configure-comms-stub

59

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Step 3. Deploy API requester (.ara) archive



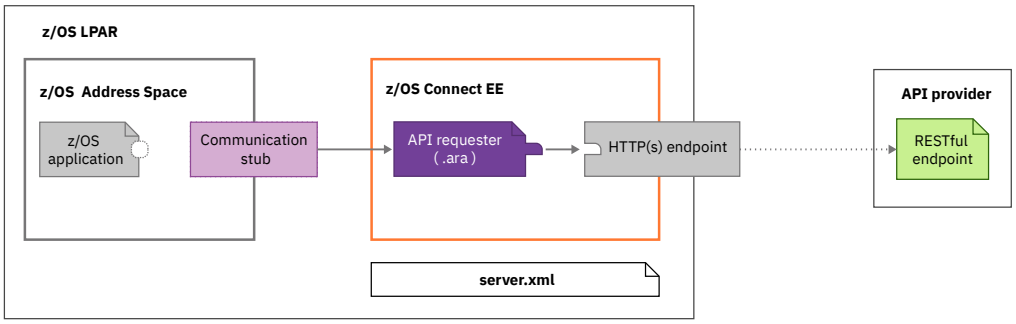
Deploy your API requester archive to the *apiRequester* directory.

60

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Step 4. Configure HTTP(S) endpoint



Configure the connection between z/OS Connect EE and the external API.

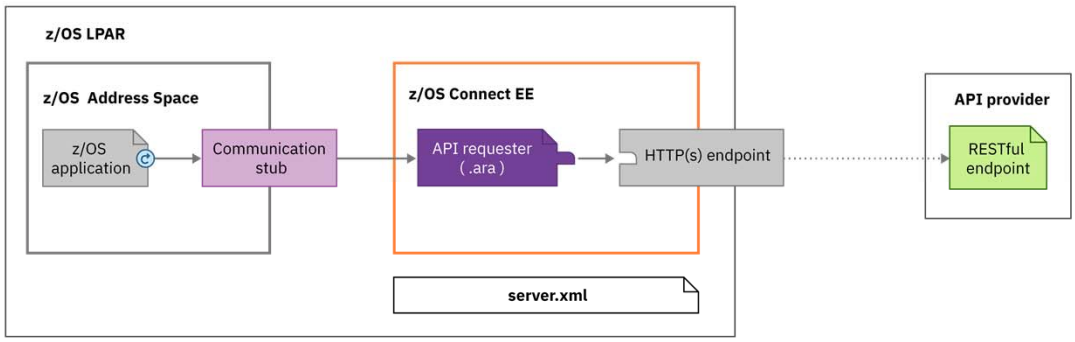
ibm.biz/zosconnect-configure-endpoint-connection

61

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Step 5. Update z/OS application



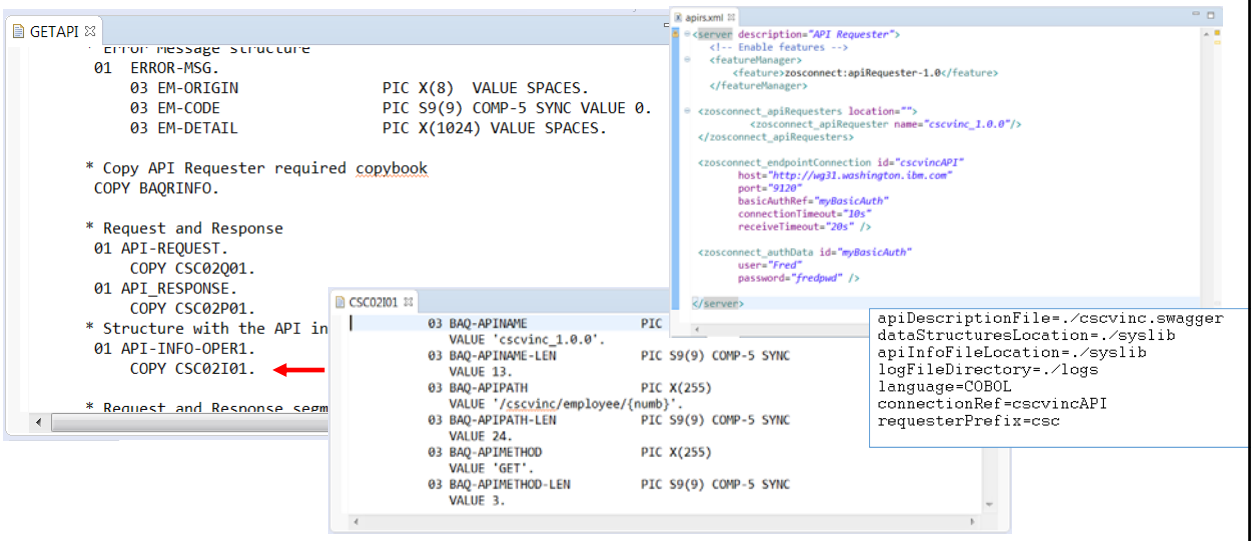
Finally, add the generated API client code to your existing application and use it to make the external API call.

ibm.biz/zosconnect-configure-requester-zos-application

62

Steps to calling an external API

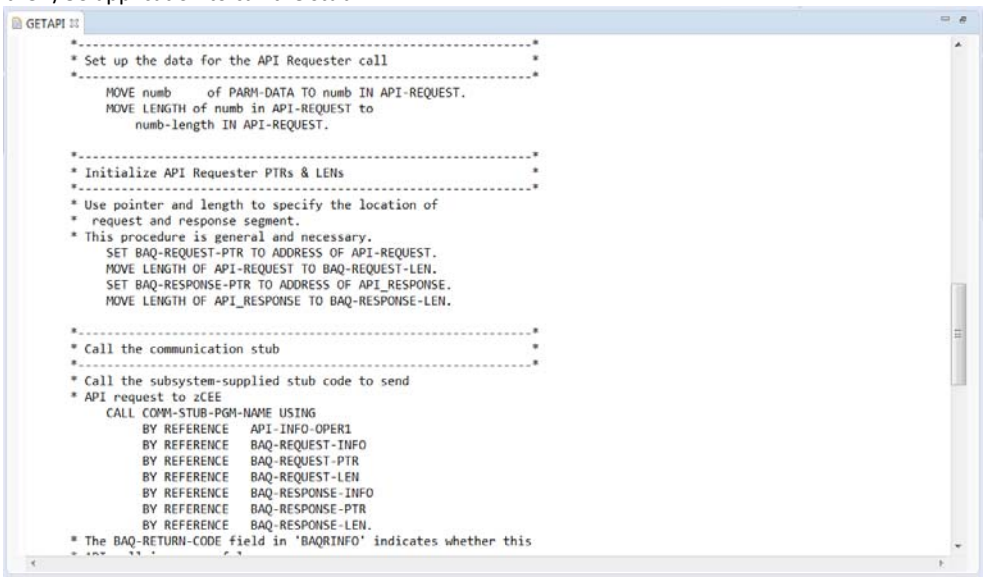
Step 5a. Update the z/OS application to include new copy books



63

Steps to calling an external API

Step 5b. Update the z/OS application to call the stub



64

Steps to calling an external API

Step 5c. Update the z/OS application to access the results

GETAPI

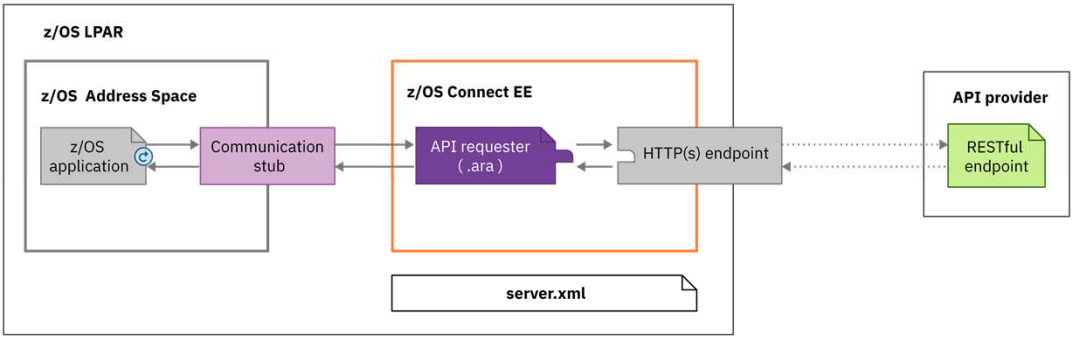
```
           BY REFERENCE   BAQ-RESPONSE-LEN.
      * The BAQ-RETURN-CODE field in 'BAQRINFO' indicates whether this
      * API call is successful.

      * When BAQ-RETURN-CODE is 'BAQ-SUCCESS', response is
      * successfully returned and fields in RESPONSE copybook
      * can be obtained. Display the translation result.
          IF BAQ-SUCCESS THEN
             DISPLAY "NUMB:   " numb2   of API_RESPONSE
             DISPLAY "NAME:   " name2   of API_RESPONSE
             DISPLAY "ADDRX:  " addrx2  of API_RESPONSE
             DISPLAY "PHONE:  " phone2  of API_RESPONSE
             DISPLAY "DATEX:  " datex2  of API_RESPONSE
             DISPLAY "AMOUNT: " amount2 of API_RESPONSE
             MOVE CEIBRESP of API_RESPONSE to EIBRESP
             MOVE CEIBRESP2 of API_RESPONSE to EIBRESP2
             DISPLAY "EIBRESP:    " EIBRESP
             DISPLAY "EIBRESP2:   " EIBRESP2
             DISPLAY "HTTP CODE:  " BAQ-STATUS-CODE

      * Otherwise, some error happened in API, z/OS Connect EE server
      * or communication stub. 'BAQ-STATUS-CODE' and
      * 'BAQ-STATUS-MESSAGE' contain the detailed information
      *  of this error.
          ELSE
             DISPLAY "Error code: " BAQ-STATUS-CODE
             DISPLAY "Error msg:" BAQ-STATUS-MESSAGE
             MOVE BAQ-STATUS-CODE TO EM-CODE
             MOVE BAQ-STATUS-MESSAGE TO EM-DETAIL
             EVALUATE TRUE
      * When error happens in API, BAQ-RETURN-CODE is BAQ-ERROR-IN-API.
      * BAQ-STATUS-CODE is the HTTP response code of API.
```


65

Steps to calling an external API

z/OS Connect EE

Done



66

/common_scenarios

Typical connection patterns to different subsystems.

67

Tour of Server Configuration Directories and Files

A z/OS Connect EE V3.0 server configuration structure looks like this:

```
/var/zosconnect/servers/<server_name>
├─ dropins
├─ logs
│  └ messages.log
├─ resources
│  ├─ security
│  └─ zosconnect
├ server.env
├ server.xml
├─ tranlog
└─ workarea
```

The /dropins directory is not used by z/OS Connect EE V3.0. It is a directory monitored by Liberty for applications to be dynamically loaded

The messages.log file is the key output file for messages about Liberty and the processing taking place in the Liberty server.

The /zosconnect directory is where we will place the deployed APIs, services, and API requester files

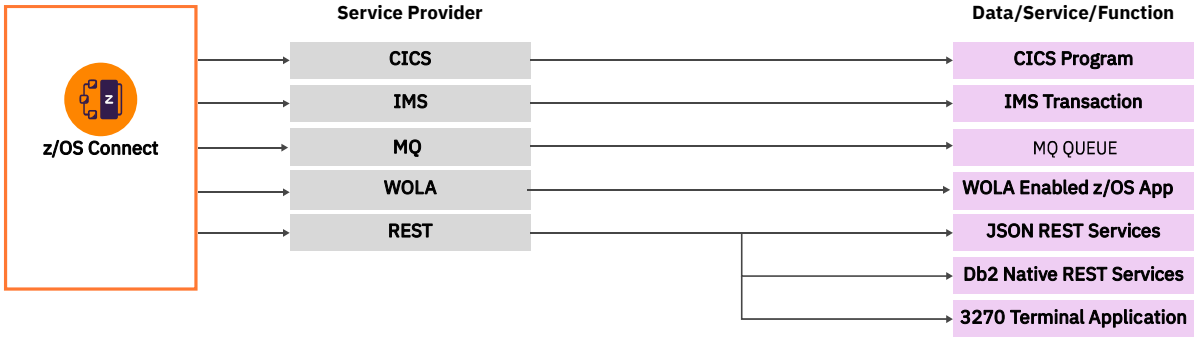
The server.xml file is the key configuration file. It is here that z/OS Connect EE V3.0 definitions go which define the essential backend connectivity.

68

What assets can z/OS Connect EE map to?

z/OS Connect EE

And which service provider could I use?



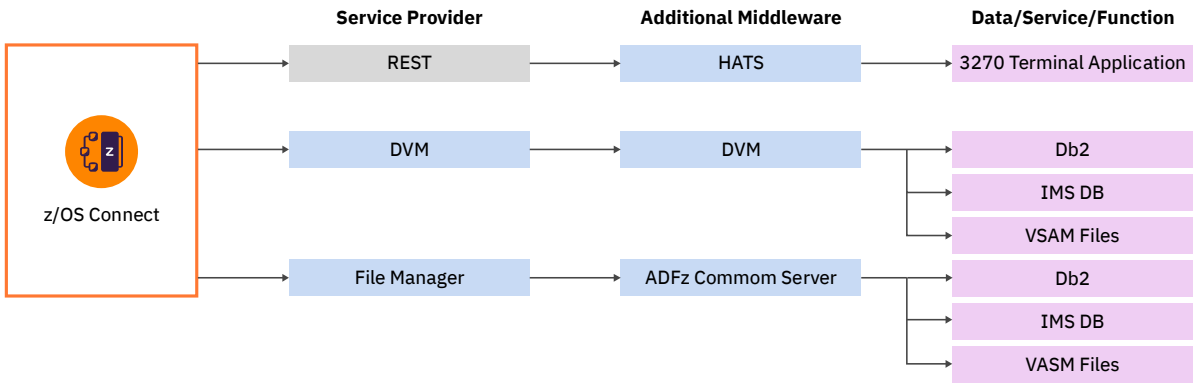
The core **service providers** included with z/OS Connect EE provide API access to a wide range of z/OS assets.

69

Additional Middleware

z/OS Connect EE

Additional value from the ecosystem



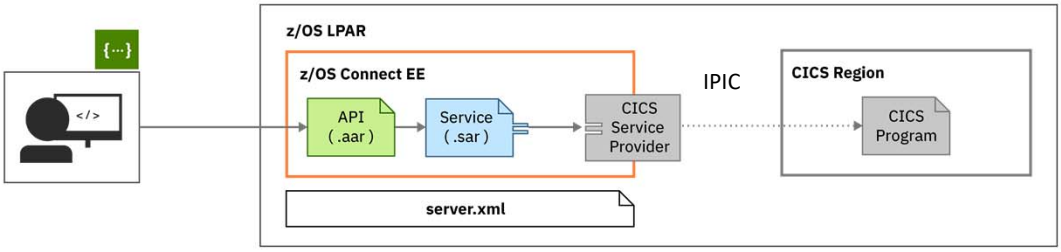
z/OS Connect EE is **pluggable** and **extensible** allowing the use of additional middleware to expand the list of z/OS assets you can expose as APIs

70

Connections to CICS

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Connection to CICS is configured in `server.xml`.

An IPIC connection must be configured in CICS.

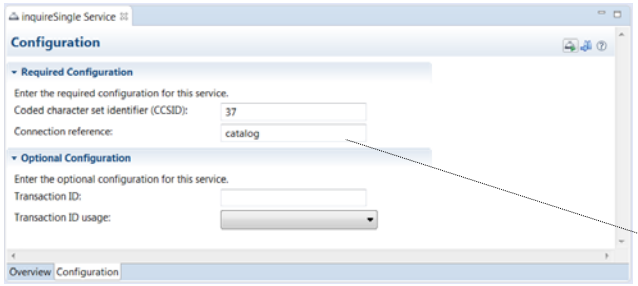
ibm.biz/zosconnect-scenarios

71

CICS IPIC (server.xml)

z/OS Connect EE

The server.xml file is the key configuration file:



Features are functional building blocks. When configured here, that function becomes available to the Liberty server

Define IPIC connection to CICS

catalog.xml

Design | Source

```
1 <server description="CICS IPIC - catalog">
2
3 <!-- Enable features -->
4 <featureManager>
5   <feature>zosconnect:cicsService-1.0</feature>
6 </featureManager>
7
8 <zosconnect_cicsIpicConnection id="catalog"
9   host="wg31.washington.ibm.com"
10  port="1491"
11  transid="CSMI"
12  transidUsage="EIB_AND_MIRROR"/>
13
14 </server>
15
```

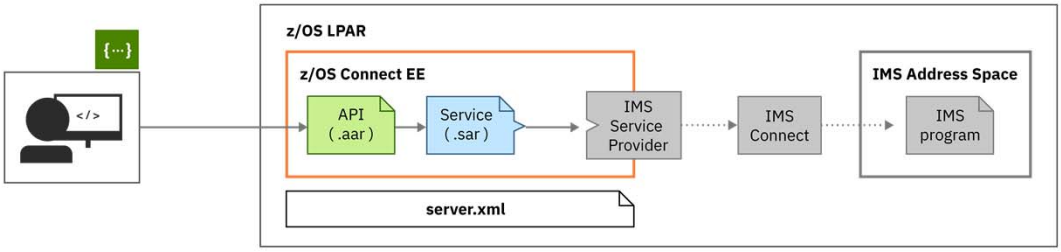

The IMS server.xml file …

72

Connections to IMS

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Configure the connection to IMS through `ims-connections.xml` and `ims-interactions.xml` in the IMS service registry.

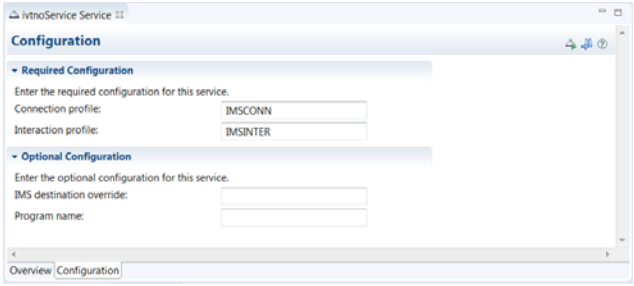
Use the **API toolkit** to configure the service.

ibm.biz/zosconnect-scenarios

73

IMS Connections and Interactions

z/OS Connect EE



Connection

```
<server>
<imsmobile_imsConnection comment="" connectionFactoryRef="IVP1" connectionTimeout="-1" connectionType="IMSCONNECT" id="IMSCONN"/>
<connectionFactory containerAuthDataRef="Connection1_Auth" id="IVP1">
          <properties.gmoa hostName="wg31.washington.ibm.com" portNumber="4000"/>
</connectionFactory>

<authData id="Connection1_Auth" password="encryptedPassword1" user="userName1"/>
</server>
```

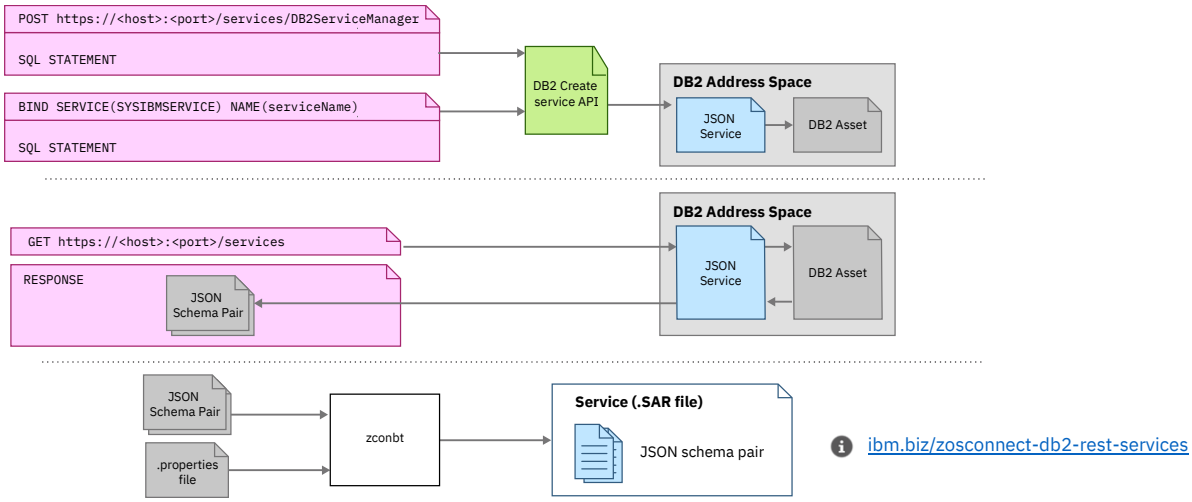
Interaction

```
<server>
<imsmobile_interaction comment="" commitMode="1" id="IMSINTER" imsConnectCodepage="Cp1047" imsConnectTimeout="0"
          imsDatastoreName="IVP1" interactionTimeout="-1" ltermOverrideName="" syncLevel="0"/>
</server>
```


74

Connect to Db2

Create the service definition



ibm.biz/zosconnect-db2-rest-services

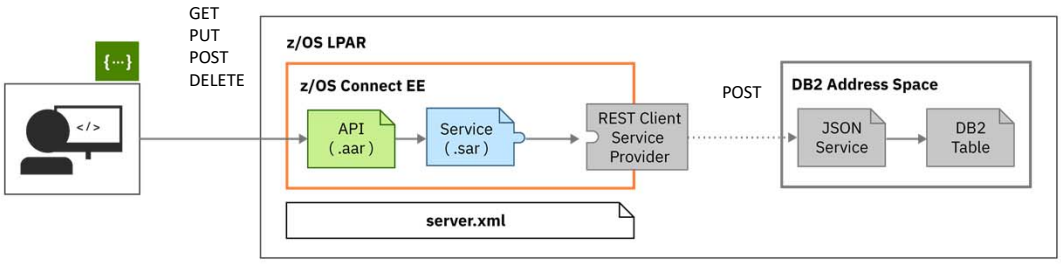
`.sar` file is created from the JSON schema of the DB2 service using the **zconbt utility**.

75

Connections to Db2

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Connection to the JSON Service is configured in `server.xml`.

A Db2 REST Service must be configured in DB2.

ibm.biz/zosconnect-db2-rest-services

76

The server.xml File (Db2)

z/OS Connect EE

The server.xml file is the key configuration file:

db2pass.xml

Design | Source

```
1 <server description="DB2 REST">
2
3  <zosconnect_zosConnectServiceRestClientConnection id="db2conn"
4        host="wg31.washington.ibm.com"
5        port="2446"
6        basicAuthRef="dsn2Auth" />
7
8  <zosconnect_zosConnectServiceRestClientBasicAuth id="dsn2Auth"
9        applName="DSN2APPL"/>
10
11 </server>
12
```

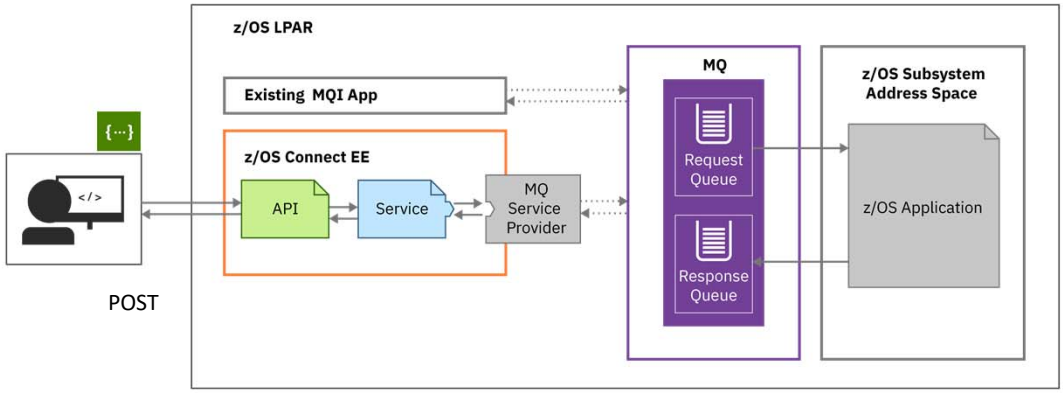
```
DSNL004I  -DSN2 DDF START
COMPLETE
          LOCATION
DSN2LOC
          LU
USIBMWZ.DSN2APPL
          GENERICLU -NONE
          DOMAIN
WG31.WASHINGTON.IBM.COM
          TCPPORT   2446
          SECPORT   2445
          RESPORT   2447
```


77

Connections to MQ

z/OS Connect EE

Topology (Two-way service example)



You can also configure one-way services.

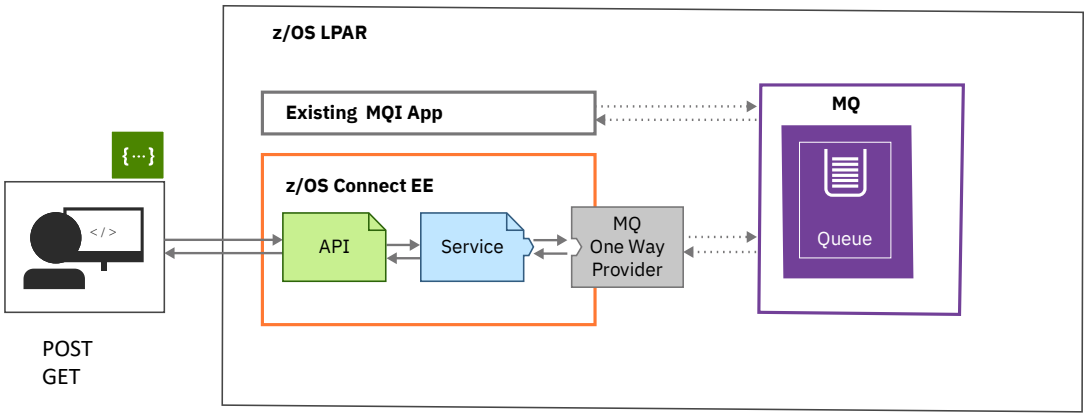
ibm.biz/zosconnect-mq-service-provider

78

Connections to MQ

z/OS Connect EE

Topology (One-way service example)



ibm.biz/zosconnect-mq-service-provider

79

The server.xml File (MQ)

z/OS Connect EE

mq.xml — Read only — Close

Design | Source

```
<server description="MQ Service Provider">

 <featureManager>
      <feature>zosconnect:mqService-1.0</feature>
 </featureManager>

 <variable name="wmqJmsClient.rar.location"
           value="/usr/lpp/mqm/V9R1M1/java/lib/jca/wmq.jmsra.rar"/>
 <wmqJmsClient nativeLibraryPath="/usr/lpp/mqm/V9R1M1/java/lib"/>

  <connectionManager id="ConMgr1" maxPoolSize="5"/>

  <jmsConnectionFactory id="qmgrCf" jndiName="jms/qmgrCf"
        connectionManagerRef="ConMgr1">
        <properties.wmqJMS transportType="BINDINGS"
                queueManager="QM21" />
  </jmsConnectionFactory>

  <jmsQueue id="default" jndiName="jms/default">
      <properties.wmqJms
          baseQueueName="ZCONN2.DEFAULT.MQZCEE.QUEUE"
          CCSID="37"/>
  </jmsQueue>

  <jmsQueue id="request" jndiName="jms/request">
      <properties.wmqJms
          baseQueueName="ZCONN2.TRIGGER.REQUEST"
          targetClient="MQ"
          CCSID="37"/>
  </jmsQueue>

  <jmsQueue id="response" jndiName="jms/response">
      <properties.wmqJms
          baseQueueName="ZCONN2.TRIGGER.RESPONSE"
          targetClient="MQ"
          CCSID="37"/>
  </jmsQueue>
```

Features related to JMS Support

JMS Connection Factories,

JMS Destinations (queues)

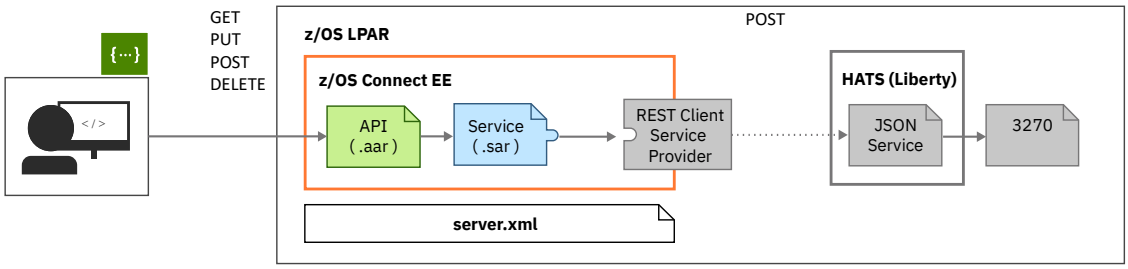
MQ V9.1.1 Added support for remote queue managers.

80

Connection to HATS

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Connection to the HATS REST Service is configured in `server.xml`.

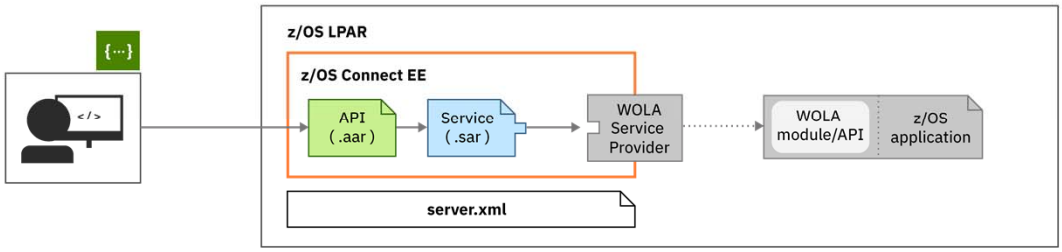
ibm.biz/zosconect-db2-rest-services

81

Connections to a MVS batch application

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Connection to WOLA is configured in `server.xml`.

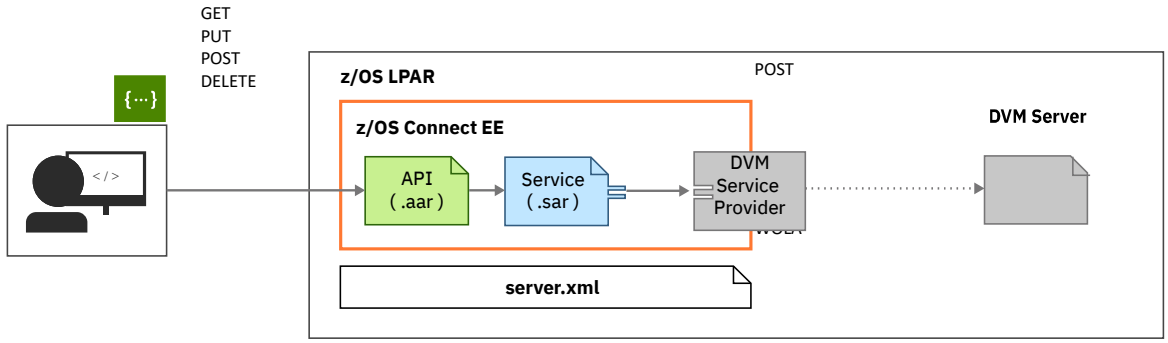
The z/OS application must be WOLA-enabled.

82

Connections to DVM

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



The DVM service provider uses WOLA

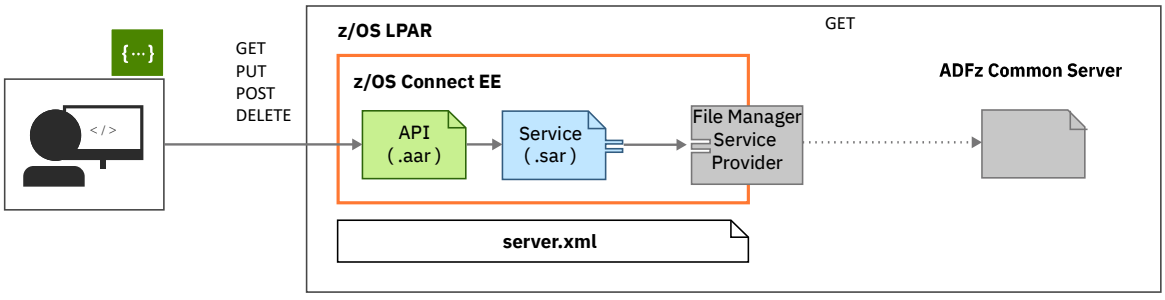
ibm.biz/zosconect-db2-rest-services

83

Connections to File Manager

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



Connection to the Application Delivery Foundation for z (ADFz) common server is over TCP/IP

A File Manager Template is required .

84

/miscellaneousTopics

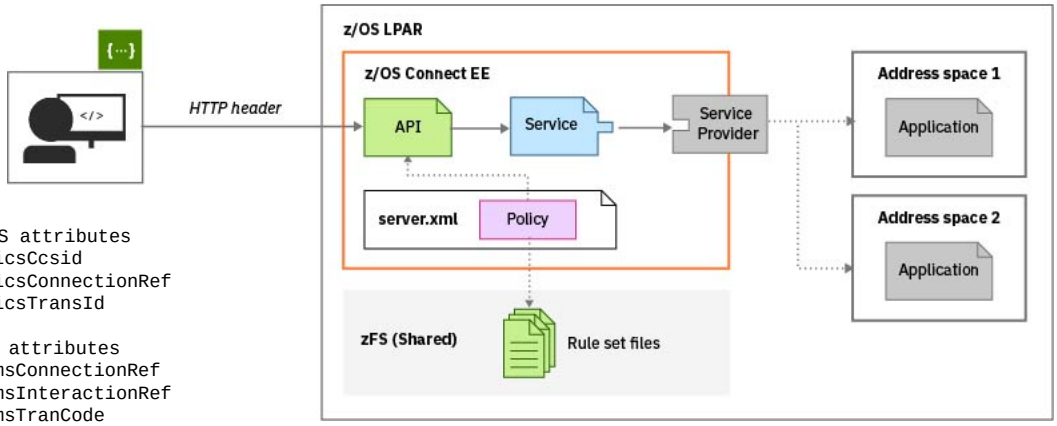
performance, high availability, Liberty

85

API Policies

z/OS Connect EE

- HTTP header properties can be used to select alternative IMS regions (V3.0.4) or CICS (V3.0.10)
- Policies can be configured globally for every API in the server or for individual APIs (V3.0.11)



CICS attributes
- cicsCcsid
- cicsConnectionRef
- cicsTransId

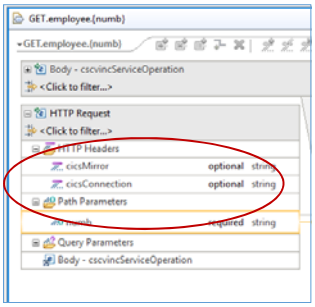
IMS attributes
- imsConnectionRef
- imsInteractionRef
- imsTranCode

86

A sample API Policies for CICS

z/OS Connect EE

```
<ruleset name="CICS rules">
     <rule name="csmi-rule">
         <conditions>
             <header name="cicsMirror" value="CSMI,MIJO"/> [1]
         </conditions>
         <actions>
             <set property="cicsTransId" value="${cicsMirror}"/>
         </actions>
     </rule>
     <rule name="connection-rule">
         <conditions>
             <header name="cicsConnection"
                     value="cscvinc,cics92,cics93"/>
         </conditions>
         <actions>
             <set property="cicsConnectionRef"
value="${cicsConnection}"
         </actions>
     </rule>
 </ruleset>
```



Curl

```
curl -X GET --header 'Accept: application/json' --header 'cicsMirror: MIJO' --header 'cicsConnection: cscvinc' 'https://m
```

[1]Transaction MIJO needs to be a clone of CSMI (e.g. invoke program DFHMIRS)

87

Displaying zCEE messages on the console and/or spool

z/OS Connect EE

server.xml

```
<zosLogging wtoMessage=
    "BAQR0657E,BAQR0658E,BAQR0660E,BAQR0686E,BAQR0687E"
    hardCopyMessage=
    "BAQR0657E,BAQR0658E,BAQR0660E,BAQR0686E,BAQR0687E"/>
```

MVS Console

```
18.12.02 STC00137  +BAQR0686E: Program CSCVINC is not available in the CICS region with
   811              connection ID cscvinc; service cscvincService failed.
18.12.02 STC00137  +BAQR0686E: Program CSCVINC is not available in the CICS region with
   812              connection ID cscvinc; service cscvincService failed.
19.07.12 STC00137  +BAQR0657E: Transaction abend MIJO occurred in CICS while using
   745              connection cscvinc and service cscvincService.
```

STDERR

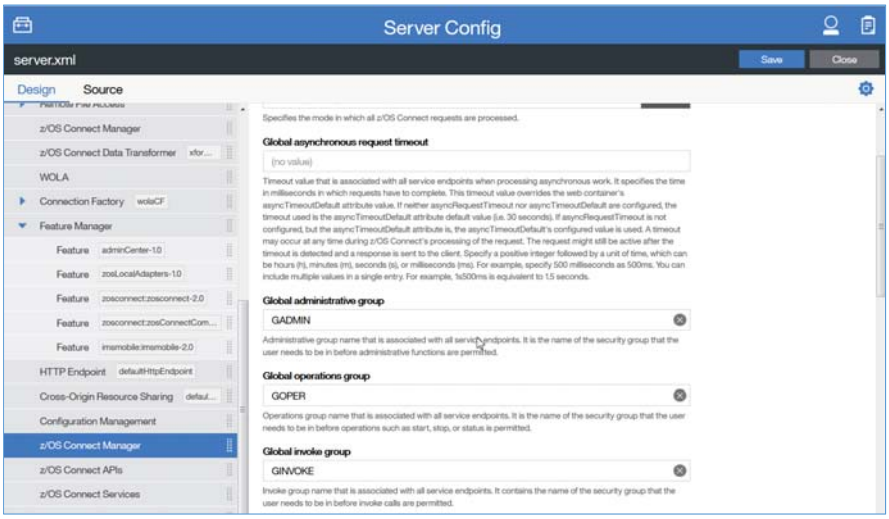
```
ÝERROR   ¨ BAQR0686E: Program CSCVINC is not available in the CICS region with connection cscvinc and service cscvincService.
ÝERROR   ¨ BAQR0686E: Program CSCVINC is not available in the CICS region with connection cscvinc and service cscvincService.
ÝERROR   ¨ BAQR0657E: Transaction abend MIJO occurred in CICS while using CICS connection cscvinc and service cscvincService.
```


88

Liberty's "adminCenter" Feature

z/OS Connect EE

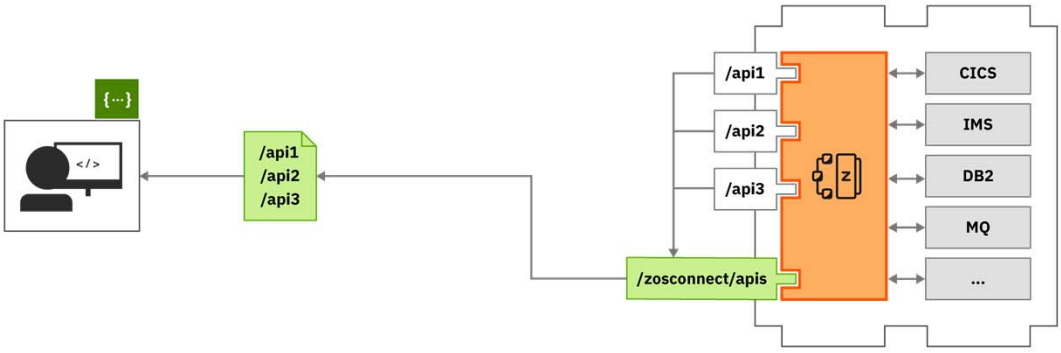
Web browser interface to the server's configuration files



89

API Documentation

z/OS Connect EE



APIs are discoverable via Swagger docs served from **z/OS Connect EE**.

90

RESTful Administrative Interface for Services

z/OS Connect EE

The administration interface for services is available in paths under /zosConnect/services.

Most administration tasks are supported by the RESTful administration interface

Method	Administrative Task
GET	Get details of a service
	Get the status of a service
	Get the request schema of a service
	Get the response schema of a service
POST	Deploy a service*
PUT	Update a service
	Change the status of a service
DELETE	Delete a service

POST /zosConnect/services inquireSingle.sar
PUT /zosConnect/services/{serviceName}?status=started|stopped
PUT /zosConnect/services inquireSingle.sar
GET /zosConnect/services
GET /zosConnect/services/{serviceName}
DELETE /zosConnect/services/{serviceName}

*Useful for deploying DB2 and HATS service archive files

91

RESTful Administrative Interface for APIs

z/OS Connect EE

The administration interface for services is available in paths under /zosConnect/apis.

Most administration tasks are supported by the RESTful administration interface

Method	Administrative Task
GET	Get a list of APIs
	Get the details of an API
POST	Deploy an API
PUT	Update an API
	Change the status of an API
DELETE	Delete an API

POST /zosConnect/apis CatalogManager.aar
PUT /zosConnect/apis/{apiName}?status=started|stopped
PUT /zosConnect/apis CatalogManager.aar
GET /zosConnect/apis
GET /zosConnect/apis/{apiName}
DELETE /zosConnect/apis/{apiName}

92

RESTful Administrative Interface for API Requesters

z/OS Connect EE

The administration interface for services is available in paths under /zosConnect/apisRequesters.
Most administration tasks are supported by the RESTful administration interface

Method	Administrative Task
GET	Get a list of API Requesters
	Get the details of an API Requester
POST	Deploy an API Requester
PUT	Update an API Requester
	Change the status of an API Requester
DELETE	Delete an API Requester

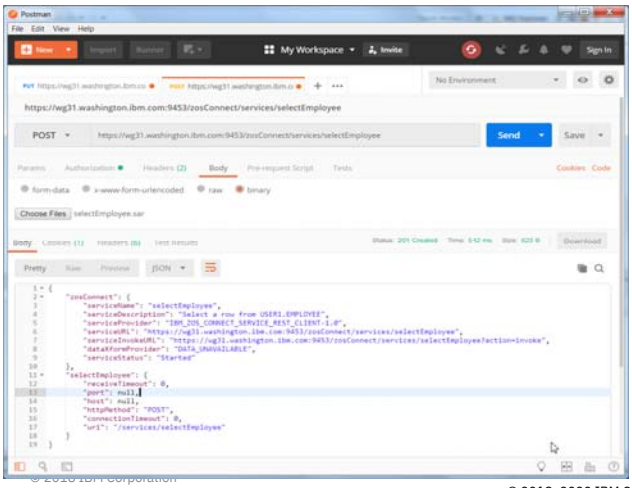
GET /zosConnect/apiRequesters cscvinc.aar
PUT /zosConnect/apiRequesters/{apiRequesterName}?status=started|stopped
PUT /zosConnect/apiRequesters cscvinc.aar
GET /zosConnect/apiRequesters
GET /zosConnect/apiRequesters/{apRequesterName}
DELETE /zosConnect/apiRequesters

93

Deploying Db2 Service Archive Options

z/OS Connect EE

- Use SAR as request message and use HTTP POST
- Use URI path /zosConnect/services
- Postman or cURL



Command:
curl --data-binary @selectEmployee.sar
--header "Content-Type: application/zip"
https://mpxm:9453/zosConnect/services
Results:

```
{"zosConnect":{"serviceName":"selectEmployee","serviceDescrip
tion":"Select a row from
USER1.EMPLOYEE","serviceProvider":"IBM_ZOS_CONNECT_SERVICE_RE
ST_CLIENT-1.0
","serviceURL":"https://mpxm:9453/zosConnect/services/selectE
mployee","serviceInvokeURL":"https://mpxm:9453/zosConnect/ser
vices/selectEmployee?action=invoke","dataXformProvider":"DATA
_UNAVAILABLE","serviceStatus":"Started"},"selectEmployee"
:{"receiveTimeout":0,"port":null,"host":null,"httpMethod":"PO
ST","connectionTimeout":0,"uri":"/services/selectEmployee"}}
```

94

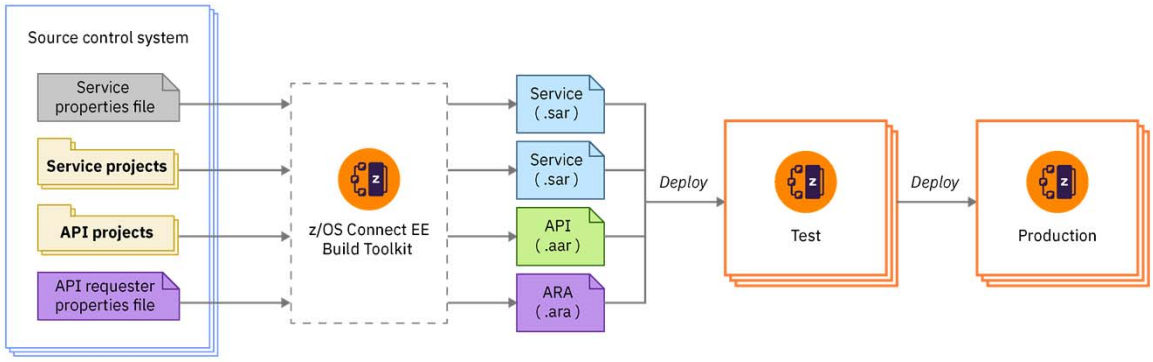
94

DevOps using z/OS Connect EE

z/OS Connect EE

Automate the development and deployment of services, APIs, and API requesters for continuous integration and delivery.

- The build toolkit supports the generation of service archives and API archives from projects created in the z/OS Connect EE API toolkit
- The build toolkit also supports the use of properties files to generate API requester archives
- Run the build toolkit from a build script to generate these archive files
- Deploy them to z/OS Connect servers by copying them to their dropins folders or by using the REST Admin API



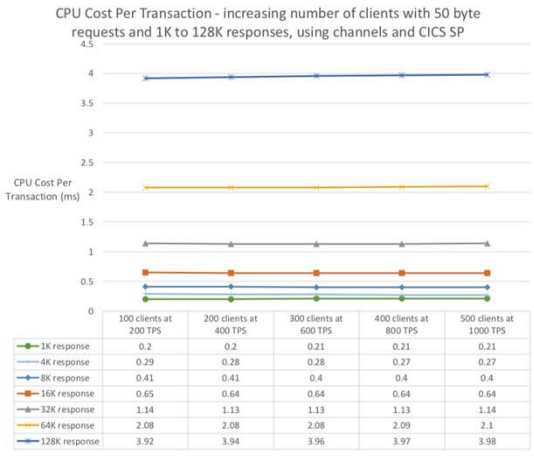
ibm.biz/zosconnect-devops

95

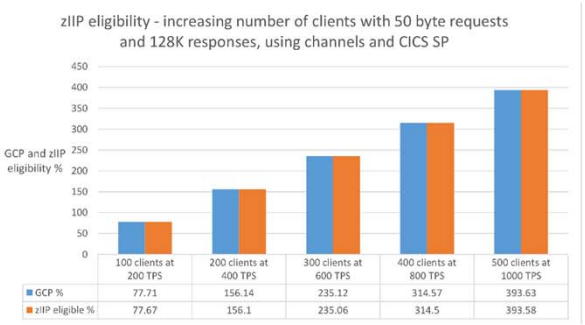
Performance: API Provider

z/OS Connect EE

High Speed, High Throughput, Low Cost



	100 clients at 200 TPS	200 clients at 400 TPS	300 clients at 600 TPS	400 clients at 800 TPS	500 clients at 1000 TPS
1K response	0.2	0.2	0.21	0.21	0.21
4K response	0.29	0.28	0.28	0.27	0.27
8K response	0.41	0.41	0.4	0.4	0.4
16K response	0.65	0.64	0.64	0.64	0.64
32K response	1.14	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.14
64K response	2.08	2.08	2.08	2.09	2.1
128K response	3.92	3.94	3.96	3.97	3.98



	100 clients at 200 TPS	200 clients at 400 TPS	300 clients at 600 TPS	400 clients at 800 TPS	500 clients at 1000 TPS
GCP %	77.71	156.14	235.12	314.57	393.63
zIIP eligible %	77.67	156.1	235.06	314.5	393.58

z/OS Connect EE is a Java-based product:
Over **99%** of its MIPs are **eligible for ZIIP offload**.

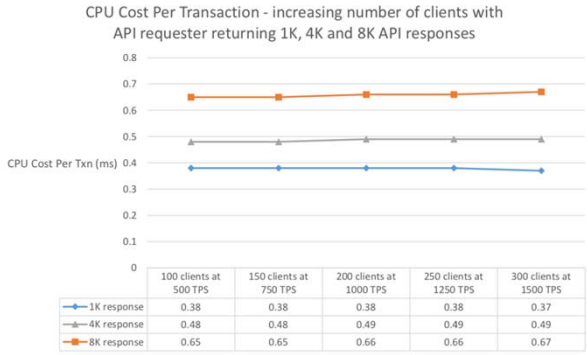
ibm.biz/zosconnect-performance-report

96

Performance: API Requester

z/OS Connect EE

High Speed, High Throughput, Low Cost



	100 clients at 500 TPS	150 clients at 750 TPS	200 clients at 1000 TPS	250 clients at 1250 TPS	300 clients at 1500 TPS
1K response	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.37
4K response	0.48	0.48	0.49	0.49	0.49
8K response	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.66	0.67

	100 clients at 500 TPS	150 clients at 750 TPS	200 clients at 1000 TPS	250 clients at 1250 TPS	300 clients at 1500 TPS
GCP % - 8K response	32.25	48.4	65.47	81.96	99.09
zIIP eligible % - 8K response	32.21	48.35	65.42	81.9	99.02

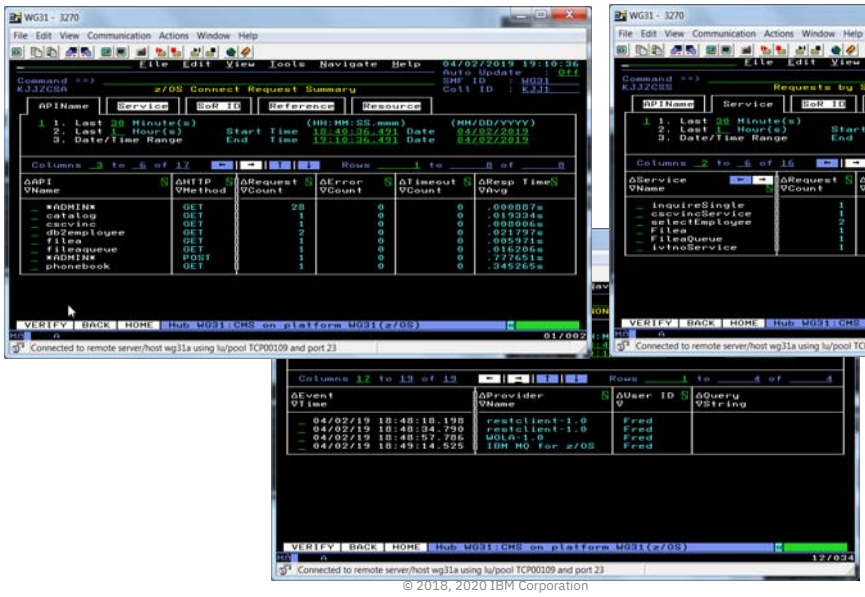
z/OS Connect EE is a Java-based product:
Over **99%** of its MIPs are **eligible for ZIIP offload**.

ibm.biz/zosconnect-performance-report

97

IBM z Omegamon for JVM

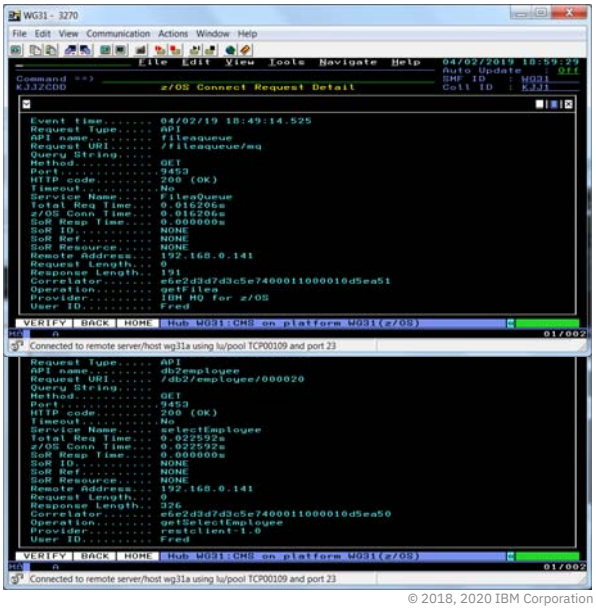
z/OS Connect EE

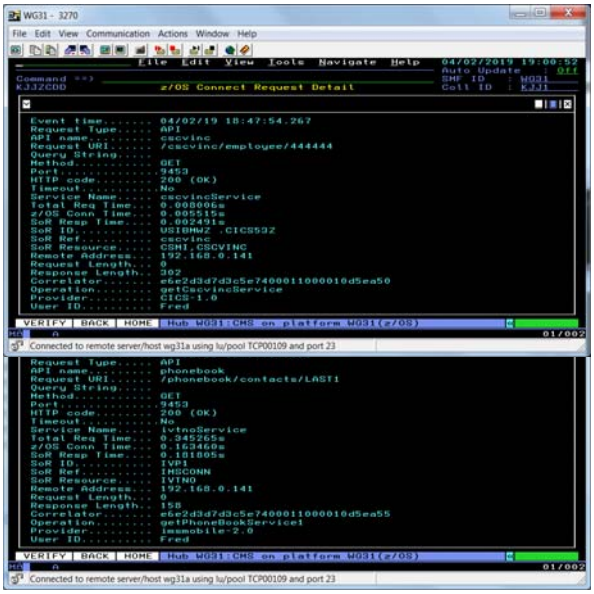


98

IBM z Omegamon for JVM

z/OS Connect EE





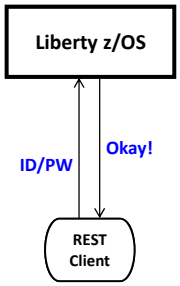
99

Authentication

z/OS Connect EE

Several different ways this can be accomplished:

Basic Authentication

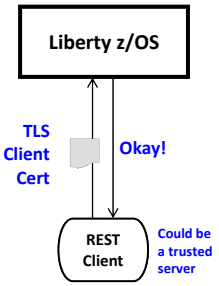


Server prompts for ID/PW

Client supplies ID/PW

Server checks registry:
- Basic (server.xml)
- LDAP
- SAF

Client Certificate



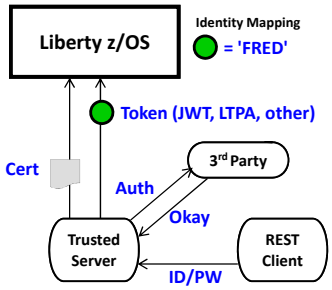
Server prompts for cert.

Client supplies certificate

Server validates cert and maps to an identity

Registry options:
- LDAP
- SAF

Third Party Authentication



Client authenticates to 3rd party sever

Client receives a trusted 3rd party token

Token flows to Liberty z/OS and is mapped to an identity

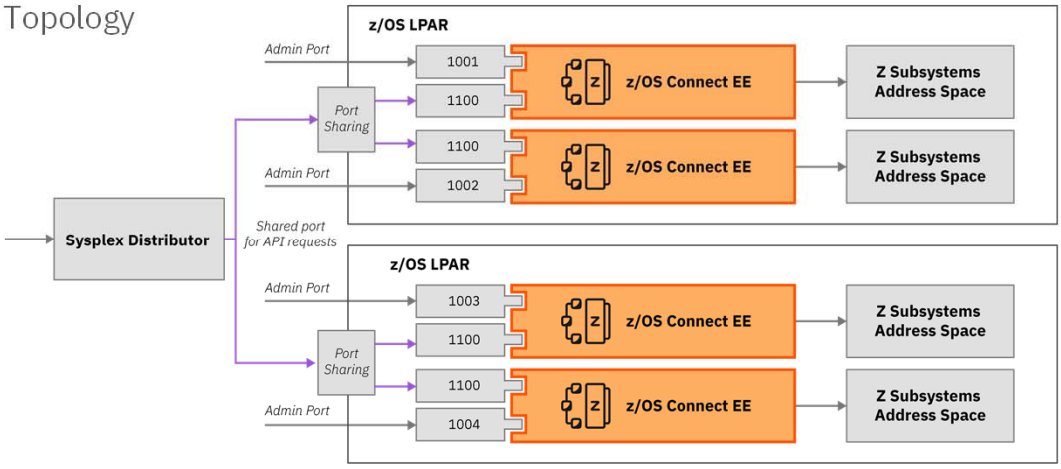
Registry options:
- LDAP
- SAF

100

High Availability

z/OS Connect EE

Topology



ibm.biz/zosconnect-ha-concepts

ibm.biz/zosconnect-scenarios

101

/questions?thanks=true

Thank you for listening.

102

/exercises

basic security, exercise paths

103

Exercises – Two paths or options

z/OS Connect EE

- ❑ Basic Configuration Hands-on Lab
  - ❑ Configure a z/OS Connect Server
  - ❑ Develop and deploy a Service
  - ❑ Develop and deploy an API
  - ❑ Test using Swagger UI
  - ❑ Enable Security (SAF and SSL)

Or one or more of the following:

- ❑ Developing APIs Hands-on Labs
  - ❑ CICS Container
  - ❑ DB2
  - ❑ IMS Transaction
  - ❑ MQ
  - ❑ MVS Batch
  - ❑ HATS
  - ❑ DVM
  - ❑ Outbound RESTful applications

- Copy/Paste files on desktop
  - ➢ Basic Configuration CopyPaste
  - ➢ Developing APIs CopyPaste
- Identities:
  - ➢ RACF identity: USER1–> Password: USER1
  - ➢ zCEE identity: Fred –> Password: fredpwd
- 3270 Key Sequences
  - ➢ Clear screen: Fn-P
  - ➢ Enter key: right CTRL
- Material can be downloaded from:
  http://tinyurl.com/y28fsezs
- z/OS Connect EE Users Group
  https://www.linkedin.com/groups/8731382/

104